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September Sale Special

FOR THIS WEEK Regular \$1.50 Savory Grey Enamel, Self Basting, Self Browning Roaster at

77c

Other styles of Savory Roasters up to \$3.00.

Schell-Demple FURNITURE COMPANY



The Diamond Ring

reflects the man who buys it. When he buys at Renaud's it means he paid cash, but it also means he has invested in the best diamond value in Keokuk.

Cash purchases and cash sales explain the whole thing. All grades. All sizes.

\$5 to \$250

Renaud's Jewelry Store

A SAFE PLACE TO TRADE.

"Everybody's Doing It Now"

Smoking -

The Grand Leader

A Big 5c Cigar

MADE BY

C. W. Ewers

1120 Main Street

The Keokuk School of Music

Paul R. Utt, Director

Pupils may enter at any time.

27 N. Fourth Street

Phone 1653

A Mother's Awful Act.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

MILWAUKEE, Wis. Sept. 21.—Mrs. Mary Draf, 35, tonight gathered her three little children about her, as her husband came home, greeted him with a kiss and then drank carbolic acid from a bottle which she had concealed in her dress and died within a few minutes.

YOM KIPPUR WAS OBSERVED HERE

Keokuk Hebrews Observe the Most Sacred Day of the Jewish Year and Doors Were Closed.

DAY OF ATONEMENT ENDS DAYS IN KANSAS

Observance of Yom Kippur Begins With Kol Nidre and Shofar Ends the Twenty-Four Hour Fast.

Yesterday, the most sacred day of the Jewish year, was observed here by the orthodox Jews of this city and visiting Jews who remained over in Keokuk yesterday. Yom Kippur, the day of atonement on the Hebrew calendar, fell this year on September 21, and was observed in all sections of the country, beginning Friday evening at 6 o'clock, and lasting until the same hour Saturday evening. For the observance of the day, those of the Hebrew faith observe the command found in Leviticus XVI, 30. "On that day shall atonement be made for you that you may be cleansed from your sins before the Lord." With the Jews it is the day of prayer, confession and repentance, and the day of the Great White Fast, on which day most Jewish people abstain from food from evening to evening. Also, the places of business of Jews are closed on Yom Kippur, from 6 o'clock of the evening before, to the same hour of that day. This was noticeable in Keokuk yesterday, the places of business operated by Hebrews in this city being closed in observance of the occasion.

Kol Nidre Service. The holy day begins with the evening service which has a distinctive name, Kol Nidre. The following day sees service follow service until the closing or Nella service at sundown. Special commemoration of the dead is held either at the Kol Nidre service, as is the case at Jerusalem, or after the morning prayers, or at a special afternoon service, as in the reform ritual. In many places it is customary to bring candles to the synagogue on the atonement day where they are burned in memory of the dead.

The orthodox Jew on this day dresses in a long white garment as a sign of the holy joy of the day, and stands unshod during the long hours of the prayers. So deep-rooted is the desire of an atoning sacrifice for sins committed, such as was offered during the sacrificial atonement service at the temple at Jerusalem, that in many countries the custom is found amongst Jews of swinging over one's head, on or before the eve of atonement, a fowl, usually a rooster or hen; solemnly pronouncing the same to be a vicarious sacrifice to be killed in the place of the Jew or Jewess who might be guilty of death by his or her sin. The slaughtered animal, called Kaporot, or its equivalent, was then given to the poor. In preparation for the day of atonement it is usual to offer gifts of charity ("Righteousness, or charity, delivereth from death" Prov. X, 2) and to go to the cemetery to visit the graves of the dead.

Shofar Ends Fast. At the close of the long hours of solemn devotion the ram's horn or Shofar, is sounded once in the synagogue, and the congregation is dismissed to go home and break the fast of twenty-four hours.

BAD CONVICT ON ANOTHER RAMPAGE

John McElliott Renews Hostilities With Old Enemy and Gets Broken Nose.

FORT MADISON, Ia., Sept. 21.—Angered because he had been brought to trial in the district court here on the charge of assault with intent to kill, John W. McElliott, a convict in the state prison, renewed hostilities with his old enemy, Patrick O'Brien, also a prisoner, by throwing a heavy syrup pitcher at his head in the prison dining room Friday night. O'Brien dodged the pitcher and escaped unhurt, but when guards attempted to seize McElliott to hasten him to the solitary confinement he fought so desperately that he is reported to be lying now in the prison hospital with his nose broken and three ribs fractured.

Going Home to Vote.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Imprecious voters among government employes will be sent home to vote for Governor Wilson with funds subscribed by local democrats. It was announced today. The local Wilson-Marshall club is taking subscriptions to a fund to pay railroad fares of democrats who will "vote right" at home. Thousands of government employes will go home to vote. Republican managers are also preparing to amass a "travel fund" to send voters home, but the democrats showed their hand first.

KEOKUK DISPATCH' EARLY DAY PAPER

The First Democratic Paper Printed in the City, of Bright Appearance and Ably Edited.

ENDS DAYS IN KANSAS

Changed Hands Many Times Before Its Removal to the Sunflower State in the Year 1866.

The history of the newspapers of a city is a great feature in the history of that city. There is not extant a reliable or detailed record of the newspapers of Keokuk. Either the necessary facts could never be found or nobody has ever assumed the task of finding them and arranging them into an interesting and instructive story. There are many isolated chapters found on Keokuk journalism, but these chapters have never been joined together by links and if they had, the intervening space between them would be so far apart that they would answer a very unsatisfactory purpose as anything like a complete history on the subject.

It has been written that prior to 1848 the democratic party in Lee county had no organ in Keokuk, although they had the Lee County Democrat printed at Fort Madison. The whigs had the Keokuk Register, which under the editorial management of J. W. Ogden had gained a large circulation in southern Iowa and something must be done.

On May 20, 1848, the first number of the Keokuk Dispatch was issued and of this paper it is intended to form a brief story of its career, assisted by a copy of that paper which is kindly placed in the hands of a Gate City representative by Mrs. James W. Fickle of 1405 Johnson street, who very reluctantly allowed it to be taken even for a short time from the home, it being held with great appreciation by herself and husband as a relic of old Keokuk days. This number is dated November 15, 1854, in its palmist days and presents a prosperous appearance.

The Dispatch was at the beginning under the proprietorship of John B. Russell and Reuben L. Doyle, and being ably edited the two parties were well matched as to newspaper representations. April 19, 1849, Russell sold his interest to Doyle, but remained for a time as associate editor. He died of cholera while so employed. On July 9, 1850, S. W. Halsey became part owner and the firm became Doyle & Halsey. In 1851 George Green bought Halsey's interest and April 15 T. B. Cuming, a brilliant writer, afterwards governor of Nebraska took editorial charge. In July 1852, T. B. Cuming and G. W. Armstrong became the proprietors. In November 1852, W. A. Hornish bought Armstrong's interest and turned sold to T. B. Cuming who became sole proprietor May 24, 1853.

Early in 1853 H. W. Beers is found owning the paper, who sold it to D. Reddington November 15 of the same year, and the old number of the Dispatch borrowed from Mrs. Fickle has the announcement of this change

THE PLAIN TRUTH.

What More Can Keokuk People Ask?

When well-known residents and highly respected people of Keokuk make such statements as the following, it must carry conviction to every reader:

B. Vanderhayden, St. Charles Hotel, Keokuk, Iowa, says: "There was a dull ache across my back and the secretions from my kidneys passed irregularly. I finally made up my mind to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a supply at Wilkinson & Co's. Drug Store. My decision was a good one, for Doan's Kidney Pills soon corrected my trouble. I consider this preparation beneficial for all troubles caused by disordered kidneys." (Statement given August 14, 1906.)

NO TROUBLE SINCE.

On May 3, 1910, Mr. Vanderhayden was interviewed and he said: "Doan's Kidney Pills effected a permanent cure in my case. I can still endorse this remedy highly and I take pleasure in doing so."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.



New Tailoring Establishment

Making the highest class Garments, such as Men's Suits, for the fall and winter wear, Pants and Overcoats. Also ladies' Suits, Jackets and Top Coats.

We also make alterations, clean, press and repair clothes of all kinds.

We can save you money on a Suit. Call and see our beautiful patterns.

All work guaranteed to please

Carl Wilbat The Tailor 1105 Main St.



which forms an interesting chapter of newspaper history well worthy of preservation.

Mr. Beers on the editorial page makes public the following card:

To the Public. "The undersigned having found his health unequal to the task of managing the editorial and business departments of this journal announces to his patrons and the public that with the present number his connection with it ceases, he having disposed of the establishment to D. Reddington, Esq., who has assumed the proprietorship and editorial supervision.

"Mr. Reddington is a sound, consistent democrat, and will conduct the paper in such a manner as to subserve the advancement of democratic principles. As a writer, Mr. Reddington has had considerable experience, as is evinced by the productions of his pen which have appeared from time to time in the columns of the Dispatch as well as other journals.

"The undersigned takes the liberty of urging on the democracy the importance of giving this journal a vigorous and liberal support and trusting a long career of prosperity is before it, he tenders to his friends and exchanges his warmest acknowledgements for the kindness and partiality manifested towards him.

H. W. BEERS.

Mr. Reddington, his successor, follows with this announcement:

"It is not only desirable that the Dispatch should be a sound political paper, but a valuable family journal for those who care but little for politics, by containing such a variety of cheerful pleasantries, scientific, agricultural and other important matter as may be desired.

"No one need look into its columns for a participation in strifes of a mere local character, or personal difficulties, but it is hoped that the great and general interests of the people will not be overlooked.

D. REDDINGTON."

In another announcement, unsigned, is the following: "To the Patrons of the Dispatch and the Public." This editorial gives some idea of the manner of political thought in those days, two years before Fremont was the first republican candidate for president and James Buchanan the democratic candidate won over him in a heated contest. The editorial reads:

"From the foregoing announcement of Mr. H. W. Beers, it is seen that you are to lose, with the present number, the very able and valuable services of the editor, who has had the management of the Dispatch for the past few months.

"The greatest desire of the undersigned is, that its justly merited popularity as an able democratic paper, may be sustained; if it is not, it will be for want of ability and not from want of devotion to the principles of the democratic party—that party based upon the recognition of the doctrines—'The greatest good to the greatest number'; 'Our country in peace and war'; the constitution and the compromises connected therewith in its creation and the execution of the laws of its requirements; its strict construction; maintenance of the doctrine of state rights; guards against central power and the maintenance of the great fundamental principle that the people are competent to determine the character of their own institutions, and make their own laws: liberal naturalization laws; no distinction for offices, except ability, integrity and political orthodoxy; the chastisement of political demagogues and party abuses, without treachery to party and fusion with enemies."

On the 28th of October, 1855, Reddington changed the name to the Saturday Post and at the same time began the publication of a daily paper in which he was associated with W. B. Lynch. In January 1858, Reddington sold out and from that date until 1860 the Post was published by William Rees Sr. & Sons, who removed the office to Doniphan, Kas., where they published a paper for one year. That ended the career of this

SEITHER & MOORE Are Keokuk's Best Plumbers

See them for anything in the Plumbing line. They carry a large and complete stock of Bath room outfits. In fact everything you need to make your plumbing job a sanitary one.

Call on them next time Corner 5th & Johnson Keokuk, Iowa BELL PHONE 244 RED

WALL PAPER WAS FOOD FOR FLAMES

SENATOR LODGE OPENS CAMPAIGN

Refuses to Make Attacks on Opponents of Taft, But Gives Good Talk.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 21.—In opening the republican campaign in Ohio tonight, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge made a vigorous attack upon the legislative program adopted by the democratic house during the last year. He denounced the naval plan of the democratic legislators, their attitude toward civil service employes and their economy program which he said was economical only in instances when votes at the polls were not affected and was "lavishly extravagant" when an appropriation from the United States treasury might bring returns in votes.

No attack was made upon the candidates who are opposing President Taft. The senator said at the outset that his speech would likely be dry and lacking in spice on account of his refraining from personalities, but that he preferred to "retain his respect for himself and the Ohio citizens he was addressing" by advancing plain arguments.

The address contained strong words of praise for President Taft and his administration of the executive office. Others who spoke were Dr. John Wesley Hill of New York; R. B. Brown, republican candidate for governor of Ohio; former Congressman James E. Watson of Indiana and T. L. Lewis, former president of the United Workers of America.

Trouble For Indianapolis.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] MILWAUKEE, Wis. Sept. 21.—Rumors here tonight were that trouble is brewing in the American Association, with Owner Sol Meyers of Indianapolis club as the central figure. Meyers is said to have violated a rule of the league in negotiating with Manager Mike Kelly of the St. Paul club to secure Kelly as manager of the Indianapolis team, while Kelly was still bound by contract to Owner Lennon.

Georgetown Star Hurt.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—"Big Dave" White, fullback and star of the Georgetown University football team, was the victim of the capital's first gridiron accident of the season this afternoon. He broke his collar bone diving at a tackling dummy and will be out of the game a month.

ALARM CAME SLOWLY

Appleton Store on Upper Main Street Gutted by Fire Saturday Night During Hot Little Blaze.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

It was a hot little blaze the firemen fought for a half hour or more last night at No. 1119 Main street, when the Appleton wall paper and painting establishment was destroyed. No. 1119 Main street, a two story brick building belonging to the Stebbins estate, is one of the interesting sights of upper Main street on account of the extreme narrowness of the building for its height. The lower floor was occupied by the Appleton store, carrying a good sized stock of wall papers and paints. John Dick and family lived on the second floor.

Mr. Appleton left the store at 9:30 o'clock and saw no evidence of fire at that time. Shortly before 11:00 o'clock, the blaze was noticed by passersby and an alarm was turned in from the Ewers cigar store on the opposite side of the street. Mr. Ewers told Chief Anderson last night that it took him fifteen minutes to get telephone service.

Clouds of Smoke.

When the firemen arrived, the entire interior of the lower floor was blazing and the smoke was pouring out through the cracks in great clouds. The heat broke the plate glass front and everything in the shop was ruined before the blaze was quenched by means of two lines of hose and the chemical engine.

The Dick apartments on the second floor were thoroughly smoked, but the blaze was confined to the lower floor and the damage suffered by the Appleton concern is covered by insurance.

Had the blaze occurred later in the evening and been given a better start before noticed, the building would have been destroyed and possibly the family living on the second floor would have perished in the flames.

WABASH

No. 2, daily, leaves at 4:15 pm No. 4, daily except Sunday, leaves at 4:40 am No. 76, daily except Sunday, freight, leaves at 8:10 am Arrive. No. 77, daily except Sunday, freight, arrives 5:00 pm No. 15, daily except Sunday, arrives 9:35 pm No. 3, daily, arrives 11:05 am Nos. 76 and 77 carry passengers.

Toledo, Peoria and Western Railway.

\*Train 4—Leaves 7:00 am \*Train 2—Leaves 2:05 pm \*Train 3—Arrives 12:05 pm \*Train 7—Arrives 8:35 pm x—Daily. \*—Daily except Sundays.

C. B. & Q. RAILWAY CO.

Trains leave from the Union Depot. Berths and tickets. Fifth and Johnson streets.

Southbound.

xNo. 8, St. Louis, west and south leaves 12:45am xNo. 12, St. Louis, Kansas City, west and south, leaves 8:50am xNo. 4, arrives 1:15pm Leaves 1:20pm \*No. 10, Quincy, Hannibal and Kansas City, arrives 8:25pm \*No. 10 leaves 8:35pm

Northbound.

xNo. 7, St. Paul and points west, leaves 2:35am xNo. 13, Chicago, St. Paul and points west, leaves 7:35pm \*No. 3, Burlington, Chicago and east, leaves 1:55pm xNo. 1, Burlington and Chicago, leaves 7:55am \*No. 51, Donnellson, C. B. & K. C. and North road, leaves 8:30pm \*No. 50, from Donnellson, C. B. & K. C. and North road arrives 11:30am \*No. 1, K. & W., west, leaves 9:05am No. 5, Centerville, leaves Sunday only 7:35pm \*No. 3, Centerville, leaves 9:10pm \*No. 4, from Centerville and points intermediate, arrives 1:15pm \*No. 2, from Centerville and points west, arrives 8:10pm No. 6, from Centerville, arrives, Sundays only 11:55am x Daily. \*Daily except Sunday.

K. & W. ELECTRIC CO.

Leaves East. Arrive Warsaw

Keokuk Hamilton Jct. Warsaw \*6:00 am 8:40 am 7:40 am 7:00 am 7:25 am 8:15 am 8:45 am 9:00 am 9:15 am 10:15 am 10:30 am 10:50 am 12:05 pm 12:25 pm 12:45 pm 2:30 pm 2:45 pm 3:00 pm 4:10 pm 4:25 pm 4:45 pm \*5:20 pm 5:35 pm 5:55 pm 6:05 pm 6:20 pm 6:40 pm 7:45 pm 8:00 pm 8:20 pm 9:30 pm 9:45 pm 10:00 pm 10:45 pm 1:00 pm 11:15 pm

Leave West. Arrive Keokuk

Warsaw Hamilton Jct. Keokuk \*6:40 am 6:50 am 7:45 am 8:05 am 8:20 am 9:20 am 9:40 am 9:55 am 11:00 am 11:25 am 11:40 am 12:45 pm 1:05 pm 1:20 pm 3:10 pm 8:30 pm 8:45 pm 4:45 pm 5:05 pm 5:20 pm 6:00 pm 6:20 pm 6:35 pm 7:00 pm 7:20 pm 7:35 pm 8:45 pm 9:05 pm 9:20 pm 10:05 pm 10:25 pm 10:40 pm 11:20 pm 11:40 pm 11:55 pm \*Daily except Sunday. All other trains daily.

Rock Island

\*Train 473—Leaves Keokuk. 7:40 am \*Train 741—Leaves Keokuk. 8:30 pm \*Train 472—Arrives Keokuk. 7:40 pm \*Train 470—Arrives Keokuk. 1:05 pm Local Freight Trains. \*Train 56—Arrives Keokuk. 5:30 pm \*Train 85—Leave Keokuk. 7:00 am \*Daily except Sunday.

TOWERING EGOTISM OF BULL MOOSE

Two Speeches by William Jennings Bryan in the State of Idaho.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

BOISE, Idaho, Sept. 21.—William J. Bryan made two speeches in Idaho today, his train stopping at Idaho Falls and Pocatello. At Idaho Falls he talked for more than an hour discussing at length the attitude of both Taft and Roosevelt on issues of the day. He said Taft was honest and sincere but was not in touch with the common people due to interests by which he was surrounded. He flayed Roosevelt as an eleventh-hour progressive. He said he gave Roosevelt credit for honesty and sincerity, but said his great fault was his towering egotism.

Bryan illustrated his points with apt anecdotes and kept his big crowd in good humor. He closed with a plea for election of Wilson and Marshall and the democratic state ticket. Pocatello turned out a big crowd to greet the Nebraskan. He discussed the tariff and the trusts in his speech there.