

Hawaiian Gazette

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
C. S. WEATHER BUREAU
Nov. 16, 1916—Last twenty-four hours: rainfall, 7. Temperature, Min. 59, Max. 75. Weather, part cloudy.

LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS
Cents Dollars
90° Centrifugals N. Y. per lb. per ton
Price, Hawaiian basis 6.52 \$150.30
Last previous quotation..... 6.65 \$153.00

VOL. IX, NO. 1 91 HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1916.—SEMI-WEEKLY. WHOLE NUMBER 4580

BULGARS BATTERED BY ALLIED FOES FALLING BACK ON WIDE FRONT

SERBIANS AND FRENCH, AIDED BY RUSSIANS AND BRITISH DRIVING THEIR ENEMY BEFORE THEM IN MACEDONIA, CLOSING IN UPON MONASTIR; BUT TEUTONS CLAIM GAINS IN TRANSYLVANIA FIGHT

VON MACKENSEN RETIRES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

PARIS, November 17—The pendulum of the great war has swung back to the Balkans once more, and the fighting reported in Macedonia yesterday held the interest of the entire world in a tight grip.

It was there that the Allies pursuing their avowed intention of keeping the German and the German allied armies busy on every front, successfully launched a new series of attacks which netting them large gains of ground, still further embarrassed the Berlin and Vienna general staffs.

The pressure along the Varna river and south of Monastir which has been steadily increasing for months became acute Tuesday and Wednesday broke down the resistance of the Bulgarians and Germans defending Monastir, compelling the Teutonic armies in that arena to fall back before the reorganized Serbian and Italian forces, while farther to the east in the vicinity of Doiran and along the Struma river the Allies hacked their way forward, capturing towns of importance and many prisoners together with munitions and supplies.

BULGAR LINE ENDANGERED

Along the Cerna river front, south of Monastir, the Serbians have seriously endangered the whole of the Bulgarian line in that region, according to the official reports issued by the Serbian war office.

Four additional villages have been evacuated by the retreating Bulgarians on the east bank of the river, and Berlin is even compelled to admit that the Bulgarian and Teutonic armies in that theater of operations have been unfortunate. The Berlin despatch regarding the retreat at this arena says that the Bulgarians "have retired to new but less favorable positions on the Cerna river."

A statement issued by the London bureau of information yesterday said that the Serbians, who have been cooperating with the French and British soldiers from Salonika, have captured the important towns of Tatavai and Guiles, southeast of Monastir.

Other war despatches tell of the bombardment of Bucharest, capital of Romania, by German aviators. They dropped a number of bombs on the city, killing four civilians and wounding twenty others.

From the sea-zone of war yesterday came news that the Greek steamer Barbara and the Norwegian steamer Lekkon have been sunk, but whether by submarine or mine is not given out.

The official communique issued from the French war office last night says that the French, with their forces augmented by Russian regiments which recently landed at Salonika, have cut their way forward against the Bulgarians until they are now within four miles of Monastir. The Bulgarian army on this sector, defeated and thrust from its positions, is retreating, pursued by the Allies.

On another sector, west of the Cerna river, where British and French are cooperating, the Bulgarians have abandoned their principal positions, and toward Yaraschook the French and Serbians are making good progress.

On still another part of this front, in Macedonia, near the Struma river, the British have assumed the offensive and have defeated the Bulgarians, capturing the village of Karakasha. In the Dobruja district, where Berlin asserts there have been but minor engagements, the Bucharest despatches as well as the accounts from Petrograd declared that von Mackensen is still in full retreat, hammered continually by the pursuing Russians and Rumanians. The German army is reported to be burning villages and ravaging the country through which it is falling back.

In Transylvania the reports from Bucharest are not so encouraging to the Allies. There the troops under the command of General von Falkenhayn have been successful in their attacks upon the battling Rumanians and have forced them out of their positions in the Alt and Jind valleys.

The Rumanians are reported by Bucharest to be falling back toward Arefal and Radniceni. In the Saurduk Pass region the Germans are reported to have taken 1200 prisoners, and the Russians who have been attacking the Germans in Moldavia are falling back, their lines broken by the superior German artillery.

Berlin flatly denies that the Rumanians and Russians have recaptured the town of Bonassac.

BEAR AND EAGLES FIGHT FURIOUSLY

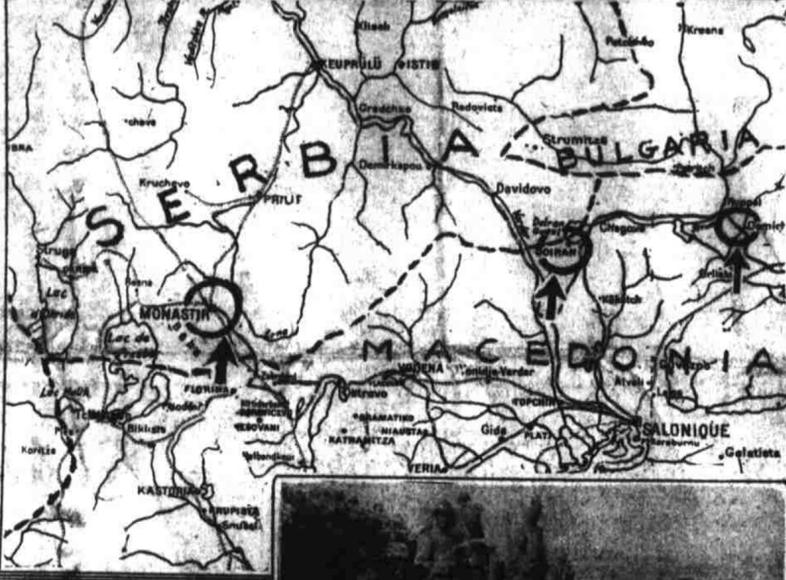
Farther north where the Russian Bear and the Double Eagle of Germany are tearing each other fiercely, the battle rages still but without definite gains by either side. All along the Galician line the great guns are roaring day and night, and as far north as Riga on the Baltic sea, the fighting is ebbing and flowing.

In the Italian-Austrian region there may or may not be much to report when the veil of censorship is lifted. At present the situation is clouded by the conflicting reports from either side, but it is believed that great events are taking place. On the west front the French by a series of determined charges recaptured a portion of Pressoire, which the Germans occupied Wednesday.

WESTINGHOUSE COMPANY ADVANCES ALL SALARIES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PITTSBURGH, November 17—More than four thousand members of the Westinghouse Electric Company yesterday were notified by the management that the company has decided to adopt a bonus system. This will add more than five per cent to the salaries these men are now receiving.

SCENES on the Balkan front where the Serbians and their British, Russian and French allies are reported to be driving back the Bulgarians, who are aided by the Germans and Austrians. The upper picture shows the first detachment of Russian troops on the march from Salonika, where they landed, to the fighting line. Below is a picture of a group of Serbs resting behind the lines. The map gives an idea of the relative positions of this fighting front and the points at which the Allies are aiming.



ALLIED TRANSPORT IS REPORTED SUNK

Twelve Thousand Ton Vessel Destroyed Says Berlin

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, November 16—A German submarine on November 15 torpedoed and sank a 12,000-ton hostile transport eighty miles west of Malta. The transport at the time was under the convoy of destroyers and other patrolling craft.

PROHIBITION GAINS GROUND IN ENGLAND

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 16—In view of the statement by Walter Runciman, president of the board of trade, on the food shortage before the house of commons yesterday, a group of house members declare that they will support a motion that the manufacture of intoxicating liquors be prohibited.

Thousands In Big Demonstration For President Wilson

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, November 17—Ten thousand people turned out last night for a monster demonstration in honor of President Wilson's reelection. The crowds headed by bands and announcing their coming with salvos of bombs marched to the north portico of the White House where they cheered until Mr. and Mrs. Wilson appeared. The demonstration was in charge of Joseph Tumulty, secretary to Mr. Wilson.

FIVE MILLIONS TO BE LOANED CHINA

Chicago Banking Interests Agree To Advance Money and Lansing Approves

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, November 17—A loan of \$5,000,000 to the government of China has been engineered by Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese ambassador to the United States. The underwriters of the loan are the interests back of the Continental, Commercial and National Banks of Chicago.

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VILLISTAS MURDER GERMAN MERCHANT

Wife and Baby Also Slaughtered By Special Order of the Bandit Leader

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
EL PASO, November 16—It is reported here that Theodore Hoemuller, a German merchant at Parral, Chihuahua, his wife and baby have been killed by Villistas.

Munition Explosion Kills Many Soldiers

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 17—Despatches to the Exchange Telegraph News Agency from its Stockholm correspondent last night reports that 150 men were killed and 650 more or less seriously injured when a quantity of ammunition with which the Russian steamer Baron Brézet was loaded exploded as she lay at her dock in Archangel unloading her cargo.

NAVY'S EXISTENCE BOUND UP IN FATE OF BIG OIL FIELDS

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt Declares Government Must Control Some Wells

EXPLAINS U. S. FIGHT TO MINING ENGINEERS

Naval Service Helpless Unless Court Struggle Ends In Victory For Uncle Sam

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

CHICAGO, November 17—The life of the United States navy is at stake in the fight of the Federal government to retain control of portions of the California oil fields as petroleum reserves, declared Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, in an address here yesterday before the Congress of American Mining Engineers.

The speaker reviewed the history of the struggle of the government to establish these reserves of oil land beginning with the Test withdrawal orders to the present scores of suits filed by the government to recover billions of dollars worth of the oil lands now being tried.

"The fortunes of oil land which both the government and private individuals seek to control are in the San Joaquin valley fields," Assistant Secretary Roosevelt said.

"On the success of the government's winning the legal fight for the California oil fields depends the very life and existence of the United States navy. Unless the government can retain the withdrawn fields in California as petroleum reserves under control of the navy department, the navy is helpless."

"Oil means increased speed. Only with unlimited oil supplies can the battleships and fleet attain the cruising radius that makes a real navy. The submarine fleet needs oil. With oil greater safety in submarine operations is assured. With oil the United States can build thirty-five knot battleships, without oil such ships cannot be built."

DEUTSCHLAND ON WAY TO BREMEN

Carries With Her More Than \$2,000,000 Worth of Cargo For German People

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW LONDON, Connecticut, November 17—The German merchant submarine Deutschland steamed out of this port last night, passing on route many merchant vessels and the American cruiser Calumet. In spite of the hour—it was half past one o'clock in the morning—the merchant craft sounded their whistles to the departing submarine and the searchlights of the great cruiser washed over the dingy hull of the undersea craft in compliment.

The Deutschland was towed out of the harbor by two tugs provided for her by the eastern forwarding company, agents for the submarine in this country. Capt. F. Heusch and other officials of the company accompanied the submarine to sea and returned on the tugs.

It is estimated that more than \$2,000,000 worth of rubber, zinc, nickel and bar silver composed the cargo of the submarine when she steamed away from her wharf here.

Reports that efforts had been made to dynamite her just before she left could not be authenticated last night. Captain Koenig of the German super-submarine Deutschland yesterday said that 120 tons of the iron ballast of the Deutschland will be converted into souvenirs of the size of a dollar. They will have a relief impression of the Deutschland on one side and a signature of Captain Koenig on the other, and these will be sold for the benefit of German widows and orphans bereaved by the war.

GERMANY PLANS TO FORM A "HOME ARMY"

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, November 17—The organization of a "Home Army" in Germany is being discussed in the Bundestag and in this connection a census has been ordered. The plan under discussion contemplates the organization of all civilians not now called or subject to call for the regular army into a great army for home protection. All civilians subject to such a regulation will be listed under the census ordered.

BELGIANS ASK AMERICANS TO INTERVENE IN THEIR BEHALF

Belgium's Minister To United States Calls Upon Uncle Sam To Put An End To German Methods In Invaded Country

THOUSANDS TORN FROM HOME TO WORK FOR CONQUERORS

Unless Movement Is Stopped Entente Allies May Refuse Permission For America To Continue Relief Work In Nation

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, November 17—Mr. Havenith, Belgian minister to this country, has filed a formal appeal to the people and government of the United States to stop the deportation of Belgians from their native land by the Teutonic invaders.

In his communication to the officials of the state department through which the message was given publicly last night, Mr. Havenith declares that but a part of the truth has been told of the German outrages against the people of the little country overrun by their enemies. He declares that Belgians are being compelled to all intents and purposes to fight against their own country by the invaders.

Thousands Deported

"The German governor general of the conquered provinces of Belgium," says the communication, "is forcing thousands upon thousands of the unemployed Belgians to go to Germany to work in the quarries, and in the factories engaged in turning out concrete for use in the army. Others are compelled to work in the lime kilns under the pretext that they are a charge upon public charity."

After detailing other instances of the action of the German government in Belgium and the effect it is having upon the Belgians and their country, the communication goes on to state that:

"The government of Belgium wishes to file with the people of the United States and with the government of this country its energetic protest against this coercive measure which the authorities now in control of affairs in a large portion of Belgium have seen fit to adopt. It is contrary to the law of nations and the laws of humanity, and the Belgian government asks that the United States take active measures to intervene in order to secure the cessation of deportation of Belgian subjects and the release of those already deported."

MAY STOP RELIEF WORK

The order of Quartermaster-General von Sauberzweig that Belgians must work for the Germans, as reported from Amsterdam, has created a strong feeling in England against continuance of the work of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium.

It is contended here that, leaving aside the question whether the order is in violation of the convention of The Hague, it is hardly reasonable to expect the Entente governments to find and pay for food which the commission distributes in Belgium, when they are placed in the position of feeding at their own expense persons who are working for the German army.

MRS. BOISSEVAINE ILL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LOS ANGELES, November 17—Mrs. Inez Millholland Boissevaire, who has been desperately ill in this city for some time, was reported slightly better last night, following the sixth transfusion of blood, her physicians have made.