

# NAMUR FORTS STILL HOLD OUT IN SPITE OF FIERCE ONSLAUGHT

## Czar's Forces Swarming Into West Prussia; Large Force Marching on Posen; Germans Admit Serious Reverses.

THE HAGUE, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The military correspondent of the Nieu Courant says that Germany will not attempt to prevent the occupation of her three northwest Provinces by the Russians but will withdraw their forces from East and West Prussia and Pomerania, and, if necessary, from all the territory north and east of the River Oder, from where the Germans will make their defense of Berlin.

Germany is undertaking this measure, says this correspondent, "to provide all the forces necessary and to give time for the army operating against France to deal a deathblow to the British and French armies barring the way to Paris. Then the whole German army of invasion will force its way to Paris and from there dictate terms to the French. The distance from Mons, in Belgium, to Paris is only one-quarter of the distance from St. Petersburg to Berlin."

RUSSIANS POURING IN.  
ST. PETERSBURG, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The Russian advance has passed into West Prussia and had an encounter with a German defending force in the Elbing district, near the Vistula. The Germans were hopelessly beaten and are fleeing before the Russian cavalry.

Newspapers here declare that the German reverse in Prussia amounted to a rout.  
LONDON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—A Reuter's despatch from St. Petersburg says that the Russian occupation of East Prussia is proceeding according to plan, the army from the east having passed Soldaf and penetrated fifty miles to Nordenburg. The army which crossed the southern frontier yesterday occupied the towns of Sensburg and Bischofsburg, some forty miles towards Konigsberg.

The Germans are falling back, making only a feeble resistance.  
CENTER MARCHING ON POSEN.  
ST. PETERSBURG, August 26.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The Russian general staff announces that the Russian armies now occupy the whole eastern and southern half of Eastern Prussia. The retreating Germans have abandoned one hundred cannon.

The Russian center is marching swiftly on the important German town of Posen.  
GERMANY ADMITS SERIOUSNESS.  
BERLIN, August 26.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—An official communication regarding the progress of the fighting with Russia admits "the situation on the east frontier is undecided." Previous despatches have maintained that the situation was "all right." The change in the tenor of the despatches is regarded as significant.

ON THE VISTULA.  
PARIS, August 26.—An unconfirmed report says that the Russian forces yesterday occupied Marienburg, on the Vistula, forty miles south of Danzig in West Prussia.

# Berlin Reports Victory Over British Forces

WASHINGTON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The German embassy yesterday received news from Berlin, direct by wireless, of a victory of the German force invading France south from Mons, Belgium, over the British forces at Maubeuge. The message also gives news of a victory by the Austrians over a Russian column south of Krasnik, in Russian Poland. The message to the embassy, from the German foreign office, said:

"The English cavalry brigade has been repulsed at Maubeuge, while the infantry division was routed, many prisoners being taken. Austrian corps attacked two Russian corps south of Krasnik, capturing three thousand prisoners, three colors and twenty-one guns."  
THE FRENCH VERSION.  
PARIS, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The war office has issued the following notice: In the north, the French and British lines have been moved back a short distance. In a general way our offensive campaign between Nancy and Vosges is making headway, the Germans being driven back. Our right has been obliged to fall back slightly, resting now in the neighborhood of St. Die.

BELGIANS TURNS ONE DIVISION.  
ANTWERP, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—An official announcement was made here yesterday that the German occupation of Namur did not extend to the forts, which are still holding out and resisting the tremendous attack of the German artillery.

The Belgians operating with the French to hold the line on the southern border yesterday attacked the Germans in their entrenchments and drove them out, thus lessening the pressure being brought against the French lines.

The Belgians occupied the German trenches and from these fought the advance of the fourth German division, which was marching south. The opposition was such that the division was turned towards the west. German losses were indicated by the finding of 1500 bodies in the captured trenches. These bodies were all found within a comparatively small space. Some were still standing in the trenches in the attitude of shooting.

Wounded German officers stated that their orders were to advance at any cost, even to the loss of half their numbers.  
AMSTERDAM, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Prince George De Ligne, a Belgian volunteer officer, and Count Vanderburg, a lieutenant of Belgian lancers, were killed in action according to an announcement by the Belgian legation at The Hague.  
ZEPPELINS MENACE ANTWERP.  
Military Zeppelins maneuvered over Antwerp on Tuesday night, dropping bombs in the city and doing considerable damage before being driven off by a hot artillery fire. The bomb throwers are making a target of the royal palace, but have not succeeded in striking it. However, nearly a thousand buildings have been damaged, fifty of these being wrecked and the inhabitants are terrorized. The bombs have killed a number of people, variously estimated as between twelve and thirty.

GERMAN PRINCE KILLED.  
BERLIN, Germany, August 26.—It is officially announced that a shell during the Namur fighting killed Lieutenant-General Prince Friedrich of Saxe-Meiningen, on August 23.  
Prince Friedrich was the third son of the reigning Duke, George II.

# French Premier Names Entire New Cabinet

PARIS, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—To readjust political conditions during the war the French cabinet was reorganized. The ministry of Premier Viviani resigned yesterday and another was immediately formed. Alexandre Millerand is now war minister while Theophile Delcasse has accepted the portfolio of foreign minister. Former Premier Briand, Doumergue and Ribot were also added to the new ministry.

The reason given for the reorganization is to form a cabinet having a wider scope, comprising the best of all republican groups in France.  
PAPER URGES CAUTION.  
LONDON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Warning the British government against becoming embroiled with America on the question of contraband, the Chronicle calls the United States the "only really powerful neutral." Speaking of the probability of American cargoes landing at Rotterdam, the Chronicle recalls the war of 1812, and warns the British government against attempting to search American ships at sea.

AUSTRIAN SOLDIERS DESERT.  
LONDON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Many desertions have occurred from the Austrian army, according to advices received from Nish by the Daily Post. Some regiments are short forty per cent of the reservists who failed to respond to the call to the colors, according to the same information. Official bulletins from Vienna contain only favorable news.

PRINCE TO SERVE IN ARMY.  
LONDON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—King George has authorized Prince Louis Antoine of Orleans and Braganza to serve in the British army. Prince Louis resigned his commission in the Austrian army upon the outbreak of the war. A number of French priests have left Jerusalem to join the colors.

EARLIER NEWS FROM BELGIUM.  
LONDON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—There was fighting in many places throughout Belgium and along the Franco-Belgian line yesterday, the Germans attempting to follow up their advantage of the day before, the French and British resisting further advance and in some places assuming the offensive.

Charleroi, from which the French had been driven back on Monday, was recaptured by the French, according to a despatch to the Times, after desperate fighting. The right wing of the German force passing through Belgium was swung to the south between the border and Lille, attacking the French and British border forces. The attack was repulsed all along the line, the government press bureau making this statement after five o'clock.

COUNTER ATTACK STARTED.  
PARIS, August 26.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The Allied forces of French, British and Belgians and the French forces in Lorraine today launched a counter attack upon the Germans near Luneville. The Allies are said to be advancing.

The situation in the Vosges mountains is unchanged.  
GERMAN CENSOR VERY STRICT.  
German newspapers, including those up to August 22, received here show that the German nation is in complete ignorance of domestic and foreign affairs, due to the severe military censorship.

Mrs. Wilson's death was rumored but at that time remained unconfirmed. It was believed that the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau were still active, though they had been interned. Germany was ignorant that any Zeppelin dirigibles had been destroyed.  
NAMUR GARRISON SHELLED OUT.  
The Times yesterday, in publishing some of the details of the fall of Namur, says that a concentrated artillery fire from the German guns made Namur untenable for the garrisons. The three thousand soldiers of the garrisons have effected an orderly retirement.

After the outer defenses were reduced, according to the Times, the Germans charged over broken glass, scattered upon the field, and through wire entanglements carrying 1500 volts of electricity.

# SUGGUMBS FROM SHOCK FOLLOWING OPERATION

Due mainly to the shock resulting from an operation performed on him on Tuesday morning, Charles E. Wassmann died at the Queen's Hospital on Tuesday afternoon. The deceased was operated upon for an abscess in the right leg, which necessitated both legs being cut off above the knees. He had also been suffering from acute rheumatism. His body was embalmed yesterday and the ashes will be shipped to relatives in Kona by the steamer Mauna Loa, leaving Honolulu Friday of next week.

The deceased was born at Kainaliu, Kona, Hawaii, May 8, 1877, his father being Rudolph Wassmann, postmaster at Napoosopo and proprietor of the Kainaliu store. Charles E. Wassmann was a single man. His other relatives are Alma Wassmann, a teacher at the Kona-waena government school, and Henry Wassmann.

California State Senator Probably Will Be Democratic Choice for Governor.  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Returns received up to midnight give Senator Curtin a strong lead for the Democratic nomination for Governor, with Fred Hall of Bakersfield second. Hiram Johnson will be the gubernatorial candidate on the Progressive ticket.

Congressman Knowland and Samuel Shortridge are running nearly even in the contest for the Republican nomination for United States Senator. James D. Phelan, Democrat, and Francis J. Heney, Progressive, have a strong lead for the senatorial nomination on their tickets.

John D. Fredericks, Republican candidate for the gubernatorial nomination is less than 7000 ahead of Francis Keating.  
Former Mayor Phelan was opposed for Democratic honors in the senate by Thomas P. Griffin.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.  
PARIS-BEIGINS CO., 26, LAUS 1 & 4.

# ENGLAND HAS FAITH IN RUSSIA

## Successes of Czar's Army Inspire Hope of Victory in Spite of Germany's First Advantage.

LONDON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The Russian advance is apparently continuing in the direction of Posen. The French claim a victory in Alsace. England is more hopeful. It is believed that even if the Germans penetrate to Paris the Russians will in the mean while reach Berlin. The military expert of the Daily Graphic likens the allies forces to "an anvil to the Muscovite hammer."

The general opinion is that the Germans will find the results of the next assault far different.

# LEIPZIG REPORTED OFF NORTH COAST

OTTOWA, August 27.—(Associated Press by Commercial Pacific Cable)—The naval department here announces that the German cruiser Leipzig was seen recently north of Vancouver Island.

Americans Volunteer.  
Many Americans have been requesting permission to serve with the allies according to the minister of militia.

Ships to Show Colors.  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Collector of the Port Davis has received instructions from Washington to notify all American shipping to display colors at sea when requested by warships, in order to be spared delay and inconvenience.

Collector Davis was instructed to advise Honolulu and all collectors on the Pacific Coast.  
Japanese Ambassador Quits Vienna.  
WASHINGTON, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The Japanese ambassador at Vienna has placed his interests in charge of the American embassy, leaving Vienna immediately.

Declaration Confirmed.  
ROME, August 26.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Vienna dispatches confirm the declaration of war on Japan by Austria.

Ordered to Join German Fleet.  
MANCHESTER, New Hampshire, August 26.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Officials of the Austrian embassy spending the summer here have been notified that the Kaiserin Elizabeth has been ordered to join the German fleet at Tsingtau.

Japanese Land Force Not Seen.  
TSINGTAU, Shantung, China, August 26.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—A German aeroplane which was sent out scouting has returned with the report that it has failed to discover any Japanese troops.

The Austrian cruiser Kaiserin Elizabeth has been dismantled and the crew sent to Tientsin.  
The contradictory news from Manchester is not explained.

# LATE POPE'S SISTER NOW OUT OF DANGER

ROME, August 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The sister of the late Pope Pius X, who has been seriously ill since the Pontiff's death, was yesterday pronounced out of danger and will recover.

SUPPLIED BY ALL CHEMISTS.  
Physicians prescribe Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy because it relieves cramps in the stomach and intestinal pains quicker than any preparation they can compound. It can be bought from any chemist. A bottle will keep for years, and no home is complete without it. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

# KUHO STRONG ON THE "STINK"

## Everything Stinks Except Rev. Stephen Desha.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)  
HILO, August 24.—Before a fair-sized audience in the Armory last Saturday night Delegate Kuhio made a long speech in English, defending his record and attacking his critics. He had made a brief speech during the afternoon at Waikaka, but reserved his main argument for the evening, as far as English speaking was concerned, and when he got started he was very direct in his language and apparently very frank about his experience in Washington.

Defends Desha.  
The meeting was presided over by A. M. Cabrera, who made a few opening remarks, expressing support of Prince Kuhio. The latter, in opening his speech, began at once to charge misrepresentation against those who accused him and the Reverend Desha, who was on the platform, of raising the race issue. "I have never drawn the color line and don't propose to," said Kuhio. "But Rice himself drew it in former campaigns when, addressing Hawaiians, he said 'you vote for your Prince. Baldwin of Maui made the same argument to elect me and Francis Gay of Kauai told the Hawaiians there that I was an honor to their race. Paris in Kona made the same argument."

Merely Repeating.  
"On the stump in this campaign the Reverend Desha has been merely quoting these men, and not saying those things as his own, but they put them into his mouth and say he is drawing the color line. He is quoting these white Republican leaders and that is all."

'Now Hawaii Stinks.'  
"As to the charge that I have not attended to my duties," continued the Delegate, "I was in Washington at the beginning of the session, when the tariff discussion began. I saw Mead, Ballou and Paxon there, and Ballou was giving them wrong advice as to how to proceed. I knew the President's policy. We who were in congress knew the President's policy through. These planters' agents merely hit at the President, and I told them to fight for Hawaii alone. As it was the lobbying was blamed on Hawaii, and Hawaii stinks in Washington today."

Carter To Blame.  
"The agents of the planters asked leave to see the President, and he simply replied that he refused to see them. Then they came to me, and asked me to arrange an interview. The President said he wouldn't see any of them, at first, but finally consented to make an appointment, at my request. Then Carter came out in an interview in the Washington Post saying that Hawaii had spent \$50,000 in the campaign to spread arguments and defeat free sugar, and was willing if need be to spend \$500,000 more. President Wilson immediately canceled his engagement to see the Hawaii lobbyists."

Knocking Peevish Wilson.  
"The President's attitude from the start was due in large part to the knocking he had been getting here, in the press and otherwise. I don't say we ever could have won out anyway in our sugar tariff fight, but I think that if they had taken my advice there was a chance."

Stinks Badly.  
"As it is," and here Kuhio shouted and waved his hands, "Hawaii stinks in every department in Washington. This is a direct result of the tactics of those who managed the campaign here against free sugar."

Kuhio next invited his attention to Charles Rice whom, he said, he had challenged to a public debate. He said he had written Rice months ago, challenging him to speak with him on the same platform, and debate the question of who was the logical candidate, and that Rice had refused, but had asked the stump charging him with neglect.

Next the Prince proceeded to quote some of his opponents in their commendations of his work, and ask if it was "all a lie." He quoted past Republican platforms with planks warmly endorsing him, and named Rice and others as members of the platform committees which had drawn up these expressions. All these were against him since that, he said, was what he had had the nerve to fight Governor Frear.

Frear Butting In.  
"Rice was asked months ago and promised not to run," said the Delegate, "and now he runs and charges me with neglect and won't meet me on the stump. I challenge anyone to show any neglect, or any law for the good of Hawaii lost where I could have done anything. It was well understood that at this session, only emergency bills were going through."

"I was there working for the people but Frear and others were all the time butting in, working for a few lawyers and lobbyists, and against the interests of the Territory. Hawaii's name was good and now," said Kuhio, repeating an expression he appeared to like, "we stink."

Repeats Desha's Charge.  
Kuhio closed with a bitter attack on Rice for the latter's alleged effort to win over the Rev. S. L. Desha. He said that Rice had called at Desha's home in Hilo and had told Desha, whom Kuhio described as a life-long friend of his, that if Desha would support him, he would see that Desha's son, at present secretary to the Delegate, was kept in office.

Desha Gives His Version.  
The Reverend Desha spoke after Kuhio was through, Kuhio having repeated in Hawaiian substantially the same speech as he used in English, except that in the Hawaiian address he took a full out of Palmer Woods, accusing the latter of having promised not to run and then broken his word. Desha warmly supported the Delegate, and repeated his version of the interview between himself and Rice.

The meeting was a very quiet one.

# REFINERS WIN LOWER RATE ON SUGAR

## Interstate Commerce Commission Orders Cut in Freight to Chicago That Means Big Gain for Producers of Hawaii - Former Handicap Removed.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—The interstate commerce commission today cut the freight rate on California sugar to twenty-five cents above the New Orleans rate to Chicago and points east of the Missouri river.

Statistics show that during 1913 seven Western States, with an aggregate population of 6,825,831, produced 853,000 tons of sugar, a quantity sufficient to supply 20,000,000 persons.

It is generally believed that much of the Hawaiian sugar formerly shipped to New York will now go to San Francisco refineries and be taken East overland.

The freight rate on refined sugar from San Francisco to Chicago heretofore has been fifty-five cents per hundred pounds. Under this new order it is reduced to forty-six cents, placing the Western refiners on an even basis with their Eastern competitors. This concession comes as the result of a long, hard fight made by the Crockett refinery and the California best sugar interests for more equitable treatment by the transcontinental railroads.

Western Refiners Handicapped.  
Much testimony was taken by the interstate commerce commission. George M. Rolph, manager of the California & Hawaiian Sugar Refining Company, testified last January. At the time the rate from New York or New Orleans to Chicago was twenty-three cents and to Missouri river points thirty-two cents.

The Hawaiian raw sugars have been bought by the Crockett refinery at the New York price of the day preceding the arrival of the cargo, less an arbitrary differential of five dollars per ton, or twenty-five cents per hundred pounds.

Mr. Rolph stated that Western refiners had indicated by having to ship in 60,000-pound cars, as compared with the 33,000 to 35,000-pound cars from New York, Philadelphia and New Orleans. There was also a discrimination of four to eight days in time. Another adverse factor was the time on barrels allowed Eastern and Southern shippers of 600 pounds per carload, whereas no time was allowed Western shippers. Still another discrimination was free warehousing and insurance given Eastern sugars at Lake ports, whereas Western sugars had to seek public warehouses and pay storage and insurance.

Proved Their Contentions.  
Yesterday's cablegram indicates that the interstate commerce commission has fully recognized the rights of Hawaiian planters to unrestricted entrance into the Mississippi Valley markets for the disposal of their surplus. The new ruling making the rate twenty-five cents over the rate from New Orleans will make San Francisco the logical market for the entire Hawaiian crop.

M. Nowell, manager of the Sugar Factors Company, left for San Francisco yesterday, and it is understood that the routing of next year's output is one of the matters which will be taken up by him.

The new freight rates will make an appreciable difference in the returns which Hawaiian planters will receive for their crops.

with almost no applause. The majority of the audience was Hawaiian, but there were quite a number of others.

Kuhio Has the Edge.  
The campaigning of Carter and Woods on this trip was largely in the nature of personal canvassing, both having already held public meetings. Kahauleio apparently is not seriously a candidate, as he seems to be working for Woods. It seems to be the opinion of the best judges here that Kuhio is a winner on this island against Rice and McCandless against Woods. Reports from all districts indicate that Kuhio's strength here has not been hurt much by the attacks upon him.

Legislative Contests.  
The contests for the legislature are very tame. On the Democratic side there is no contest at all, as the party has only named just the number of candidates to be nominated, and a single vote will nominate any and all of them. The Republicans have seven candidates on the Representative ticket, with four to be chosen. Efforts by some of the candidates to get up a joint campaign failed, and the candidates are simply making personal canvasses. As a matter of fact there is no issue between any of them and can not be. They are all running on the same platform, and each one is pledged to support the winners, so it is a mere matter of personal influence and popularity.

Have Seen No Platform.  
A peculiar feature of the operations of the new primary law is that some of the candidates have endorsed a platform they have not seen. In filing nomination papers they were required to agree to support the party platform, but one of the candidates stated to the Advertiser correspondent yesterday that his efforts to get a copy of it from the Honolulu party headquarters had so far been unsuccessful.

The representative candidates who are making this mixup fight are Tom Cook, J. P. Hale, Dr. George Lynds, Bernard Keli'io, Norman Lyman, H. Rickard and Capt. E. da Silva.