

TAKE A RAP AT PRESIDENT

Deep Waterway Committee on Resolutions Criticize Mr. Taft for Negative Policies on River.

EFFORT TO ELIMINATE

Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Water Way Convention Is Being Held in Chicago for Three Days.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—President Taft has once more been made the object of sharp criticism for his negative policy on deep water way legislation, in the set of resolutions prepared by the resolutions committee of the lakes-to-the-gulf deep water way convention that began its three-day session in the Auditorium theatre yesterday.

These resolutions, following closely the lines of those adopted by the convention in St. Louis last year, were drafted by the committee yesterday, but will not be presented to the convention until this afternoon.

As soon as it was learned that the resolutions contained another attack on the president of the United States, William K. Kavanaugh, president of the deep water way convention, and other leaders, put forth all of their efforts to stop it and to have all reference to President Taft eliminated.

There was a conference last night between Mr. Kavanaugh and the men on the resolution committee, who are his personal appointees, at which time the subject was considered.

When the conference adjourned these men were under pledge to go before the committee this morning and endeavor to persuade the members to tone down the resolution, so that no criticism would appear.

If this effort is successful the resolutions will be reported out merely as a declaration for a fourteen-foot channel through the Mississippi valley, with an ultimate depth of twenty-four feet.

It was learned last night that friends of Senator Lorimer on the resolution committee tried at the opening meeting to have eliminated that portion of the St. Louis resolutions that contained a stricture upon President Taft, but a majority of the committee stood by them.

Mr. Kavanaugh is striving to keep political issues out of the convention; and, fearing that if the resolution contained any disparagement of the president, it would only stir up again the latent political strife which has tried to manifest itself several times during the sessions, he will make a final effort today to have the resolutions changed.

The committee will report to the convention at four o'clock this afternoon.

Political influences that threatened to impede the work of the opening sessions yesterday were crushed out by the iron hand of William K. Kavanaugh, president of the association.

But favorable action of the credentials committee in seating all delegates regardless of factional strife soon placed everybody in harmonious frame of mind.

To this action was added another move of Mr. Kavanaugh to give every faction a fair representation at the convention—that of calling for speeches from all the leaders of the elements expected to disagree on details of the proposed deep water way.

The two sessions of the day were spent, to a great extent, in preparing for the real work of the body in the remaining two days of the convention.

PROPER WAY TO HANDLE THEM

Kidnappers Are Sentenced to Life Imprisonment Upon Conviction.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Giuseppe Nicotri and his brother, Carmello, were sentenced to life imprisonment after they had been found guilty by a jury of kidnapping five-year-old Angelo Marino, August 5. Mrs. Cologera Nicotri, wife of Carmello was sentenced to seven years in prison for complicity and her mother, Mrs. Blagia Cutrona, was acquitted.

The Marino boy was kidnapped on Aug. 5, and released three days later when a \$500 ransom had been paid. During the trial Antonio Marino, father of the lad, told of a plot whereby the Nicolosi brothers in 1909 had attempted to swindle him by a blackmailing scheme. The Nicolosi were neighbors of the Marinos and had known the little son since his birth. Leolouca Macalusa and Cologera Constandino also were indicted with the kidnapping, but have not been captured.

THREE HUNDRED GIRLS IN PANIC

Fire in Pickle Factory Caused Stampede Among the Girls Who Were Counting Cucumbers.

BLINDFOLDING HORSES

Sacks Thrown Over Their Heads and They Were Led Out From the Burning Barn.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 13.—Three hundred girls at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon were thrown into a panic when fire broke out in the shipping yard of the Bronson-Braun Branch of the National Pickle and Canning Co. Third and Cedar streets, causing a loss of about \$20,000. No one was injured. It is thought the fire was caused by a spark from elevated tracks of the Terminal Railroad Association.

With hundreds of crated bottles stored in the yard, which is covered partly with a roof, the fire made fast headway and a few minutes after it was discovered by an employee of the company, had spread over the entire yard. The wind was blowing from the north and dense columns of smoke were carried in the windows of the main factory, where 300 girls are employed. The girls became frightened and hysterical and not knowing what to do started to run about the floors screaming.

It was said four of the girls fainted and had to be carried from the building. This, however, was denied by Hugh A. Bergs, manager of the branch. He said some of the girls were frightened, but after the alarm had been turned in there was little difficulty in getting the girls out of the building.

A short time after the fire was discovered it was thought the main building to the south would catch fire. When Chief Swingley arrived he turned in a second alarm, bringing more companies to the scene. After an hour of hard fighting the fire was under control.

Next to the yard is the stable of the company, where ten horses were stabled. There was a great deal of difficulty in getting out the animals. Sacks were placed over their heads and they were led through the rear door and tied on Cedar street.

Bergs said the loss would reach \$20,000 or more, as the plant had just received fifty-three cars of empty bottles which were stored in the yard. When the fire was at its height the firemen were notified that a tank holding nearly 100 gallons of gasoline was at one end of the yard. The firemen immediately turned all the lines they could spare on this spot.

Chief Swingley declined to estimate the loss, as he did not know how many bottles had been destroyed. Mayor Kreitzmann came to see the fire after it was about out. He said he had feared the blaze might spread. A city ambulance with several doctors under Dr. Rolla Henry, chief dispensary physician, was also sent to the scene.

Heirs to a Fortune.

CARTHAGE, Ill., Oct. 13.—The supreme court of Nebraska has just handed down a decision of great importance to James H. Hill, J. Mack Sholl and Mrs. D. Lewis of this city. By the decision of this court these parties come into immediate possession of a large sum of money, and the estate left by the late Lew W. Hill of Omaha. The property is valued at \$150,000.

Hung With Shoestrings.

GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 13.—Mrs. Josephine Munson, a widow living by herself, committed suicide here by hanging herself with a shoestring. She first tried to cut an artery in her wrist with a paring knife, and falling in this she tied a shoestring about her neck and to the bedpost. She was 74 years old. No cause is known.

ROBINSON DID NOT START TODAY

On Account of Bad Weather Will Not Begin His Flight Until Tomorrow.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 13.—Aviator Hugh Robinson postponed his flight down the Mississippi river today on account of inclement weather conditions. He announced that if the weather is favorable tomorrow he will commence the trip.

M'NAMARA CASE RESUMED TODAY

Candidates for Jury Duty Are Asked Whether They Are in Favor of the Union.

GRAND JURY FINISHES

Judge Bordwell Was Charged With Keeping Body Alive Until the Trial Came Up.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 13.—When the examination of the McNamara veniremen was resumed this morning by Attorney LeCompte Davis for the defense, the prosecution registered a strenuous opposition to Judge Bordwell's ruling regarding the latitude to be allowed in determining whether prospective jurors are opposed to labor unions or not. The prosecution claims this is equivalent to including on the jury only men who are in favor of the union.

In replying to this argument Judge Bordwell said that the prosecution would be allowed a similar latitude in examining veniremen in order to discover whether or not they were opposed to the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association.

The defense this morning appeared greatly pleased over the announcement that the state's grand jury, which has been in session for a year will dissolve this afternoon. This is considered a signal victory for the claims of the defense, charging Judge Bordwell with keeping the grand jury alive for the benefit of the prosecution.

FIFTEEN INJURED ON ELECTRIC ROAD

Special Train Ran Into Rear of Regular and Many Were Hurt.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Fifteen persons were injured, none seriously, when a special train on the Aurora, Elgin & Chicago electric railroad ran into the rear of a preceding train in the dense fog in the village of Austin, west of the city. The grinding brakes applied almost at the moments of the collision, threw up a shower of sparks that set fire to the wood work of one car, but the blaze was extinguished.

Among the more severely bruised were Mrs. Frank Fischer, Forest Park; Miss Clara Fisher, Forest Park; Thomas Fosterman, Dixon; Mrs. E. Stuffer, Batavia; Mrs. George Wilson, Elgin; Miss Alice Lawless, Seneca Falls, N. Y.; Mrs. S. O. Lewis, Maywood; Mrs. N. Stubbins, Maywood and T. Boswell, who was conductor of the special had his collar bone broken and ankle sprained. The same injuries were received by Mr. Poleman.

The third rail current system was thrown out of commission by the wreck, which saved many from injury as passengers crowded out on the roadbed without thought of the charged rail.

WASH CASE TO JURY THIS EVENING

Fate of Man on Trial for Murder Will be Known Very Soon.

CARLINSVILLE, Ill., Oct. 13.—Twelve men, ten of them farmers and all of them married, will this afternoon settle the fate of John W. Wash on charge of murder of George Martin. All morning long as neighbor after neighbor took the stand and told of Wash's good character and reputation, the accused man sat huddled up in his stiff backed chair, jerking nervously at his mustache and occasionally smiling at his wife and daughter. At the end of the examination of the character witnesses, the defense closed its case and the arguments were begun.

The case is expected to go to the jury this evening, a speedy verdict is looked for.

PAROLE FOR WALSH HAS NOT ARRIVED

It Begins to Look Like a False Alarm About His Being Turned Out.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., Oct. 13.—Hope for John R. Walsh being paroled from the federal prison here is less than it has been. The first list of paroles granted at the last session of the federal parole board has arrived and Walsh's name is not there. Attorney General Wickersham in whose hands Walsh's case now rests, may visit the prison within a week.

YOUNG TURKS FOR WAR

They Will Oppose Any Move for Peace, Wishing to Continue the Fight With Italy.

PARLIAMENT TOMORROW

Will Advocate Expulsion of all Italians From the Country With Confiscation of Property.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Dispatches received here today from Constantinople indicate a great deal of unrest in Turkey.

The young Turks party is said to be so much in favor of war that they will go to any length in order to keep up the struggle. The sultan himself is said to be threatened with deposition unless he concurs with the views of the young Turks.

When parliament opens tomorrow morning the Young Turks will advocate the expulsion of all Italians from Turkey and the confiscation of their property. In case this is done, it is feared serious complications will result all over Europe.

In the meantime the Balkan states are arming themselves in preparation for a struggle. Fighting is reported along the north border and several Montenegrans are said to have been killed in a battle with the Turks. Further outbreaks are expected in this section.

RODGERS WAITING FOR CLEAR SKY

Could Not Start Today Nor Give Exhibition on Account of Rain.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 13.—Aviator Rodgers this morning announced that he would make no attempt to resume his flight to the coast today. An all day rain set in early in the morning and defeated his plans for a scorch today. He said that if it was clear tomorrow he will get an early start and set sail for San Antonio.

THE WEATHER.

For Keokuk and vicinity: Unsettled, but generally fair weather tonight and Saturday.

For Iowa: Generally fair weather tonight and Saturday, except unsettled in the east portion. Cooler west and central portions tonight, with light frost.

For Illinois: Generally fair, but with some cloudiness, tonight and Saturday. Not much change in temperature.

For Missouri: Unsettled, but generally fair weather tonight and Saturday. Cooler in the west portion tonight.

Weather Conditions.

Fair, cooler weather prevails east of the Mississippi valley, with a field of high pressure in the lake region, and another area of high pressure, with generally fair, cool weather, is over the central plateau region.

From the Missouri river to the upper Mississippi valley, between these high areas, there have been showers, with somewhat warmer weather.

Light showers have continued on the gulf coast.

Conditions indicate unsettled, but generally fair weather for this section tonight and Saturday, with little change in temperature.

Daily River Bulletin.

Stage Height Change Weat'r. St. Paul ... 14 3.7 -0.1 Cldy La Crosse ... 12 9.3 x0.1 Cldy Dubuque ... 18 8.9 x0.7 Cldy Davenport ... 15 5.9 x0.4 Rain Galland ... 8 2.8 x0.1 Rain Keokuk ... 15 5.7 0.0 Rain St. Louis ... 30 15.7 -0.9 Cldy Mt. Pleasant, rainfall 1.08.

River Forecast.

The river will continue to rise from Davenport southward for several days. A short rise will occur at Keokuk, from Skunk river, during the next twenty-four hours.

Local Observations.

Oct. Bar. Ther Wind Weather. 12 7 p.m. ... 30.14 64 E Clear 13 7 a.m. ... 30.12 54 NE Lt rain Rainfall for past 24 hours 8 hundredths. Mean temperature, Oct. 12, 61. Highest temperature, 72. Lowest temperature, 50. Lowest temperature last night, 54. FRED Z GOSEWISCH, Observer.

HANKOW AGLOW WITH RED FLAMES

Big Chinese City on Fire and Bloodshed and Anarchy Run Riot Throughout the Country.

MISSIONARIES IN DANGER

So Far They Have Not Been Harmed in the Great Revolution to Change Rule of China.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The state department today received the following cablegram from Secretary Williams in charge of the American embassy at Peking:

"Hankow reported in flames. Americans seem to be safe. Fifteen thousand men composing three army corps have joined the rebels. Communication with Hankow cut off."

Spreads All Over China.

PEKIN, Oct. 13.—The rebellion which has flamed through the center provinces of China has now spread to the north and from all parts of the empire come reports of bloodshed and anarchy.

The capital itself is threatened and the government overwhelmed by the fury of the storm is for the moment helpless. Communication with Hankow, Wu Chang and Hank Kang, the three cities where the revolution is centered, has been destroyed but before the startling news had been flashed over the wires that Hankow was in flames and incendiaries and massacre are marching hand in hand across the country.

The whole imperial army is seething with sedition. The torch of revolt blazed today in Manchuria where 300 persons are reported slain and bands of armed men are wandering through the country pillaging and looting.

Thus far there have been no attacks on foreigners and the leaders of the revolt have promised them the fullest protection but it is feared the rebellion is progressing rapidly out of the control of the leaders and at any moment the traditional hatred for the white races may break forth.

A flotilla of foreign gunboats is anchored off Hankow and a force of Japanese marines landed there this morning. British, German and Japanese warships are patrolling the coast but it is in the interior that the great danger lies. The greatest anxiety is felt for missionaries in isolated stations.

Intense excitement was created here today by the report from Hankow that Lay Weun Ling, one of the chief commanders of the Chinese army had deserted to the rebels and has been elected provisional president of the Chinese republic.

If this is true it is believed almost the entire army will desert.

BOMB THROWN AT PROFESSOR

Aim Was Poor and Nothing Was Blown up But Part of the Porch.

GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 13.—A bomb was thrown at the home of W. P. Drew, a professor of Knox college. The bomb missed a window that had been opened to receive it and fell upon the side porch tearing a large hole in the porch and breaking several windows. The family was sleeping upstairs on the back porch and escaped injury. Professor Drew has been instrumental in the prosecution of illegal liquor selling here and it is believed by anti-saloon workers here the bomb was thrown with a view of checking the prosecutions.

This is bomb number two for Galesburg, the rear of the Heidelberg club having been wrecked by a bomb about a year ago.

MINISTER HAS THE CONGRESSIONAL BEE

Former Pastor of Aledo Will Make Fight for Nomination.

ALEDO, Ill., Oct. 13.—Dr. A. M. Stocking of Good Hope, McDonough county, visited Aledo today and interviewed many old friends as to his being a candidate for the republican nomination for congress in 1912. His announcement no doubt will appear in McDonough county papers this week. Dr. Stocking was formerly one of the ablest and most popular Methodist ministers in the central Illinois conference, but is now a practicing physician. He is a very bright, active man with a clean grasp of political matter, and if he enters the canvas will make it lively for all of them.

MEXICAN STORM WAS GREAT ONE

Three Important Towns Were Buried Under Tidal Wave Which Swept Over the Coast.

SCORES OF LIVES LOST

All Wharves Wiped Out and Customs House With \$200,000 of Imports Within, Destroyed.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 13.—Scores of lives have been lost and hundreds of thousands, probably millions of dollars worth of property destroyed on the 100-mile strip of the west coast of Mexico, from Guaymas to Medina, in state of Sonora, by a cloudburst, hurricane and tidal wave. Thirty-seven bodies have been recovered at Guaymas and ten at Ortiz.

The storm started at midnight, Oct. 4. Within two hours Guaymas was cut off by rail, telegraph and telephone from the outside world. Then at 3:00 o'clock in the morning of October 5 came a tidal wave from the sea and a cloudburst from the land, burying Guaymas, San Jose De Guaymas and Ortiz, three important towns containing hundreds of Americans.

Nearly all the adobe houses were destroyed, the frame and stone buildings along standing. Scores of lower class Mexicans were caught beneath falling walls and drowned. The customs house at Guaymas, containing more than \$200,000 worth of imports, was destroyed. Launches, sloops and two full rigged schooners were hurled high on the shore back of Guaymas. All the wharves were wiped out.

The tidal wave and cloudburst abated after seven hours but the hurricane and torrential rain continued for three days, completing the work of destruction.

Twenty-seven vessels of various sizes in the port of Guaymas were wrecked.

The pearl fisheries at LaPaza, in Lower California, are reported wiped out, but this has not been confirmed.

San Jose DeGuaymas is one huge tomb filled with bodies of the lower classes who lived in mud and brush hovels. The forty-five miles of railroad from Guaymas to Hermosillo, the capital of the state of Sonora, was carried seven miles down the canyon.

All telegraph and telephone wires are down. This news was telegraphed to the department of the interior here yesterday by J. W. Maytorina, the governor of the state of Sonora, who states that he has sent a relief train from Hermosillo.

VICE PRESIDENT AT THE DAM

Sherman Speaks at Celebration of the Opening of the Sturgis Water Power.

STURGIS, Mich., Oct. 13.—The policies of former Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot and the idea of strict conservation were criticized by Vice President James S. Sherman in an address at the celebration marking the opening of the new municipal hydroelectric power plant.

Mr. Sherman said in part: "He is the best conservationist who utilizes the forces of the air and all the hidden forces of the earth for the advancement of mankind and turns these forces into comforts and conveniences and makes them supply necessities and lighten the burdens of this generation."

"I believe each new generation is equal to the task of discovering some new thing to take the place of any exhausted natural resources. I am willing to give the coming generation credit for being as smart as we. I believe they will find fuel. I envy the boy who is to live to see the inventions of the future."

ONE THOUSAND ITALIANS KILLED

Turks Make Their First Big Massacre of the War in Tripoli.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—The Italian assault has been checked and the Italian troops repulsed by the Turkish garrison entrenched outside Tripoli, according to a dispatch received here for Constantinople. The Italians are said to have lost one thousand men in killed and wounded. No Turkish casualties are reported.

REVOLUTION HAS JUST STARTED

Outbursts in China Are But Curtain Raisers for Larger Ones Which Are to Follow.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS DOWN

British and Japanese Officials Stop One Battle Between the Rebels and Chinese Cruiser.

HANKOW, Oct. 13.—The revolution which has been hanging over China for months, and of which the rising in the Province of Sze Chuen was only a small part, has begun in earnest. It is a concerted movement to take the empire and declare a republic.

The exiled revolutionist, Dr. Sun Yat Sen, leader of the anti-Manchu party, is to be elected president if the plans do not miscarry. He was the delegate of the revolutionary party to the United States in 1910, and it is believed during that tour he made arrangements for financing the movement.

Sun Yu, a brother of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who is in Hankow, has been elected president of the province assembly, and Tang Hua Lung, the retiring president of the assembly, has been elected governor of Hu-Peh.

The whole assembly has seceded from the imperial government. The rebels are well organized and financially strong. They have confiscated the treasuries and banks and are issuing their own paper money, redeeming the government notes with this, as foreign banks are refusing government notes.

The revolutionaries have captured Wu Chang, the native savior of Hankow, and Han-Yang, adjoining cities in Hu Peh province.

Chang Sha, capital of Hunan, is reported to have risen in revolt, and Nan King, capital of the province of Kiang Su, is on the verge of a rising, several public buildings have been destroyed.

Thousands of soldiers have joined the mutiny in Hu Peh, many Manchus have been killed and the terrified people are fleeing from the cities into the country, carrying their belongings.

The prisons have been opened and criminals liberated. There has been fighting in the streets, but the most stringent orders have been issued that the lives of foreigners and their property shall be respected.

An American expedition dispatched from Hankow to Wu-Chang to aid the missionaries there, returned with all the missionaries, except Miss R. A. Kemp of the Episcopal school, and members of the Roman Catholic mission, including the sisters and the London mission, who declined to depart.

There was a brief exchange of shots between Wu-Chang forts and a loyal Chinese cruiser. The firing ceased after British and Japanese officials had protested that it endangered the foreign concessions.

The government in Peking has awakened to the danger of the revolution in Hu-Peh province. Gen. Yin Tchang, the minister of war, departed for Peking, where the sixth division of the army is making preparations to depart for Hankow.

An imperial edict ordered the immediate dispatch of two divisions of troops to the disaffected provinces. About 20,000 are Manchus, against whom the revolutionaries have risen.

At the same time orders were issued for the assembling of a fleet of warships in the Yang-Tse-Kiang river to unite with the land forces against the rebels.

The commander of the rebels has issued a proclamation, in which it is announced it is the people's army that has taken charge of affairs, and it is the intention to overthrow the Manchu dynasty. The proclamation threatens death to any one who interferes with the forces.

Only four battalions of Chinese troops at Hankow remain loyal to the throne. The women and children slept on steamships in the river during the night. Between 5,000 and 6,000 regulars mutinied at Hankow, and most of them joined the revolutionaries.

The rebels in the province of Sze Chuan hold all the country to the westward of the Min river between Kiating and Kwang Hsen. Five hundred regular troops have rebelled and there is fighting daily.

An imperial edict was issued cashing Viceroy Pui Cheng of the province of Hu Peh, but ordering him to