

THE GATE CITY
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Keokuk, Iowa March 31, 1914

REMEMBER ME.
 Go where glory waits thee,
 But while fame elates thee,
 Oh! still remember me.
 When the praise thou meetest
 To thine ear is sweetest,
 Oh! then remember me.
 Other arms may press thee,
 Dearest friends caress thee,
 Sweeter far may be;
 But when friends are nearest
 And when joys are dearest,
 Oh! then remember me.
 When at eve thou rovest
 By the star thou lovest,
 Oh! then remember me.
 Think, when home returning,
 Bright we've seen it burning,
 Oh! thus remember me.
 Oft as summer closes,
 When thine eye reposes
 On its lingering roses,
 Once so loved by thee,
 Think of her who wove them,
 Her who made these love them,
 Oh! then remember me.
 When, around the dying,
 Autumn leaves are lying,
 Oh! then remember me.
 And, at night, when gazing,
 On the gay hearth blazing,
 Oh! then remember me.
 Then, should music, stealing
 All the souls of feeling,
 To thy heart appealing,
 Draw one tear from thee
 Then let memory bring thee
 Strains I used to sing thee,
 Oh! then remember me.
 —Thomas Moore.

THOUGHT FOR TODAY.
 The fortunate people—the truly fortunate—are not so much those who succeed in life as those who succeed in living.—Edward S. Martin.

Fine outlook for big crop prospects.
 Spring's so bashful, the timid thing.

All roads lead to the baseball practice lots.

Ye who have gardens to dig prepare to dig them now.

Government railroad ownership has become a reality in Alaska.

New York's got to quit kicking Colonel Bryan's llama around.

Isn't it a fine thing to see all the young ladies getting married.

Mayor Mitchell thinks New York's all right now. Yes, except at 2 a. m.

You can get anything you want from the old farm now by parcel post.

"To Bring Up Mexico." It does seem as if it never had much bringing up.

Villa cannot read, and in fact, it does not look as if he could even guess at the handwriting on the wall.

Paris calls her new dance the "very mustard." We suppose it contains a lot of what the baseball writers call "pep."

Ambassador Page will hereafter oblige the spirit of diplomacy by furnishing a complete chart with his speeches.

It is our conviction that only soft-headed men will wear feathers in their hats, no matter what the fashion makers may decree.

Governor Dunne names April 15 as good roads day, and exhorts the people of Illinois to get busy and "pull themselves out of the mud."

Just as we expected, some of the patrons of the Gotham cafes are complaining that the cabaret intruders so with boozing. We expected this.

A wave of moral reform is gathering strength, with police assistance, in Paris. Hereafter no lady will be allowed to shoot an editor without a police permit.

The California army of illustrious idlers has been ordered to disband. That means a resumption of the old places on the brake beams and a visit to our back yards.

Curraugh camp, the chief center of the mutiny of British army officers friendly to the Ulsterites, is the largest military station in Ireland, and is commonly known as "Curraugh of Kildare," being located in Kildare county. It is on the main line of railroad west from Dublin and very close to the geographical center of the island.

A certificate of proficiency in the domestic arts should be given away with each and every bride, according to H. L. Jones, a wealthy farmer of Geneva, Ill., and that is why he threw in a certificate for good measure when he gave his daughter, Miss Millicent Jones, in marriage to Me-ton Armagast, member of the school board of Joliet.

According to Dr. A. K. Fisher, of the biological survey of the department of agriculture, more than 400,000 prairie dogs, gophers, ground squirrels and mice have been killed in the government's campaign of destruction. The forage these rodents feed on would be sufficient for about 15,500 sheep or about 1,600 to 1,800 head of cattle, worth at least \$150,000.

THE CITY ELECTION.
 Keokuk has passed through its third election under the commission form of government and an entire new set of officials will preside during the next two years. Probably no election was ever held in the city in which so much interest was aroused, due perhaps to some extent that a minister was an aspirant for the position of mayor, which is unusual in city politics. The unexpected strength developed by Rev. Sanders at the primary indicated that he was a formidable candidate and directed by able leaders. The fact that he led Dr. Moorhead in the initial contest by 179 votes also added to his importance as an aspirant and encouraged his friends. These facts aroused great interest in the contest. The energetic efforts Rev. Sanders put into his campaign was also a source of encouragement to his supporters and he showed his earnestness and virility until the polls closed.

The vote cast was the largest ever recorded in a city election.

While the personnel of Keokuk has changed greatly within the past twenty years the sentiment in one respect appears to remain the same. A little more than twenty years ago this city elevated Dr. Moorhead to the position of mayor, and now after a lapse of more than a score of years again calls him to the highest position within the gift of the voters with the additional distinction and compliment that he received the largest majority ever given a candidate for the office. This paper has abundant faith in his ability and purpose to give Keokuk the same economic, sane and efficient service that marked his former administration, and in these worthy efforts he is entitled to the support of every citizen.

Frank F. T. Schmidt demonstrated that he could come back, and in the councilman race he, Abou Ben Adam, led all the rest. The voters evidently felt like they wanted to right a wrong and returned Mr. Schmidt to the council.

J. A. M. Collins retained his strength developed at the primary and went under the wire with a good safe majority.

The feature of the contest in the councilman race was the remarkable showing made by Commissioner Hickey. Against him the warfare was waged the hardest and his defeat was accomplished by the small margin of thirty votes. Hickey, after the elimination of Gray, had to carry the burden of the sins of the administration, whether real or imaginary, and that made his fight all the harder. His long reign in office naturally produced some opposition. Taking everything into consideration, no matter how much one may differ as to Mr. Hickey's methods and ability, they must give him credit for being a strong politician.

Fred Overton, new in city politics, made a great race and revealed the value of personal solicitation and hard work.

SCHOOLS TEST FARMERS' SEEDS.
 If Oklahoma has bumper crops this year it will be due in considerable measure to the direct aid rendered the farmers by the schools. Throughout the state the teachers and pupils have been systematically testing seeds for the planters in their respective communities, according to information received at the United States bureau of education. Every teacher in the state has received from State Superintendent Wilson a scoring sheet on which to record the tests. Seed from last year's crop is reported to be particularly unreliable, and agricultural experts say there is special need this year for some such direct service as the schools have offered.

"No movement has been started in our state which can result in as much good with so little cost to the people generally," declares Mr. Wilson. "It will not only be a financial benefit to the farmer by teaching him to plant none but good seed, but it is of distinct educational value to the children. It furnishes one of the best lessons that can be taught in botany or agriculture, and affords the opportunity to come in closer contact with every farmer in the community, a thing which all good teachers are anxious to do.

If the tests are properly made and the information followed by the farmers, the results should be remarkable. The lessons taught can be applied year after year and constantly

Cheap and Easily Made, But Ends a Cough Quickly
 How to Make the Very Best Cough Remedy at Home. Fully Guaranteed.

This pint of cough syrup is easily made at home and costs you about \$2.00 as compared with ordinary cough remedies. It relieves obstinate coughs—even whooping cough—quickly, and is splendid, too, for bronchial asthma, spasmodic croup and hoarseness.
 Mix one pint of granulated sugar with 3/4 pint of warm water, and stir for 2 minutes. Put 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (fifty cents' worth) in a pint bottle, and add the Sugar Syrup. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours. Tastes good.
 This takes right hold of a cough and gives almost instant relief. It stimulates the appetite, and is slightly laxative—both excellent features.
 Pinex, as perhaps you know, is a most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, rich in guaiacol and the other natural healing pine elements.
 No other preparation will do the work of Pinex in this mixture, although strained honey can be used instead of the sugar syrup, if desired.
 Thousands of housewives in the United States and Canada now use this Pinex and Sugar Syrup remedy. This plan has often been imitated, but the old successful combination has never been equaled. Its low cost and quick results have made it immensely popular.
 A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. Your druggist has Pinex, or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Improved upon, until the time will come in Oklahoma, as it should come, when no seeds of any kind whatsoever will be planted until they have first been tested. If the schools, through their teachers and pupils, can bring this about, they will have fulfilled one of the greatest missions for which they are supported by public funds—that of making breadwinning easier.

Officials of the bureau of education point to Superintendent Wilson's experiment in Oklahoma as an important example of what the schools can do to make the contact between education and the real life of the community in which the school is located.

GOETHALS BECOMES CIVIL GOVERNOR
 Will Take Charge Tomorrow of Everything From a Lead Pencil up.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The Panama canal enters upon another phase of progress tomorrow when civil government will be established on Uncle Sam's ten mile strip from ocean to ocean. Colonel George W. Goethals, who as chief engineer during construction of the big ditch has been autocrat of its administration is to be civil governor. Ever since the United States undertook building of the zone, it has been technically under military rule. A commission form of government had actual administration authority, but practically all the commissioners were military officers. Colonel Goethals has been supreme in authority. During the building of the canal it has often been said that Goethals' administration was required if an employe wanted to requisition a pencil.

The new civil government comes automatically in effect tomorrow in pursuance of a proclamation issued two months ago by President Wilson. The isthmian canal commission likewise dies. The Panama canal law, approved August 24, 1912—which is now under consideration in congress—makes the president the real ruler of Panama, through a governor and such other persons as he may elect. The president has told Goethals that he is to have free hand in his administration, which is taken to mean that the civil governor will have nearly 2,500 jobs at his disposal. There is no civil service on the canal either.

In his new job Goethals' foremost duty is to make the canal ready for use. He was given the place because it has been his ambition when the canal was completed and the engineering and construction forces had done with their work, that he might actually have some hand in the starting of commerce through the waterway. Of course the task of rearranging the administration in the zone is an enormous one, but that of drilling the canal employes in their work and of making the canal a success will from the start to finish be greater. On his recent visit here, the colonel made it plain that he intends to go slowly in re-arranging the zone government. By law, all executive orders and regulations will be continued in force after tomorrow, so that the switch from a commission to a one-man government will be accomplished with no apparent wrench. Speculation was rife here today as to whether Goethals plans to continue the semi-socialistic, paternalistic scheme of caring for canal employes under the new government. Heretofore the employe was furnished by the government with a residence; he was sold food supplies at cost, given free medical attendance and free schools, while every effort was made to encourage establishment of churches and recreation buildings. Needless to say, there were no taxes at all.

Goethals thinks the canal will be in running order by July 1—that is it will be constructively complete. But the chief engineer wants his operating force, the men who handle the giant locks, the towing locomotives, and other delicate machinery to be thoroughly drilled in their respective jobs before the canal is thrown open to

the commerce of the world. That may take several months.

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 DONNELSON.

Misses Irma Holderferer and Etta Taber were Keokuk callers Tuesday. Mrs. Ida Kile of LaCrew was a business visitor in our city Saturday.

Miss Myra Snider of Charleston, and Mrs. E. Hull and son Kenneth, of Keokuk, were callers in our city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bentzinger and daughters returned to their home in our city Friday, after having spent the winter in Marceles, Texas.

Mrs. Walter Lee and children visited in Salem several days the past week.

Miss Gertrude Mattern of Mt. Pleasant was an over Sunday visitor in our city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Nye of Muskogee, Okla., are visiting relatives in our vicinity.

Miss Edna Benjamin of Mt. Pleasant is spending a week's vacation at home.

Mrs. F. C. Tabor and daughter, Etta, were Farmington callers Friday.

About thirty of the Anti-knockers were entertained by Mrs. Geo. Green, near Warren, Friday evening.

Mrs. Natshe Boaler of Ft. Madison visited her parents in our city the past week.

Miss Laina M. Seyb left for Keokuk Wednesday, for an indefinite stay.

E. Hennes was a business visitor in Keokuk the fore part of the week.

Henry Tempel received a car load of sand the past week.

Misses Anna Temple and Alma Bank of Keokuk are spending a week's vacation at home.

Next Sunday, April 5, will be confirmation day at the G. E. church. All are cordially invited. The confirmation will take place at the morning service, at 10:00.

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 CHARLESTON.

Adam Hopp and family were Donnellson callers Monday.

Charles Buckner of New Boston was a Donnellson caller Monday.

Duncan-Schell Furn. Co.
WEDNESDAY SPECIAL
 Mrs. Toppin Will Make Pancakes Without Grease, Odor or Smoke

During demonstration we offer a three pint "Wear-Ever" Sauce Pan which regularly sells for 65c at **39c**



The Ware That Lasts a Generation
 You can cook the most easily scorched food in "Wear-Ever" Aluminum Utensils

with less fear of burning than in any other kind, because aluminum is a better distributor of heat and retains it longer. This means a saving in fuel. And it means a saving in wear-and-tear expense, too.

"Wear-Ever" utensils are light to handle and easy to clean. They cannot form poisonous compounds with fruit acids or foods.

"Wear-Ever" utensils are made from thick, hard sheet aluminum, 99% pure, without joint, seam or solder. You can let food burn dry without injuring them. Cannot rust—cannot chip or scale—are practically indestructible.

Replace utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ever"

SAVING MONEY
 Is the sure way to get ahead in the world. People with moderate incomes can spare a few dollars each month and in a few years have a snug sum of money. Accounts may be started with one dollar or more and draw 8 per cent interest.

The State Central Savings Bank
 Corner 6th and Main Streets
 Capital \$200,000 Surplus \$200,000

KEOKUK NATIONAL BANK
 affords every facility for doing your banking business that any bank can.

7 PER CENT ON TIME AND INTEREST ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

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 Wholesale Grocers and Coffee Roasters

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KEOKUK, IOWA

INSURE IN THE
IOWA STATE
 FIRE LIGHTNING WIND
 Phone 160

FRATERNAL CARDS
 MASONIC.
 Meet in K. of P. building, corner of Fifth and Blondeau. Eagle Lodge No. 12 holds its regular meeting the first Monday evening of each month.

Hardin Lodge No. 29, holds its regular monthly meeting the second Monday evening of each month.
 INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.
 Hall, Seventh and Main streets. Keokuk Lodge No. 13, meets regularly Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. C. A. Devero, N. G.; E. L. Boud, recording secretary.

Puckechetuck Lodge No. 32, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. J. G. Waldhaus, N. G.; George W. Imgart, permanent secretary.
 Puckechetuck Encampment No. 7, meets first and third Thursday evenings of each month. John Eisenhut, financial sorber.
 MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA, GIBBONS HALL.
 Keokuk Camp No. 622, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m. Our latch string is out to neighbors. John C. Wustrow, V. C.; J. A. Pollard, clerk.
 B. P. O. ELKS.
 Keokuk Lodge No. 106, meets first and third Thursday nights at Elms hall, Sixth and Blondeau streets. Club rooms open daily. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Dr. J. B. Howd, E. R.; Leroy J. Wolf, secretary.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
 Keokuk Aerie, No. 683, meets first and third Wednesday of each month at Eagle's hall, 523 Main street. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Ralph Foulds, W. President; C. A. Noakes, secretary.
 A. O. U. W.
 Keokuk lodge, No. 256, meets every Thursday night at 8:00 o'clock at Hawkes hall, Eighth and Main street. Visiting brethren cordially invited. C. M. C. Miller, M. W.; Gertrude Baur, recorder.

K. OF P.
 Morning Star lodge, No. 5, meets at Fifth and Blondeau, K. of P. building, Tuesday at 7:30. N. J. Montague, chancellor commander; J. A. Burgess, K. of R. and S. Visiting knights fraternally invited.
 KNIGHTS AND LADIES OF SECURITY KEOKUK COUNCIL NO. 1049 meets the first and third Monday of each month at A. O. U. W. hall, at 8 o'clock. Dr. C. A. Jenkins, president; Ernest Best, financier; Mrs. Ralph Muse, secretary.

ROYAL ARCANUM
 Keokuk Council No. 536 meets first and third Friday each month, Hawkes hall, Eighth and Main. Visiting brethren fraternally invited to attend. C. M. Kingman, regent; J. I. Annable, secretary.
 LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE
 Keokuk Lodge, No. 704, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p. m. in Moose hall, corner of Sixth and Main. Visiting brethren cordially invited. L. L. Laubersheimer, dictator. Ed. S. Lofton, secretary.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.
 Gate City Camp No. 81, Woodmen of the World, meets second and fourth Mondays of each month at Hawkes hall, corner Eighth and Main. Visiting sovereigns cordially invited. Albert Kiefer, consul commander; Jos. M. Skinner, clerk.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS
 PHYSICIAN.
 DR. W. P. SHERLOCK,
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
 Office, 18 North Fifth street, in the Howell building.
 Office Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 3 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 11 to 1 p. m. United States civil service examiner.

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 Hours—10-12 a. m.; 2-4 p. m.; 7-9 p. m. Sunday by appointment.

DR. W. FRANK BROWN,
 No. 10 North Fifth Street.
 Over Keokuk Savings Bank
 Phone No. 184.
 C. A. JENKINS, M. D.
 Room 4, Estes building.
 Office phone 29; residence, 569.
 Hours—10-12 a. m.; 3 to 5 p. m.

W. P. BUTLER,
 CHIROPRACTOR.
 No Drugs—No Knife—No Osteopathy.
 323 Blondeau. Phone 1411.
 DR. H. H. STAFFORD,
 DENTIST.
 In Dorsey Building across from the Postoffice.
 Hours from 9 to 12, 1:30 to 5:00.
 Largest of All Earth's Trees.
 A regiment of 1,000 men could readily find shelter under a single banyan tree. In India there is one of these trees which has 400 main trunks and over 8,000 smaller ones.