

NEW TACTICS TAKE ALLIES CLOSER UPON OBJECTIVES

Belgians and French Move Around Forest With Evident Intention of Squeezing Enemy Out of Low Swamp Lands

DIXMUDE IS SOUGHT BY TWO DIFFERENT ROADS

Russians Attempt To Fraternize With Huns and Are Driven To Cover By Fire Directed Against Them By Own Big Guns

NEW YORK, October 29—(Associated Press)—Belgian soldiers, supporting and joining with the French army to the west of the D'huholst Forest, yesterday drove back the Teutons for a considerable distance and on a broad front, capturing a number of important salients. They thus made considerable progress in the movements against Dixmude.

The French-Belgian attacks and successes of yesterday indicate that the idea of penetrating to Dixmude through the forest has been abandoned and the new tactics purpose to go around on both sides of the low, swampy land which is occupied by the Teutons and to "squeeze" the enemy of the pocket which the forest thus forms and which they are occupying.

SQUEEZE ENEMY

The drive of last week carried the Allies well forward on the east side of the forest and yesterday's drive brought a similar advance on the west. On the remainder of the Flanders front there was little to report except a continuance by the Allies of a violent artillery fire.

All day Sunday the French were bombarding German positions on the Aisne salient and an advance toward Laon with attacks on several objectives in that direction are indicated to military observers.

GERMANS QUIET

On the lands skirting the Riga and Finland Gulfs the Germans were reported to be quiescent. In Estonia Russians who were attempting to fraternize with the Teutons were discovered and were fired upon by their own artillery. They were thus quickly dispersed and fled back into their own lines.

BRITISH AIR RAIDS

British airmen continued their attacks upon fortified positions back of the German lines, going long distances and taking munition factories, supply houses and arsenals as their targets. Several tons of bombs were showered upon such positions.

No infantry attacks were made by the British in Flanders and they were allowed by the Teutons to hold their recently acquired objectives with no opposition other than the fire of the artillery which did not compare in effectiveness with that of the Britons.

NAVAL BUDGET ISSUED

THE HAGUE, October 28—(Associated Press)—The new naval budget provides for the construction by Holland of six submarines and 288 aero planes.

DIPHTHERIA—HOW IT MAY BE AVOIDED.

Diphtheria is usually contracted when the child has a cold. The cold prepares the child's system for the reception and development of the diphtheria germs. When there are cases of diphtheria in the neighborhood children that have colds should be kept at home and off the street until recovered. Give them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they will not have to remain at home long. It also cleans out the culture beds, which form in a child's throat when it has a cold, and minimizes the risk of contracting infectious diseases. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. Ltd. Agents for Hawaii—Advertisement

SYRIANS BY THOUSANDS ARE STARVING TO DEATH DAILY

WASHINGTON, October 29—(Associated Press)—For the relief of the starving among the Syrians and Armenians, of whom there are, it is estimated two millions in the direct of straits, President Wilson yesterday issued an earnest appeal to the people of the nation.

In some instances the sufferings of the Armenians are due to the atrocities of the Turks but with the Syrian authorities say that such is not entirely the case.

President Wilson in his appeal says that contributions from the United States last year saved thousands but the situation this winter is even more menacing.

Thousand Deaths Daily

A thousand deaths a day from starvation out of a population of 350,000 in the Lebanon Mountains near Beirut, Syria, is the toll of famine conditions resulting from the war, it was declared here today by the Rev. William H. Hall, of the Syrian Protestant College, who recently returned to this country from relief work in that district.

Continuing Mr. Hall described the tragic disappointment of the people there, whose spirits were kept up for weeks by the promised arrival last Christmas time of the American relief ship Caesar, which would have meant life to thousands, but which never arrived owing to the refusal of Germany and Austria-Hungary to grant her safe passage to Beirut.

The Caesar, a naval collier loaned to the Red Cross by the navy department, left New York months before the entry of this country into the war, as a "Christmas ship," for the needy in Syria, carrying more than a quarter of a million dollars worth of food and clothing contributed in this country.

Vainly Pray and Wait

"Day after day the poor, starving people along the coast and through the mountains looked and prayed for the coming of the 'American ship,'" Mr. Hall said. "The country was canvassed by well organized committees, the needy were listed, the work of distributions was thoroughly prepared, offices were opened and men chosen to direct the distribution. The people waited. Their hopes were raised high."

"Week followed week and month followed month—in suspense the people daily looked out to sea for her—but the ship which meant life and hope to thousands never appeared. She was held by 'military necessity' while the people starved."

"'God has forgotten us!' was heard again and again as hopeless and hungry they stood face to face with death by starvation."

All Hopes Ended

"If the Caesar had arrived it would have meant that other ships would follow, but her failure to come dashed all hope for relief. Her cargo was sold and the funds finally found their way to Beirut for the purchase and distribution of food there, but there was little food to be bought."

"We know for a fact that thousands of our friends there will die this winter, despite the great good that can be accomplished by sending funds from America to buy what food can be obtained on the ground for distribution in an effort to save as many as possible."

The city of Beirut is as sorely afflicted as the mountain districts, Mr. Hall went on, and day or night one hears the cry along the streets: "I am hungry—give me bread." This is not from beggars but from laborers and tradesmen, people who have known the comforts of life.

"In Jerusalem," he continued, "one cannot pass along a street without being beset for prayers for aid. There are mothers with babes pulling at their breasts and children whose parents have succumbed and left them to face starvation alone."

People Surely Starve

"Syria and Palestine have no story of massacre or deportation, but these districts, once prosperous and self-sufficient, are now caught in the world-wide strife, and the people are slowly but surely starving to death through no fault of their own. Figures appall one—competent authorities assert that not less than 1,200,000 persons are today in dire distress in these historic Bible lands."

"Of this number at least 75,000 are children below the age of twelve—boys and girls and little children with no older person to provide the food without which they will perish, or to soothe the last hours when hunger will have overcome the forces of nature and the hour has come for them to face the great eternal without father or mother near."

Locust Plague Aggravates

A plague of locusts; the denuding of the fields of men for the armies; the blockade of the coast; the lack of transportation are given by Mr. Hall as the reasons for the failure of food and prosperity in these lands "which boasted they never could suffer famine," so rich was their productivity. But particularly were conditions due to speculation in food supplies by Turkish officials and their friends, he said.

"Some men in high positions, holding the food of the country in their hands, have gambled with death and ruin," Mr. Hall said. "The people have died while their stored away one knows not what fortune in gold."

be, and even a remnant is worth saving. Theirs is a land which historically has a claim upon the charity of the world, but its chief claim now is not historical, it is human. We are in a war to liberate humanity. It is on this ground that Syria appeals to the world.

"The funds collected in this country by the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief are being disbursed through these American missionaries and teachers of the American College in Beirut. Even though hundreds die for lack of food, because money cannot buy enough there to go around, great good can be done, if funds are forthcoming from this country generously enough."

"At least one-fourth of the population of the Lebanon Mountains has already perished from hunger and disease directly caused thereby. The story which must be written when this present winter is over will be even more terrible to read, unless immediate help is provided."

Mr. Hall graduated from Union College in 1896 and McCormick Theological Seminary in 1902, in which year he was ordained a Presbyterian minister. His home is in Kalamazoo, Michigan.

FIRST PROMOTION SECRETARY KILLED

E. M. Boyd, Long Resident of Hawaii, Victim of Auto Accident On Coast

Edward M. Boyd, who first came to Honolulu in 1899 as secretary of a newly organized bank, later joining The Advertiser staff, and who became the first secretary of the Hawaii Promotion Committee in 1903, was killed on October 17 when an auto driven by Maj. Harry W. Newton, U. S. A., went off the grade in Mill Creek Canyon, near Redlands, California. At the time of his death he was publisher of the San Pedro News and before that editor of a newspaper at Yucaipa, California.

The two men were returning from Big Bear Valley and had gone over several grades safely, but when they reached Mill Creek Canyon they encountered a heavy fog. The machine left the road at a turn, went over the grade and turned over twice, pinning both men underneath it.

Major Newton was not seriously hurt and cut his way through the top of the car. He found Boyd pinned down by a bow of the top, but dragged him out and then started to him help. A doctor sent Boyd to the Redlands hospital and his wife was notified, but she arrived after he had passed away.

According to the press of Southern California, Boyd was a gifted writer and a persuasive speaker. He was a newspaper correspondent in Washington for years and had worked on Chicago, Los Angeles and Honolulu papers.

Kamaaina of Hawaii
Mr. Boyd first came to Honolulu as secretary of the New American Bank, organized by Col. George Macfarlane, Mr. Boyd being nominated for the position by Perry Heath of Washington.

He later joined The Advertiser staff as a special writer, and in August, 1903, became the first secretary of the newly organized promotion committee.

For a few years he remained with the committee and organized its publicity campaigns and much of the descriptive material which became standardized and brought the islands into considerable prominence among mainland railroad companies and with travelers.

Mr. Boyd was sent to the mainland on a number of special missions on behalf of island interests, and finally left Hawaii about nine years ago. He bought a newspaper at Yucaipa, Southern California, and became interested in Republican politics and sat in conventions and was frequently called to San Francisco where the Republican leaders met for conferences.

Mr. Boyd, while in Honolulu, became identified with politics and wrote clearly and understandingly about the political situation here, which at that time was complicated and many of the campaigns bitter.

Maj. Harry W. Newton, Coast Artillery Corps, who was with Boyd, was one of the volunteer officers who accompanied General Funston at the time of the capture of Aguinaldo, the Filipino chief. For this service Newton was given a commission in the regular army. For three or four years he was attached to the field artillery command, stationed at Camp McKinley, Kapiolani Park, Honolulu.

LOAN MAXIMUM IS CERTAINLY EXCEEDED

Total Cannot Be Made Known Before Thursday, Is Announced

WASHINGTON, October 29—(Associated Press)—Sunday was not observed by the army clerks in the office of the treasury department that is engaged in sorting, arranging, tabulating and totaling subscriptions to the Liberty Loan. The deluge of applications for bonds continues to pour in and as a result of its magnitude it was reported last night that the full totals would not be known and announced before Thursday, instead of Wednesday, as had been announced Saturday.

Despite the absence of complete figures officials in the treasury department expressed their belief that the total will run well above the five-billion dollars maximum and that belief is general.

FOOD PLEDGE WEEK OPENS IN ALL OF CITIES OF MAINLAND

"If the women of the land will enroll themselves this week as the food administration asks, they will give our cause the greatest aid that can be given with their power."

"Our people must economize on some foods and some supplies and the women can do more to bring this about than can any other citizens."

"By economy in needed foods we shall be able to keep our obligations to and accomplish the task we have undertaken for our Allies and at the same time establish and maintain reasonable prices for ourselves at home."

"I urge all women of the country to sign the Food Pledge and to keep that pledge faithfully."

WOODROW WILSON

WASHINGTON, October 29—(Associated Press)—Food Pledge Week opened successfully in all the cities of the United States yesterday. The campaign for the opening day took the form generally of church services where the necessity of economy in foods during the present period of the war was urged from the pulpit.

President Wilson issued a call to the women of the land to heed the call of the food administration and sign the pledges that will be offered to them for signature by the half million workers who will today start upon a canvass with the intention of interviewing two million housewives and securing their enrollment in the food administration between now and next Saturday night.

Armed with pledge cards, window cards and other literature this great volunteer army will begin its drive against the objective of wastefulness this morning.

President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson attended church, where there were prayers for the success of the army and food conservation was made the text of the sermon.

SEATTLE WILL LOSE CAMP LEWIS TRADE UNLESS MADE CLEAN

SEATTLE, October 29—(Associated Press)—Major General Greene yesterday charged that there is a powerful vice syndicate existing here and that the syndicate is employing or using 2500 immoral women and scores or hundreds of gamblers and bootleggers.

Conditions of immorality in Seattle are intolerable, Major General Greene asserted. He demanded that immediate action for the suppression of commercialized vice be taken by city, county and state officials and declared unless there was an immediate cleaning up and a removal of the conditions that encouraged vice and immorality and drunkenness among the men from Camp Lewis when permitted to visit the city he would remove as many of the 39,000 men in training at the camp to again visit Seattle.

The declaration of Major General Greene appears to have at length aroused the business men and concerted efforts to bring about a cleaning of the conditions complained of are promised. A committee to unite the business interests in the movement will be named today.

NONE WILL SUFFER FOR LACK OF SUGAR

WASHINGTON, October 29—(Associated Press)—Despite the fixing of prices for raw sugar the food administration has decided to permit neutral countries to exercise their options on sugar purchased for a future delivery before the fixing of the price and for a higher price.

"None will really suffer and the sugar shortage is but a temporary one," was the announcement made yesterday.

Weak Kidneys Age You To Soon

Too many folks begin to suffer after middle age with lame, aching backs, distressing kidney disorders and rheumatic aches and pains. Often this is due to faulty kidney action and there is danger of heart trouble, dropsy, gravel, hardening of the arteries, or Bright's disease. Don't let weak kidneys age you. Use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They have restored thousands to vigorous condition.

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name." (Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take no other.) Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., or Benson-Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands. (Advertisement)



TELETYPE HEAD OF MATSON COMPANY Honolulu Man Elected President and a Former Honolulu Manager of Steamship Line

E. D. Tenney was elected president of the Matson Navigation Company at the meeting that was held yesterday to perfect the reorganization of management of the company made necessary by the death of Captain William Matson. This was told in Associated Press despatches, which further said that William F. Roth was made general manager and A. C. Diertex assistant general manager. As C. Green, probably meaning Charles E. Green of the Crocker National Bank, was reported to have been chosen to the directorate and F. A. Bailey and A. M. McCarthy selected for secretary and for treasurer respectively.

Immediately after the death of Captain Matson The Advertiser published the forecast from San Francisco that Mr. Tenney would become the head of the Matson Navigation Company. He was then reported to have said that his business engagements were such that he could not devote his entire attention to the affairs of the company and that statement was again made to the meeting yesterday, the Associated Press report said. In accepting the election it was understood that he would not give his entire time to the company business.

William F. Roth, the new manager of the Matson company, is a son-in-law of the late Captain Matson and was formerly a stock broker in Honolulu. He was then a resident of Honolulu and the mainland and married Miss Lurline Matson.

CHINESE STUDENTS ANGERED AT ISHII

In Demonstration Against Reported Monroe Doctrine Many Windows Are Broken

More than 1000 Chinese students in Tokio, angered at the report that Viscount Ishii had proclaimed a Monroe Doctrine for the Far East, yesterday visited the Chinese Legation and asked Mr. Chang, the Chinese minister, why he did not protest to the Japanese government against Viscount Ishii's statement, says the Japan Advertiser of October 17.

A demonstration was made in front of the legation building and some windows were broken. The minister refused the students' demands.

Yesterday being the Chinese national holiday, the students celebrated at the Hygienic Association building. One of the speakers declared that Viscount Ishii's speech made at a banquet given by the Mayor of New York was unmistakably an insult to China. The student orator then expressed wonder why the Chinese minister to Japan has not lodged a protest with the Japanese government against such a declaration by one of its responsible officials. He proposed to proceed to the Chinese Legation immediately and ask the minister why he did not make such a protest. The proposal was accepted and the students proceeded to the legation singing their national hymn.

The Legation they were seen by Mr. Chang, minister, who explained to them their position and told them to be quiet.

The students would not be satisfied, and more speeches were made. The minister retired into his office, and shut the door, whereupon the students started the demonstration which resulted in some broken windows and some of them smashed the window glass. The demonstration finally dissolved and the students returned home.

HILO HOSPITAL TO BE MUCH IMPROVED

Trustees Plan To Broaden Scope and Usefulness

HILO, October 24—The trustees of the Hilo hospital recently held a meeting looking to the introduction of improvements which would broaden the scope of the work done by that institution, and add much to its equipment, says the Hilo Tribune.

The maternity ward, which has just been completed, contains every comfort and convenience, for the handling of such cases, and will, no doubt, by reason of its up-to-date appliances and furnishings, be taken advantage of by many who will avail themselves of the opportunity of securing the best surroundings.

Action toward the improvement of the children's, or Lima Kokua ward, has also been taken by the trustees. A new addition has just been completed in which the insane can be taken care of pending their commitment to the institution at Honolulu.

During the month of September, according to the report of the trustees, seventy-two cases were handled, covering 368 hospital days. This gives an average stay in the hospital of eight days and a fraction, which is a short period for the treatment of the average case. The average cost per patient was but \$1.62 per day, which is almost a record in hospital management.

As a further improvement looking to the sanitary feature, a laundry is being added. It is being equipped with all the latest and best fittings, insuring absolutely hygienic surroundings. It has been fully equipped electrically, and is up to date in every way.

AUSTRO-GERMANS CUT INTO CENTER OF ITALIAN ARMY

Entire Line Shaken And Northeastern Sector In Danger of Annihilation Or Capture

NEW YORK, October 29—(Associated Press)—With the Italian center cut at Gorizia, its offensive threatened with utter and complete collapse, the northern and southern wings threatened with annihilation and a part of the broken forces driven back upon Italian soil, the situation of the Allies yesterday took on dark aspects. The situation for Italy is grave and the strength of the Allies' cause is correspondingly weakened.

The Austro-German forces under Emperor Charles of Austria and General von Mackensen are shaking the Italian line from the Julian Alps to the Adriatic. Rome admitted the retreat of large portions of the Army yesterday and asserted that an exhibition of cowardice has been given by the Italian forces that is similar to the one shown by the Russians when political agitation had shaken its morale. The same forces that but recently were pressing victorious forward are now fleeing back to Italian soil, often in disorder, while still others are laying down arms with little or no resistance. Guns which Italy secured from England only after long months of waiting have been abandoned to the enemy and great stores of munitions and supplies have fallen into the hands of the Austro-Germans.

CENTER IS COMPLETELY BROKEN

With Gorizia and Cividale captured and the center of the Italian army cut the forces of the northeastern and southeastern lines must meet the enemy in the open country. Otherwise those in the northeastern sector, on the Banizza plateau are threatened with capture or complete destruction. Rome admits that the situation is most grave and that the deepest alarm is felt.

The Austro-German forces have taken Gorizia and Cividale and cut through the mountains into Italy, completely severing the Italian line is the claim advanced from Berlin last night in official reports of the war progress on the Austrian frontier. One hundred thousand prisoners have been taken, it is claimed and more than seven hundred guns, many of them of the largest caliber have been captured. The retreat of the Italians has become utter rout with little or no resistance being shown to the victorious Teutons in numbers of instances, the Italians throwing down their arms and coming forward to surrender.

DIPLOMATS SERIOUSLY ALARMED

Reports from Washington say that diplomatic circles are seriously anxious over the recent turn in the tide of battle on the Julian front. The collapse of Italy, will, they admit lay a far heavier burden upon the other Allies. Especially will this be so with the United States who must be looked upon to strengthen the general cause of the Allies all the more because of the weakness displayed by the Russians on the north and the Italians on the south. The task of England, France, Belgium and the United States becomes all the more arduous and it may be possible soon for the Germans to successfully bolster up its defense along the Western front through the drawing of troops from the Austrian frontier to other sectors.

Berlin claims that the Italian second and third line armies are in retreat.

FRENCH CABINET PLANS AID

Alarmed at the new situation the French cabinet held a meeting yesterday to determine how and to what extent the Allies may be able to cooperate on the Italian front with a view of checking the disaster and relieving the seriousness of the present threatening conditions.

In this country it is surmised that a reorganization, not only of the government of Italy but of its army and army heads may be required as a result of the menace that has come to the arms of Italy.

GAINS TURNED TO LOSSES

Last year the Italians took Gorizia. They were able to do so only after months of preparation and not until they had secured support from the Allies, especially Britain in the way of big guns and other military equipment. They reached the neighborhood of Helmeda but did not take it. Northward they crossed the Isonzo and took Kuk and Vrha but not Gabrielle and Danielle until later. Despite these attacks the main fighting until August of this year had been on the Carso and Vipacco Valley just east of Gorizia. Then the objective was changed to the Banizza Plateau and the successful drive was launched. Now all of the gains about Gorizia have been lost and more and the other gains, and the armies occupying the new positions are in dire straits.

DECLARES MEXICO SHOULD ENTER WAR

General Gonzalez in a Statement Which He Issued Last Night to the Public Declared That Mexico Ought to Immediately Follow the Example That is Being Set by the Other Latin-American Countries of South and Central America and Enter the War with a Declaration of Hostilities Against Germany

MEXICO CITY, October 29—(Associated Press)—General Gonzalez in a statement which he issued last night to the public, declared that Mexico ought to immediately follow the example that is being set by the other Latin-American countries of South and Central America and enter the war with a declaration of hostilities against Germany.

There is a large and wealthy German business population in this city and in other parts of the republic and many exiles have come here from the United States. The statement of Gonzalez created considerable excitement among this element and created much excitement in other circles of the city.

LEAVES THE HOSPITAL AND DIES AT HOME

S. Nushida, a Japanese Stevedore in the employ of the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company, who was injured by falling from the deck of the steamer Mauna Kea on Saturday afternoon died at his home at Moiliili yesterday morning.

The injured man was in semi-conscious condition when received at the emergency hospital but came to very quickly, before he was placed on the operating table for examination, in fact.

Hospital Steward Frank Stevenson stated last night that the man appeared to be suffering from no more serious injury than a dislocated finger. His pulse was good and there was no reason whatever to suspect internal injury.

A friend of Nushida came to the hospital about five o'clock and took the Japanese to his home at Moiliili. Nushida was injured while assisting in loading an automobile on the steamer. A lashing is said to have broken and Nushida to have lost his footing and fallen to the wharf, a distance of nearly forty feet.

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