

Gazette Hawaiian



LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS	
Cent	Dollars
40° Centrifugal N. Y. per lb net in bag	6.15 \$123.00
Free, Hawaiian basis	6.15 \$123.00
Less previous quotations	6.15 \$123.00

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU
July 24.—Last twenty-four hours' rainfall, .00. Temperature, Min. 72; Max. 83. Weather, clear.

VOL. IX, NO. 59

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, JULY 25, 1916.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 4530

ANZACS BY TREMENDOUS DRIVE WIN MORE FRONT

Paris Reports Germans Cleared Out of Pozieres, Which Controls Direct Road To Bapaume and Straightens Out British Line

STRUGGLE FORCES TEUTONS TO SHIFT VERDUN TROOPS

Russians Announce Successful Thrust By General Kuropatkin Against the Great Armies of Field Marshal von Hindenburg

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

PARIS, July 25.—In the West the British are rapidly straightening out the dent in their line at Pozieres, where the Germans have been clinging desperately to the shell-shattered houses.

The capture of this town will give the British an almost straight line between their new positions, east and north of Thiepval, where the deep salient they have driven into the German front begins to bend eastward to Guillemont and Comblé, where it leads southward to Hamcourt. It joins the French left wing.

But even more important than that, the capture of the town of Pozieres will give the Australian and New Zealand troops, known as the Anzacs, possession of the main road to Bapaume, via the little towns of Martinpuich and Le Sars, and Bapaume would give them the control of the Peronne railroad.

Battle For Bapaume Road
It is for this, then, that the British are fighting so desperately, that they have succeeded, according to the official reports, in clearing the Germans out of the town, save for some houses on the eastern and northern fringes, where the Teutons still hold out, under heavy fire.

From Thiepval, now in the hands of the British colonial troops, to Guillemont the fighting of the last twenty-four hours has been tremendous. For repelling attacks the Germans have been relying upon the multiplicity of machine-guns and hand grenades with which their infantry has been liberally supplied. But according to the British statements, issued last night, the heavy cost involved in the taking of the necessary positions in this line had little apparent weight with the commanders of the men who had to do the actual work. The British report success all along this line.

French Pause Awhile
On the French side of the Somme the fighting has paused for a time, save for the customary artillery fighting. There was some minor fighting south of Estrees and between that town and Bellefontaine, where there have been some heavy counter-attacks by the Germans, who apparently hoped to be able to bend in the French line, and threaten the flank of the French troops menacing Peronne. The attacks were repulsed and the French officers report having captured a German battery south of Estrees.

Berlin, in the official report of the Western fighting, says that the only advantage won by the British yesterday, was some houses in Pozieres, which cost the British heavy losses.

The Berlin official statement also mentions that in the battle of Sunday at this point the "Brandenburg Grenadiers of Douaumont fame" defeated the British. This is taken to indicate that the reports of French and British officials that the Germans have been compelled to withdraw troops from the Verdun front to hold back the Allies on the Somme were correct.

French Gain At Verdun
The fighting north of Verdun yesterday was resumed by the French who reports having taken the redoubt to the westward of Thiaumont, for which they have been struggling for several days.

From the battle-fields of Russia and Galicia came the sensational report that Field Marshal von Hindenburg had been defeated by General Kuropatkin south of Riga, and that the Russians have been able to penetrate the German lines for a distance of twelve miles and cut the Teuton line of communication.

Further south in the Galician front the battles continue without lull. General Brusiloff has forced the Teutons out of the village of Galitcheuk in Volhynia, but has suffered repulses elsewhere, especially on the Galician border, where the battleline crosses the frontier.

(Continued on Page 3)

United States Soon Will Acquire Danish West Indies

SENATE HAS CONFIRMED NOMINATION OF CLARKE AS ASSOCIATE JUSTICE

JOHN HASSIN CLARKE



Successor To Charles E. Hughes On Bench of Supreme Court Is Distinguished Ohioan

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Judge John H. Clarke, who has been nominated by the President to take the place left vacant on the bench of the United States Supreme Court by former Associate Justice Charles E. Hughes, the Republican candidate for president, has been accepted by the unanimous vote of the senate.

John Hassin Clarke was born in Ohio September 18, 1857, and graduated from the Western Reserve University in 1877. He was admitted to practice law at the Ohio bar a year later, and practiced in Lisbon, his native town, and later in Canton, Ohio. He was appointed United States District Judge in 1914. Judge Clarke has been much in public life in Ohio, having been candidate for several offices on the Democratic ticket, including the nomination for the United States Senate.

HOME RULE PLANS FOR ERIN DROPPED

Redmond Precipitates One of Fiercest Debates in Commons Since Outbreak of War

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

LONDON, July 25.—With the cabinet unable to reach a decision, Premier Asquith announced yesterday afternoon that the government will not introduce the proposed home rule amendment.

This is taken to mean that plans for home rule for Ireland have been dropped for the present, and that David Lloyd-George's negotiations have come to naught. The stumbling block appears to be the retention in the Imperial Parliament of Nationalist representatives in undiminished numbers.

On the basis of the government's statement that unless it could be sure of a substantial agreement between all parties in regard to the Irish bill the measure would not be introduced, John Redmond, leader of the Nationalists, introduced a motion to adjourn.

This precipitated one of the fiercest debates the commons has seen since the outbreak of the war, during which Mr. Asquith announced: "I shall ask the house of commons, and I will ask the country at large if necessary, if the government's proposals are not liberal and just."

FIFTEEN WORKMEN ARE KILLED BY TUNNEL GAS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

CLEVELAND, July 25.—Fifteen workmen were reported to have been killed and eighteen overcome by gas in the new waterworks tunnel the city is constructing. Rescue parties have been rushed to the place and the work of getting the victims out to clean air is being hurried.

UNCLE SAM READY TO PREVENT HARM TO YANKEE FIRMS

Vigorous Action Will Be Taken To Draw Out Sting From Blacklist

WILSON IS CONCERNED HE ADMITS TO CALLERS

President Wilson May Make Formal Statement On Situation Public This Morning

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Officials of the administration yesterday admitted that preparations are being made to take vigorous action in order to prevent any injury to American firms mentioned in the blacklist of the allied governments, issued under the authority of the recent economic conferences held in Paris.

President Wilson told callers at the White House that he is greatly disturbed over the situation created by the latest move of the warring nations against the commerce of neutral countries.

He intimated that he may make an announcement of the American policy today.

NEGOTIATIONS IN EARLY STAGE STILL

LONDON, July 24.—The diplomatic exchanges between Washington and London upon the British blacklist of American arms under the "trading with the enemy" act has not yet passed the stage of inquiry.

At the foreign office today it was said that it would be incorrect to call the situation "grave."

MEXICAN GENERAL BLAMES AMERICANS

General Bell Denies Guardsmen Are Guilty of Shooting Up Greaser Homes

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

EL PASO, July 25.—General Gonzales, a Carranza commander, has formally protested to Gen. George Bell, Jr., commanding the Fifth Brigade at El Paso, against an alleged violation of good faith on the part of the outpost guards of the Ninth Massachusetts Infantry, National Guard.

Gonzales charges that the outpost guards crossed the border "in violation of Mexican rights, and shot up, without provocation, a number of homes."

The outpost guards claim that they were shot at first. The Mexican soldiers assert that they themselves fired no shots.

General Bell, shortly after the receipt of the Mexican protest, sent an answer to General Gonzales saying that the reports he had received of the shooting across the river led him to believe that the American militiamen were not at all to blame.

He said that six outlaws, belonging to a gang of Villa sympathizers, have made a rendezvous at a place called "The Island", not far from El Paso, and were responsible for the exchange of shots. He suggested that General Gonzales take steps to break up the band.

UNCLE SAM WANTS REPLY TO MAIL SEIZURES PROTEST

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The state department has notified Ambassador L'Age in London and Ambassador Sharpe in Paris to notify the British and French governments of the receipt here of the allied memorandum dealing with the specific cases of mail seizures by the British and French, and directing the diplomats to press for a speedy reply to the formal protests of the United States, dealing with the principles involved.

BIG GUN EXPLODES ON JAPANESE BATTLESHIP

(Special Cable to The Hawaii Hoch.)

TOKIO, July 25.—A six-inch gun on board the fifteen thousand ton Japanese battleship Shikishima exploded during night target practice off Saeko naval station yesterday, killing six sailors instantly and seriously wounding eight others.

RIGHT OF APPEAL TO LORDS DENIED TO IRISH LEADER

British Official Refuses Authorization Which Would Give Casement Another Chance

NATIONALISTS BEGIN TO MOVE IN HIS BEHALF

Pope and Many Prominent Catholics Petition For Revision of Death Sentence

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

LONDON, July 24.—Acting at the instance of a number of prominent Irish Catholic leaders the Pope has interceded with the British authorities in behalf of Sir Roger Casement, the Irish leader, sentenced to death for his part in the uprising of the Sinn Fein last spring.

It was announced last night from the office of the attorney-general that that official has refused to issue the certificate asked by the attorneys for Casement under the criminal appeal act of 1907, authorizing Casement to appeal to the house of lords, the court of last appeal under the British constitution.

Colonel Moore, inspector-general of the national volunteers, and a large number of the followers of John Redmond have forwarded a petition to Prime Minister Asquith, praying for the revision of the death sentence in Sir Roger's case, according to a statement made in the London Evening Star, yesterday afternoon.

The petition is said to have been signed by six bishops and twenty-six members of parliament.

It points out the need of mercy and the practical benefits it would prove in the present Irish crisis, which is rapidly reaching an acute stage.

FRENCH AVIATOR 'BOMBARDS' BERLIN

His Messages Telling Why He Did Not Drop Bombs Into City

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

PARIS, July 24.—Lieutenant Marchal, a noted flyer of the French aviation corps, has reached Berlin and hovered over the capital city long enough to drop messages to the people below.

Announcement of this was given out today, together with the fact that owing to engine trouble Marchal was forced to descend into territory held by the Germans in Poland, and was captured.

Marchal left France June 20 and passed over Berlin, dropping proclamations which read in part:

"Though it was possible, we have refrained from bombarding the town, as thus we might kill women and children."

He intended to land within the Russian lines but engine trouble forced him to alight in Poland and he was made prisoner. He flew 807 miles, most of the distance at night.

SOUTH SEA ISLANDERS TO BE GUESTS OF JAPAN

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)

TOKIO, July 25.—Arrangements for the visit to Japan of hundreds of natives of the Marshall Islands, as well as men and women from Yapp and Maria, next year, already well under way, according to a recent official announcement. Efforts are being made to bring the islands captured by the Japanese navy from the Germans, into closer touch with the people and government of Japan, and to establish a more thorough understanding.

KAISER AND CHIEF OF STAFF HURRY EASTWARD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

BERLIN, July 24.—It was officially announced last night that the Emperor, accompanied by the chief of the general staff has left the Western front for the Eastern lines, where the Russians are attacking in heavy columns.

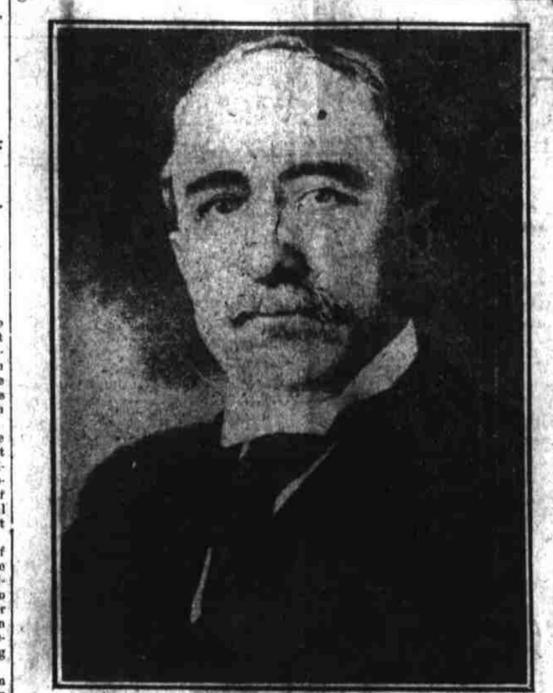
SCORE DIE WHEN GERMAN FERRY BOATS COLLIDE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

COPENHAGEN, July 24.—A dispatch received here says that two ferries collided on the river Spree near Berlin. Twenty persons were drowned.

REPUBLICAN MANAGER SENDS MESSAGE TELLS HAWAII OF POLITICAL ISSUES

WILLIAM R. WILLCOX, Republican National Chairman, Who Speaks To Party In Hawaii Through 'The Advertiser'



Chairman of National Committee Wants Party In Territory To Help National Campaign

(Special by Marconi Wireles.)

NEW YORK, July 25.—William R. Willcox, chairman of the Republican national committee and manager for Charles E. Hughes, was in conference yesterday with Rodrick O. Matheson, editor of The Advertiser, and Robert W. Breckons, national committeeman for Hawaii, on the part Hawaii is to take in the presidential campaign.

Chairman Willcox evinced keen interest in the welfare of the Republican Party in the Territory of Hawaii, and expressed the desire that there might be full participation by the party in Hawaii in the presidential campaign.

"The strong planks of the Republican platform on which there is and can be no division of sentiment, North, East, South or West," Mr. Willcox said, "are first and foremost those which demand adequate military and industrial preparedness throughout the land. The Republican Party has always stood for a coherent and continuous policy of national defense. Spurred by the knowledge of failure to provide any but the most meager defensive force, our political opponents, after three years of wavering indecision, are seeking to save themselves by frantic eleven-hour legislative makeshifts."

We desire peace founded on full preparation for defense against invasion, an honorable peace, whose bulwark shall be a trained citizen soldiery, a navy adequate for the protection of American citizens and to ever uphold their rights at home and abroad.

"The policy of tariff protection to American industries and American labor, without unfair exactions or undue favors, will be continued. Organized and protected industries are the most powerful aid to national defense. The Underwood tariff bill is a mischievous experiment in destructive legislation under which the American producer and the American wage-earner are robbed of the due reward of their labor. It is a complete failure in every particular."

Mr. Willcox was particularly strong in his denunciation of the administration's attempt to cut adrift and abandon the Philippines.

"The American people have accepted the responsibility of the islands as a duty," he said. "We cannot leave our work half done. Had it not been for the vigorous opposition of the Republicans in congress, the Philippines already would have been abandoned to their fate."

Private Shipowners Menaced
As to the preposterous plans of this administration to establish a government-owned merchant marine maintained by huge taxes levied on the long-suffering American taxpayer, it is as plain as day that if this Quixotic scheme is put into effect it will drive private shipowners to bankruptcy, and the American merchant flag from the high seas."

William R. Willcox was appointed postmaster of New York City by President Taft, but resigned his office to take charge of the national contest when Charles E. Hughes was nominated by the Chicago convention. He was chairman of the New York Public Utilities Commission during the time Hughes was governor of the State, and is one of the most influential Republican leaders in the East.

GERMAN DESTROYERS CLASH WITH BRITISH

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

LONDON, July 25.—Six German destroyers, it was announced yesterday, engaged in a running fight with British light naval forces off Behouwen Bank early in the morning. The German vessels were repeatedly hit but reached the Belgian coast.

Berlin reports of the same fight say: "Returning from the Flanders coast some German destroyers this morning went to the mouth of the Thames river. Later they encountered several small British cruisers but reached their base undamaged."

TEN DROWN WHEN MINE SINKS HOLLAND STEAMER

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

THE HAGUE, July 24.—The Dutch steamer Maas has struck a mine near North Hinder light. Ten of the crew were drowned when the vessel sunk.

SALE OF ISLANDS BY DENMARK TO BE ANNOUNCED WITH ALL TERMS

Negotiations For Transfer Reach Stage Where Only Ratification of Treaty By Respective Governments Is Needed To Close

TWENTY-FIVE MILLION IS PRICE TO BE PAID

Washington Gives Up All Claims Upon Greenland and New Acquisition May Be Used By American Navy As Coaling Station

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

WASHINGTON, July 25.—It is understood here in circles close to the state department and the diplomatic corps, that the negotiations between the United States and the Danish government for the purchase by America of the Danish West Indies have reached a definite stage, and that the results may be announced officially soon.

The officials of the state department and the Danish embassy are most secretive, refusing to discuss the matter at all from any angle, and declining to affirm or deny reports that have become current here and abroad.

Details From Copenhagen

The Philadelphia Ledger this morning printed a report from its correspondent in Copenhagen, to the effect that the treaty between the two countries providing for the sale of the islands soon will be ready for submission to the senate and the Danish parliament.

According to this despatch the United States is to pay \$25,000,000 for the possessions of the Danish government in the West Indies, and to cede to Denmark all claims upon Greenland which the United States may have, based upon the discoveries of the American Arctic explorers.

Old Negotiations Continued

These negotiations are believed to be the continuation of those which beginning in 1901 and lasting intermittently until 1910, were broken off owing to the difficulty the representatives of the two nations had in reaching a satisfactory agreement.

Now, however, the situation is different. Denmark is reported to be severely pinched by the strain of keeping her army mobilized to maintain her neutrality, and needs money badly. In addition, she is anxious to rid herself of a troublesome element in maintaining that neutrality, for which she had worked so hard since the outbreak of the war.

Ideal Naval Station

From the point of view of the United States the possession of the Danish West Indies has long been a dream of the strategists of the naval board. The islands are ideal for a coaling station off the eastern coast, better by far than the station at Guantanamo, Cuba, and as a naval base also they are superior.

EIGHTY-NINE MORE CASES OF PARALYSIS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

NEW YORK, July 25.—With eighty-nine new cases of infantile paralysis yesterday the health authorities announced that there had been thirty-one deaths in Greater New York during the preceding twenty-four hours.