HAIL TO THE KING! TURKEY REIGNS AT ALL ARMY POSTS

Second Only To Royal Bird Was the Cook Yesterday Wherever Soldiers Are Stationed

UNCLE SAM'S SOLDIERS HAVE REGULAR HOLIDAY

Menus de Luxe the Rule At All Garrisons and Sammy Went To Bed Stuffed and Happy

Natty white caps were the most important military headgear worn in every one of Uncle Sam's army posts on Oahu yesterday, for they were the royal insignia of the army cooks, and the cooks were cooking turkey all morning long and then served it at the stroke of twelve to about thirteen thousand soldiers.

It was an army of men who ate the turkey, and it was an army of turkeys which was furnished to appease the appetites of the men in khaki, who had been working up an appetite for America's most honored bird since just a year ago yesterday.

Mighty few soldiers strayed away from posts or barracks yesterday. They just seemed to stick around as if anticipating an entertainment de luxe, and if any of them had been allowed in the company kitchens they possibly would not have been any wiser, but just a bit more keen than ever to stay hunger until the twelve o'clock mess bugle blew.

Soldiers In Luck

A newspaper reporter, visiting the various posts just to see how Uncle Sam was really treating his boys on this day of thanks, ascertained that if any men on earth should offer up thanks to the Almighty on this one day of the year appointed by the Chief Executive of the Nation on which to express appreciation of the mercies of the year, and which owes its origin to the Pilgrim Fathers as set apart by Governor Bradford at Plymouth, Massachusets, in 1621, it was these soldiers.

Early in the day, knowing full well what was coming, if not by previous knowledge, then by the wonderful aroma of sweetsmelling meat and spices emanating form the kitchen, they all agreed with what Napoleon said about an army and its stomach. They also agreed that Uncle Sam was the best caterer in the world to his armed wards. They likewise agreed that the army chiefs had taken time by the forelock and secured enough turkeys all over the United States to have a sufficient supply for yesterday's dinner in every post of the continent, over in France, down in the Philippines, away up in Alaska and here in the Paradise of the Pacific, and wherever Columbia's war-dogs are cruising upon the Seven Seas.

Hail To the King

And so it was that when the white-capped and aproned cooks made their appearance early in the day they were the real kings of the day. Few officers had to be obeyed, for drills were postponed, and lucky they were, for in the afternoon every soldier needed a rest and woe betide the man who had to walk sentry duty.

Never before had soldiers liked the barracks so well or to be in the vicinity of the dining room if it happened detached. The pool rooms and card rooms, the libraries and even the dormitories were crowded. The phonographs, and there were hundreds around the posts, kept up a continuous grinding out of fox-trots and ragtimes. The player pianos reeled off their best tunes and occasionally an ukulele's strum could be heard through the windows.

The mess sergeant was also an exceedingly popular man in each company dining hall. It was he who, with the connivance of the cooks and their assistants prepared the menus, and while each menu was different, merely in the printed makeup, it was nearly all the same fine, old fashioned turkey dinner in every hall.

Joy and Good Feeling

It seemed to be a day of joy and good feeling. The newspaper man was conducted to each kitchen and shown the great platters of turkey legs and wings and the heaps of white and black meat, nicely sliced and garnished. He was shown huge platters of potato salad and candied sweet potatoes, and cranberry sauce and the oysters floating around in rich hot milk as the soup was being prepared.

"Stay and have dinner with us—you'll sure have the bulliest dinner of your life," was the general invitation of the army boys to the hurrying scribe It was a temptation. St. Anthony never had a greater, but there were many posts to visit.

One post after another seemed all to have been turned into vast kitchens for the day, with everybody else waiting for that turkey.

"Uncle Sam provided for all our boys handsomely", said Major Perkins, commanding the Coast Artillery post of Fort Ruger. "The army chiefs looked out for this a long way ahead of time and got turkeys to every post, enough for all and then some to hold over for another meal. It's going to be a great Thanksgiving dinner."

Major's Mouth Watered

The major wasn't going to sit down at one of the company tables, but he knew exactly what a splendid feast was to be placed before the handlers of the big guns, and maybe he was a bit jealous. At any rate he was pleased.

Then the bugle blew at noon at Fort Ruger, Fort De Russy, Fort Armstrong, Fort Kamehameha, Fort Shafter and Schofield Barracks; yes, and even in the places where guard detachments have been placed on duty. There was a mighty rush. The mess sergeants whistled them down into their seats. In most of the company dining rooms the men were confronted with souvenir menu-booklets of the day, with covers showing turkeys in colors and embossed, and old style printing. Some of the printers showed real ingenuity, for the cut on the menu of Company B, Second Infantry showed a big turkey with a lei around its neck—just to show the boys' aloha for their best Thanksgiving Day friend. Company L, Second Infantry, had a fatter looking turkey for its cover than others, and above it was the American eagle holding crossed American flags.

But whether it was Company L or Company B of the Second Infantry, or the 13th Company, Coast Artillery, out at Fort Ruger, or a cavalry troop, or field artillery company, the composite menu for all ran about like this:

M-u-m-m-m!

Oyster Soup with Crackers
Roast Young Turkey with Fruit Dressing
Cranberry Sauce Giblet Gravy
Candied Sweet Potatoes
Cold Boiled Ham
Roast Veal Roast Pork and Sauce
Mashed Potatoes, Sweet Corn, Creamed Peas, Radishes
Shrimp Salad, Potato Salad, Fruit Salad
Chocolate Layer Cake, Cocoanut Cake
Apple Pie, Pumpkin Pie, Lemon Pie
Oranges, Bananas, Pineapples, assorted Nuts, Mixed Candies
Strawberry Ice Cream, Vanilla Ice Cream, Coffee
Cigars Cigarettes

There was music also in some of the companies, and "Over There" was popular with a lot of the boys, Company B, of the Second Infantry, printing the song on its menu. Most of the latter booklets carried the roster of the company, and sometimes a cut of President Wilson.

It was a great day.

And it's no wonder that supper last evening was just about like this:

Oyster Stew Cold Meats
Olives Pickles Celery Lettuce
Pie Cake Candies
Tea
GOOD NIGHT!

Homesteaders Are Eager To Get Good Sugar Lands

HILO, November 23—Over two hundred applications have already been made for participation in the drawing for seventeen land lots which is to take place on February 7 next and which will dispose of three hundred acres of land, the lease of which has expired and which is located at Honolina, near Hakalau.

The tract of land is three hundred acres in extent and is now under cane, some young ratoons and some big cane which is to be cut very soon. The homestead lots are divided into areas ranging from eight to sixteen acres of land and the crops raised upon them in the past have been very heavy.

The value of the lots varies from eighty to one hundred and fifty dollars per acre and the whole tract is to be disposed of for homestead purposes. The opening up of the tract was approved of by Governor Pinkham on November 10 and applications for lots will be received up till January 21. The selection day will be February 7 and the lots will be disposed of at the Hilo courthouse.

NEW BUILDINGS AT RUGER PROGRESSING

Completion of Program Will Make Fort One of Largest Big Gun Stations In Islands

Construction work on new buildings at Fort Ruger, which was commenced about three weeks ago, is progressing rapidly, the stables and wagon sheds having been completed. The foundation is already laid for the guardhouse, which is being erected on a site near the government road between the main barracks on the Kaimuki side and the battery positions on the Diamond Head side. The headquarters building will be placed close to the barracks division.

When the new guardhouse is completed, the old one will be torn down to make room for a large two-story frame barracks building. This will house a company which is now occupying tents in front of the 13th Company barracks.

Upon the high ground back of the barracks and many of the old-time officers' quarters, the new sets of officers' quarters are being erected. These will top the highest ground of the post. When these buildings are all completed Fort Ruger will be one of the largest big-gun posts and probably the most picturesque, because of the numerous hills and high ground occupied by the section devoted to officers' residences.

ONLY TWO SAVED AS DESTROYER HITS MINE

LONDON, November 30—(Associated Press)—Reports received here yesterday tell of the loss of a German destroyer from contact with a mine. Only two of the crew were saved as the ship sank almost immediately and the officers and crew could not keep afloat long in the cold waters.

MEXICO RAISES ITS DUTIES ON IMPORTS

MEXICO CITY, November 27—(Associated Press)—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, president of Mexico, has issued decrees increasing from 25 to 50 percent the import duties on certain classes of merchandise, to 75 on wine and alcoholic duties, and to 80 on foreign beer. The increased rates will be effective January 1.

ALLIED FORCES ON VARDAR FRONT ARE FOUND TO BE STRONG AND WELL EQUIPPED

ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Isvor, Macedonia, October 30 — (Associated Press)—This little Turkish town marks the farthest point north of the Army of the Orient, where General Jerome, commander-in-chief of the French-Greek divisions, has established his general headquarters. The double line of trenches are near by, and one hears the low rumble of guns and gets an occasional whiff of gas. To the right the Vardar river winds between high mountains. It is the junction of the British-French forces, with General Milne's British divisions running east of the Vardar, 150 miles to the sea, and General Jerome's French and Allied divisions stretching west of the Vardar toward Monastir.

With Captain Petain, of General Jerome's staff and, Captain Langenhagen from general headquarters, we had come to one of the highest points, to get a panoramic view of the opposing lines, with the batteries at work. It was in an old Turkish cemetery, and we looked out from among these strange Turkish gravestones. For some reason it had been christened "Socrates Observatory." The scene ahead was singularly beautiful on this clear October day, with the Vardar on the right, three bomb-swept and deserted villages in front, and successive ranges of mountains from which little cotton-balls of smoke marked the batteries in action.

Cities Are Deserted

Directly in front we looked down on the Bulgar City of Gueveli, an important place of 40,000 population, now deserted because of the havoc of the French guns. It has large silk factories, and the tall chimneys, and what is known as the Dzepvo tower, stood out plainly above the silent city. To the west were three Turkish villages also deserted, East Aleak, West Aleak and Hadzi Bari. The lines of trenches were plainly visible, zig-zagging across the plain, but there was no movement of infantry visible and only the blotches of smoke and rumble of guns to mar the calm of these fertile foothills and valleys.

Great Engineering Feats

Coming north from Salonika the railway stops at Kilometer 67 and here begins the gigantic work which French engineers are accomplishing in building bridges on mountain roads. A network of 500 miles of this road has been built, keeping the whole Macedonian front in touch with long lines of supply trucks moving the munitions and stores to the front. It is all stone-road, such as the old Romans built, and besides this 500 miles for auto-trucks there are 400 miles more for pack-mules.

At one point a sandy plain spread out, with a colossal structure in the distance which looked like one of the pyramids of Egypt. It was mounted on a hewn-stone terrace half a mile long, and then above rose the monstrous dome with the apex rounded. This is the reputed tomb of Alexander the Great, the noted hero of old Macedonia, who exclaimed "Give me more worlds to conquer." Captain Langenhagen said it was not clear whether the tomb was a tradition or a reality, but excavations were being made to see if the interior of the vast pile would disclose some authentic clues.

Jerome Hammers Steadily

General Jerome is known as the "fighting general," by virtue of the steady hammering he is doing on this front. He is of the Phil Sheridan type, short and thick, with a ruddy face and thin grey hair. His staff includes some of the best known men in France, including the head man of the Paris Figaro. The general's reports on the day's operations had just come in.

"It is comparatively calm," he said. "Most of the attacks are at night just now, as the darkness gives cover, and there is no hotsun to wear the men down."

General Jerome was greatly interested in the arrival of American troops in France. He wanted to see Major Davis, the United States military attache in these parts, to talk with him of the desirability of having American vigor added to what is already here. Something may come of this later on.

Headquarters On Cliff

At Magaday we saw General Colin, French brigade commander. His headquarters are at one of the most exposed points of this front. One side of the town has been blown to pieces, and the houses are masses of debris and jagged walls. Gas attacks are also frequent. The general's headquarters are on the side of a high cliff, reached by winding walks. He has a garden on a ledge of the cliff, and everything is bright and sunny in his cliff house.

Greek Army Is Real

A glimpse of what the Greeks are doing on this front was obtained at the Greek headquarters, where Colonel Spiliades is in command of the division of Crete, those heroic islanders who assembled at Venezelos' call when King Constantine was keeping the royalist army immobile. Reports have reached the United States that this Venezelos army was a thing on paper. But it is a reality. The camp stretched away for a mile and was a bewildering scene of animation. Pack mules were just bringing in a stock of refrigerated quarters of meat, the covers showing it came from America. A file of wounded men also passed, each man lashed to a large panier on the side of a donkey.

"This is ground formerly held by he Bulgars," said Colonel Spiliades, and Captain Langenhagen added: "Yes, the Greeks found the Bulgars here and swept them back ten miles. It was one of the hottest fights in this section, and showed the splendid fighting qualities of the Greeks."

Some of the young troops, recently mobilized by Venezelos, are beginning to arrive. They are a fine looking lot of young fellows, like the new American army.

At the Greek Red Cross Hospital near by, Mme. Argiropoulis, wife of a Greek cabinet minister, came forward to greet us. At Athens she is a leader of society, but here at the front she were the white cap and uniform of a nurse, and with her daughter is doing heroic work in caring for the sick and wounded. It is a hospital of tents, with long double lines of wounded in each tent.

Opportunity For American Women

"There is an opportunity for American women on this front," said Mme. Argiropoulis. "We greatly need more help and would welcome American women."

The camp of Chinese Annamites was passed next to the Greeks. It showed the strange mixture of races fighting here. These Chinese are from the French colony of Annam in Indo-China. They are diminutive men, with sharp black eyes. But they are good fighters and good workers.

At the airplane station, six huge aerodromes were filled with machines, and on the plain the flyers were soaring about as they arrived and departed on their reconnaissances.

Altogether, this day along the Vardar front had shown the thoroughness of equipment of the French-Allied forces, the enormous construction of roads, bridges and camp quarters, the firm grip General Jerome's forces have on the present lines and the steady push they are exerting on the enemy. There was no evidence that the Army of the Orient is going to withdraw, but every evidence that it is going to stay.

LICENSEES WILL BE UNDER CONTROL

Smaller Firms Also Under Scrutiny of Food Managers, Says Food Administrator Child

Now that the licensing of local firms dealing in food-stuffs is actually being done, Food Administrator J. F. Child says that the administration will find it easy to control the prices charged by the dealers if they should prove exorbitant. The license makes this possible.

Under the terms by which they are licensed the firms are required to make a periodical report giving the prices paid for their goods and the prices at which they are being sold. Profits are calculated on a pre-war basis, and no dealer is to be allowed to charge a price which will give him greater profits than he obtained on the same line of goods before the war. If it is proved that he is doing this, his license will be revoked, thus putting an end to his business at once.

Hundred in Hawaii

There are about a hundred firms in the Territory to be licensed, some of which are wholesale and some retail. The smaller retailing firms will be also under the control of the food administration, even if unlicensed. If it can be proved that any of them are charging excessive prices, the food administration will order the licensed firms to stop selling their goods until they have some surety of their permanent discontinuance of the practise. In this way both small and large dealers will be subject to control by the administration.

Wholesaler's Profit

The wholesaler's profit in war times, at least on non-perishable foods, should be governed by the price he actually pays for the goods he sells, and not by prevailing market conditions. This is the principle established by the Food Administration in special regulations which were put into effect November 1 with respect to a large number of commodities.

The rule is one of large number which are now being completed for the guidance of the food dealers who will be placed under license by the Food Administration.

It provides that no dealer in certain specified commodities shall sell "at more than a reasonable advance over the actual purchase price of the particular goods sold, without regard to the market or replacement value at the time of such sale."

The commodities covered by the rule includes beef, pork and mutton, syrups and molasses, cleaned rice and rice flour, oleomargarine, lard and lard substitutes, oleo oil, cooking fats, condensed milk and various canned goods and dried fruits.

Refined Sugar Dealers

Wholesale dealers in refined sugar are required by a similar rule to sell "at an advance over the refiners' list price at which he purchased such sugar greater than the normal margin charged by wholesale dealers in refined sugar in the same locality or such margin as may hereafter be established by the Food Administration."

With regard to perishable foods, the Food Administration announced today that it will make a prompt and full examination of any localities in which rises in price occur, and will deal individually by administrative orders with dealers charging excessive prices.

A general rule covering all licensed foods provided that they shall not be handled anywhere in the United States on an "unjust, exorbitant, unreasonable, discriminatory or unfair commission, profit or storage charge."

Regular and special reports will be called for by the Food Administration from each licensee.

The Food Administration emphasizes that no business man will be expected to forego his normal reasonable profits. The object is to prevent the acquisition of speculative profits resulting from a rising market.

NORTHWEST RELAY RACE HAS BEEN CALLED OFF

TACOMA, Washington, November 30—(Associated Press)—The great relay race between Olympia and Camp Lewis has been called off, owing to the fact that the men at the training camp have gone into intensive training and cannot be granted leave of absence to engage in the classic.

Allied Ambassadors Speak Of Need For Food Pledge Week

The Allies of the United States are vitally interested in the success of the family enrollment campaign which began all over the United States a few weeks ago. If the food administration is successful in its effort to gain the pledges of the 22,000,000 homes in the country to observe its directions and advice in food economy it will mean that the United States will be able to export all the wheat, meat, fats and sugar which its Allies in Europe sorely need to enable them to maintain their fighting strength.

Aimaro Sato, the Japanese ambassador to the United States, makes the following statement endorsing the food pledge week campaign, now in progress under the direction of the United States food administration and designed to enroll the American families in the cause of food conservation:

"In this the fourth year of the great world war, the fortunes of our enemies are decidedly on the wane and victory seems assured for the allied cause. Too evidently, however, it is not the part of wisdom not to realize the immense efforts and sacrifices which must yet be made. The gallant and heroic way in which our European Allies have so far borne the brunt of this dire war commands our admiration and gratitude. They have every right to expect of America, of Japan and every other member of the great coalition against barbarism to do what they have done and to suffer what they have suffered!

Japanese Prepared

"Japan for one has and will put forth every effort to the best of her power and resources. Her people are prepared for a full measure of contribution and sacrifice.

"It is, however, from the United States par excellence that the world is looking for a decisive blow which will once and for all establish peace and freedom on earth. Our enemies are greatly deceived if they flatter themselves that the American army which is in the making will not prove equal to the task expected of it. But it is on the efforts and the willingness for sacrifice on the part of the people at large that so much must depend after all.

"It is the wise and proper ordination of the vast American resources that must in a great measure decide the tremendous issue of humanity. Thus it becomes the prime duty of every American and every foreigner who lives in this fair land of liberty to help carry out the food conservation plan of the American government so that he may deserve well of this mighty commonwealth to which he owes so much.

"(Signed) AIMARO SATO."

No country has a keener realization of what American support in furnishing food means than Belgium. E. de Cartier, the Belgian minister in Washington, has expressed the feeling of his nation in a statement he prepared for the American people. This statement is as follows:

Food For Belgians

"America for many months has kept Belgium from starvation. My country has depended for its very life upon the great heart and the marvelous initiative and executive ability of America. The food without which we could not have persisted has come to us through American citizens, stirred by humanitarian instincts even before they joined us as Allies in a war which to us Belgians means our very existence as a nation. Now the American government has assured us of the money to buy food, and the Commission for Relief in Belgium has more ships than ever before; but all will be of no avail if there is no food to purchase with this money or to send to us in these ships.

"This food must be obtained in America, and I am sure I need not attempt to picture the tense anxiety with which the people of Belgium, hovering on the very brink of starvation, look to America for the final decision as to whether they shall live or die. We are confident that America will assure us of life. Moreover, the nation has made itself an ally of those which in Europe are fighting to crush Prussian autocracy forever. The effort in which every nation allied against Germany is stretching every nerve and expending every last ounce of strength will succeed or will fail according as to whether these peoples and their armies have the food needed to maintain their strength and their spirit.

"America must supply by far the greatest portion of this food. It is a grand conception, worthy of the ideals and tradition of the greatest republic, that this food shall be supplied by the voluntary effort of the individual citizens. We nations in Europe, relying on the ability of America to accomplish what she sets for herself, are confident that during the week you have set aside to enroll yourselves as individuals pledged to save the world for democracy, you will assure victory in the war.

"(Signed) E. de CARTIER."

British Statement

Lord Northcliffe, chairman of the British war mission to the United States, who is thoroughly conversant with the food situation of the world, places that situation before the American people in the following terse statement:

"The greatest food experts on both sides of the Atlantic say that there is a world shortage of food. The boys who are enduring the hell of the trenches for our sake cannot hold out if ill fed. The situation which we have to face right now, in this food pledge week, is obvious. Either the stay at-homes must save so that the soldiers may get their vital needs, or the soldiers must go short so that the stay at-homes may fatten. You cannot have it both ways, and must make your choice

"(Signed) NORTHCLIFFE."

MIDDLEWEIGHT SCRAPPER DEAD AS RESULT OF FIGHT

CLEVELAND, Ohio, November 30—(Associated Press) — Jimmy Wilson, pugilist, is dead here as the result of his bout with Otto Wenzel, which had been staged for the middleweight championship of the United States.

Kawailoa Will Return Again To Barrenness

Last of Guardsmen Leave Today At Encampment and Will Be Returned To Hawaii On Mauna Kea Tomorrow.

With the arrival in town today of the Hilo companies of the national guard, Camp Liliuokalani at Kawailoa will be a thing of the past, for the quartermaster department will then clear up the remnants of the camp and come into town, leaving the field as barren as it was before the guardsmen took possession.

The Hilo men will go out on a special steamer today and also on the Mauna Kea tomorrow. Maui guardsmen came in yesterday and left last evening for Kahului.

Companies are being paid off rapidly, except in a few instances where the question of whether the men were to receive territorial or federal pay had to be adjusted. This depends on the strength of the company. If it is up to the requirements of the United States it receives federal pay, which is about twice as much as that allowed by the territory. M Company, Filipinos, of the First Regiment, will be paid off this morning, while other units will be paid off on Monday.

MARKET WILL BE CLOSED SATURDAY

"The decision of the board of agriculture and forestry has not been altered in any respect," said C. S. Judd last evening. "The retail department of the Territorial Marketing Division will close on Saturday, as has been announced.

"We will hold a special meeting some day next week, as yet undecided upon, but whether the question of reopening the retail department will come up or not I could not say at this time."

This is the only answer made to the number of protests which have been voiced by housewives and others at the closing of the marketing department, by which they say they have profited largely in the past year. It is possible that if public sentiment is sufficiently aroused the board may take up the question at the special meeting.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED

By str. Mauna Kea, November 27:

FROM MAWAII—Representative S. E. Mudd, E. E. Bodge, Miss Hifferman, Miss White, Capt. and Mrs. Magruder and three children, R. A. Young, R. T. Redmond, L. W. de Vis Norton, Miss R. Langevin, Mrs. Young, Mrs. George Gibb, Miss Christensen, Miss MacDiarmid, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Adams, D. E. Walker, W. W. Bellinger, F. D. Chandler, H. L. Harris, Noah Perry, Lou Ostrow, J. W. Friar, B. H. Sanders, Mrs. Lum, Miss Matyo, Miss Eames, Jas Silva, H. Brown, R. C. Walker, T. J. Duffley, Lee Sha Look, H. W. Walker, S. Nakamura, Joe Lung Chen, Mr. Chenen, A. Baker, Mrs. Nishinga, Mrs. Shinghi, S. D. McMillan, C. D. Vanhein, Miss King, Miss E. Vivas, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Aldrich, A. S. Rice, H. Roland, Paul Perry, C. H. Geldert, C. H. Mitchell, James Cruze, C. C. Graves, H. S. Dana, Mrs. J. T. Marr, Mrs. R. T. Guard, Miss M. C. Short, Miss A. B. Moody, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Benson and child, Mrs. F. Wolff, Miss Loomis, S. Hayakawa, George Melford, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Rotalina, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Terwilliger, Mrs. Rose Clark, Mrs. J. Reinhardt, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Fernandez and child, S. Spitzer, J. A. R. Vieira, Dr. V. A. Norgaard, H. C. Churchill, W. C. Avery, A. Murray, Henry Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. John Lea, H. Charman, W. Gomes, A. D. Macauley, C. W. Carpenter, W. F. Feltz, K. Miyamura, S. Kawatani, H. Saikuki, P. De Lario, J. Santiago, Mrs. H. Alvares, J. Rodrigues, J. S. Portelo, Mr. and Mrs. D. Leonardo, Mrs. S. Nakamura, Henry Bellanger, Tom Percy, K. Yasuda, S. Ihara, G. Kurisu, K. Sunouchi.

FROM MAUI—Mr. and Mrs. Das, Mr. Sanborn, O. J. Manalo, R. F. Deinert, H. T. Hayssleden, W. R. Hobby, J. K. Narruse, H. J. Fujioshi, S. Termoto, W. Bissen, S. Oyama, T. Osaki, S. Saito, N. Takakuwa, S. Hirokawa, D. Miyamoto, J. Raposa, Mr. and Mrs. George Wilbur, Mr. and Mrs. J. Serpa and two children, Miss E. Kopke, S. S. Peck, Kawahara, Tokuda, Kawasaki, G. Seyo, A. W. Lloyd.

By str. Kinau from Kauai, November 28—F. Correa, Thomas Quokes, G. H. Bergstrom, R. McLean, Mr. and Mrs. E. Cropp, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Hills and maid, Ben Vickers, Mrs. Mundon and three children, C. Afong, N. K. Hee, G. Tim, M. R. Raposo, K. Watanabe, Miss Watanabe, Mrs. Midoyuchi, Mrs. Sugai, Mrs. L. C. Smith, E. Lindners, Miss H. Wilson, S. A. Guanson, M. G. Santos, E. Titcomb, U. Toshima, J. Inamura, S. Yamaguchi, Mrs. Yamaguchi, Mr. and Mrs. Mikel and two children, Y. Kawasaki, S. Sayegusa.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED

By str. Mauna Kea for Lahaina and Hilo, November 28—Mrs. E. K. Woodward, Mrs. William Keanu, E. B. Blanchard, J. Baker, W. S. Chillingworth, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Desha, S. Parker, G. Sorenson, S. P. Woods, George H. Washburn, G. C. Rhodes, Mrs. A. C. Betts, Mrs. F. W. Merrill, G. Mailer, H. K. Schofield, Miss M. Swift, Mrs. Cunningham, George Buchholts, E. Madden G. Hedemann, Lieut. A. C. Betts, J. M. Reynolds, J. R. Spalding, Capt. Warren Alston, A. C. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Yamaguchi, F. L. Quilleral, K. B. Porter, W. H. Williamson, Mr. and Mrs. George Freeland, Master Freeland, Mr. and Mrs. A. McDougall, F. A. Lufkin, S. T. Short, Lieut. K. Sakai, Dr. K. I. Chun, Mr. and Mrs. S. Kamada, W. Bremer, E. Egoehi, Iwamura, Mr. and Mrs. Oshizuna, J. S. Devett, Miss E. Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Crinkshank, Mr. Jones, Major Francis Green, Lieut. and Mrs. E. K. Kauhaliua and infant, Lieut. Edward A. Campbell, E. Hansberg, R. Laidlaw, O. H. Wolff, A. B. Babcock, George E. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Huffman Young, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Swaner, W. D. Walker, A. B. Clark, R. B. Walker, Mr Sakale, Nomura, Henry Machida, Sumida, Mr. Sakada, Mr. Imamura, Manuel de Mattos Jr., Manuel de Mattos Sr., Mrs. William Manning, Mrs. Lukaikalal, Miss Minnie Manning, J. Miyamoto, Young Yen, Yanaga, Y. Yamamoto and wife, Master Yamamoto, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Van Kealan, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Deinert, K. Wada, George Ikeda, Paul Baldwin, Cedric Baldwin, Alice Manners, H. L. Holstein, Stephen Desha, Mr. and Mrs. Harita, S. Kinoshita, H. Kinoshita, Mr. and Mrs. Hishimura, Mr. and Mrs. Shinsu, T. Yamashiro, Master Ikeda, Mr. Nebara, Mr. Noda, Mr. Yamashiro, T. Sakai, Mrs. Sakai, T. Ono, S. Sugimoto, K. Inoshita, S. Kageyama, Mrs. Domingo Rodrigues, Mr. Umamoto, Mrs. Kapaliana and son, T. Murcka, Mrs. M. Correa, Mr. Domingo, Catalino, Joe Luis, T. Saka, L. Onida, M. Binashiro, T. Y. Wong.

By str. Kinau for Kauai, November 28—Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Rice, L. Conradt, G. P. Wilcox, O. W. Gibson, W. .. Shaw, Pung San, L. Ahoy, Mrs. Alioco, Mrs. Frank Coy, John Ah Cheong, M. Henriques, W. Pilkington, C. Gerth, Katayama, H. Ishinose, Mr. and Mrs. U. Muraoka, Mr. and Mrs. Iwake, Y. Oda, Mr. Nii and daughter, G. N. Wilcox, R. H. Knollenberg, Mr. Hanebere, H. Schultz, G. F. Rankin, Capt. G. J. Gonsor, Judge J. J. Banks, L. D. Larsen, C. W. Hammond, Mrs. Senni, Mrs. Gonsor, Miss C. Low, Mrs. Sakoda, Miss Uki, Mrs. Ling Fat, Capt. H. R. Smythe, Lieut. T. L. Hjorth, Mrs. J. Abella.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE

Honolulu, November 28, 1917.

STOCK	Last Sale	Bid	Ask'd
MERCANTILE			
Alex. & Baldwin, Ltd.	270	.....	.....
C. Brewer & Co.	400	.....	.....
SUGAR			
Ewa Plantation Co.	27¼	27¼	28
Haiku Sugar Co.	165	.....	170
Hawaiian Agr. Co.	46	.....	40
Haw. C. & S. Co.	40	.....	40
Haw. Sugar Co.	32½	.....	33
Honokaa Sug. Co.	4½	4	.....
Honomu Sugar Co.	42½	.....	.....
Hutchinson Sugar P. Co.	30¾	.....	.....
Kahuku Plantation Co.	18½	.....	.....
Kekaha Sugar Co.	225	.....	.....
Koloa Sugar Co.	175	.....	.....
McBryde Sugar Co.	8	8	8¼
Oahu Sugar Co.	29	28½	29½
Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.	5¾	5	5¼
Onomea Sugar Co.	55	.....	.....
Paauhau Sugar Plant. Co.	29	.....	.....
Pacific Sugar Mill	10	.....	.....
Paia Plantation Co.	215	.....	.....
Pepeekeo Sugar Co.	.....	.....	.....
Pioneer Mill Co.	28¾	28¾	29¼
San Carlos M. Co., Ltd.	18	.....	.....
Waialua Agricl. Co.	22	21¾	22
Waihiku Sugar Co.	30	.....	.....
MISCELLANEOUS			
Endau Devel. Co., Ltd	.....	.....	.....
1st Issue Assess. 70% Pd	.....	.....	.....
2d Issue Paid Up	8	.....	.....
Haiku F. & P. Co., Pfd.	20	.....	.....
Haiku F. & P. Co., Com.	10½	.....	.....
Haw. Con. Ry. 7% A	6	5	5½
Haw. Con. Ry. 6% B	5	.....	.....
Haw. Con. Ry. Com.	2½	.....	.....
Hawaiian Electric Co.	167½	.....	.....
Haw. Pineapple Co.	39	38½	39
Hon. B. & M. Co., Ltd.	18½	18¼	18½
Hon. Gas. Co., Ltd.	120	.....	.....
Hon. R. T. & L. Co.	140	.....	.....
Inter-Island S. N. Co.	175	.....	.....
Mutual Tel. Co.	20	.....	20
Oahu Railway & Land Co.	154	.....	.....
Pahang Rubber Co.	18½	.....	19
Selama-Dindings, Fd.	13½	.....	14½
Same (80% Pd)	10	.....	.....
Tanjong Olak Rubber Co.	39½	.....	.....
BONDS			
Beach Walk I. Dist. 5½%	.....	101	.....
Hamakua Ditch Co., ds.	.....	.....	.....
Haw. Cons. Ry. 5%	89½	75	.....
Hawaiian Irr. Co., 8s	80½	.....	.....
Haw. Ter. 4% Ref. 1905	101	.....	.....
Haw Ter. 4% Pub. Imps.	100	.....	.....
Haw. Ter. Pub. Imp. 4% (series 1912-1913)	100½	.....	.....
Haw. Terr'l 3½%	98½	.....	.....
Hilo Gas Co., Ltd., 6%	.....	.....	.....
Honokaa Sug. Co., 6%	94	.....	.....
Honolulu Gas Co., Ltd. 5s	102½	.....	.....
Kauai Ry. Co., 6s	102½	.....	.....
Manoa I. D. 5½%	101½	.....	.....
McBryde Sugar Co., 5s	100¼	.....	.....
Mutual Tel. 5s	105	96	105
Oahu R. & L. Co., 5%	104	97½	105
Oahu Sug. Co., 6%	108	.....	.....
Olaa Sugar Co., 6%	99	.....	.....
Pacific Guano & F. Co., 6s	105	.....	.....
Pacific Sugar Mill Co., 6s	100	100	.....
San Carlos Mill. Co., 6%	104	.....	.....

BETWEEN BOARDS

Olaa, 50, 550, 5.50; Oahu, 70, 20, 80, 29.00; Ewa, 5, 5, 27.25.

BOARD SALES

No sales.

SUGAR QUOTATIONS

September 14, 1917.

88° analysis beets (no advices).
Parity—
96° Cent. (for Hawaiian sugars) 6.00

RUBBER QUOTATIONS

November 27, 1917

Singapore 54.87½
New York 57.50

NOTICE

No session tomorrow—Thanksgiving Day.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, November 29—(By Associated Press)—Following are the opening and closing quotations of stocks in the New York market yesterday:

	Opening	Closing
American Sugar Ref.	98	92
American Beet	74	74½
Associated Oil	58	59
Alaska Gold	2¼	3½
American Locomotive	54½	53¾
American Tel. & Tel.	106⅝	106½
American Smelter	78	74½
American Steel Fdry.	56½	57⅛
Anaconda Copper	58	56½
Atchison Railway	84½	82
Baldwin Locomotive	55½	55⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	50⅝	49½
Bethlehem Steel "B"	81½	80
California Petroleum	13	12½
Central Leather	67	66
Canadian Pacific	134½	134⅝
C. M. & St. Paul	37⅛	36⅛
Colo. Fuel & Iron	36	35
Crucible Steel	55½	55¼
Cuba Sugar Cane	29½	29¼
Erie common	14½	14⅝
General Electric	143⅝	142½
General Motors (new)	90⅝	88⅝
Great Northern pfd.	90⅝	89½
International Paper	27	27
Industrial Alcohol	112½	111½
Kennecott Copper	33⅝	33½
Lehigh Valley Railroad	54⅞	53½
New York Central	69⅞	69½
Pennsylvania	46½	46
Ray Consolidated	22⅝	22½
Reading common	70⅝	69½
Republic Iron common	38	†.....
Southern Pacific	82⅝	82⅝
Studebaker	42⅝	44
Texas Oil	144	142½
United States Rubber	78⅝	77⅝
Union Pacific	114⅝	114⅝
United States Steel	97⅝	97
Utah	78⅝	78
Western Union	87½	87½
Westinghouse	38⅝	38⅝

NEW YORK CURB STOCKS

Quotations on the following New York curb stocks, as wirelessed to The Advertiser by Stoneham & Co., are:

	Tuesday	Wednesday
Big Ledge	1.62½	1.62½
Caledonia	.43	.41
Emma Copper	.42	.35
Hargraves	.09	.09
Iron Blossom	.64	.59
Jerome Verde	.81½	.81½
Jim Butler	.77	.76
Marsh	.07	.07
Mother Lode	.29	.29
Ray Hercules	3.25	3.37½
Rescue Eula	.09	.09
Rex Cons.	.10½	.10
Silver King Cons