

Hawaiian Gazette

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
T. H. WEATHER BUREAU,
Nov. 29, 1916.—Last twenty-four hours' rainfall, .09. Temperature, Min. 64; Max. 74. Weather, cloudy.

LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS		
	Cents	Dollars
96° Centrifugal N. Y. per lb.	5.64	\$112.80
Price, Hawaiian basis		
Last previous quotation	6.52	\$130.40

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1916.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 4587

SANTO DOMINGO UNDER CONTROL OF UNCLE SAM CAPITAL HEARS

Military Rule Declared Throughout the Little West Indian Republic, According to Announcement Made in Washington

CAPTAIN KNAPP ASSUMES GOVERNORSHIP OF COUNTRY

American Occupation Expected To Last Until After January Elections Have Been Held and New Government Is Selected

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, December 1.—United States military rule was declared in force throughout the Republic of San Domingo yesterday and the government of that Republic has passed temporarily into the hands of the American naval authorities, who have been guarding American interests there.

Capt. H. S. Knapp, U. S. N., has been authorized to assume the governorship of the Republic pro tem, during the American occupation, which is expected to last for two months at least, until the elections in January are safely over and a government chosen freely by the Dominican voters is inaugurated.

The government buildings are now in the possession of United Marines, who are also policing the outlying districts.

It is expected here that the Dominican parliament will be forced to enter into a treaty with the United States authorizing this country to exercise police jurisdiction throughout the Republic for a considerable time. A treaty similar to the one recently entered into between the United States and Hayti is suggested.

TAFT SCORES LABOR'S DISRESPECT FOR LAW

Former President Also Attacks So-called Eight Hour Act

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, November 1.—William Howard Taft, former President of the United States, in an address delivered Wednesday evening before the St. Andrews' Society took the opportunity to severely condemn what he characterized as "labor's apparent disrespect for the law." Mr. Taft also attacked the Adamson Act, declaring that the law has increased the factional feeling between capital and labor. He added that "organized labor is now fast becoming the privileged class in this country."

FRENCH WAR DEBT NEAR 72,500,000,000 FRANCS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, December 1.—By March 31, the close of the French fiscal year, the total credits voted by the chamber of deputies for war purposes will have amounted to the stupendous total of 72,500,000,000 francs. These figures were presented to the chamber at a meeting yesterday by the budget committee.

JOHN HAYS HAMMOND IS REPORTED SERIOUSLY ILL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BALTIMORE, December 1.—John Hays Hammond, mining engineer and inventor is reported to be seriously ill here. He is suffering from intestinal disorders, and his surgeons fear that it will be necessary to operate, in order to save his life.

Germany Ready For Peace Pledging Empires Existence

Teuton Chancellor Declares Country is Prepared To Accept Any Terms That Will Guarantee Future of Nation and Monarchy

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, December 1.—Germany will agree to end the war as soon as the enemy will agree to accept terms of peace that will guarantee the existence of the German Empire and the future of the German nation.
No declared the imperial chancellor, von Bethmann-Holweg, in an important address in the reichstag yesterday, introducing the "Man Power Bill." This is a measure to bring the entire man power of Germany into the war, with every man capable of performing some task for the army, either in the ranks or in operations and industries useful to the army, being enlisted in the public service. No distinctions of class or condition are to be observed, and every male capable of work must perform the task assigned him. Wherever possible women are to substitute for men in all the industries, while all occupations not directly of benefit to the military ends of the nation are to be practically done away with during the period of the war.

BODY OF EMPEROR IS LAID AT REST

Heir To Dual Monarchy Follows Coffin Afoot

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
VIENNA, December 1.—The body of the late Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, Franz Josef, has been buried with all the pomp and panoply due to his station. Carried on a gun caisson and followed by the new Emperor, his heir, Karl, the body of the old ruler left the chapel, where it had been lying in state since last Monday, and started for the Church of the Capuchins here at two o'clock yesterday afternoon. The King of Bulgaria as well as the Crown Prince of that country were among the chief mourners. The Kaiser was unable to attend owing to a slight cold he contracted during his trip to this city.

PRINCE OYAMA ILL; RECOVERY DOUBTFUL

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Shipco.)
TOKIO, December 1.—General Prince I. Oyama, one of the marshals and genros, or elderly statesmen, of the Empire, who was taken sick while he was in Fukuoka, where the autumn military maneuvers were held several weeks ago, is now seriously ill. He is seventy-five years old and it is doubted by physicians whether he can recover. He is one of the foremost military leaders in Japan, and also a great statesman and a hero of the Japanese-Russian war.

NAVAL COLLIER RAMS SCHOONER OFF COAST

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, December 1.—The naval collier Nero, which left here Wednesday morning for San Diego, is reported to have been in collision off Point Arguelles yesterday morning. The vessel she collided with was the schooner Solano. Both vessels proceeded on their way apparently little harmed. The weather was very thick.

GREEK MINISTER RESIGNS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, December 1.—A Reuter despatch from Athens announces the resignation of General Darcos, the minister of war in the cabinet of King Constantine. The reason advanced for the decision of the minister to leave the cabinet is that he is suffering from ill health.

Wilson Spends Quiet Thanksgiving Day

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, December 1.—President Wilson passed a quiet Thanksgiving Day with his family, dropping all his work for the time being. His only appearance in public outside of the White House was when he accompanied Mrs. Wilson to a Thanksgiving Day service in the Presbyterian church.

MAP of Rumania, giving a clear idea of the fighting theater in which the armies of the Entente Allies and those of the Central Powers are struggling for the possession of the last and smallest of the Entente group. Below is an official photograph of the havoc done by the explosion of one of the giant mines of high explosives, the effect of which may be guessed when the result of the explosion on the dug-out on the left is noted, as well as the shattered human bodies scattered about the walls of the crater.



TERAUCHI BUILDS UP STRONG CABINET

Statement of Foreign Policy Rouses Much Interest

(By The Associated Press.)
TOKIO, November 29.—Field Marshal Terauchi's most persistent political enemies admit that he has built up a cabinet which contains at least two of the "strong" men of the Empire. They are Viscount Ichiro Motono, the new minister for foreign affairs and Baron Shimpei Goto, Japan's great medic-statesman, who has been designated minister of the interior.
Of the remaining members of the cabinet several are very well known to the Japanese though less prominent abroad. Three of them are members of the House of Peers from which body Premier Terauchi expects to find substantial support in carrying out his program which he has announced as being a strengthening of the nation's resources and united and serious exertions on the part of all the people for the effecting of reforms in all departments of national life. The members from the House of Peers are Baron Kenjiro Don, the new minister of education; Kiyoshi Nakashoji, the minister of commerce and agriculture, and Ryohji Okada who holds the portfolio of education. General Kenichi Oshima and Admiral Tomosaburo Kato, the ministers of army and navy respectively, have been brought over from the outgoing Okuma ministry.
The keenest interest exists throughout Japan as to whether the ministry will be able successfully to weather the coming session of the Diet on account of the apparent total lack of support in the House of Representatives. The attitude of the newly organized majority or constitutional party under Viscount Takaaki Kato is understood to be hostile. K. Hara, the head of the Niyukai or minority party has announced his position as a sort of benevolent neutrality. He said: "Our party will hold an absolutely neutral position but it will give its support to anything that is in the interests of the public and agrees with the principle of our party." He went on: "We must all work for the expansion of our national influence and for the perfecting of a true constitutional government. As for the new cabinet we must observe its policy, admiring what is to be admired and attacking when attack is deserved. The most important thing is to foster patriotic nationalism for the sake of the nation and the people."
Russian Alliance
The fact that Viscount Motono was one of the framers of the Russo-Japanese alliance while ambassador at Petrograd and the belief that Count Terauchi himself has strong Russian sympathies has led many friends of the Anglo-Japanese alliance to fear that the support of the new ministry will be thrown primarily in putting into effect the Russian alliance as against the British. It is remarked that Count Terauchi is the president of the Russo-Japanese society and that Baron Goto, the new minister of the interior, is the vice president.
As to the policy of the new cabinet towards the United States, great satisfaction is expressed by representative Japanese that Premier Terauchi's recent declarations to The Associated Press should have received such a cordial welcome in the United States. The new cabinet has as yet made no formal declaration of its principles, and Count Terauchi's interview has given practically the only indication thus far of the cabinet's attitude on foreign questions.
In a leading article the semi-official Japan Times says that a very important statement on the foreign policies of the empire has been made to the world by Count Terauchi through The Associated Press. The newspaper continues: "It is gratifying that the premier has given an unmistakable assurance to the world that there will be no change in the line of action his cabinet will pursue in the conduct of our foreign relations. If Count Terauchi, as premier, places statesmanship before soldiership, his simplicity and sincerity as a soldier will stand him in good stead, and we do not hesitate to declare that he can be depended upon to adhere faithfully to his assurances. If he has in the past been criticized for what has been described as his iron rule in Chosen (Korea), he has never been chosen with going back on his words." The journal expressed satisfaction with Count Terauchi's attitude towards the United States, and concluded with the conviction that Japan's foreign relations will be perfectly safe in the hands of the new premier.
Paper astonished
The Asahi, which published an edition in both Tokyo and Osaka, adopted a different strain. It expressed its astonishment that Count Terauchi, who is very reticent to his countrymen, should give such an important interview to a foreign correspondent in regard to his foreign policy. The journal admitted disappointment should the premier's foreign policy develop as outlined by him, thinking that while his internal administration will be constructive he will adopt a "laissez faire" attitude in his foreign policy. It thought that the Japanese people would prefer Count Terauchi to reverse his program and do some constructive work in diplomacy.
The Asahi continued: "The land and immigration question have been pending between Japan and America for a number of years, and badly stand in need of a fundamental solution, instead of being bolstered up by temporary measures. Marquis Okuma was too much pleased with the appellation of 'Peace Premier' given him by the Americans to attempt a solution of any of the questions at issue between Japan and America. Count Terauchi now openly declares his readiness to succeed to the 'do nothing' policy of Marquis Okuma, as pursued towards America. It is quite possible that Count Terauchi's inclination to put off the solution of difficult problems may have the effect of making matters worse confounded."
Besides the land and immigration questions, which are pending between Japan and America, it will be necessary for Japan to know definitely America's attitude towards China. Japan's position vis-a-vis China is somewhat of a pending character, but as long as the economic activities of foreign countries in China do not exert any political pressure on Japan, she will not only not obstruct their enterprises in China but will welcome them, as they will materially contribute towards the opening up of the resources of the country. For this reason it is necessary that Americans should be convinced of the real intentions of Japan and of the advantage of working conjointly with the Japanese in China."

LOYALIST GREEKS DEFY ENTENTE'S GUNS AND TROOPS

Seize Postoffice and Telegraphs of Athens; Admiral Du Fournet Disembarks His Sailors and Marines and Sends Warning

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
ATHENS, December 1.—Hurting defiance in the face of the forces of the Entente powers the loyalist followers of King Constantine yesterday afternoon drove the French officials out of the control of the post office and telegraph lines.
This action was followed immediately by the command of Admiral du Fournet, commanding the Allied fleet at Piræus, to disembark a large number of men, sailors and marines. He also sent the following message of warning to the leaders of the loyalists: "There is no reason why your arms should not be given quietly to the Allied authorities. I have at my command ample troops and the heaviest artillery in existence to compel the observance of my orders."
The Entente authorities yesterday deported German and Turkish consuls.

FRENCH DISTRICT IN INDIA CYCLONE SWEEP

Hundreds Slain By Twister Storm in Pondicherry

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, December 1.—Despatches from India yesterday announce a great loss of life and much suffering in the French district of Pondicherry, which was swept by a cyclone. Hundreds of buildings were torn down by the force of the wind and thousands of people have been rendered homeless, with their crops destroyed. Three hundred bodies have been found and it is feared that the deaths have been many more.

JAPAN REPORTS FINDING IRON MINE AT TSINTAU

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKIO, November 30.—The discovery of a new iron mine in Tsintau, China, which has been reported here is the cause of much satisfaction on the part of the Japanese government, especially in view of the fact that iron is a commodity badly needed in Japan since the outbreak of the war. The price of iron is now about three times higher than it was before the beginning of the war. Careful surveys on the part of the Japanese government have led to the estimate that the new mine is capable of producing not less than 100,000,000 tons of iron. The quality of the ore is reported to be extremely good.

SUBMARINES REPORTED OFF NANTUCKET LIGHT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BOSTON, December 1.—German submarines are believed to be off Nantucket Shoals Lightship, and in the direct pathway of steamers bound to and from New York and Great Britain. Radio messages to vessels belonging to the Entente powers were received here last night from British and French cruisers patrolling the steamer lanes.

CHAUFFEUR GIVES BLOOD TO KEEP ARCHBOLD ALIVE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
TARRYTOWN, New York, December 1.—John Dustin Archbold, the multi-millionaire Standard Oil magnate, who has been ill here with appendicitis so excessively weak that it was found necessary last night to give him an infusion of blood. His chauffeur volunteered to give a part of his blood for his employer. It is believed that the financier has a chance for life.

British War Office Publishes Losses

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, December 1.—The total of the British casualties, killed, wounded and missing on all fronts during the month of November, was announced last night by the British war office. The figures show that 74,500 men were put out of action, including 2351 officers.

TEUTON GUNS IN RANGE OF CAPITAL CITY OF RUMANIANS

General von Mackensen, Commanding Present Advance of German-Bulgarian Forces is Now in South Near Bucharest

RUSSIANS GAIN GROUND BUT FAIL IN OBJECTIVE

Thrust Once Again Toward Lemberg Along Zlota Lipa River Front Is Reported in An Official Communique From Petrograd

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

PARIS, December 1.—Von Mackensen, and his army is now almost within shelling distance of Bucharest, the Rumanian capital, toward which the Germans and Bulgarians have been pressing for the last few weeks, with almost uninterrupted strokes.
The forces under the command of the conqueror of Serbia, have also taken from the Rumanians a number of forts defending the little, but important junction point of Tzomana, less than sixteen miles south of Bucharest, according to the despatches from Berlin and Vienna issued last night.

GAINS IN NORTH
While Von Mackensen has been pressing his advantage in the south of Rumania the other wing of the German-Austrian forces has been making even more sensational gains to the north. Von Falkenhayn last night wired to Berlin that his men are now within thirty-seven miles of Bucharest on the north and are moving steadily ahead.
He is reported from Berlin to have taken the city of Kampulung, one of the most important of the Rumanian centers in the northwestern section of the country, and for which he has been fighting for several weeks.

The capture of Kampulung also opens the Torsburg Pass into Rumania, giving another entrance into that country through which the Austrians and Germans can send their armies.
Berlin in the official statement issued late last night, reported that though the Russians who have been attacking in heavy columns in the vicinity of Kirlibaba, in the Carpathians, have made some gains, their advance has failed utterly to check the progress made by the Teutonic legions in Rumania, although such, in part at least, appears to have been the object of the latest Russian offensive in Galicia.

ATTACK IN GALICIA
The Russians are also attacking along the Zlota Lipa River line, launching assault after assault against the lines held by the Austrians. This is the first important offensive reported in this sector of the eastern war front since General Brussiloff's great offensive of the summer months came to an end.
The reports from Petrograd last night announced that the Turkish attacks in Turkish-Armenia have been checked by the Russians, and that in some places the Ottoman forces have been driven back.

BRITISH OFFENSIVE

The British yesterday launched a strong attack over a two mile front south of the famous Ypres salient, but Berlin reports that this was repulsed.