

ALLIED OFFENSIVE ENTERS NEW PHASE NORTH AND SOUTH

LONDON, September 1—(Associated Press)—Through heavy concentration of reinforcements along the Picardy front, von Hindenburg has apparently been able to bring almost to a check the advance forces of the French and British and is now fighting to delay the Allied advance until he is able to extricate his own main armies from the Somme and Santerre battlefields.

At only a few points on the Somme front are the British reported as advancing, while the progress north and east of the French third and tenth armies has apparently slowed down.

The great battle has only entered another phase, however, and, while the center of the Allied advance is being held, at either end it is making more rapid progress, with the indications that Foch is preparing to strike another heavy blow along the American front. The greatest activity is reported north and east of Soissons, with the Germans being consistently driven back from ground that they must hold or face the certainty of another disastrous withdrawal and another impetuous American pursuit.

EMPTYING LYS SALIENT

On the northern end of the great battleline, east of Arras, the Canadians are battering their way against strong opposition and making such progress that the evacuation of the Lys salient to the north, which the Germans had begun in a leisurely way, is now proceeding at a rapid rate and along a wide front.

The certainty that von Ludendorff is definitely abandoning all the bloodsoaked territory in the Lys salient is shown in the fact that one of the positions evacuated yesterday is Mount Kemmel, the hill that dominates a wide stretch of the country to the south, in the taking of which in April the Germans lost thousands upon thousands of men. Last night, along a front extending from south of Mount Kemmel to the east of Bethune, clear across the salient, the Germans were retreating rapidly, with the British on their heels, smothering the German attempts at rearguard actions and harassing the German main forces. At times the retreating regiments turned and drove force counters against the British, which counters were taken. The Germans were evidently withdrawn in the face of machine gun fire. In their retreat the Germans are looting heavily.

SMASHING REINFORCED LINE Along the front east of Arras, where the Canadians have been making rapid gains at a point where the enemy was threatened, the Germans have missed heavy reinforcements, which the British are engaging. In the face of heavy opposition the British lines are being steadily extended both north and south of the Scarpe. On the Arras-Douai road the advance is almost within striking distance of Valenciennes. South of the river the reports tell of advance between the Arras-Cambrai and Bapaume-Cambrai roads.

PERONNE ENCIROLED Along the British center south of Bapaume there has been progress of note in only one sector, that north of Peronne. Here the Australians made a dash early in the day into Mount St. Quentin, a mile and a half north of the city, where fifteen hundred prisoners were taken. The Germans were evidently under the impression that the place would not be attacked, and were wholly unprepared for the advent of an Australian force in their midst. A desultory defense, with the forces engaging in a hand to hand struggle in places, was offered, but the Germans soon showed signs of giving up and putting up their hands.

Not satisfied with this victory, the Australians pushed eastward and by last night had taken Busen, nearly a mile and a half east of Peronne. This swift advance, which the British are following up and rapidly consolidating their gains, means that the Germans must either evacuate Peronne today or lose heavily. In taking Mount St. Quentin and Busen the British losses were very small.

General Humbert's army is making slow progress west of Ham toward that city, the Germans resisting his advance strenuously.

South of Noyons, where the French are approaching Guisencr, there is heavy artillery fighting.

North of Noyons the French, in the face of strong opposition, crossed the Canal du Nord, capturing the villages of Campagne and Cravilly. Campagne is six miles northwest of Noyons.

There was a special ceremony at the Hawaiian fertilizer works yesterday at noon when the employees of the plant presented Norman Watkins, for many years manager of the works, with a handsome solid silver case as a testimonial of their appreciation. The occasion was when Mr. Watkins finally severed his connection with the plant as manager to accept the management of the merchandise department of American Factors Limited and to be a director of the company.

Mr. Watkins' successor will be C. G. Owen, former superintendent of the San Francisco office and whose experience with the company in responsible positions is a guarantee that he will "make good" in his new position.

There was a special ceremony at the Hawaiian fertilizer works yesterday at noon when the employees of the plant presented Norman Watkins, for many years manager of the works, with a handsome solid silver case as a testimonial of their appreciation. The occasion was when Mr. Watkins finally severed his connection with the plant as manager to accept the management of the merchandise department of American Factors Limited and to be a director of the company.

Mr. Watkins' successor will be C. G. Owen, former superintendent of the San Francisco office and whose experience with the company in responsible positions is a guarantee that he will "make good" in his new position.

Mr. Watkins' successor will be C. G. Owen, former superintendent of the San Francisco office and whose experience with the company in responsible positions is a guarantee that he will "make good" in his new position.

Will Restore Eastern Front When Russia Forms Anew Behind Screen of Allied And Czecho-Slovak Troops; Finances Needed

President of New Government Tells Need of Larger Forces; Finances Also Are Needed As Soviets Took Currency

ARCHANGEL, August 29—(Delayed)—(Associated Press)—More Allied troops are needed in Russia and in Siberia. Behind those troops the new government must be formed and preparations completed for the restoration of the Eastern front. This Nicholas Teikovsky, president of the sovereign government of Northern Russia, told the Associated Press. Enough must be sent to form a screen behind which New Russia may be formed and organized strongly. With this done the Eastern front should be restored he said.

Finances Needed Last Sunday President Teikovsky conferred with Ambassador Francis and the diplomatic representatives of the other Allies regarding Allied aid in financing the new government. Such aid has been made necessary by the action of the Soviet government in removing all currency from the banks in the territory from which it has been driven forth. The future success of the new government and its forces will be dependent largely upon the aid which the Allies will furnish. For supplies and munitions must be bought for the fighting forces and the necessary governmental expenses must be met.

Ninety-five Americans, including all

the consular officials except Consul Poole, have left Moscow for Petrograd, departing August 26.

ALLIED ADVANCES OFFICIALLY TOLD

WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—The Allies assumed the offensive on August 24, it is officially announced from Tokio. The enemy was routed and the Allies proceeded on to the Kraefak district where they halted on the left bank of the Ueyva River. From there they are now preparing to resume their advance.

General Hemenoff and his anti-radical forces have also advanced successfully and they are now occupying a siding on the railroad about thirty-five miles west of the Manchurian line.

Vladivostok advices say that the Allies and the Czecho-Slovak troops have attacked the Bolshevik Red Guards on the Ussuri River. Front and have driven the enemy back for fifteen miles, inflicting considerable losses. Some prisoners were taken as well as guns, machine guns and ammunition.

JAPANESE CAVALRY ROUTS BOLSHEVIKI

TOKIO, August 31—(Special)—Fighting against a superior force of the Bolsheviks and liberated German and Austrians, a troop of the Japanese cavalry, attached to the Twelfth Division at Kokura, emerged from the battle victors, defeating the enemy with

a heavy loss. The casualties for the Japanese were slight.

The battle between the Japanese and Red Guards was fought on August 29, near Krasolokenski and lasted 24 hours.

A prisoner was captured by the Japanese the first to be taken since they went into field. He dropped into the river in his hasty retreat and narrowly missed drowning before being rescued by the Japanese.

As a result of the answers of the prisoner it became known that the defeat of the Bolsheviks was 300 strong, with 100 machine guns and 100 machine guns. It was a portion of the Bolshevik force landed from the Amur squadron in an effort to make a flank movement against the Allies, the first one said.

Two days earlier, on August 27, the Japanese cavalry won an encounter with the enemy. That fight occurred on the bank of the Ussuri River and the Japanese took a bridge from the enemy.

The Bolsheviks, before retreat, attempted to blow up all the bridges that span the Ussuri River to check the pursuing Japanese. Thus four bridges were destroyed.

On the river the Japanese captured a steamer which was deserted by the Bolsheviks.

A strong force of an anti-radical Cossack cavalry has joined the Japanese cavalry.

The Bolsheviks are fast retreating northward, with the Japanese and Cossacks closely in pursuit.

FRANCO-AMERICANS STEADILY GAINING ALONG THE AISNE

PARIS, September 1—(Associated Press)—The principal efforts of the French today appear to be directed towards the turning of the flank of the army of the Crown Prince which rests upon the heights between Soissons and Anizy, on the southern edge of the Forest of Pinon, the success of which maneuver would force the evacuation of the territory between the Chemins des Dames line and the Vesle and even imperil the German hold on the former.

With the forces of General Mangin along the fine north of Soissons are many American units, which are taking a leading part in the heavy fighting now going on.

At various points yesterday General Mangin overcame powerful resistance, the Germans fighting desperately in full knowledge of the danger the loss of the line would be to their entire army as far east as Rheims. Despite this resistance, the Franco-Americans yesterday crossed the Aislette-Aisne canal and advanced their line to the village of Leury.

Throughout the day the Franco-Americans maintained their heavy pressure on the German lines, driving these gradually back in a series of local battles, each gain adding to the threat to outflank the German positions along the Aisne and the Vesle. The heights dominating the Chemins des Dames ridge from the west are now being attacked by the French, who are making gradual gains.

Describing the fighting on this front on Friday, La Liberte says that the positions won by the Americans give a fine view along the Chemins de Dames ridge, with the spires of the Laon cathedral well within sight from the American lines.

Reuter's correspondent with the American army on this front says that the battlefield between the Aisne and the Ailette and far to the southeast along the Vesle is one vast panorama of fire, with the Germans resisting desperately in the full knowledge of the grave strategic value of the line they are defending.

Correspondent Says "Peace Mania" Has Seized Germany

WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—A "border correspondent" reporting through Amsterdam, says that many Germans have been seized with a "peace mania" and that a large part of the population today is wholly indifferent to the prospect of defeat so long as a speedy peace can be secured. This "mania" has penetrated some sections of the army and recently two regiments who had been stationed in Russia mutilated and refused to leave for the western front. One hundred and thirty of the mutineers were shot.

Anti-War Propaganda An official despatch from France, quoting Swiss reports, says that despite the efforts of the civil and military authorities of Germany to suppress the circulation of revolutionary pamphlets and papers, such propaganda is increasing.

One revolutionary document said that the Emperor Wilhelm must disappear and be replaced by a democratic government.

The despatch said: "Thousands and thousands of copies and loose sheets are being distributed throughout the empire which contain articles honoring the repudiation of the German government methods by Prince Liebowsky, the noted diplomat, and by Doctor Muehlen, the former director of Krupp, the latter writing to Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg severely criticizing the government."

Coming Home to Roost Another pamphlet, also anonymous, which has been distributed to the masses by people the police have not succeeded in catching is worth mention. It is devoted to the crime Germany committed against neutral Belgium.

Another official despatch from France says the Czecho-Slovak crews of Austro-Hungarian warships in the harbor of Cattaro, Adriatic Sea, have revolted. Czecho-Slovak Deputy Soukup is said to have left Prague for Cattaro to defend the sailors at the court martial.

Austrians Would Quit Press correspondents with the American army on the Lorraine front, where the German line has been reinforced with Austrians, say that an Austrian prisoner declared the morale of the Austrian army is so bad that German troops are habitually placed behind the Austrians with orders to shoot any man who endears himself to the enemy.

WAR GARDEN PRODUCTS WORTH HALF BILLION WASHINGTON, August 31—(Official)—The war garden commission announces that \$285,000 war garden plots have been cultivated in the United States, 385,000 more than last year, the products being valued at \$525,000,000.

AMERICAN TANKER IS SUNK BY SUBMARINE WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—Loss of the American tank steamer Joseph C. Gable, 2027 tons, and the probable loss of a number of her crew, is reported. She was submerged on August 17 about 700 miles off the coast of England and speedily sank. Thirteen of her crew of seventy-five have been rescued, leaving sixty-two unaccounted for.

AMERICA AND GREECE SIGN SERVICE TREATY WASHINGTON, August 31—(Official)—Secretary of State Lansing for the United States and the Greek ambassador for his office have signed the treaty between the two countries making the citizens of each country who are resident in the other, available for military service. The treaty is practically identical in terms with those signed with other co-belligerents.

EXTENSION OF DRAFT AGES IS MADE LAW

Registration On Mainland Set For September Twelfth

WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—September 12 will be the registration day for young men between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one years and for men between the ages of thirty-two and forty-five years under the new Man Power Law which was made effective yesterday when signed by President Wilson, who at the same time issued the proclamation which fixed the time for registration.

On the basis of the last census it is indicated that the number of men between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one years is approximately 12,778,758 but draft officials say that it will probably be considerably more than those figures.

It was originally planned to have the registrations made on September 5, but the slight delays in the passing of the measure made this impossible. The bill reached the President Friday evening and he lost no time in granting his approval.

LONDON BOBBIES WIN INCREASES IN WAGES

Are Recognized As a Federation By British Government

LONDON, September 1—(Associated Press)—London's municipal police force which struck for a higher wage and a recognition of its organization has returned to work with its demands practically granted in full. The men went back on duty yesterday morning as a peace offering and in recognition of their sympathetic attention to their demands.

The government has agreed to recognize their organization as a federation but not as a trades union.

The maximum weekly wage is to be fifty-three shillings to which is to be added a special gratuity of one shilling. They are also granted ten shillings increase for each school child in the family and two shillings six pence for children under school age.

SPAIN MUST SHOW IF SHE IS IN EARNEST

Terpedoing of Ship Makes It Necessary To Act Or Retract

PARIS, September 1—(Associated Press)—Spain must now determine whether it will carry out the terms of its note to Germany on the subject of losses through submarine or other diplomatic contraventions and perhaps recede from its position of taking ton for ton an equal amount of tonnage German shipping for every ton destroyed by German naval forces. The ship Alexandrine has been sunk by a torpedo.

Spain has declared that the note is in the nature of an ultimatum but at the same time has expressed a determination to maintain its neutrality.

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE BLAMED BY GERMANS

WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—Faulty espionage and breaking down of the intelligence service of the German army is blamed by the German press for recent military reverses, it is said in Swiss reports. The Berlin newspapers insist that had the intelligence service been informed of the positions of troop concentrations the results would have been different.

PACIFIC COAST VISIT CONSIDERED BY WILSON WASHINGTON, August 31—(Associated Press)—President Wilson is considering making a tour of the Pacific Coast on the speaking trip for the fourth Liberty Loan.

JAPANESE MOTHER MAY WELL BE PROUD

Son Writes That She Is His Inspiration and He Dreams of Her Even in Trenches

"Dear mother, you are visiting me every night in my pleasant dreams. Your love and inspiration is the source of my vigor and determination. Don't worry. Your son is doing his bit on the battlefield in France for himself and for you."

The above was a part of an inspiring letter received a few days ago by Mrs. Aoki from her only son, Junichi Aoki, who is now swatting the Hun "somewhere in France". Mrs. Aoki resides on Nuuanuu Street.

Junichi was drafted last April in Nohriku, where he had just gone to enter school and after some training at a mainland camp he was sent to France with an American contingent.

"Dear mother," his Japanese soldier in France says in his letter to the mother, "pardon me for not writing for such a long while. You must not worry over me, for I am doing nicely. Mother, it is some fight. The warfare in the trenches as well as shell-torn fields are beyond all description. How hard and horrible the task may be, however, nothing can stop us from accomplishing our noble and supreme purpose, that of making the whole world safe for all nations, large and small alike, from the threat of Prussian militarism."

"Dear mother, you are visiting me every night in my pleasant dreams. I have in the trench, right under the burning enemy shells. Your love and inspiration is the only source of my vigor and determination. Don't worry a bit. Your son is still sound and is doing his bit for the country, which is giving you a home and its protection. Please take care of yourself and wait for my triumphant return to your side."

Honokaa Cocktails Political Drink of Potency

A new political beverage, one that bids fair to rival in fame W. Jennings Bryan's grape juice of cartoon fame, has been concocted in Hawaii.

The political reporter of The Hilo Tribune, presumably after confirming the dubious report of "Link" McCandless' candor, delivered himself of the following:

"Honokaa cocktails are now all the rage along the Hamakua coast. The ingredients are kept secret but it is known that the concoction is at least wet."

"The immediate effect produced by imbibing the refreshment is an overwhelming desire to vote against Kuhio. The tippie has even caused real Republicans to declare themselves Home Rulers, but even the worst of the mixture can do no harm so far, created any votes for Doctor Raymond."

"The new drink is non-alcoholic. It is far worse than that. It affects the political faith of everyone who partakes. It is rumored that Delegate Kuhio will be asked to sample the stuff when he passes through Honokaa, the purpose being to have him retire in favor of McCandless."

DIES IN EFFORT TO RESCUE HIS BROTHER

Perry Pu, a student of Lahainalua school, aged 19, was drowned in the sea off Huelo, Maui, last Monday while trying to rescue his ten year old brother, who was struggling in the breakers. The mother of the boys narrowly escaped death when she bravely went to their assistance but succeeded in bringing the younger lad to shore after a hard fight. Perry became exhausted and went down.

FOSS WILL CONDUCT REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN

WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—Representative Foss has accepted the offer of chairmanship of the Republican congressional campaign committee and will undertake the conduct of the campaign at once, promises a short but energetic program.

VON HERTLING SOON TO QUIT IS RUMOR

WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—Van Hertling is soon to resign, is the Berlin rumor which is reported from neutral capitals. His resignation age is given as the war and it is said that Dr. W. S. Wood, now colonial secretary will succeed him.

ESTHONIA GROWN BENEATH IRON HEEL

STOCKHOLM, August 31—(Associated Press)—Esthonia is feeling the iron heel of Germany is the report carried by a courier who has arrived here and who is bound for France.

"Since the taking over of that part of Russia by the Germans following the signing of the Brest-Litovsk treaty, the courier says, the Estonians have been bent upon crushing out the national life and culture and the political unity of the people in every possible way and bitter resentment is felt by the Russians who sorely regret the German made peace."

CHURCH AT LAHAINA WILL CELEBRATE

Sixtieth Anniversary of Dedication Will Be Appropriately Observed

Next Sunday, September 8, The Church of Our Lady of Victory in Lahaina, Maui, known to the Hawaiians as Maria Lanihiki, will celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of its dedication. It is reported in The Waialuku Times.

The church was dedicated sixty years ago by Bishop Louis Maigret, vicar apostolic of the Hawaiian Islands. The framework was made in Honolulu by the French mission brothers and natives and was taken to Lahaina for erection. Rev. Father Albert, known to the natives as Makua Auberke, was the first priest of the church.

Three oil paintings decorate the interior of the church, which has been completely renovated for the rededication. One of the paintings, representing the American flag recently been returned by the French mission brothers and natives and was taken to Lahaina for erection. Rev. Father Albert, known to the natives as Makua Auberke, was the first priest of the church.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES

LAXATIVE BROMO GUININE removes the cause. Used the world over to cure a cold in one day. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by The PARIS MEDICAL CO., 27 Louis, U. S. A.

British Losses In August Lowest For Some Time

Although Month Brought Victory To British Arms, the Cost Was Remarkably Small

LONDON, September 1—(Associated Press)—Although August was a month of almost uninterrupted British successes, with hundreds of square miles of territory recaptured and German prisoners taken by the score, the casualty list for the month as announced by the war office last night is smaller by nearly one-third than the list for July and only a little more than one-third of the casualties reported for June.

During August the British killed in action and died from wounds total 8005. British wounded, missing and taken prisoner for the month amount to 40,131.

CASUALTY LIST IS MOUNTING STEADILY

WASHINGTON, September 1—(Associated Press)—Army losses as reported in the casualty lists that were mailed out yesterday numbered 303 and were classified as sixty-five killed in action, five died of wounds, one of other causes, and 232 wounded.

Captain Edward Schmidt of Manitowish, Wisconsin, is in the list of those wounded in action.

The war department yesterday announced the names of 130 Americans who are held as prisoners in German prison camps in addition to the lists that have heretofore been published, establishing the fate of a number who have heretofore been listed as wounded.

LENINE IS WOUNDED IN SOVIET CAPITAL

LONDON, August 31—(Associated Press)—Nicolaï Lenine, the Bolshevik leader and head of the soviet government at Moscow has been wounded by an assassin, it is reported in despatches from Moscow. Details of the so-called assassination are not told in the despatches, but it is indicated that the spirit of revolt against the radicals is spreading steadily.

DISTRUST OF BANKS COSTS HIS SAVINGS

Distrust of banks cost a Filipino couple of Wailuku named Agaton their entire savings of \$120, the Maui News reports. Agaton, a prosperous mechanic, kept his money in a trunk at his home. Three other Filipinos, Peter de la Cruz, an ex-convict, Faustino Gabuhan and Estanislao Pangolin, learned the hiding place and the night of August 10, when the Agatons were at the movies, they looted the trunk, the robbery not being discovered until a week later.

The robbers were located in Honolulu, where they had spent the money in a few days of high life, and taken back to Wailuku, where they confessed their guilt. They will be tried next month.

SUGAR ON HAWAII

Honolulu 49,928; Panohau 5687; Hilo 11,861; Oahu 18,117; Pepee 1,400; Kilauea 4868; Ola 1368; Lanipuna 2490; Kiiwika 1800; Hanalei 2400.