

BRITISH CLOSE IN UPON LENS, DRIVING BACK TEUTONIC FOE

Fierce Attack of Canadians Wrest Still More Ground From Fiercely Fighting Huns, Who Struggle In Vain To Retain Grip

MACHINE GUNS AND MORE PRISONERS ARE CAPTURED

French Lose Some Ground Under Massed Attack of Huns in Verdun Sector and Are Unable To Drive the Attacking Forces

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

NEW YORK, June 30—Avion, two miles south of the center of Lens is now in the hands of the Canadians who are continuing to draw their lines tighter and tighter about the city.

With the capture of that town, a suburb of Lens, the Canadians took also 247 prisoners and twelve machine guns from the Huns.

The fighting in this sector was particularly desperate, the Germans counter attacking many times in an effort to drive the British out of the positions they had won earlier in the day. The Canadian advance, which was a brilliant one was made during the night and during a blinding rain storm that soaked the ground and the troops as they left the trenches for the attack. The fighting that followed was for the most part in the ruins of the outskirts of the French city. Near Oppy the British captured 2000 yards of trenches from the Germans.

The Germans made a slight local gain on the Verdun front where they are attacking the French lines once more. Yesterday morning they resumed the bombardment of the vicinity of Hill 304 and Avocourt Wood, as well as in the region around Cerny and Corbeny. Here the fighting was intensive and bloody for a time and the masses of the Crown Prince's men carried the head of the attacking columns into the outer trenches of the French positions. There they stopped however, for the French artillery inflicted tremendous punishment upon them and the Teutons suffered severe losses. They managed to hold their gains however, in spite of spirited counter attacks by the poilus. The German attack was made with carefully picked troops, many of whom apparently had been brought from the eastern front for the fighting.

Berlin however claims that the Germans had entered the French trenches along a two-thousand-yard front and forced the defenders back five hundred yards, taking 550 prisoners.

RED CROSS MISSION TO BE SENT TO RUSSIA

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) PETROGRAD, June 29—News that the United States will send a Red Cross mission to Russia has been widely reported and is being received with the greatest satisfaction.

BELGIAN COMMISSION ON WAY TO THE COAST

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) WASHINGTON, June 29—The Belgian commission today left for a trip to the Pacific coast.

Dual Monarchy Wants Peace Emperor Working To End Great War

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service.) AMSTERDAM, June 30—The movement for immediate peace is reported to be growing swiftly in Austria where the strain of the war is being more acutely felt than in any of the large belligerents. According to information received in this city yesterday from Vienna, the Emperor Carl, has had several audiences with the party leaders in the Austrian capitol, and has assured them that he is now doing everything in his power to bring about peace.

"I am striving untiringly for peace," he is said to have told one of the government officials when the latter called upon him at the palace yesterday afternoon.

It is also reported that the lower house of the parliament now in session in Vienna, yesterday quite frankly discussed the question of peace but failed to come to any decision, and did not reach a vote upon the matter.

PRESIDENT AIDS "DRY" FOOD BILL FIGHTERS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) WASHINGTON, June 30—President Wilson yesterday entered the prohibition fight entering around the food control bill.

The president agrees to put an end to the manufacture of foodstuffs into whisky and gin but he does not believe that the making of wines and beer should be stopped.

COMMISSION REFUSES TO INCREASE RATES

Suspends Railroad Requests For Fifteen Per Cent Raise

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) WASHINGTON, June 29—The interstate commerce commission yesterday announced that it has suspended until October 28, 1917, the proposed general fifteen percent increase in railroad rates. This action was taken, says the statement issued by the commission, because of the discovery of marked prosperity among the railroads.

While denying the fifteen percent increase the commission indicates its willingness to increase certain class rates in the eastern district. This would virtually allow an increase of four percent gross on all rates, because the class rate is one-fourth of all the business done by the roads.

JAPANESE PARTY LEADER ATTACKS GOVERNMENT

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) TOKYO, June 30—Osaki, one of the leaders of the constitutional party has openly charged that the government, in spite of its pledges to "keep hands off" in China, practically supported the Northern Chinese in the recent trouble. Premier Terauchi in a firm statement denied this, and repeated the intention of the government to maintain a policy of noninterference with Chinese affairs.

RUSSIAN REPUBLIC IS PROMISED BY ENVOYS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) WASHINGTON, June 30—The Russian mission in a formal statement issued last night, forecasts the formation of a Russian republic. The constitutional assembly will meet September 30, when the provisional government will go out of existence. Its powers will be delegated to special committees pending the establishment of a permanent form of government. The assembly will settle this form and also will pass upon the fundamental laws of the nation.

RUSSIA CALLS UPON ITS WOMEN TO HELP

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) PETROGRAD, June 30—The provisional government of Russia, through M. Kerenki, has issued an order creating a commission to examine into the proposed law for the mobilization of the women of Russia for labor to carry on the work behind the fighting lines of the republic. In a comment upon the order issued at the same time M. Kerenki declares that "the nation is now passing through a crisis that demands the energy of every man and woman that we may emerge stronger and better than ever before."

BLAZON TYPE NOT NECESSARY

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic, Cholera and dysentery Remedy needs no glaring headlines to attract the public eye. The simple statement that all chemists sell it is sufficient, as every family knows its value. It has been used for forty years, and is just what its name implies. For sale by All Dealers, Benjamin, Smith & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

CENSOR CLOSES ON DETAILS OF THE LANDING OF TROOPS

Marine Corps in Washington and Elsewhere Anxious To Know Whether They Were First To Set Foot As American Soldiers Upon the Soil of Blood Stained Europe

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, June 30—The government and the press correspondents alike are keeping the details of the trip of America's first army to reach European soil across the Atlantic, and of its landing on a French quay, a dark secret. Even officials high in the government service are still in darkness as to the number of men who have reached France under the colors, and even what was the first contingent to set foot on the blood stained ground of Europe.

Officers and men of the Marine Corps are anxious to find out whether the regiment of Marines, under the command of Colonel Doyen, succeeded in landing first as they wished to do when they left this country. If this should prove to be the case the Marine Corps will be the proudest body of men wearing Uncle Sam's uniform.

The popularity of that branch of the service is becoming enormous as the report of the enlistments issued by the navy department yesterday and covering the period of the war with Germany to date, indicates. The corps now contains 28,356 officers and men, having enlisted 25,206 since April 6.

The navy arm is also proving popular and according to the statement issued last night, now has a total enlisted personnel of 120,353, and lacks only 25,000 men of being up to the full war strength authorized by congress.

GERMAN PLOTTING AROUSES NORWAY

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) COPENHAGEN, June 29—For the first time since the war began the weekly report of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows a decrease in the gold reserve. The figure is 76,000,000 marks below that of the preceding week.

An Amsterdam dispatch says that a large shipment of gold from the German Imperial Bank has been received in Holland, obviously to pay for foods and to keep up exchange.

BRITISH CAMPAIGN IN MESOPOTAMIA SUCCESS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) LONDON, June 29—Contradicting the reports of bungling in the Mesopotamian campaign, a correspondent of the London Times claims that the Mesopotamian army is excellently provided for and the medical service is satisfactory. The advance of the British forces has been halted, it is declared, because of the inactivity of the Russians in the Caucasus district.

OFFICERS CLEARED OF BLAME FOR STRANDING TEUTON MERCHANTMAN WESTFALLEN IS SUNK

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) NEWPORT, Rhode Island, June 29—A naval investigation has been held of the stranding of the Olympia, Dewey's flagship at the battle of Manila Bay, on the shoals of Block Island. The navigator has been held blameless, the board finding that the Olympia struck an uncharted rock. There is still hope of salvaging the vessel.

ALSATIANS GLAD OF PERSHING'S "BLOOD"

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) PARIS, June 29—Gen. J. J. Pershing, commanding the American contingent in France, today received a delegation of representatives of Alsace Lorraine, who told him of their pride in his own Alsatian ancestry. General Pershing was deeply moved. He declared himself happy to meet the representatives of the valiant people who have suffered deeply because of fidelity to the country.

TROOPS SENT TO KEEP ORDER IN COUNTY CLAIRE

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) LONDON, June 30—The correspondent of the Central News at Ennis, in County Claire, Ireland, telegraphed his office last night that five hundred troops, armed with rifles and machine guns have reached there to preserve order during the coming elections.

GREEKS ABANDON "FRIEND" KAISER

Sunder Relations With Germany, and Germany's Three Allies, Turkey, Austria and Bulgaria

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PARIS, June 30—Greece yesterday broke diplomatic relations with Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey.

Despatches from Athens say that the Greek ministers in Berlin, Vienna and Sofia have been instructed to leave their posts for Greece.

The rupture of relations is based, in the Greek notification, upon the incompatibility of maintaining relations with countries which are warring in Greek territory.

PRESIDENT STUDYING EMBARGO PROBLEMS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) WASHINGTON, June 30—President Wilson announced yesterday that he will take no steps under the law providing for embargo upon exports until he has had an opportunity to thoroughly study the whole problem. The proclamation outlining the policy of the government will be issued within a few days, however, it was intimated at the White House yesterday. The problem is much complicated by the rights of neutral nations, and the desire on the part of the government to deal with justice with these nations.

PRESS OF GERMANY IN CENSOR'S GRIP

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) COPENHAGEN, June 29—News reaching here from Germany is that the German press is writing under a regime which is well-nigh intolerable. The government is cutting the supply of paper drastically and the censorship is stifling. The Volkes Zeitung of Hannover, says that the news contained in all the papers is the same word for word. No independence is permitted. The news is given out by the government press bureau.

TWO HAWAIIANS HELD ON SERIOUS CHARGES

Tom Makukane and O. Mauna, Hawaiians, were arrested yesterday afternoon by Sergeant of Detectives John Kellett and later charged for impersonating an officer. The defendants were arrested in Kakaako. On their arrest, both men are said to have admitted freely to Sergeant Kellett that they had made attempts to make arrests under the guise of officers but denied that they received money for the release of their "prisoners."

Tom Saffery, who was also charged with impersonating an officer some time ago, they alleged, was not in any way connected with them in their work and that they know nothing of his operations. Saffery is now in the hands of the federal authorities.

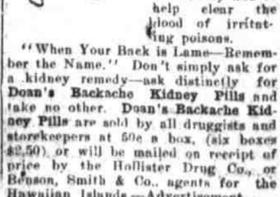
Makukane and Mauna showed a badge owned by a seventeen-year-old mounted policeman, which, they admit, they used in their "arrests."

A third Hawaiian, Tom Kahala, was arrested shortly after Makukane and Mauna were, but after investigation was discharged.

Feel Achy All Over?

To ache all over in damp weather, or after taking a cold, isn't natural, and often indicates kidney weakness. Uric acid causes many queer aches, pains and disorders of the organs. Well-kidneya keep uric acid down. Tired, dizzy, nervous people would do well to try Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They stimulate the kidneys to activity and so help clear the blood of irritating poisons.

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name." Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take no other. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50c a box, (six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of the Hollarier Drug Co., or Hanson, Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands.—Advertisement.



BUREAU URGES CUT OF ISLAND GUARD

Says Quota Called For By Draft Law Too Much of a Drain Upon This Territory

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, June 30—The organized militia of Hawaii will be reduced to two regiments of infantry, one troop of cavalry, one company of coast artillery, one company of engineers and one company of signal corps. This was the formal recommendation made by the bureau of militia affairs of the war department here yesterday, following the study of recommendations made by the territorial officials and the commander of the Hawaiian department, Gen. F. S. Strong.

Under the terms of the Selective Draft Law the Territory would be liable to furnish a quota of four regiments of infantry, one separate troop of cavalry, one signal corps company, four companies of coast artillery and one separate company of engineers.

This quota, says the recommendation of the militia bureau, is entirely beyond the capacity of the Islands to furnish, as the drain upon the population would be too heavy for it to bear under existing conditions there. The bureau therefore recommends that the reduction as listed above be made in the national guard of the Territory.

Orders carrying out the suggestions of the bureau have already been issued by the department here and by General Johnson, commander of the guard.

FRIES IS BOURBON CHOICE FOR CHIEF

Democratic Committee Approves List of Names For Juicy Political Plums Here

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) At a meeting of the Democratic committee held in the McCandless building last evening, the following men were approved for these appointments: City Engineer—J. H. Wilson. Chief of the Fire Department—A. L. de Fries.

Superintendent of the Water Works—Albin Blom. Building Inspector—A. W. Heen. Superintendent of the Electric Light Plant—William L. Frazee (Incumbent). County Jailor—Jesse Utinski.

The session was executive, but it was reported that there were the unanimous selections, no fight being made on any man.

Manuel C. Pacheco, chairman of the county committee, presided at the meeting, which was attended by twenty-three members.

L. L. McCandless said last night that he was unable to verify the accuracy of these selections. He understood, he said, that the appointments would be left up to Mayor-elect Fern and the supervisors.

It was reported to The Advertiser, however, that the men named above would be urged upon the mayor and supervisors for appointment.

Three hundred applications were received from the hungry, it was stated. The expressed policy of the committee was to pass upon the party qualifications of applicants, weeding out the undesirable, and then to hand the list to Mayor-elect Fern for him to make his selections from it. Last night's nomination, however, was one of positive nomination of men, if the above list be accurate.

PALMER P. WOODS IS FERN'S SECRETARY

Announcement of Appointment Made By Mayor-Elect

Palmer P. Woods, known as one of the Democrats of longest and most consistent standing in Hawaii, will sit at the right hand of Joseph J. Fern when the latter becomes mayor of Honolulu, and aid him in guiding the destinies of the island of supervisors and curbing their indiscretions.

In other words, Mr. Woods will be private secretary of the mayor and help him do his heavy thinking. The appointment of Woods, which has been known for considerably more than a week but which the mayor-elect for reasons best known to himself refused to admit for publication, was announced yesterday.

BRITISH WAR AIMS CLEARLY OUTLINED BY LLOYD GEORGE

No Compromise With Either of Two Great Barbaric Nations, Turkey and Germany, Is Contemplated By Entente Leaders

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, June 30—Premier David Lloyd George, in a most vigorous speech and in the plainest language reaffirmed the British war aims in an address here last night. He denied that there is any intention of compromising in any way with Germany or with Turkey, while he reaffirmed, as one of the very first essentials of peace the fact that Belgium must be free politically and commercially.

"The democratization of Germany would be the best guarantee that the peace we will enter into will be a permanent peace," said the British Premier. "Towards a free and a democratic people we could negotiate in a different spirit than we will be compelled to negotiate if the end of the war finds the arrogant, Prussian, military party still in power in Germany."

The Premier said that indemnities must be considered one of the essential guarantees against any recurrence of such a war as Germany has forced upon the world. Germany must pay for the wrongs she has done to Belgium and to France, and he added that if the war concludes a single hour before the Allies attain their ends that the world will have suffered a disaster the like of which has no counter part in history. He predicted that Russia will regain her strength and that the overthrow of autocracy in that country has been a great thing for the Entente Allies and would in the long run prove beneficial not only to the Slavs themselves but to the whole human race. Last but not least he added that the coming of democracy in Russia would make of that country a foe more mighty and terrible to Germany than the oligarchy that has fallen.

Turning again to the question of indemnities for France and Belgium, two nations that have suffered most frightfully from the inroads of Teuton "kalk" and Germanic frightfulness, he declared that Belgium must be free for all time of the thraldom of Prussianism.

No statesman has urged, he continued, the restoration of the colonies which have been taken from the Prussian monster, seeing in their permanent loss one of the best means of crippling for years that menace to the welfare of mankind.

He spoke in some detail of the charges that have been circulated in some quarters that Great Britain's ministers have been secretly negotiating with Turkey for a separate peace, and have been offering Mesopotamia as the price.

Neither Mesopotamia nor Armenia, sections that have suffered for so many years from the hideous barbarity of the Turks, will be allowed to fall under his control again. There is nothing in the British plan that contemplates the restoration of those two sections of the Turkish empire to the blasting tyranny of the Ottoman government.

Two French vessels, victims of divers, were reported to have been sunk by submarines during the past week. Three of less than that tonnage were sunk.

TWO FRENCH VESSELS VICTIMS OF DIVERS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service) PARIS, June 29—Two French vessels of over 1600 tons were sunk by submarines during the past week. Three of less than that tonnage were sunk.