DOUBLE-CROSSED BY PAXSON, SAYS MRS. MACFARLANE

Complaints made by Mrs. Walter F. Macfarlane of conditions at the Kalihi receiving station were justified and have been remedied, states President Paxson of the board of health, who asks what more can be done by him or by the board. He has discharged L. Ka-ne, the caretaker of the station, and the assistant caretaker and has taken other steps to improve discipline and carefulness about the station.

Mrs. Macfarlane, whose letter in The Advertiser yesterday morning calling attention to what she claims are flagrant abuses at the receiving station attracts wide attention, declares that President Paxson has not helped remedy the real situation by discharging the caretaker, but has only made it more difficult to get the truth of the situation out into the open where it can be viewed and the necessary corrections brought about. She says that Mr. Paxson has "double crossed" her in discharging these men and has now denied her the opportunity of appearing at a special meeting of the board of health which he, himself, suggested should be called in order that she might appear before it.

Demands Investigation

There are conditions infinitely worse than have been so far exposed that demand investigation, according to the information in her hands, she says. These conditions, if her information be correct, are such as will shock the moral sense of the community. If things are as she believes she is prepared to prove, the health of the community has been endangered for the most ' ious of reasons. She demands an inv 'igation by the proper authorities.

Among other 'charges which Mrs. Macfarlane is prepared to make, and not one of the more serious charges, is that babies born at the settlement on Molokai are being brought to Honolulu by relatives and are not taken to the proper government homes but are taken directly into the homes of relatives, where no supervision whatever over the children is exercised. No care is taken to see whether or not these children develop the disease that afflicts the mothers, and no protection is afforded the neighborhood into which these children are taken.

Worse Than Belgium

"I do not intend to permit this matter to be lightly dismissed," said Mrs. Macfarlane last night. I have no fight to make upon Mr. Paxson, even though he did write to the Governor and say that all my charges were without justification, the very same charge that he now says are justified. I have no fight to make upon the board of health. I have a fight to make against conditions that are worse than the conditions the Huns have brought to Belgium, things that are horrible, things that add to the sorrows of the people at the settlement and things that are helping prevent the stamping out of leprosy in these Islands we love. I have been told things by weeping mothers that make many of the reports from Belgium seem tame. I want a chance to either prove or disprove these, and I intend to get it."

Officials Admit Truth

Charges made by Mrs. Macfarlane regarding the conduct of the Kalihi leper receiving station are admitted as being true by both Sumner S. Paxson, president of the board of health, and by J. P. McVeigh, superintendent of the Kalaupapa settlement.

The only point upon which there is a question of facts contained in her charges is as to where the pigs came from which she says were sold by Ka-ne, the Kalihi settlement keeper. Both Paxson and McVeigh say that investigations made by them indicate that the only pigs sold by Kane came from a pig raiser in which he is interested with a Japanese. This is not located at the Kalihi settlement, but nearby.

In effect, if not in so many words, President Paxson says:

"Mrs. Macfarlane's charges were investigated. As a whole they were found true. Ka-ne was informed that he was to be dismissed at the end of this month. What else can Mrs. Macfarlane want and what else can the board of health do?"

He showed surprise when informed that Mrs. Macfarlane thinks he got rid of Ka-ne so the Kalihi keeper would not have to answer questions at a public hearing which she demanded. The board of health president says the only agreement he had about a public hearing with Mrs. Macfarlane was that she would be permitted, if she liked, to ask questions of both Ka-ne and McVeigh at the next meeting of the board.

Ka-ne Is Fired

"Her complaints were regarding segregation at the Kalihi station. Investigation of the complaints satisfied me that in the major part they were justified. As a result Ka-ne was notified his services were to be dispensed with at the end of this month," he says.

President Paxson was told that there were other complaints that the Kalihi station was conducted as a jail, instead of as a hospital. The basis of this complaint was that the patients were forced to subsist on the same rations and that special diets could not be secured for patients, even when ordered by a physician.

To the complaint regarding the supplying of the special diets, President Paxson replied:

"There is a board of health order that special diets shall be provided to patients when ordered by a physician."

Dr. H. T. Hollman, the federal physician who has been giving the medical treatment at the station, said last night that this order is "news to me," although he would not admit that there had been trouble between him and the station superintendent over this specific subject.

"Room For Friction"

Dr. Hollman explains that in view of the fact that he is still "the commanding officer" at the station and will be until November 1, he did not feel justified in discussing the revelations made about the station. However, he did say that due to the dual contorl of the station, that of the territory and the federal government, "it should be apparent there is room for friction."

President Paxson says that Ka-ne, upon investigation, was found to be guilty of negligence and "failing to obey orders." This failure to obey orders consisted, in at least one instance, in the station superintendent eating at the same table with the patients. The negligence charge is justified, according to his point of view, by the fact that the station keeper permitted money to pass between the drivers of delivery wagons and the patients.

Trouble arose at the station ten or twelve years ago because drivers got into the habit of taking orders and money from the patients, says Superintendent McVeigh. He says he intends to stop it this time by the order which has been issued by him prohibiting the delivery wagons from entering the station enclosure.

Superintendent McVeigh says his investigation of the charge that Ka-ne sold pigs from the station pen made him think it was not well founded. He reached this opinion after questioning some of the patients. He intends to continue the investigation along the same lines, but is inclined to the belief that it is not likely Ka-ne would have taken the chauce of discovery by "taking pigs away from the station before the fifty-two pairs of eyes of the patients."

The pigs at the Kalihi station are neither the property of the station or the territory, but some he gave to the patients, "so they would have some fresh pork occasionally," McVeigh says.

Replies To Paxson

The following letter has been addressed to The Advertiser by Mrs. Macfarlane in which she deanes her position:

Editor The Advertiser: According to Mr. Paxson's way of looking at it, the attack I made on the Board of Health through your paper yesterday morning, is not good promotion work. The Islands are termed and known all over the world as the Paradise of the Pacific, but I ask you can it be under such conditions?

If the Islands are to be known as a Paradise, let us universally make them such. From the north to the south, from the east to the west, it is known that leprosy is in the Islands and that a place of segregation for such unfortunates is on the Island of Molokai.

Shortly after Mr. Paxson took office as president of the territorial board of health, I filed some complaints, not only against the keeper, assistant keeper and watchman, but against the board of health as well, for not investigating from time to time to see if the rules of the board were being carried out. Not hearing from the board as to weather my complaints were taken up, I took the matter to the Governor and he was most courteous and prompt in investigaitng.

Paxson's First Stand

The complaints were filed by the Governor on August 20, the day after my visit and on August 24, Mr. Paxson, as president of the board, wrote the Governor saying "after investigation, I find that the complaints are not justified." He further mentions that the patients have enjoyed the privilege of providing themselves with such extras in the way of food as they felt they could afford. The markets deliver their orders and receive the money for same only after it has been disinfected. Is it according to the rules of ordinary precautions to give to the patients money that has been disinfected with the understanding that it ceases ever to be subjected to contamination after being once disinfected?

On the 13th of September I called at the board of health and asked Mr. Paxson and Mr. Porter when the next board of health meeting was to be held and was informed that a meeting had been held the day before, and that the next would be held on the second Thursday in October. We looked it up and found it would be on the 10th. I then requested Mr. Paxson to permit me to come and ask questions at the meeting, giving him a few more complaints. I told him I would like to have the keeper, assistant keeper, watchman, and Mr. McVeigh present so I could ask the questions and get direct answers.

Is Still Waiting

Mr. Paxson told me Mr. McVeigh was coming down soon and would not, he thought, be able to stay till the 10th of October, but suggested a special meeting while Mr. McVeigh was here, which was more than obliging on Mr. Paxson's part. I have waited ever since for the notification of the date of this meeting.

Day before yesterday, September 25, I 'phoned Mr. Paxson to ask if he had forgotten about one public meeting. The answer I received was that he did not see why we should have a meeting, and did not think it necessary now that he had let out the keeper and was going to have a general clean up—that he had done all I wanted.

I told him I had not asked for the removal of any one but that I wanted to know the truth and a meeting was the only way that I could find it out. He further informed me that I could not demand the keeper, etc. to appear at a board of health meeting when they were no more in the employ of the board of health. He also informed me that if it was a personal matter between Mr. Ka-ne and myself that I should not expect the board of health to take it up.

Let us hope by that remark, personally, he meant me personally making these attacks on Mr. Ka-ne and others.

Needs Explanation

Pigs are supposed to be raised for consumption by the patients only, and that is why the complaint has been made as to the sale of any to the public. An $18 pig selling for $12 on friendship's sake I think needs an explanation.

If the public meeting cannot be called I am perfectly willing to make the complaints through the papers and have them answered likewise.

We have not gotten our answer as to the guitars and ukuleles. Have patients jumped the fence and before leaving for Molokai been allowed to go home at night, returning early next morning in time for shipment, as reports have reached me? Then, where is the night watchman? Should a lime branch granted by Manual and a doghouse built by Dan, a leper, be permitted out of the compound without first being fumigated, even if it is the property of a member of the board of health?

Thanking you for the space in your paper, I remain

Sincerely,

MRS. C. K. MACFARLANE

LINES TIGHTENED ABOUT ST. QUENTIN

Progress of Allies Continues To Overcome Stouter German Defense of Town

(Concluded from Page 1)

On St. Quentin Front

Northwest of St. Quentin two British divisions within the last few days have captured enemy trenches and important strongholds and have taken 1500 prisoners. Yesterday before the invested city of St. Quentin, at points to the northwest Haig's men continued to exert their pressure in the neighborhood of Selency and Gricourt. North of the latter point the fighting was heavy and there strong counters of the enemy were met and repulsed.

Frankfort Is Bombed

Yesterday British aircraft bombed Frankfort and were attacked by many airships of which five were downed. Four British crafts failed to return.

British aviators also carried out a daring raid on German airdromes at Buhl, twenty-five miles southwest of Karlsruhe, and Kaiserlautern, between Metz and Mannheim.

Berlin official reports were silent as to the fighting in Champagne and in Flanders, but claimed the recapture of some positions in Lorraine, east of the Moselle River, and admitted that west of St. Quentin the French had "succeeded" in effecting small breaches in the German lines between Fauxilly and the Somme, the communique evidently dealing with the fighting on Wednesday or earlier in the week.

W. S. S.

PROPERTY CUSTODIAN TO SELL BUSCH ESTATE

WASHINGTON, September 26.—(Official)—Not alone the magnificent Busch residents on Riverside Drive in New York City, ordered by the enemy custodian to be sold at private sale, will be disposed of, but all of the property in this country which belongs to Mrs. Lillian Busch, widow of the late Adolphus Busch, the St. Louis brewer, is to be sold by the custodian and the proceeds, which will amount several millions of dollars will be invested in Liberty Bonds.

This property was seized by the custodian while Mrs. Busch was in Germany whence she returned recently by way of Cuba.

W. S. S.

CONGRESSMAN PLEASED WITH MUNITIONS PLANTS

PHILADELPHIA, Pennsylvania, September 26.—(Official)—More than a score members of congress, headed by Speaker Champ Clark, were shown some of the wonders of munitions plants in this vicinity.

Speaker Clark said it was the "most inspiring exhibition of American industrial preparedness I've ever seen and indicates the tremendous resources which the country is going to win the war. I am more than ever convinced of the speedy triumph of our cause."

W. S. S.

NEW CUSTODIAN NAMED FOR THE PHILIPPINES

WASHINGTON, September 26.—(Official) Douglas M. Moffatt has been appointed managing director of the office of the custodian of alien enemy property for the Philippines. He succeeds Governor General Harrison, resigned. He will have charge of the resale of a number of enemy-owned properties.

W. S. S.

MASONS OBJECT TO EFFORTS OF KAISER

ST. LOUIS, September 26.—(Official). The supreme Council of Scottish Rite Free Masonry adopted resolutions vigorously denouncing the attempts of the kaiser to use the Masonic order to aiict the German peace propaganda.

The resolution said: "German terms of peace shall never be considered by the Masons. The only terms of peace that will be considered are those insuring a lasting peace such as America proposes."

W. S. S.

ACCIDENT KILLS HERO OF GREAT GALLIPOLI SWIM

LONDON, August 7.—(Associated Press)—The death is announced of Lieutenant Drury who earned the Victoria Cross in Gallipoli for swimming from the warship Clyde to the shore with a rope while under heavy fire. Lieutenant Drury was killed by the fall of a block from the end of a derrick which struck him on the head.

WHOLE BULGARIAN ARMY IN JEOPARDY

Victory Grows As Enemy In Flight Leaves Supplies and Prisoners Behind

(Concluded from Page 1.)

monices will be either at Monastir or Prilep as soon as the Allied lines have advanced north sufficiently.

Serbian troops reached the outskirts of the important Bulgarian base of Ishtib on Tuesday, it was reported in official Serbian despatches. East of the Vardar Gradska was captured, a station to the northwest of Ishtib, which is defended by Bulgarian and German troops, and is the most important position of the enemy's defense system. In the advance in this sector enormous quantities of munitions and supplies which the enemy left behind them in their hurried departure, together with nineteen big guns, fell into the hands of the jubilant Serbians.

PURSUING FOE

North of Prilep, also the Serbians lustily continued their pursuit of the Bulgars.

The Allied advance into Bulgaria continues. The combined British and Greek forces are pressing their way over the Belachista mountain range to the northeast of Lake Doiran.

The Greeks are aiding the Allies actively in three sectors but are most actively engaged with the British east of the Vardar River where they are pursuing the fleeing Bulgars toward Valandovia.

The Italians continue to advance rapidly against the enemy on their front and are adding to the rout and the peril of the enemy army.

W. S. S.

MOTOR TRUCK BRIGADE ON CANNING EXPEDITION

SANTA FE, New Mexico, August 29.—(Associated Press)—The women of Santa Fe county have adopted the suggestion made by Mrs. Ruth C. Miller, state supervisor of industrial education, to equip a motor truck with evaporator, drying frames and canning devices and with this truck to visit every community in the country where there are orchards to dry and can fruit and vegetables that would otherwise go to waste. A competent instructor will be in charge of the truck and she will be accompanied by several volunteers. Women and girls in the rural communities will be instructed and assisted in the canning of fruit and vegetables.

W. S. S.

ROENITZ CASE IS DIFFICULT PROBLEM

Since George Roenitz, former chief clerk of the naval commandant, who was sentenced to a year's imprisonment for espionage in 1917, has made arrangements to pay the fine also imposed and the court costs, rather than take the pauper's oath, there is much speculation as to any subsequent action which may be taken against him.

Roenitz, who was the naval commandant's clerk for twelve years, and until his removal from the position was required by a general order issued at the beginning of the war, is a German nativity, but an American by naturalization. He was relieved when the Washington authorities issued an order that all Germans in confidential military positions were to be replaced.

In view of the fact that Roenitz pleaded guilty to espionage although committed before America entered the war, there is considerable speculation as to whether or not an attempt will now be made to have his citizenship rights cancelled, as has been done in other cases where there was proof of disloyalty of naturalized Germans.

Because of his American citizenship he cannot be interned as are alien enemies suspected of being dangerous, and he is to be given his liberty when he pays his fine, it is said by the federal authorities. Roenitz by good prison conduct has materially reduced his term of imprisonment.

The federal officials are silent as to any subsequent action which may be taken against Roenitz, although it is apparent that they think he would have saved himself a great deal of embarrassment and trouble if he had paid his fine by remaining in jail.

W. S. S.

Just a Bundle of Nerves?

Nervousness and nerve pains often come from weak kidneys. Many a person who worries over trifles and is troubled with neuralgia, rheumatic pains and backache, would find quick relief through a good kidney remedy. If you have nervous attacks, with headaches backaches, dizzy spells and sharp, shooting pains, try Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They are for the relief of weak kidneys and have brought quick benefit in thousands of such cases.

"When Your Back is Lame Remember the Name"—Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy ask distinctly for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take no other. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., or Benson Smith & Co., agents for the Hawaiian Islands. (Advertisement

GERMANY SQUEEZES BELGIUM FOR GOLD

Methods of Extortion Vary But Demand Is Insatiable and Promises Are Broken

PARIS, August 31.—(Associated Press)—Germany has exacted war contributions from Belgium during the first four years of the war amounting to a total of $466,000,000. This is in addition to the vast amount of machinery, materials and men taken from Belgium to sustain Germany.

In this fifth year of war it is interesting to review the "financial activities" of the Germans in Belgium since that fateful day in Belgium's history, August 20, 1914, when the German hordes entered Brussels.

During that month, as the German armies were hacking their way through the little kingdom, numerous towns and cities were "fined" and war contributions were levied from each province as the Germans progressed south westward.

Announce Demands

The first move of the German staff when entering a town was to proceed to theh City Hall and announce to the burgomaster that for resisting the advance of the Emperor William's armies, his city or town had been fined so many thousand or million francs, as the case might be. When the burgomaster would remonstrate, Uhlans and Death's Head Hussars would escort innocently in City Hall Square or the burgomaster would be taken prisoner.

In one instance in the Province of Liege the German commander of the company entering the town informed the burgomaster that a war contribution of 100,000 francs would have to be forthcoming within two hours. The burgomaster demurred. Never in the history of the little town had there been so much money in the city treasury. At the present moment, there was only a little over three thousand francs in the strong box.

"Well, we'll take that," calmly responded the German.

More than 200,000,000 francs were thus levied between August and November, 1914.

Scrap of Paper

Then Field Marshal Baron von der Goltz Pasha decreed that Belgium would have to pay a monthly contribution of 40,000,000 francs during one year and it would not be increased and that it would not be renewed. The Pasha's decree, however, proved to be but another scrap of paper.

In November 1915, Baron von Bissing called upon the councils of the nine Belgian provinces to meet and informed them that the promise of his predecessor had been made in good faith but with the implied condition that war would be ended within the year and that he saw no alternative but than to renew the monthly contribution of 40,000,000 francs for another year.

On the 20th of November, 1916, instead of abolishing the onerous tax on Belgium, von Bissing decided that, owing to the duration of the war, the increase in prices, high cost of living he would have to increase the monthly payments to 50,000,000 francs. He added ominously, "temporarily."

It proved to be so, indeed, for, on the 21st of May, 1917, the contribution was further raised to 60,000,000 francs.

The flow of francs into the coffers of the "War Lord" was too small to satisfy the egargantuan appetites of the military men however, and on the 12th of September, 1916, they "seized" 170,000,000 million marks, constituting all the deposit in German bills of the Banque Nationale and the Societe Generale de Belgique, the two largest banks in Belgium. When one of the directors of the Societe Generale refused to divulge that part of the combination of the vaults which he alone knew and without which the vaults could not be opened, the Germans said that they would blow them open with high explosives. The director rather than have the vaults of the institution wrecked decided to acquiesce. This what will probably go down as the greatest burglary of modern times was perpetrated.

W. S. S.

RED CROSS SHOP READY TO OPEN NEXT TUESDAY

Honolulu's First Department Store Will "Sell Everything and Buy Nothing!"

Honolulu's first "department store" will open Tuesday, October 1. It will not pretend to sell anything from a pin to an elephant, like some of the greatest metropolitan institutions, but it will have a range all the way from Enos' Fruit Salts to full dress suits, or from steamer trunks to banjos.

This is the Red Cross Shop, now stocking up at the corner of Beretania and Nuuanu for the grand opening, with a staff of volunteer clerks and managers and door walkers, all busy just now putting on the price tags. The stock includes, in addition to the articles specified, pictures, picture frames and shoes, dresses, toys and tennis rackets, kerosene lamps and books for all ages and all tastes, dress forms and shoes, bird cages, ready made suits and furniture.

These are not factory new, but they are good, serviceable and cheap, with the chief attraction that all the money that goes into the till reaches the Red Cross Treasury. The articles on sale, and those which will be coming in regularly to fill the shelves, are contributed. Everything is sold at a hundred per cent profit on the selling price and the Red Cross gets it all.

We sell everything and buy nothing is the Red Cross Shop slogan and those who come to give and those who come to buy are equally welcomed.

SPEED UP, IS WORD TO BOND SELLERS

Subscriptions Yesterday Less Than Two Hundred Thousand; Half of Quota Not Reached Yet

LIBERTY LOAN FIGURES

Up to five o'clock, Sept. 25, 1918.

Total Subscribed	$2,865,450
Gain for day	195,200
Total subscribers	6,796

By Islands

Oahu, 5532	$2,352,150
Hawaii, 514	130,500
Maui, ——	156,700
Kauai, 750	226,100

To accelerate the subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan bonds and advance the figures more rapidly toward Hawaii's quota of $6,765,050, as half the amount has not yet been reached after a week's campaign, instructions have been issued to seek for bond purchasers among the very people whom the sales forces may first have sidestepped under the belief no sales could be effected.

It has come to the attention of the campaign managers that instances have arisen where this has been done and that in some cases more money has been received from the overlooked ones than from those they had on their lists.

"You never can tell where a bond can be sold," said Manager Guy Buttolph, yesterday, and proceeded to cite an instance.

Sales lieutenants had passed by a certain house where two women lived, their sympathies gaining the upper hand in the problem of whether or not they would call and request bond purchases.

It was finally decided to make the call, but they anticipated crossing off the names as unavailable material.

Had Money Ready

On entering the house they found that the women were really waiting for some of the sales force to call upon them. They had applications made out and four hundred dollars was available. The sales lieutenants were agreeably surprised, and put down the experience as a guide to future "overlooks," as some people are called.

Incidentally the sales workers casually asked if a yardboy was on the premises, and were informed in the affirmative, also that he could not afford to buy, in their opinion.

The yardboy, who originally hailed from Nippon, was sought and asked if he wanted to buy a Liberty Bond. The solicitors were electrified when he said he would take five hundred dollars worth.

Buttolph also received a cablegram from G. K. Weeks, campaign manager at San Francisco announcing that the Hawaiian quota is $6,765,050.

The actual figures are $6,765,057, but as the fractional seven does not fit into the lowest Liberty Bond—fifty dollars—the seven was dropped off.

It was worked out to such a nicety that the last fifty dollar bond was reckoned with," said Mr. Buttloph.

Buttloph figures that it will be worth while for purchasers to figure on subscribing for that last $50 bond of the original quota, even though Hawaii does go over and beyond the quota.

"And Hawaii will certainly do that little thing," adds the manager.

The Kauai campaign is going along merrily, over a quarter of a million dollars having been pledged up to noon yesterday. The Kauaians are not satisfied, however, with their own intensive campaign, but want some out side pep, and yesterday wirelessed to the local campaign committee to supply them with a speaker.

Halsey To Kauai

Richard Halsey, inspector in charge of the United States Immigration station was offered the opportunity and gladly accepted and left last night for the Garden Islands. The big Liberty Bond meeting will be held Sunday afternoon at which Mr. Halsey will be the principal speaker.

Owing to his fluency in speaking Japanese he will also be asked to make addresses in different towns of the Island in that language and aid in rolling up the total of Kauai's Japanese on the subscription list.

After a week's campaign the results of the women's sales force will be told at a meeting called for ten o'clock tomorrow morning at the chamber of commerce rooms, where Mrs. Hamilton P. Agee, will preside. The reports will be made, experiences told, suggestions called for, and new instructions given.

The women are doing fine work throughout the city and are going into by ways and taro patches with a zeal which is commendable, and are getting real tangible bond results.

Urged To Speed Up

The male sales force has already been requested to speed up and add to their already fine work. Manager Buttolph sent this letter to each worker yesterday.

"Plan, to double your last subscription, if possible. Right now, with victory in sight, our armies in France, Italy and Siberia must not be restricted by the lack of a few paltry dollars, and Germany must not be encouraged to go on with the struggle by receipt of the news that the Fourth Loan was only floated by herculean effort.

"Remember—the Central Powers have made upwards of a dozen heavy calls upon their peoples heavier than any yet asked by Uncle Sam and are still going strong. This thing is getting to be more than a duty to your country now, it is a duty to yourself and to your God! Hawaii cannot, must not, fail to do her share!"

W. S. S.

WASHINGTON, September 27.—(Associated Press)—Plans of the senate for the taking of a vote on the Woman Suffrage amendment to the constitution, already passed by the house and for weeks pending in the upper legislative body were suddenly abandoned in the midst of the debate.

Later it was announced by leaders that the vote will be taken on Monday.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE

Honolulu, September 26, 1918.

STOCK	Last Sale	Bid	Ask
MERCANTILE			
Alex & Baldwin, Ltd	270	220	275
C. Brewer & Co	400	.....	.....
SUGAR			
Ewa Plant Co	27½	27	27¼
Haiku Sug. Co	155	.....	.....
Haw. Agricl. Co	32½	.....	.....
Haw. C. & S. Co	42¾	.....	.....
Haw Sug Co	31	43½	.....
Honokaa Sug. Co.	4¾	.....	.....
Kahuku Plant. Co.	13½	14	.....
Hutchinson Sug. Plant.	30¾	.....	.....
Kekaha Sugar Co	225	.....	.....
Kolos Sug Co	175	.....	.....
McBryde Sug. Co., Ltd.	8	7⅞	8
Onhu sug Co	32¼	32	32½
Olaa Sug Co., Ltd	6¾	6¾	6¾
Onomea Sugar Co	46	.....	47
Pasuuau Sug Plant. Co.	14¾	.....	.....
Pacific Sugar Mill	10	.....	.....
Paia Plant. Co.	135	.....	.....
Papaikou Sugar Co.	.....	.....	.....
Pioneer Mill Co	28	28	28¾
San Carlos Milling Co.	18	.....	.....
Waialua Agricl. Co	25¼	25	25¼
Wailuku Sug. Co.	22	.....	.....
MISCELLANEOUS			
Endan Dev. Co., Ltd.	.....	.....	.....
Engels Copper Mining Co	3¾	3¾	3¾
Haiku F. & P. Co., Pfd.	21	.....	.....
Haiku F. & P. Co., Com.	19½	.....	.....
Haw Con Ry 7% A	2½	1½	2½
Haw Con Ry. 6% B	2	.....	1¾
Haw Con Ry. Com	2¼	.....	1
Hawaiian Electric Co.	167½	.....	.....
Haw. Pineapple Co.	42¼	42¾	43½
Hon R. & M. Co., Ltd.	11	5	.....
Hon Gas Co., Ltd	100	.....	.....
Hon R. T. & L. Co.	124	.....	.....
Inter Island S. N. Co.	180	.....	.....
Mut. Tel. Co.	17¼	.....	.....
Oahu Railway & L. Co.	144	.....	.....
Pahang Rubber Co.	18½	.....	15
Semana Dindings, Pd.	15¾	.....	.....
Same (80% Pd.)	10	.....	.....
Tanjong Olak Rubber Co.	20½	.....	.....
BONDS			
Beach Walk I. D. 5½%	.....	.....	.....
Hamakua Ditch Co. 6s	.....	.....	.....
Haw. Con. Ry. 5%	77½	45	60
Haw'n Irr. Co., 6s	70	.....	.....
Haw. Ter. 4% Ref. 1905	101	.....	.....
Haw. Ter. 4% Pub. Imps	100	.....	.....
Haw. Ter. Pub. Imp. 4% series 1912-1913)	100¼	.....	.....
Haw. Terr'l 3½%	95½	.....	.....
Hilo Gas Co., Ltd. 6%	.....	.....	.....
Honokaa Sug. Co., 6%	92½	.....	.....
Hon. Gas Co., Ltd., 5s	100	.....	.....
Kauai Ry. Co., 6s	101	.....	.....
Manoa I. D., 5½%	99½	.....	.....
McBryde Sugar Co., 5s	95	.....	.....
Mut. Tel. 5s	100	.....	.....
Oahu R. & L. Co., 5%	100¼	100	.....
Oahu Sug. Co., 6%	104	.....	.....
Olaa Sug. Co., 6%	91	75	85
Pacific Guano & F. Co., 6s	105	.....	.....
San Carlos Milling, 6%	104	.....	.....

BETWEEN BOARDS

Ewa, 5, 27.25.

BOARD SALES

None

June 24, 1918

88° analysis beets (no advices).

Parity—

96° Cent. (For Haw.) Sugars..... 6.055

RUBBER QUOTATIONS

Sept. 19, 1918

Singapore 27.78¾

New York ..... (No quotation).

W. S. S.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, September 27.—(Associated Press) Following are the opening and closing quotations of stocks in the New York Market yesterday

	Opening	Closing
American Sugar	107½	107½
American Beet	68	68½
Associated Oil	62½	62½
Alaska Gold	3½	3¼
American Locomotive	65½	67
American Tel. & Tel.	98½	98
American Smelter	76½	76½
American Steel Fdry.	85¾	91½
Atchison Railway	85½	85½
Anaconda Copper	68	68¾
Baldwin Locomotive	89¾	91½
Bethlehem Steel "B"	81¼	81¼
Baltimore & Ohio	53½	53½
California Petroleum	19½	19
Central Leather	70¼	70
Canadian Pacific	160	162½
C. M. & St. Paul	48½	48½
Colo. Fuel & Iron	45½	46¾
Crucible Steel	64½	65¼
Cuba Sugar Cane	31	30¾
Erie common	15¼	15¼
General Electric	145	146
General Motors (new)	118	117½
Great Northern	90½	90½
International Nickel	29¾	29¾
International Harvester	126¾	126¾
Industrial Alcohol	114	114½
International Paper	60	60½
Kennecott Copper	33¾	33¾
Lehigh Valley Railway	59	59
New York Central	73¼	73½
Pennsylvania	43¾	43½
Ray Consolidated	23½	23½
Reading common	87¾	88½
Republican Iron common	34	34
Southern Pacific	86¾	86¾
Studebaker	49½	49¾
Union Pacific	124¾	124¾
United States Rubber	91¼	91½
Texas Oil	164	164½
Utah	82½	82½
United States Steel	110½	111
Western Union	82	82
Westinghouse	43¾	43¾

W. S. S.

NEW YORK CURB STOCKS

Quotations on the following New York curb stocks, as wirelessed to The Advertiser by Stoneham & Co., are:

	Tuesday	Wednesday
Big Ledge	.87½	.81½
Caledonia	.46	.44
Iron Blossom	.37½	.37½
Emma Copper	.01	.01½
Hargraves	.02¾	.02¾
Jim Butler	.49	.49
Jerome Verde	.50	.50
Marsh	.03	.03½
Midwest Oil	.96	.96
Mother Lode	.32	.32
Rescue Eula	.08	.08
Ray Hercules	4.12½	4.12½
Rex Cons	.05	.05
Stewart	.11	.13
Silver King Cons	1.62½	1.62½
Tonopah Extension	1.43¾	1.43¾
Tuolumne	.07	.07
Kerr Lake	5.87½	5.87½
Wilbert	.05	.05
Hecla	4.75	4.75
Cresson Gold	6.87½	6.87½
Nipissing	8.87½	9.00
Perfection Tire and Rubber	.29	.27

W. S. S.

SAN FRANCISCO QUOTATIONS

SAN FRANCISCO, September 27.—(Associated Press) Following are the opening and closing prices of stocks on the San Francisco Exchange yesterday.

	Opening	Closing
Haw'n Com'l	44½	44¾
Haw Sugar Co	32½	32½
Honokaa Sugar	68¾	68¾
Honolulu Plantation Co	54½	54½
Hutchinson Sugar Co	16¾	17
Oahu Sugar Co	31¼	31
Olaa Sugar Co	5¾	5¾
Onomea Sugar Co	46	46
Paauhau Sugar Co	15	14¾
Honolulu Oil	3.50	3.55
Engels Copper Co	3.50	3.50

NEW YORK THRIFTY

NEW YORK, September 26.—(Official. The total sales of war savings Stamps to date in New York City have exceeded thirty million dollars.