

WILLIE CRAWFORD USES WHITEWASH IN KUPIHEA CASE

Ninority Member of House Judiciary Committee 'Pulls Teeth' of Majority Censure

REFERS TO WOMEN AS 'SUCH LOW CREATURES'

Representative Aiu Satisfied to Believe Colleague Was Victim of Bad Daughter

Willie Crawford presented his individual minority report as a member of the judiciary committee on the Kupihea investigation yesterday. The report, in bold, is a duplicate of the majority report, but the teeth have all been carefully drawn and the strictures against Kupihea deleted.

Willie finds, as the main thing to report, that the soldiers who were Kupihea's guests on many a pandanus line and Kupihea's daughter, niece, sister and wife are "of such low character" that they are not worthy of Willie's belief.

How Was Kupihea to Know? "Anyhow," asks Willie, in effect, "how was Kupihea to know that there could be anything wrong going on, even if he did allow his fourteen-year-old daughter and his girl niece to sleep in rooms to which he had furnished the key to a soldier and invited him and his comrades to make themselves perfectly at home?"

The report does not say this in so many words, but gets as close to saying it as Willie's English permits.

Willie approves of the virtuous stand taken by Kupihea, that he would have been a vessel if he had known that the girls were taking money from the soldiers.

Too Hard for Willie. Nothing so solid as for Willie and Kupihea, while as for the various contradictions Kupihea offered respecting the testimony of the soldiers and the girls, Willie takes the high ground that when these are conflicting statements the presumption is always with the accused.

Here Willie speaks with knowledge, because he has escaped himself, thanks to that same presumption.

Crawford does not feel called upon to recommend the exact reward Kupihea should receive, concluding his report by stating that "I submit my report to the house for such action as they deem proper in the premises."

So Willie Says Aiu had known that the girls were taking money from the soldiers.

Following Crawford's report, that of Eugene Aiu was presented. This one, after a careful, judicious weighing of the evidence, finds that only the most patient mind could detect any blot upon Kupihea's escutcheon.

"I find in favor of Mr. Kupihea," says Aiu, this section of the report saying:

"If Mr. Kupihea, as the evidence shows, has a legitimate business of his own, has not gambled in his life, and has had the confidence of the people who elected him to the house of representative, it is hard to see how the idea of his deliberately surrendering the virtues of his daughter can be likely outwitted and taken for granted. For these reasons, I find in favor of Mr. Kupihea."

Mr. Aiu is not to be deceived by interested witnesses, especially Bradbrook, who stated that on one occasion a police officer was summoned to the Kupihea domicile to arrest the lady of the house, where as the idea of the officer was that he had been summoned to arrest Bradbrook.

Such a mistake, Mr. Aiu believes, sends Bradbrook as a worthy of belief, because, he says in his report, "when a witness testifies falsely as to one particular, his credibility, especially as to veracity, is very much affected."

Aiu cannot understand, either, how Kupihea should have been so hospitable as the witnesses state. It sounds unreasonable to him that Kupihea should have invited to his home and the bedchamber of his daughter and niece very bad soldiers and a circuit court judge. At any rate, Aiu appears quite satisfied to be known as the colleague of the Honorable David M. Kupihea.

GOVERNMENT BROKE PROMISES DAYS OF CREDIT VANISHED

Chief Justice Who Borrowed From Himself as Postmaster Fined at Last

FINAL EXPOSURE SHOWED CASH WAS SHORT \$40,000

Books Unaudited Since 1908 and Small Circle of Friends Shared Pickings

For the past twelve years the postoffice at Guam has been trickling government funds on to the pockets of a tight little ring that included the chief justice of the colony and all the principal families of the island. When the inevitable day came and the scandal was exposed, an official fate decreed that Vincento Comacho, the chief justice, should impose sentence on his confederate, Inspector E. P. Smith, who arrived yesterday from the Orient in the Cityo Maru.

It was the wish of President McKinley, when the island of Guam was acquired by the United States at the end of the Spanish war, to continue in office the Spanish appointees he found in place. A United States naval officer was appointed governor and called in his person the legislature, judicial and executive functions. He was the court of last resort and the government, but in the course of every day business things were allowed to run along pretty much as they had always done.

Under the old Spanish regime ten or a dozen of the leading Castilian families were united by intermarriage and long association into as close a corporation as well could be imagined. One of the ways going habits of these families was to borrow money from the government, whenever the occasion demanded. If the treasurer didn't have any cash on hand, the postmaster usually did.

Things did not change when Pedro M. Duarte, formerly a captain in the Spanish army, was appointed chief justice and postmaster in 1903. Chief Justice Duarte had friends, of course, and the friends needed money—of course. One of them, the worthy justice, needed a little for himself. When even such an unfortunate pressure made itself felt he dipped into the cash drawer of the postmaster.

These debts began almost as soon as he took office, and they continued until his exposure. It was an open secret, especially in the know except the American government. The worthy justice needed a little for himself. When even such an unfortunate pressure made itself felt he dipped into the cash drawer of the postmaster.

What could an obliging postmaster do in such an emergency but go to the friends he had accumulated? Duarte did it and the friends put up a pool in gold that made the books balance with the cash on hand. Then the inspector went away and the contributors drew down their stakes.

But even in such a well meaning community as Guam, such a state of affairs couldn't go on for ever. There came a day when the shortage was too big to be covered by the aggregate resources in cash of the entire ring. Exposure then was only a matter of time.

There was the usual effort to square it by speculation, with the usual result of making a bad matter worse. Five thousand dollars more was dropped in a moving picture venture, for which films were imported from Venice. At last Mr. Duarte approached \$40,000.

In the meantime Governor W. J. Maxwell had been appointed. He caught the chief justice in a transaction which looked shady and removed him. It was suggested that perhaps an audit of the postoffice books might be a good thing, and Inspector Smith was sent from the mainland.

Chief Justice Comacho was obliged to sentence his friend to ten years imprisonment in Bilibid, at Manila and a fine which, since Duarte was unable to pay it, will make his term almost seven years.

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CHANGES IN ITINERARY OF CONGRESSIONAL PARTY

Two changes have been made in the itinerary of the congressional party to arrive here on May 3. These were decided yesterday at a meeting of the itinerary committee in the office of Secretary Thayer. Two days instead of one will be spent on Kaula, if the recommendation is adopted, and only part of the party will make the overland trip from Nappoo, Kona, to the Volcano House, the others being taken to Kilauea, going thence to the Volcano.

These recommendations will be made at the meeting of the general committee this morning in the Governor's chamber. Those present at yesterday's gathering were Delegate Kahio, chairman of the general committee; Secretary Thayer, chairman of the itinerary committee; Speaker Holstein, Representative Conroy and Senators Coko and Baldwin.

PONTOON SCOWS ARE READY TO LIFT SUBMARINE WHEN SALVING BEGINS

Chief Gunner Stillson of Maryland Contingent Will Be In Charge of Diving Operations

There is absolutely no question that Drillingham, Crilly, Nielson and Loughman will be able to go down to the sunken F-4 at 280 feet and work smoothly and freely at that depth in directing the raising of the lost pontoon scow. They could do down 400 feet if necessary. They could go even beyond that depth, so far as the diving apparatus is concerned, but we brought equipment only for a dive of 400 feet, understanding that descent would be necessary beyond that depth.

It is expected that all the diving apparatus and the pontoons will be towed out to the site of the sunken scow today. The work with the diving apparatus may be delayed as it will be necessary to erect a platform from which the diving apparatus can be maneuvered. Timber for this will be brought from Pearl Harbor this morning by the tug Navajo.

Crowds Line Seawalls. Crowds lined the seawalls all day long and marines were kept busy keeping the throngs off the navy piers. There was much interest in the construction work on the pontoon scow from morning to night. There came the sounds of steel hammering on steel. The ponderous movements of the big steel crane created awe in handling its heavy burdens as if they were sticks of wood.

But the big interest everywhere revolved about the divers brought from across the continent and ocean by the Maryland. It seemed to be felt that on their abilities to tread the bottom of the ocean where the sunken scow lay depends success or failure in the raising of the unfortunate craft with its cargo of twenty-one dead men and its mystery of manner of destruction.

Stillson and his men, however, have no doubts they will be successful in performing their share of the salvage task. Commander Smith and Comancher Pater were as equally confident that the scow will be able to lift the submarine from the bottom and brought to the surface, once the divers have either directed or themselves have secured fastened a number of heavy steel cables about the submerged ship. It is generally believed now that the submerged pontoon method will not need be resorted to and that the submarine will be given such a clean lift as to allow of its being towed into such shallow water that the remainder of the work would be comparatively easy.

Lines Will Steady Divers. The method of procedure when active salvage operations are commenced will be that the diver will be spotted directly over the submarine. The dredge Gaylord will retain its present hold on the two lines now fast about the F-4. Other ships of the salvage fleet will hold lines to steady the diving barges so that when the four men are lowered they will not "slak" or "hook" their lines fouled by the springing of the barge. When the divers have made observations they will report their findings and the dredge Gaylord and tugs will be brought into play to affix lines attached to the scow about the submarine. Then will come the test whether the lifting machinery is capable of raising the scow from its ocean grave.

If the submarine is raised—and the scow is lowered at the same time and the near completion of the pontoons has made naval men believe it will be—no absolute record for recovery of lost submarines will have been made. No submarine has ever been sunk at a depth of 280 feet and recovered. Divers have never before worked on wreckage at that depth.

All Depends on Divers. The great depend on the divers was evident on the navy pier yesterday. Their presence infused new vim in the salvage work. The divers themselves are ready and confident; anxious to go down as soon as equipment is rigged.

Not one of the corps had any qualms or misgivings as to success. They feel certain they can descend to 400 feet and work comfortably and without risk. Drillingham, Crilly, Nielson and Loughman may descend at the same time and one may be sent down first as a scout. This has not been decided.

Chief Gunner Stillson and assistants, with the aid of intricate telephones designed by Stillson connecting the men on the surface with the men down in the depths, will direct and he directed as occasion demands on instant notice. The suits worn by the men will be ordinary rubber diving suits, as used by divers everywhere. The helmet differs in that it is equipped with special control valves.

Secret of Success. The big secret of the success of the diving quartet, however, is that they have the advantage of the men operating the apparatus above them being able to keep absolute control of the air pressure in the suits—that is, that the air pressure in the suits is kept at the exact weight of the pressure of the water.

This is accomplished by the use of a power-driven air compressor, conceived by Stillson after many years of experimentation and experience in deep-sea diving, instead of the old-style hand pump. The air compressor can be driven by either electric or steam power, and the observation work here the power will be furnished by the tender Alert.

It was with this apparatus that Drillingham was able to walk on the bottom of the sea last November for a period of ten minutes. The dive was the more remarkable because it was made off Race Rock light, near New London, Connecticut, where the current is so swift that it is feared by all mariners.

Officers of the Maryland. The present officers of the ship are as follows: Captain Sumner, E. W. Kittelle, Commander James J. Raby, Lieutenant H. G. S. Wallace, Lieut. M. S. Davis, H. E. Kays, Hugh Brown, Eugene H. W. Underwood, D. B. Henry, W. E. Baughman, C. G. McCord, C. H.

PROBE OF OPIUM RING MAY REACH DETECTIVE GANG

Fear and Trembling Settles Upon 'Higher Ups' Since Leniency Is Shown Scully

FIFTEEN-THOUSAND-DOLLAR DEAL OF YEARS AGO STALKS

All Signs Point to Terrific Sensation That Will Involve Unnamed Crooks

There is fear and trembling among the "higherups" in opium circles of Honolulu as a result yesterday of the entering of a volle proce in the case of Jack Scully, indicted on a charge of highway robbery. Scully already has one conviction standing against him and is awaiting sentence on that.

With his pals, John T. McGrath, George H. Bower and P. M. Boggs, he appeared before Judge Ashford in the circuit court to be tried on the second charge. It was here that the prosecution sprung what proved a big surprise to many in asking that the case against Scully be passed.

The only inference is that Scully has agreed to testify against his companions and tell all he knows of the so-called opium ring. For weeks City Attorney Cathcart has been working hard on this case, seeking to get the inside facts regarding the existence of the opium ring that has operated so deftly in Honolulu for the past six or seven years. Scully has told it all, report now has it, and there are said to be gun-shoe men in town who fear that they are nearing the end of their rope and well on the way to wearing the stripes they had hoped to put on Scully's back.

Particularly one of these sleuths, now resting snugly in the belief that he is too firmly entrenched behind his official position, is said to be implicated. The authorities, it is alleged, are in possession of corroborative evidence showing that this worthy, acted as a leading figure in a fifteen-thousand-dollar opium deal here six years ago, and that only good fortune protected him from being captured and red-handed with his booty at the time.

After Bower and his companions had carried this fifteen thousand dollars' worth of opium from the steamer and placed it in an automobile and took it to its cache, the sleuth who directed the deal is said to have hired a rig and gone to the cache at night. He was accompanied by a companion, whose name the proper authorities are believed to have and with their rich cargo of opium they started for Aiea, when their rig broke down. In order to escape detection they were compelled to hide their contraband, it is alleged, and await another opportunity to deliver it to their customer.

These are details Scully refused to discuss yesterday, neither admitting nor denying that he has held the prosecuting attorney anything. It is not known whether he will take the stand when the cases of his companions are called tomorrow. The publication of the information regarding the fifteen-thousand-dollar opium deal, however, will, it is believed, make those who in the past have covered up their illegal acts, because of the power given them by their official positions, know that they are fast nearing the end of their rope.

The sequel depends upon whether or not Scully will talk when the time comes. It is not improbable that when the case against McGrath, Bower and Boggs is called tomorrow, Mrs. J. T. Scully will be one of the witnesses. It is now reported that Mrs. Scully is unwittingly a witness to the alleged holdup proceedings in Makiki, for which her husband has just escaped trial.

May Identify Gun Men. In driving the automobile at the time and took no actual part in the robbery, it is claimed. Mrs. Scully is prepared, it is said, to identify the men who hold the revolvers at their victim while he was relieved of his money.

It was reported last night that there will be no need for witnesses for the prosecution tomorrow, for the three remaining defendants may enter pleas of guilty.

C. H. McBride yesterday was granted permission to withdraw as counsel for Boggs. L. M. Straus, who also represents Bower, was appointed to represent Boggs.

Permission also was granted Frank E. Thompson to withdraw as counsel for Scully. As the charge against Scully was passed there was no need for appointing an attorney to represent him.

McMorris, T. L. Catch, J. P. Bowden, W. O. Henry, E. L. Vanderhook, K. E. Hintze, E. H. Quistlan, A. S. Walton, Frank Hindrie, F. E. Pelton, F. P. Thomas, T. N. Wilson, P. K. O'Brien, R. W. Cary, Jr., O. H. Keating, Surgeon John D. Manchester, P. A. Surgeon, H. A. Garrison, Acting Assistant Dental Surgeon J. D. Halleck, Paymaster J. R. Homberger, Chaplain J. D. MacNair, Capt. of Marines C. T. Weston, Jr., Chief Boatman E. M. Cassidy, Gunner J. L. McKenna, Gunner Herman Jorgensen, Chief Machinist Charles Hammond, Machinist W. D. Dodd, Machinist A. L. Healyell, Chief Carpenter A. W. Jones, Paymaster's Clerk C. W. White and William O'Brien.

WATER



San Francisco—April 10, 1915. Malakana—Arrived, April 7, from Maui, from San Francisco. San Francisco—Sailed, April 10, 1:20 p. m., S. S. Fernis, for Honolulu. Yokohama—Arrived, April 7, S. S. Nippon Maru, hence March 28. San Francisco—Sailed, April 10, noon, S. S. Enterprise, for Hilo. Makilaie—Sailed, April 8, b.t.m., Winkelman, for Malakana. Vancouver—Arrived, April 10, S. S. Niagara, hence April 4. Sydney—Arrived, April 8, S. S. Maiea, hence March 24. Yokohama—Sailed, April 10, S. S. Chieft, for Honolulu (one day late). Disaster. San Francisco—April 10, S. S. Manoa slightly damaged in collision; no details.

PORT OF HONOLULU. ARRIVED. Str. Kilauea from Hawaii, 5:15 a. m. Str. Shinyo Maru from San Francisco, 10:45 a. m. Submarine F-1 from Pearl Harbor, 5 p. m. Str. Manua Ken from Hilo, 6:10 a. m. Str. Maui from Kaula, 6:15 a. m. Str. Haydon from Seattle, 7 a. m. Str. W. G. Hall from Kaula, 7:35 a. m. Japanese Cruiser, Takawa from Makaha, 10:45 a. m. Russian str. Mojli from New York, 6:45 p. m. Str. Mauna Loa from Hawaii and Maui ports, 8:30 a. m. Str. Mikahala, from Maui and Molokai, 9 a. m. Str. Kinan, from Kaula ports, 8 a. m. Str. Lurline, from Maui, 8 a. m. Str. Wailie, from Hawaii, 6:30 a. m. Japanese cruiser Idzumi and collier Kamekura Maru, from Mexico, 6:25 a. m. Str. Strathendrick, from Seattle, 8:10 a. m. U. S. cruiser Maryland, from San Francisco, 8:45 a. m. Str. Liholika from Kaula, 11 a. m. Str. Chio Maru, from China and Japan, 1:25 p. m. Str. C-12, from Newcastle, 5:45 p. m. U. S. collier Proteus, from Manila and Nagasaki, 8 p. m.

DEPARTED. Str. Claudine for Maui, 5 p. m. Str. Shinyo Maru for Yokohama, 5 p. m. Str. Sierra for San Francisco, 12:05 p. m. Str. Manua Ken for Hilo, 3:10 p. m. Japanese Cruiser Takawa for Japan, 4:10 p. m. Str. Mauna Loa, for Molokai, 10:35 a. m. Str. Haydon, for Port Allen, 6:30 p. m. Str. Claudine, for Maui, 5:35 p. m. Str. W. G. Hall, for Kaula, 5:15 p. m. Str. Strathendrick, for Melbourne, 7:15 p. m. Japanese cruiser Idzumi and collier Kamekura Maru, for Japan, 6:25 p. m.

Between Boards. McBryde, 50, 100, 6:12 a. m. Honolulu, 10, 130, 0 a. m. H. C. & S. Co., 40, 24.75. Sugar Quotations. 98° Cent. (for Ha. Sugar), 4.64.

Deaths. Mrs. E. W. Gamble, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Lindenberg, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Keiser, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lathrop, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Duane, Mrs. W. G. Wallace, Miss L. D. Penn, Miss May Olson, Miss May Steele, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hancock, R. H. Heitman, Miss F. A. Dutton, Mr. and Mrs. H. Nobel, M. Silberman, B. N. Harwood, A. Hoeking, E. Phillipson, A. C. Chapman, S. T. Wellman, Mrs. L. Burton, P. High, E. C. Webster, Mrs. C. Bennett, Capt. R. F. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. W. Shaw, Mrs. K. J. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Ingalls, J. W. Watt, Mrs. J. L. Binn, Mrs. A. O'Brien, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Young, J. H. Brownson-Archer, C. M. Eddy, H. K. Macbeth, Yang Wan, Ng, La Sum, Ling, M. Himmaman, Mrs. M. Himmaman, Tang Hui Wang, H. A. Moler, Mrs. Saganawsky, Miss J. Wilson, Geo. Bond, R. G. Foster, E. T. Foley, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Holba, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Coe, Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Tunnel, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Brown, two children and maid.

Per str. Manua Ken for Hilo and way ports, April 10—Mrs. Comans, Mrs. B. G. Wooten, H. G. Wooten, H. W. Brewer, J. W. O'Brien, Miss B. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hill, Miss G. Gabbins, Mrs. G. H. Binn, Mrs. Henry Holmes, Nancy Scott and wife, Mrs. Sam Johnson, Miss S. Foster, Miss F. Foster, A. J. Dilling, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Crawford, Mr. Tashiro, C. P. Crawford, J. S. Sierra, M. M. Gilbert and wife, Mrs. M. Morgan, (2), Mrs. Geste and wife, Mrs. Morgan, (2), Mrs. Lang, D. S. Brown, W. H. Himmaman, G. Wooten, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Soleman, Miss Solomon, Thomas Altus, Thomas Altus Jr., E. J. Buckley, Mrs. Wilke, Miss Wilke, Mrs. A. I. Watson.

Per str. Claudine for Maui, April 12—H. W. Rice and wife, Mrs. John Chalmers, Miss H. Collins, L. M. Finkel, J. Quonson, E. Anderson, H. Jones, S. Harbridge, H. Flomberg, M. S. Palmer, G. T. Greig, wife and infant, Miss Alice Heater, Miss A. Storchbeck, H. Harold, Miss Annie Rouse, Fong Sing, Peter Oht.

Per str. Kilauea from Kaula ports, April 9.—Mrs. Libeka, Mrs. A. C. Clark, W. T. Frost, Rev. S. B. Stieris, Mrs. A. Sing, Dr. Shirataka, Miss Hatfield, Waipua, H. A. Davis, S. A. Carter, Mrs. M. Cummings, M. Cummings, M. K. Richards and ninety-three dead.

Per str. W. G. Hall from Kaula ports—S. P. Bentley, D. P. Heilborn. Per str. Claudine, from Maui, April 10: Miss L. Whitford, George A. McEldowney, Mrs. McEldowney, A. G. Dickens, R. J. Hako, M. Baker, T. Y. Adams, M. S. Jardine, Miss Fernandez, A. S. Colayson, G. K. Lamson, Miss G. Bennett, J. M. Downer, T. Aie, A. J. Wurts, Miss Werts, Miss May Lucas, Miss M. Shaw, Miss Deane, Mrs. Deane, B. L. Beise, S. E. Kalama, L. C. Cain, Mr. Hughes, Mrs. W. Pieper.

Per str. Mikahala, from Maui and Molokai, April 11: Lawrence Gay, Aug. Reimann, James Moore, B. Meyer and son, B. Hagerman. Per str. Kinan, from Kaula ports, April 11: Mrs. Charlene, Chas. Peterson, Ing Wong, M. T. Cabral, Miss H. Gethman, F. E. New, S. K. Malua, W. Gabbig, F. F. Trombridge, Mrs. Trombridge, Mrs. Spaulding, Miss Knott, Miss J. Munro, Mrs. R. Munro, J. J. Dias, Yay Chong, Chu, Kong, T. A. Ronau, J. L. Hiroki, Miss Lawrence W. A. Ramsey, J. Hagenbarch, Miss Castro, J. E. Bresselt, George Hamshrey, Doctor Olvayser, Miss E. Mills, A. A. Moore, Bruce Cartwright, E. Millerton, Miss B. K. Towse, Kukan, C. A. Rice, Mrs. Rankin, A. S. Wilcox, Mrs. A. S. Wilcox and maid, A. Souza.

Per str. Claudine, for Maui ports, April 9.—Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Baldwin, H. B. Penhallow, J. P. Coakett, Manuel Alexander, wife and infant, Frank Alexander, P. D. Chandler, N. Kruper, Miss Alben K. West, Mrs. S. Nola, Peter Oht. Per T. K. K. S. S. Shinyo Maru, for Japan, China and the Philippines, April 9.—Mrs. Jaue Hamanishi, Master Takanishi Hamanishi, Master Naugaki Hamanishi, W. H. Crawford, K. Matsumoto and three children, Mr. Mott-Smith, Mr. Ichikawa, Miss A. Barney, F. S. Brockman, Mrs. F. S. Brockman, E. Brockman, Miss L. M. Verley and H. V. Fay.

Per O. S. S. Sierra, for San Francisco, April 10.—Geo. N. Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Freberg, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Schoellkopf, Mrs. J. Thompson, Mrs. E. M. Bush, W. W. Kirkland.

Honolulu Stock Exchange Monday, April 12, 1915.

Table with columns: NAME OF STOCK, OFFICIAL PAID UP, PAR VALUE, BID, ASK. Lists various stocks like Hawaiian Electric, Hawaiian Sugar, etc.

PORT OF HONOLULU.

Table with columns: ARRIVED, NAME OF SHIP, FROM, TIME. Lists arrivals from Hawaii, San Francisco, etc.

DEPARTED.

Table with columns: NAME OF SHIP, TO, TIME. Lists departures to Maui, Yokohama, etc.

Between Boards.

Table with columns: NAME, VALUE. Lists sugar and other commodity prices.

Sugar Quotations.

Table with columns: TYPE, PRICE. Lists sugar grades and prices.

Deaths.

List of names and details of deaths, including Mrs. E. W. Gamble, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Lindenberg, etc.

Per str. Manua Ken for Hilo and way ports.

Per str. Claudine for Maui, April 12. Per str. Kilauea from Kaula ports, April 9.

Per str. Mikahala, from Maui and Molokai.

Per str. Kinan, from Kaula ports, April 11. Per T. K. K. S. S. Shinyo Maru, for Japan, China and the Philippines, April 9.

Per O. S. S. Sierra, for San Francisco.

Per str. Claudine, for Maui ports, April 9. Per str. Kilauea from Kaula ports, April 9.

(Associated Press by Special Wire.) BOSTON, April 12.—Stalling's men played their first game at home here yesterday since the close of the world's championship series, defeating the University of Harvard team by a score of 7 to 3. A great crowd of loyal rooters were on hand and the all-round work of the Braves evoked satisfaction.