



Fascinating Fashions of the Hour

We may ridicule some of them and wonder if we shall look freakish—and then fall a victim; but we must admit that with all their queerness there is a simplicity that is charming.

Weaves have much to do in the fashion effect—the suede-like surfaces of fabrics emphasizing the modeling of the figure through the corset.

Yes, it is the corset that gives the effect—and we have just the Redfern shapes to fit you with before you buy your frock.

Let us fit you with a Redfern

You can wear it out of our department. It needs no breaking in, but is comfortable and easy at the first fitting, and ever after.

The Standard of Corset Fashion and Foundation for a Perfect Fitting Gown

Cor. 8th & Main Sts. The Golden Rule Keokuk, Iowa

BOND ISSUE LOST; SO IS EXTENSION

Proposition to Issue \$50,000 Worth of Paper for Certain Work Failed to Carry by Over 400.

SNOW UNDER NEW LIMIT

Plan to Take In More Territory is Defeated by Overwhelming Vote of 7 to 1.

Vote on Bond Issue. For issuing bonds 1,528 Against issuing bonds 2,012

Vote on Extension. For extension of city limits 248 Against extension of city limits 1,431

The vote on the \$50,000 bond issue and the proposed extension of the city limits was almost lost sight of by the majority of people in the bigger issue of electing a mayor and councilmen yesterday.

An analysis of the bond issue shows that the first ward was the only ward carrying the issue. The majority for it here was only 29. Even the south side wards which were said to want the proposition in order to have a sewer in Bloody Run, turned the issue down.

Vote on Bond Issue. First ward 229 200 Second ward 216 301 Third ward 256 345 Fourth ward 170 220 Fifth ward 221 345 Sixth ward 217 324 Seventh ward 189 271

Totals 1,528 2,012 There were 1,679 votes cast on the proposition to extend the city limits. The vote on this proposition was 1,431 noes and 248 ayes.

Afraid of Issue. The general opinion as to the loss of the proposed bond issue was that the people did not exactly understand why the idea was broached, and that they were afraid the money was being asked for in order to pay off some old debts.

The Total Women's Vote. The total vote cast by the women on the bond issue yesterday was 21. There were 11 voted in the third, seven in the first ward, 5 in the second ward, one in the fifth ward and none in the sixth and seventh.

TORREON REFUSES TO SURRENDER

(Continued from page 1.) taken by Villa. Colonel Huerta had displayed marked valor, they declared.

There is considerable apprehension here over the safety of British Consul Cummings, of Torreon, who Dorman said, was sent to Torreon by Villa on Friday to ask Velasco to surrender. His failure to return when Dorman left Saturday night, had caused a rumor that Velasco had executed him for coming with such a communication.

Dorman said he and old newspaper correspondents at the front were agreed that the several attacks by Villa on Gomez Palacio would go down in history as the most sanguinary battle of the revolution and one of the most striking exhibitions of valor in modern history.

SPLENDID CONCERT LAST EVENING

Last of the C. W. Best Series at the Y. W. C. A. Auditorium by the Japanese Concert Company.

TO HOLD MASS MEETING

For Women and Girls, to be Addressed by Miss Clara I. Taylor, a Gifted Young Woman.

Last night at the Y. W. C. A. occurred what was pronounced one of the most pleasing concerts ever given in Keokuk. This was the Japanese company, the last of the C. W. Best series, and the stage was appropriately decorated with beautiful Japanese tapestry, red wood baskets filled with long branches of cherry blossoms.

A mass meeting for women and girls is planned for Sunday. It will be held in the auditorium and will be addressed by Miss Clara I. Taylor, extension secretary of the North Central field of the Young Women's Christian association.

WHERE SIEGEL'S FORTUNE WENT

(Continued from page 1.)

Esterhazy of Austria and the Princess Hohenzoln of Germany. In addition to these she gave entertainments at a club in the Bois de Boulogne whose gorgeousness and display stunned even Paris.

Healthy Hair--No More Dandruff

Parisian Sage Makes Dry, Unattractive Hair Soft, Fluffy, Abundant and Radiant With Life.

It's entirely needless to have unsightly, matted, scraggy or faded hair. A little care is all that is needed to make it soft, pretty, perfectly healthy, and free from dandruff, the hair destroyer.

Use Parisian Sage—it supplies hair needs and is absolutely harmless. It cleanses the scalp of all dandruff, quickly stops itching head and falling hair, and is one of the best tonics to stimulate the hair and make it grow long and beautiful.

Duncan-Schell Furn. Co. How Do YOU Clean Your Home? Do you use the old broom, scatter the dust and dirt, tire yourself out and have an unsanitary home? Why not collect all the dust and dirt and remove it entirely? Take things easy and do have a healthy, sanitary home. No dusting. All by using THE BISSELL ELECTRIC SUCTION CLEANER.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS

United Press Association Telegraph Market Report Over Gate City Leased Wire.

Grain Review. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, March 31.—Plenty of moisture over the western wheat belt, a private estimate of a 600,000,000 bushel crop and further slackening of the foreign demand, caused liquidation by big wheat holders today and prices continued to tumble.

Corn was under pressure from the start losing 1/4 for May and 1/4 for July. Reports that 12,000,000 bushels of Argentine corn had been sold to this country hastening selling.

Oats futures at first resisted the bear movement in the other pits and held fairly steady, but toward noon the effect of the break in corn was felt and prices declined 1/4 for each month.

Provisions were steady and a shade higher in earlier trading but eased off with the decline in corn.

Daily Range of Prices. CHICAGO, Ill., March 31.—Open. High. Low. Close.

WHEAT—May 90 92 90% 91% July 87% 87 86% 86% CORN—May 68% 68% 67% 67% July 68% 68% 67% 67%

OATS—May 39 39 38 38% July 39% 39% 38% 38% PORK—May 20.80 20.90 20.67 20.72 July 20.87 20.97 20.75 20.80

LARD—May 10.50 10.50 10.45 10.47 July 10.62 10.75 10.62 10.65 RIBS—May 11.05 11.12 11.00 11.02 July 11.20 11.27 11.15 11.20

Chicago Cash Grain. CHICAGO, March 31.—Wheat—No. 2 red, 92@93 1/4; No. 3 red, 92 1/4; No. 2 hard, 91 1/4@91 3/4; No. 3 hard, 91 1/4@91 3/4; No. 3 spring, 92 1/4.

Corn—No. 3, 65@67 1/2; No. 2, 65 1/2@67 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 65 1/2@66 1/2; No. 4 white, 62@66; No. 4 yellow, 62 1/2@65c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 38 1/2; No. 4 white, 38 1/2@38 1/2; standard, 39 1/2.

Peoria Grain. PEORIA, March 31.—Corn—Market 1/2c higher; 1/2c lower. No. 4 white, 65c; No. 3 yellow, 65 1/2c; No. 4 yellow, 64 1/2@65c; No. 3 mixed, 65 1/2@65 1/2c; No. 4 mixed, 64 1/2@64 1/2c.

Oats—Market 1/2c lower. No. 1 white, 40c.

Chicago Live Stock. CHICAGO, March 31.—Hog receipts 12,000; market light, strong; others Sheep and mutton, \$5.76@6.50; lambs, \$6.55; good heavy, \$8.35@8.60; rough heavy, \$8.25@8.35; light, \$8.50@8.70; pigs, \$7.25@8.60.

Cattle receipts 40,000; market weak. Beeves, \$6.95@9.45; cows and heifers, \$5.65@8.40; stockers and feeders, \$5.75@8.00; Texans, \$7.20@8.28.

Sheep receipts 25,000; market steady, 10c lower. Native, \$5.25@6.85; western, \$5.35@6.50; lambs, \$7.25@8.35; western, \$7.35@8.45.

St. Louis Live Stock. EAST ST. LOUIS, March 31.—Cattle receipts 4,200; market steady. Texas receipts 300; native beef steers \$7.50@9.25; cows and heifers, \$4.25@8.75; stockers and feeders, \$5.00@8.00; calves, \$6.00@9.50; Texas steers, \$5.75@8.00; cows and heifers, \$4.50@6.55.

Hog receipts 11,500; market \$1@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, \$8.60@8.70; good to heavy, \$8.55@8.70; 13.50.

New York Market. NEW YORK, March 31.—Money at call, 2 percent. Six months, 3 1/4 percent. Mercantile paper, unchanged. Bar silver London, 26 1/2 d. Bar silver New York, 53c. Demand sterling, \$4.86 1/2.

BITTER DEBATE ON TOLLS BILL

(Continued from page 1.)

public servants are actuated by the same high, courageous and patriotic motives by which he believes himself to be moved.

"I have never for one moment entertained the opinion that President Wilson is actuated by other than the highest patriotic motives. I do not believe that President Wilson has ever entertained any other opinion as to the conduct of those of us who find it necessary to differ with him on this measure. President Wilson does not desire a breach in the democratic party. I do not desire a breach in the democratic party and there is no breach in the democratic party. I would scorn to believe that President Wilson countenances for a moment the effort of some of the jackal press to represent that we are seeking to disrupt the democratic party.

The president is too big a man not to desire that this great question should be fought out on its merits, free from personalities which can do no good and may do much harm. The president has too high an idea of the duties of a public servant to desire members to do other than to vote their conscientious convictions. To most of these who have asserted that I am seeking to disrupt the party, the wish is father to the thought.

"The fact that I am making this fight for our platform pledges may end my public career. There are many things worse than being defeated for congress, or defeated for this speakership, or even worse than to be defeated for the presidency and one of them is to repudiate the platform on which you were elected.

"I can be happy without the presidency. I can be happy without the speakership. The happiest hours of my congressional life were spent on the floor of the house. If my constituents who have stood by me with unshaken fidelity should retire me to private life, I can still be happy in the love and affection of my wife and children, in the society of my books, and in cultivating flowers and trees.

"One thing dead sure, when I do go out of public life, whether next year or twenty years hence, it will be with my integrity unimpaired and my self respect intact. I will not leave my children much property but I will leave the rich legacy of a good name which King Solomon says is more precious than rubies."

Clark bitterly assailed the New York World and the New York Sun.

"These papers declare that I am opposing this surrender to Great Britain as an opening gun in my campaign for president in 1916. It may surprise these obsequious courtiers to know that I never hinted to any human being that I would be a presidential candidate in 1916 and that I am not a candidate. Consequently their slander has been gratuitous mental degradation. It will surprise these limber-backed ink swingers to know that I have uniformly told I would not be a candidate in 1916 and this: If President Wilson makes a success of his administration, he should be re-elected in 1916, but if he makes a failure, which God forbid, the nomination will not be worth having.

"I have not entertained the slightest ill will toward the president about the Baltimore convention. I wish him well. I did all I could to elect him, far more than some of those who so vociferously and wholesomely oppose him now and for whom deep down in his heart he must entertain some contempt. I have steadfastly supported him until we are called upon to bolt the platform. I absolutely refuse any such thing. I do believe that the fact that I led twenty-nine ballots at Baltimore, receiving a clear majority on nine and that I got a majority of over 300,000 over the president in primary elections where he and I

competed, precluded me from discharging my duty or exercising my rights as a representative in congress and as speaker of the house, to stand up for America against Great Britain. Whatever may be the difference of opinion respecting the merits of the case, I do President Wilson honor for his act. If I were in his place and believed as he does, I should do as he has done. Moreover I have such confidence in the president that I have not the slightest doubt that if he were in my place and believed what I believe, he would do as I am doing. But I do not and cannot endorse his judgment in this matter. I think he is wholly in the wrong, at least so far as the treaty bears upon our own domestic situation and consequently offers no just cause for the breaking of a well considered party pledge.

"If we have entered into any engagement which forbids us to manage our own affairs, then we must abide by its terms, however unnecessary and foolish that engagement may have been. Here, opinion-honest opinions—differ. Neither legally in a broad sense nor technically in a narrow application, does this treaty forbid us to regulate our transportation of our own goods in our own ships in our own canal between our own ports."

Republican Leader Mann this afternoon predicted possible war for the United States. On this he based his appeal against abandoning free tolls. He said it would mean embarrassment with England in the future. He contended England has no "license" to object to what America does with the canal so long as she charges English vessels reasonable tolls.

"If we construe the treaty according to the English claims," he said, "it is sure to rise and embarrass us whenever we have war with other countries. War is not desirable, but it is inevitable. We cannot always maintain peace.

"If we agree now to the English construction, it is certain that in the future, when we have a war with Japan, or China, or some other country, questions will arise in reference to their use and our use of the canal, especially as to war vessels. In that time of stress, we will be met with the contention by England, the present ally of Japan, or by some other country, which will embarrass, if not defeat us in war.

"I want to treat England fairly but I believe we have the right to do as we please in this matter and that it is an unfriendly act of England now at this late date to insist upon any other construction of the treaty.

"Of course we cannot honorably break a binding contract with England, nor do we desire to do so, but honor does not require us to accept a false construction of a treaty because it is against our interest and in the interest of England."

Cowardly Surrender. "Today we are paying the price of scholarly obstinacy of text book statismanship of sublime self-assurance, or chautauqua methods and grape juice diplomacy." Representative Humphrey, republican, of Washington, commented today in a red hot attack on the Panama canal tolls repeal bill.

He termed the proposal to abandon free tolls a "cowardly surrender to the dictates of an executive" and scornfully told the democrats their attitude was deserving of more contempt than the English language can express. Then he laid the blame for the bill on "the egotistical blundering" and policy of the democratic administration. "We have lived to see the imposing spectacle of a president not asking, but supplicating, congress to repudiate directly a platform plank he especially approved," the Washington member declared. "We have lived to

see the inspiring spectacle of a secretary of state sitting in the house of diplomacy gallery and vigorously applauding this plank which he himself wrote—applauding a proposition to barter the interests of his country to cover his own stupid blunder."

Humphrey declared Champ Clark would not have taken Wilson's stand if he had not been robbed of the nomination at Baltimore and prevented from becoming president.

"I congratulate the country that Champ Clark and Oscar Underwood still control their own votes," Humphrey continued. He charged that the president was the instrument whereby Japan and England plan to maintain "their international confidence game" of using the canal without American competition and that he had been a sympathetic listener to the trans-continental railroad plot to maintain freight rates. He said the repeal will rob the Pacific northwest of its benefit from the canal and throw the advantage to British Columbia and transcontinental lines.

"I am one who has never publicly talked war with Japan but the people of the Pacific coast are neither weaklings nor cowards," he said, in conclusion.

"They do not share the dread of the president nor the abject fear of the secretary of state, and if it comes to a question of national dishonor, or war, the people of the coast are ready for war."

Churchman Dead. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, March 31.—Rev. James Rowe, 53, corresponding secretary of Chicago Home Missionary and Church Extension society of the Methodist Episcopal church and one of the most widely known Methodist ministers in the west, died at his home early today. He was at his desk yesterday afternoon, but became seriously ill with kidney trouble in the evening.

Highland Forethought. The ferry boat was well on her way when a violent storm arose and fears were entertained for her safety. The ferryman and his mate (both Highlanders) held a consultation, and after a short debate the ferryman turned to his passengers and remarked anxiously: "We'll jus' tak' your tuppences now, for we dinna ken what might come ower us."

STOMACH SUFFERERS

Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy is Recommended and Praised By Thousands Who Have Been Restored



"I was a sick man for about three months caused by Gall Stones of the Liver and was told by three of our most prominent physicians that I would have to submit to an operation to get relief, but heard of your Wonderful Stomach Remedy and secured a full treatment and took it according to directions and passed hundreds of Gall Stones. Since taking your medicine I work regularly and don't feel any ill effects. I am praising your Remedy to all my friends. I think it's worthy of the highest praise. E. L. DOOLEY, Roanoke, Va."

Sufferers of Stomach, Liver and Intestinal Affections are not asked to take Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy for one and a passed which should make you feel better in health, convince you that you will soon be well and strong, free you from pain and suffering and give you a sound and healthy stomach, as it has done in thousands of other cases. Wherever it is taken you will hear nothing but the highest praise. Go to your druggist—ask him about the great results it has been accomplishing in cases of people he knows or send to Geo. H. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, 154-156 W. 18th St., Chicago, Ill., for a free book on Stomach Affections and many grateful letters from people who have been restored.

For sale in Keokuk by Wilkinson & Co., 422 Main St., and druggists everywhere.