

CONFESSION OF GUILT BY M'NAMARAS IS ONLY THE BEGINNING OF SENSATION

All Agree that this is the Start, Not the End of
the Most Sensational Case in the History
of the Nation.

FORMER FRIENDS NOW TURN ENEMIES

Gompers Repudiates the Brothers Entirely and
Bitter Messages Are Received From all
Over the Country.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 2.—Now that thirty-six hours have elapsed since the sensational confession of John J. and J. B. McNamara that they were the central figures in the dynamite conspiracy that culminated in the destruction of the Los Angeles Times building, the mystery of their complete surrender is growing more dense as the hours go by.

District Attorney Fredericks continues to smile blandly and declare that the only reason was that "we had 'em buffaloed and they had to surrender to save their necks."

Against this is the declaration of Judge O. N. Hilton, the noted Denver attorney, who was selected to fight the case after Darrow had declared he could not fight it. Hilton, who has had access to all of the proceedings of the defense and much of that of the state, declares the best of the state could have expected was a hung jury.

But Darrow, wan and tired, his face more deeply lined than ever before, tearfully declares to all callers that "while we will be misunderstood, we are content that we have saved human lives from the wreckage. They had the goods on us."

Is the Beginning.
Los Angeles is a hot bed of rumor tonight. On only one proposition do all agree and that is that the confession of the McNamara brothers, is the beginning, not the end, of the most sensational case in the history of the nation. What the next moves are to be no one knows. The state as represented by Fredericks, district attorneys, says that it "will act, not talk."

Darrow and Davy wearily declare that they do not know what is coming, that nothing would surprise them and that they are prepared for anything.

Over in the gloomy jail, closely guarded by half a dozen picked deputies, John J. and James B. McNamara sat in gloomy silence in the early hours of tonight. In their case the reaction was over and they were realizing what it all meant. They are being carefully guarded as in their depressed condition some fear is expressed by the jailor and his attendants.

Heartbroken Mother.
For a few hours today both men declared they had done the best they could and they were glad it was all over. Then came the word that was back in her lonely home in Cincinnati their heartbroken, old mother was hysterically proclaiming their confession that they were still innocent in her motherly mind. Within a few hours telegrams began coming from the men who had believed in their innocence and who had stood by them in their fight for freedom.

First of these was from a noted labor leader whose name was withheld. In it he said:

"Have just read the damnable story in the evening papers. It is hard to believe whether you are insane or in league with the forces of capital that have determined to crush the wage earner at any cost."

Bitter Messages.
From that time on the telegrams of protest kept coming. Many were so strong in tone that there was wonder openly expressed that the telegraph companies had not held them up. All were read by the two men and carefully destroyed.

Neither man had anything to say for publication. By order of the sheriff, all access to the men was refused. They have agreed to tell their story to the district attorney and it is expected that the first installment will commence Tuesday. When an attempt was made to ask them what they thought of the letter of Samuel Gompers, head of the American Federation of Labor, repudiating them utterly, the sheriff ordered that the message be not communicated to them.

"They are in bad enough shape as it is," he said.

No Compromise.
Fredericks calmly sits back and charges that Darrow, at the very time he was asserting openly that both men were "victims of a damnable conspiracy," was negotiating with him to enter a plea of guilty for James B. McNamara in return for the dropping of the charges against John J. McNamara. "I told them this would be two guilty in this case," said Fredericks, "and that I would not accept pleas unless they came from both. That position I never changed and I would not until they agreed to my demands."

Darrow positively denies that he ever had any dealings with Fredericks in the case until about a month ago. Then, he says, he "sounded" the district attorney regarding a plea because he felt he "wanted to save the lives of the boys."

"But I could do nothing," he continued, "until Lincoln Steffens came here. Why he came I do not know but he consulted with a number of the biggest men in Los Angeles. He told them the position of organized labor and suggested that they influence the district attorney to permit the boys to plead guilty, Jim to go to prison for life and John to expiate his crime with a prison term."

Politics Did Not Figure.
"But Mr. Darrow," he was asked, "the direct charge is being made by John Harriman, the union labor-socialist candidate for mayor of Los Angeles, that the only reason these business men got together and agreed to sway District Attorney Fredericks to accept this plea of guilty was that they feared the success of Harriman and his associates at the polls. Can you answer that?"

"The question of the local political situation never entered into this matter so far as I am concerned," answered Darrow.

I did not consult Harriman because he was busy with his campaign. I had to act quickly to save lives and I did so."

Reached End of Rope.
Darrow insisted tonight as strongly as ever before that the bribery developments of the last few days had absolutely no bearing on the present case. He declared that he had reached the end of his rope and had taken the only way in the case.

No one is prepared to say what Judge Bordwell will do. He has been absolutely silent from the start. All attempts to broach the subject of punishment were swiftly repulsed.

It is certain that unless both of the McNamaras make a complete breast of all their crimes and aid the authorities in every way they will get the limit of the law. Bordwell is a particular judge who believes that laws were made to be enforced and he will insist that the state's rights are fully protected before he will grant any favors.

What Will Follow.
Big business men in Los Angeles profess to believe that out of the entire matter will come much more amicable relations between capital and labor here.

Lincoln Steffens said tonight he was sure from his talk with the capitalists that they would no longer adopt a belligerent attitude but would stand for many concessions for the welfare of the unions and the workers generally.

ute books," said one of the most noted labor leaders, "and we are not to be misled by honeyed words or suggestions that the time is ripe for the Golden Rule."

Officials of the Merchants and Manufacturers association said that they were well pleased with the outcome.

Federal Probe to be Pushed.
That the federal probe into the dynamite outrages is to be pushed was made plain by Assistant United States Attorney Regan this evening. He held a conference with District Attorney Fredericks this afternoon as a result of which it is understood the evidence held by Fredericks against the McNamaras would be transferred to the federal authorities.

Ortle McManigal's case will be disposed of within the next ten days. It is understood now that he will plead guilty to placing the dynamite under the Lowell Iron Works on December 25, 1910. That he will be given a light sentence is certain, although District Attorney Fredericks insisted tonight that he did not expect that McManigal will be permitted to go free.

"But he has been of great aid to us," said Fredericks, "and we hope that he will be shown leniency on that account."

It was reported here today that McManigal might be given a suspended sentence so that he might testify in the government's action at Indianapolis. District Attorney Fredericks refused to discuss this report but color was lent to it when he refused to make McManigal's confession public because "he might yet have to repeat it from the witness stand."

Political Plot.
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 2.—"A plot to defeat the socialists in the Los Angeles municipal election" was the motive behind the McNamara confessions, in the opinion of Mayor Seidel, Milwaukee's socialist mayor. Seidel tonight declared it was more than a coincidence that Judge Bordwell set as the date for pronouncing sentence on the two dynamiters the day of the Los Angeles elections.

Other socialists of the city asserted that an explanation was due from Attorney Darrow.

Unions Turn Against Them.
SPOKANE, Dec. 2.—Plans for a country wide petition to obtain the maximum penalty for the McNamara brothers, who pleaded guilty to dynamiting the Los Angeles Times, was started here today by the central labor council representing 4,500 union men.

The program is to have every labor union organization in the United States telegraph the California authorities before next Tuesday asking the maximum penalty be imposed.

What Gompers Says.
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—"They were guilty. They confessed. That's settled. I don't want to be asked what I think of them. But no one act of individuals can block the progress of the cause of labor. And I'd hate to lose my confidence in Clarence Darrow."

After more than twenty-four hours of thinking over the confession of John and James McNamara, this was the statement tonight of President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor.

At 8 p. m. Gompers was eating his breakfast, the first food he had had since told of the unexpected turn in the McNamara trial in Los Angeles yesterday. He said he had not slept a wink.

HOPKINS DARROW ENDED CASE

Joys, We Are Going to Plead Guilty," He told the Brothers in Their Cell at Dawn.

IT TOOK MUCH PRESSURE

How the Confession Was Brought About and Daily Farce in Court, Was Finished.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 2.—"A newer and brighter day is dawning for both labor and capital on the Pacific coast. From the ruins of the blasted hopes of unionists who have steadfastly supported the McNamara brothers in the belief that they were being persecuted because capital in the past has persecuted innocent men who opposed it, will come great good. The reign of terror that has existed in labor circles in Los Angeles for years, will cease. Capital and labor both see their mistakes. They intend to profit by them."

In this statement Lecompte Davis, one of the chief lawyers for the defense of the McNamara brothers sums up the opinion of thousands of employees and employers here.

The application of the "Golden Rule policy" in an effort to stop further strife, is being heralded with glad acclaim all over the city. Business men and workers alike agree that steps must be taken at once to bring about more harmonious relations between employers and employees. Industrial struggles must be shorn of their bitterness. Both sides must be made to feel in their dealings with one another. Arbitration must replace the old methods of settling disputes by the right of might and the classes must realize that each depends to no small extent upon the other for success.

Union sympathizers who were the most radical in their special support of the McNamaras are now clamoring for the law to mete out its stern penalty to the accused men. They are a unit in agreeing that labor has been betrayed. Hereafter there must be no suspicion attached to the movements of organized workers. Capitalists too have seen the light and are admitting that the methods they employed in dealing with their employees were in no small measure responsible for the character of the tactics used in retaliation. If the promised calm in the industrial storm becomes permanent, a model for the guidance of the entire world will be furnished here.

The developments in the McNamara trial came so unexpected that the entire city was amazed. A state of semi-anarchy existed. On one side was the forces of labor firm in the belief that the McNamaras were to be convicted though innocent, in order to strike a death blow at union labor. On the other hand was capital wildly clamoring for revenge and loudly proclaiming that all organized workers were anarchists ready to tear down the institutions of the government and confiscate property because their employers would not submit to absolute dictation from the employees.

A crisis was impending. Attorney Darrow and his associates had for more than a week thought the preponderance of evidence furnished by the state would send both brothers to the gallows. Workmen and women the nation over had denied themselves many of the smaller comforts of life that they might give their mites to the fund necessary to retain counsel and detectives for the men whom they believed innocent.

It would be a terrible blow to these loyal persons to inform them that they had been betrayed; that the prisoners, from their cells in the Los Angeles jail had sent out pleas for help and assurances that they were innocent, when their hands at that very moment were crimson with the blood of twenty-one victims of the disastrous explosion.

Millions were to be spent by attorneys for the defense. As Attorney Darrow walked back and forth in his room at the hotel pondering over the crisis, there flashed through his mind the vision of hundreds of women workers toiling in the dingy factories of the great cities for small wages, yet loyally giving a share of their pittance each week for the cause that they believed just.

Despite the positive assertion today by District Attorney Fredericks, that so far as he was concerned, the "Golden Rule" had nothing to do with the accepting of a plea of guilty in the McNamara case, Lincoln Steffens, who

"They were guilty, and murder will out," he asserted.

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NEST OF DYNAMITERS HAS BEEN FOUND; NOW FOR THE WORK OF EXTERMINATION

An Inner Circle of Men, Some of National Repute, Involved and Federal Probe Will Smoke Them Out.

SECRETS IN BOOKS OF IRON WORKERS

An Even Greater Sensation Than the McNamara
Confession of Guilt Is Expected to Come
in a Few Days.

Following the amazing incidents in the great labor tragedy in Los Angeles the scene of action is now changing to Indianapolis where developments of the most sensational nature are soon expected.

More than 1,500 letters from locals of the bridgemen's unions scattered all over the country will be placed before the federal grand jury and many union men will be summoned to explain how their names come to be mentioned in the correspondence. More arrests are expected.

United States District Attorney Charles W. Miller admitted that he holds unionists letters which reported progress on certain bridges which were built by non-union labor and frankly suggested that they be dynamited. It is a coincidence that in towns from which the confiscated letters were sent out, 75 dynamitings have occurred. The grand jury will meet December 14.

The federal authorities expect to be soon in possession of a complete confession by the McNamaras, implicating others in a general dynamiting conspiracy. Miller says merely: "We expect the McNamara's confession to throw great light on the case."

Everything tonight indicates that the federal government will take up the prosecution of the alleged conspiracy where it was cut off by the McNamara confessions in Los Angeles, the prosecution being greatly aided by the guilty stories of the McNamaras. This national net is set for the alleged conspirators in 113 separate dynamiting plots in which the government holds 112 lives and upwards of \$4,000,000 of property were destroyed during the past six years.

The Nest Unearthed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 2.—Behind the doors of the vaults of the federal building here tonight, silently watched over by two guards, lay books and documents, which are believed to contain evidence of a criminal conspiracy for dynamiting that will involve an "inner circle" of nearly two score men and unlock the complete secret of the reign of crime which resulted in the dramatic confessions of John J. and James B. McNamara.

"My investigation of the books and documents of the International association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers produced evidence which tended to show that more than thirty persons were in touch with John J. McNamara previous to his arrest and that these persons had a sinister purpose in view," said Prosecuting Attorney Frank P. Baker here tonight.

The Hidden Message.
"A number of the letters and records of the Iron Workers which were first seized by the Indiana authorities and later turned over to the federal authorities, show nothing on the surface, but the very manner in which they were written proves that they conveyed a message that would not be understood by the casual reader."

"The trust has been broken," said United States District Attorney Charles W. Miller. "There will be developments that will carry the case to its end. Nothing will be left dark. Every phase of the dynamiting cases will be investigated. As a federal official I cannot even hint what these developments will be."

This statement tonight of the government's legal officer in charge of the probe of the dynamiting cases, was taken to forecast sensational developments here.

Not the slightest doubt remains that the United States grand jury will return indictments charging conspiracy to violate the laws of the United States regarding the transportation of explosives, but involving far more serious crimes.

District Attorney Miller said tonight he had no idea how long the investigation would last.

From absolutely reliable sources, however, it is learned that plans are being made for the probe to consume many months, if necessary. It is reported that the custom office, now occupying a large suite in the federal building will be moved to make room for United States secret service operatives. Other agents, it is said, are coming here to aid in the prosecution of the indictments.

Speculation is rife as to the names of the men who are involved in the "inner circle" of the reputed criminal conspiracy of men "higher up" behind the nationwide dynamitings. Men of international repute are mentioned.

"The public will have to wait and see," is the answer of District Attorney Miller to all queries. "It is impossible for me to give out any 'inside' information."

All Books Seized.

All the books and documents of the association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, of which John J. McNamara is secretary-treasurer, are now in the hands of the United States authorities. The last of the remaining documents were seized today by federal officers, acting under orders from Federal Judge Albert A. Anderson, when it was reported that the iron workers organization was contemplating receivership action relative to the remaining books. The documents were taken from the vaults of the Indiana Trust Co., and removed to the federal building, placed in vaults there with the other documents that were previously seized by the United States officials.

Particular Book-Keeping.

Since Herbert S. Hockin, second vice-president of the International association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, has been filling the office of secretary-treasurer in the absence of J. J. McNamara, it is stated that all of the money expended for organization purposes has been carefully accounted for. Hockin said tonight: "I have not investigated Mr. McNamara's accounts sufficiently to know what system of bookkeeping he used. I probably use a different one. This may account for the method in which he has listed organization expenses."

J. A. C. Badorf, chief of Burns' detective staff, is expected to return here Monday in connection with the federal probe. Badorf and two other Burns' detectives have been in the city during the past week, holding daily conferences with federal officials.

One of the most prominent of the federal officials connected with the federal investigation said tonight that there was certain to be at least ten or twelve indictments here and that it was highly probable that additional ones would be returned as a result of federal investigations elsewhere.

Eight Burns' detectives arrived here late today in connection with the government probe.

All of the evidence gathered by Burns' detectives and every scrap of information in the possession of the National Erectors association has been turned over to the federal authorities, District Attorney Miller announced tonight.

At Work in Detroit.
DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 2.—That a Burns detective has been at work in Detroit ever since James B. McNamara and Ortle McManigal were arrested here last April, is the statement of the police today.

of evidence against the McNamara brothers so far as the two local jobs were concerned.

The most successful of the dynamitings was the wrecking of the Detroit City Gas building in June, 1906. Later an attempt was made to blow up the White Head and Kales plant.

Gigantic Conspiracy.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Detective William J. Burns took refuge in secrecy tonight, on the eve of his departure for New York, where demands were made of him, for confirmation of a story that his operatives would present to the Indianapolis grand jury evidence of the most gigantic conspiracy for wholesale dynamiting ever unearthed in criminal annals, and involving a score or more of individuals.

The basis for the Indianapolis story was the allegation that books and letters seized at the headquarters of the structural iron workers apparently showed to whom money was paid for "commissions"—"dynamitings," the detectives say—and named certain union leaders who were alleged to be in the "inner circle"—men of international reputation.

Detective Burns was asked for information along this line.

"I cannot discuss the matter," the detective declared. "All I can say is that somebody who knows the inside workings of the investigation, is giving information that can be given full credit."

The Bars Are Waiting.

"Naturally," he said, "I can't discuss the matter. Developments will speak for themselves. The investigation will continue until every one of the known culprits is behind the bars. That's all I can say."

Burns said that he sent operatives tonight to points where he hoped to get information about M. A. Schmidt and David Kaplan, the two other alleged dynamiters of the suspected terrorist ring. He stated that he was leaving for New York tonight to wind up some business connected with the bankers association, and expected to leave for the Pacific coast in a few days.

"My future work there," he said, "will be governed by a conference I expect to hold with District Attorney Fredericks."

Calls Gompers Ignoramus.

The detective was bitter in his denunciation of President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor.

"About all the American Federation of Labor has accomplished," he declared, "has been the denial of the right of unorganized workmen to sell their labor, effectuated by terrorism, and the enforcement of ignorance, fitly represented by such unfair ignoramuses as Samuel Gompers. Had not the McNamaras confessed, the denunciations he and the radical press made of me would have led many well-meaning people to believe that I am a criminal conspirator in the service of the employers of the country. I have nothing to do with the quarrels of capital and labor, and will undertake to ferret out crime for one just as readily as for the other. I have denounced employers who pay poor wages and make oppressive conditions, just as frequently as I have denounced the constructive tyranny of ignorance through unfit leaders in labor organizations."

Oratory and Dynamite.

"J. B. McNamara joined the labor unions to advance his personal interests, and became a dynamiter. There are others who use oratory."

Burns said that it was his opinion that the overwhelming evidence which his operatives secured from Frank Eckhoff, of Cincinnati, regarding the McNamaras dynamiting operations, was the impelling motive behind the confessions.

Telegrams of congratulations poured into Burns' office today. The one the detective prized most was from Francis J. Heney, former prosecutor in San Francisco, and with whom Burns was associated in the graft investigations.

Roosevelt Seems Glad.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 2.—The Burns agency here this afternoon received the following telegram from Theodore Roosevelt addressed to W. J. Burns.

"All good American citizens feel that they owe you a debt of gratitude for your signal service."

Who Furnished the Money?
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The McNamara confessions will have no effect on the widespread investigations into the alleged gigantic dynamiting conspiracies now being carried on by the federal authorities aided by officials of the National Erectors association, according to Walter Drew, its New

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