

**THE GATE CITY**  
 PUBLISHED BY  
**THE GATE CITY COMPANY**  
 C. F. Skirvin ..... Manager  
 DAILY BY MAIL  
 One year, \$10.00; Four months, \$7.50  
 Six months, \$5.00; One month, \$1.00  
 Entered in Keokuk postoffice as second class matter.  
 Postage prepaid; terms in advance.  
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 Subscribers failing to receive their papers promptly will confer a favor by giving notice of the fact.  
 Address all communications to  
**THE GATE CITY COMPANY,**  
 No. 12 North Sixth St., Keokuk, Iowa.  
 THE GATE CITY is on sale at the following news stands:  
 Hotel Keokuk, cor. Third and Johnson.  
 C. H. Rollins & Co., 629 Main street.  
 Ward Bros., 625 Main street.  
 Depot News Stand.

Keokuk, Iowa ..... June 8, 1914

**THE MOTHER.**  
 Ah, sweet is now;  
 These dreamings in the shade;  
 This garment making for an unknown  
 lovely shape,  
 Whose trembling heart beats under  
 neath her own  
 And gives her ecstasy,  
 Of well filled arms, the joy of mother  
 caring.  
 Ah, sweet is now,  
 But sweeter shall be then!  
 When she shall see her childhood  
 That now she draws from roses and  
 of laughter,  
 And the brilliant skies with conscious  
 need,  
 Playing again beside her in the sun;  
 Crooking its fingers through her hair,  
 And kissing her with pouty, little lips,  
 Almost has she forgot how children  
 think—  
 How she thought once—  
 And take their happiness with impu-  
 dence.  
 Talking of tangled stars, and living  
 moons  
 In eye-wide innocence.  
 Almost has she forgot how children  
 think—  
 Then, shall she know again!  
 —Frances Caroline Willey.

**THOUGHT FOR TODAY.**  
 For sign reciprocal our northern,  
 southern hands  
 Lay on the graves of all dead soldiers,  
 north or south.  
 (Not for the past alone—for mean-  
 ings to the future—)  
 Wreaths of roses and branches of  
 palm.  
 —Walt Whitman.

The guardian of an orphan child  
 heires in New York is evidently on  
 the job all the time. He wants the  
 court to allow \$2,000 a month for  
 her "maintenance."

Press Asher, an aged farmer living  
 near Albany, Mo., has never had any  
 confidence in a gun, and kills all the  
 small game he desires with a bow  
 and arrow which he has made him-  
 self.

The latest news from New Hamp-  
 shire society is that Harry Thaw will  
 spend the summer in the White  
 mountains at a summer hotel. The  
 state supplies two deputy sheriffs to  
 guard this gilded fugitive from jus-  
 tice.

\$7,310,000 is the amount that will be  
 expended on Iowa roads and bridges  
 under the direction of the state high-  
 way commission during the coming  
 season. It is a mistaken idea, how-  
 ever, to accept the figures recently  
 published as showing this state spend-  
 ing more money for roads than any  
 other state in the union. On the  
 basis of total expenditures both Cali-  
 fornia and Illinois are far ahead of  
 Iowa.

The progressives cast less than fifty  
 votes in Union county and the  
 average in the ninety-nine counties of  
 the state seems to be less than one  
 hundred, says the Creston Advertiser.  
 While the vote cast in the primary  
 election is not conclusive evidence of  
 the strength of the party, the extreme-  
 ly small vote must be disappointing to  
 the bull moose leaders and all the  
 explaining they can do will not ex-  
 plain away the fact that they have  
 made a mighty poor showing. If  
 Roosevelt should decide to keep abso-  
 lutely still for two years—which would  
 be a modern miracle—or if he should  
 come to the conclusion that his best  
 chance of climbing into the presiden-  
 tial chair again would be through the  
 republican party, the progressive party  
 would die so suddenly and so com-  
 pletely that those who actually be-  
 lieve in it would be astounded.

**INTEREST IN TUBERCULOSIS.**  
 The Iowa fight against tuberculosis  
 is certainly keeping pace with the  
 progress being made against this dis-  
 ease in the United States. Dr. Victor  
 Vaughn, president-elect of the Ameri-  
 can Medical association, recently  
 made the statement that since the tu-

bercle bacillus was discovered in  
 1882, there has been a decrease in tu-  
 berculosis in the United States of 54  
 per cent. The National Association  
 for the Study and Prevention of Tu-  
 berculosis, in a recent bulletin, states  
 that in the decennial period ending  
 1910, there was a decrease of tubercu-  
 losis in this country of eighteen per  
 cent. The decrease has been much  
 greater in this state owing to the  
 general intelligence of the people on  
 preventive measures.  
 Then too, the state sanatorium has  
 been a tremendous influence in the  
 mortality decrease. Its value as an  
 educational institution cannot be ex-  
 aggerated. With hundreds of former  
 patients discharged as cured, it has  
 served to disperse throughout the  
 state, an army of trained workers in  
 the field of tuberculosis prevention.  
 With increased facilities at Oakdale,  
 a much greater influence will be  
 exerted on the problem. Oakdale  
 sanatorium is now one of the leading  
 institutions of its kind in the coun-  
 try and is an asset to the state, of the  
 highest value.

**IN GOOD CONDITION.**  
 That the republican party is in ex-  
 cellent shape for a vigorous and ag-  
 gressive campaign in Iowa is evident  
 from what the republican papers are  
 saying. The Iowa City Republican  
 has the following, which is so applic-  
 able to Union county and to other  
 counties that it is evident the repub-  
 licans of the state mean business this  
 year and are out to win.  
 The republicans of Johnson county  
 are preparing to make the most  
 vigorous county campaign they have  
 offered for several years. With that  
 progressive booster and business man,  
 Will Coast, at the head of the ticket,  
 the republicans will have a fine list  
 of candidates to offer. They are not  
 asking anything as republicans, but  
 they do propose to offer the people of  
 the county an opportunity to improve  
 the public service. The republicans  
 will not make a campaign of attacks  
 upon anybody, but will offer men  
 who can give the service. If anybody  
 starts a campaign of questionable  
 methods, the republicans want it dis-  
 tinctly understood that they are not  
 responsible. It should be a clean  
 campaign. The Republican will say  
 now at the beginning, that it does not  
 think any county official has been  
 dishonest or extravagant, but there  
 are some things that can be improved  
 and the republicans believe they  
 have the men who, if elected, will im-  
 prove the service.

**AN INJUSTICE TO C. W. POST.**  
 C. W. Post, the great Battle Creek  
 pure food manufacturer, the originator  
 of Postum as a substitute for coffee,  
 recently suicided in California.  
 In discussing Mr. Post the Albion Re-  
 publican says: "He was a narrow man  
 and the gunshot, self inflicted, was  
 probably brought about by his selfish  
 thought of making more dollars for  
 himself and letting the poor and  
 downtrodden go hungry and without  
 work."

It is evident that the editor of the  
 Albion Republican was not acquainted  
 with Mr. Post, nor was he familiar  
 with the man's work, says the Des  
 Moines Capital.

Suffice it to say that if C. W. Post  
 had been living in Albion, during the  
 past twenty-five years, Albion would  
 have had thirty thousand people. Post  
 was the embodiment of thought and  
 energy. He made careful plans for  
 all his labors. He employed the  
 brightest people and paid the best  
 wages. He did not drink liquors. He  
 loved art and flowers and music. He  
 enjoyed doing the big things more  
 than making money. He created new  
 products and by a wonderful system  
 of advertising, popularized them. He  
 never was guilty of sending out a  
 fake. The best testimony to his life  
 is the fact that on the day of his fun-  
 eral all business was suspended in  
 the city of Battle Creek, Michigan.  
 Some years ago, he was introduced in  
 California as the man who put Battle  
 in Battle Creek. He was always doing  
 something for his town. He built a  
 fine hotel and an opera house and  
 then recently built an addition to his  
 hotel. He laid out an addition to his  
 town and sold the lots at a nominal  
 price to his employees. And he had  
 such loyalty among his employees that  
 the business moved along like a vast  
 machine. He had team work and co-  
 operation without which no big enter-  
 prise can win. He grew rich but he  
 made his money as a manufacturer of  
 clean and wholesome products. No  
 visitor to Battle Creek will ever for-  
 get his factories. They were as clean  
 as the best kitchen. For many years  
 he was at enmity with Dr. Kellogg,  
 the other well known Battle Creek  
 character. But the two men got to-  
 gether, forgave each other and be-  
 came friends. Only big men can do  
 those things. He took a wild new  
 county in Texas, improved it, built  
 the county seat and got a railroad to  
 run that way. Work was his joy. He  
 killed himself when the world ought  
 to have looked bright, but he was a  
 sick man and not accountable for  
 what he did. It is intimated that he  
 felt that he never could be strong  
 again, and he preferred to die at the  
 end of his activities. This may or  
 may not be true. Certain it is, no  
 man ever commits suicide without  
 being momentarily insane.

Before his sickness he was plan-  
 ning big and costly enterprises. He  
 spent money lavishly but none of his  
 enterprises were speculative. He had  
 the sincere affection of his own em-  
 ployees, which ought to be the highest  
 test of an employer.

**Accommodating.**  
 Sioux Falls Press: William Rocke-  
 feller's health conveniently goes into  
 a relapse when there is an investiga-  
 tion on.

**THE STORY OF TWO DOLLARS.**  
 I spent one of the dollars in another  
 city, away from home. I probably  
 got my dollar's worth all right, but  
 the dollar disappeared. I never saw  
 it again.

The other dollar I spent with a  
 Keokuk firm. I got my dollar's worth,  
 full and complete.  
 But the Keokuk store-keeper used  
 part of that dollar I gave him, to pay  
 the clerk who waited on me, part to  
 the landlord for rent, part to the  
 electric light company for light, part  
 to the driver who delivered the goods  
 to my house, and part he spent for his  
 own purchases with other Keokuk  
 firms.  
 And everyone of these people in  
 Keokuk who got part of my dollar  
 promptly spent, each his little part  
 in similar ways, so that the little dol-  
 lar I started went round and round  
 all round town and finally gathered  
 together again in the bank and there  
 was my little dollar, still in Keokuk  
 and ready once more to start on an-  
 other round doing good to all my  
 neighbors.

One man who got it turned it into  
 the city treasury for taxes, from  
 whence it went the rounds via a  
 teacher's salary and again was sent  
 on its mission of good all around the  
 town. One day not long after I had  
 it going, I was standing in my little  
 store and in it came the little dollar,  
 big as life, big as the day I first sent  
 it out and it was mine again.  
 I had a chance to get it again as  
 long as it stayed in Keokuk.  
 But the dollar I had sent away from  
 home, I never saw again.  
 Where do you spend your dollars?  
 Why not keep them all circulating  
 where you stand a chance of getting  
 another whack at them instead of  
 losing them for good and all.

**GOVERNMENT MAINTAINED HIGH-  
 WAYS.**  
 The first practical experiment in  
 government maintenance of interstate  
 highways, now being undertaken on  
 the stretch of road from Washington,  
 D. C. to Atlanta Ga., will be well  
 under way before the assembling of  
 the American road congress at At-  
 lanta November 9, according to an  
 announcement made by the American  
 highway association, today.

Every state in the union and es-  
 pecially all the farmers and automo-  
 bilists are awaiting the outcome of  
 the experiment with keen interest in  
 order to determine whether the gov-  
 ernment cannot, in this manner, aid  
 in making the road improvement  
 work of all the states homogeneous.  
 The American Highway association,  
 which originated the government's  
 experiment, has already taken steps,  
 in conjunction with the American Bar  
 association, to make the road laws  
 of the different states more uniform,  
 and the practical experiment on the  
 road from Washington to Atlanta is  
 designed to make the roads them-  
 selves more uniform and bring about  
 continuity in improvement and main-  
 tenance.

Three automobiles, purchased by  
 the American Highway association,  
 have been turned over to the engi-  
 neers assigned to the Washington-  
 Atlanta highway, and are now cover-  
 ing the entire stretch of mileage.  
 The American Highway association, which,  
 with the American Automobile associa-  
 tion, holds its annual convention  
 under the general title of the Ameri-  
 can road congress, is now confident  
 that the experiment in maintenance  
 will bear fruit before November 9.

Arrangements are being made for  
 tours over the road to the congress at  
 Atlanta. Anticipating that the con-  
 gress will be the largest ever held,  
 more than fifty exhibitors have al-  
 ready applied for space in the Audi-  
 torium in Atlanta, which has been set  
 aside for the display of machinery  
 and road material. The mayor of At-  
 lanta has arranged to close two of  
 the streets adjoining the Auditorium  
 and build a roof over them for over-  
 flow exhibits.

The county commissioners of  
 Georgia, who perfected their organ-  
 ization several weeks ago, intend  
 holding their annual meeting in con-  
 junction with the American road con-  
 gress. The American Bar and Ameri-  
 can Bankers' associations will also  
 be represented.

**Accommodating.**  
 Sioux Falls Press: William Rocke-  
 feller's health conveniently goes into  
 a relapse when there is an investiga-  
 tion on.

**Your Skin**



shows the condition of your alimentary canal. **HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea** is a liquid laxative used for generations. Pure herbs—a pleasant, natural cure for constipation, indigestion, biliousness, headaches, etc.

Add boiling water—that's all. Also sold in tablets—"KUGGETS"

All dealers have them or can get them for you. Otherwise write Hollister Drug Co., Madison, Wis.

Beware of Imitations

**WHAT AILS IOWA?**

To the Editor of The Gate City:  
 Quite a number of newspapers in Iowa have been discussing the failure of Iowa to increase its population in the past fourteen years. A few weeks ago the Des Moines Register and Leader had a column editorial commenting on what an eastern journal has said editorially on Iowa, which paper stated (and it is a fact) that from 1900 to 1910 Iowa had decreased in population about 8,000, and fallen from the tenth position it occupied in population to the fifteenth position. That even from 1910 to 1913 it had lost about 3,010 based on estimated figures. So for thirteen years Iowa has been on the "toboggan." We all know some of the cities have increased wonderfully in population. So the great loss must be in the villages and small towns and the country. For we can name a score of towns which have increased in population to a remarkable degree, and the small town and rural district have perhaps lost 30,000 in population.

The Chicago Record-Herald, the Burlington Post and other papers have all asked the question "What ails Iowa?" Land has advanced in prices until no one can purchase it; and make two per cent on the investment. So long as purchasers are to be found at the high prices, so long will the same maintain. Iowa has churches and schools, fertile fields, clear lakes and fine water, and the Iowa life has been pictured ideal; but immigration has ceased. The foreigners do not come, they pass up Iowa. They settle in Minnesota, Illinois, Nebraska, and Missouri, but give Iowa the "go-by." Can't you imagine why they have not come in fifteen years? The only foreigners coming to Iowa go to the cities where there is some semblance of liberty not found in the country and small towns. Manning, Carroll county, has increased in population. Is it because the second largest saloon in the world with eighteen barkeepers is located there? There is only one saloon there paying \$7,500 per year for license. But Manning is one of the finest, liveliest, cleanest small towns in Iowa, and surrounded by rich, wealthy farmers, mostly all foreigners.

If trunk railroads make a state, Iowa surely has plenty of trunk lines, but some of the deader dried-up towns are to be found on these trunk lines. Many of the branch lines, consisting in the aggregate of hundreds of miles, are badly mismanaged, giving practically no train service to speak of. Iowa is noted in Chicago and St. Louis for patronizing catalog and mail order houses (and voting the dry ticket). All to the detriment of the small towns.

Iowa is full of moss back citizens, bankers, and capitalists and farmers running around with department store lists, seeing where they can save three cents on a purchase. They are working overtime fighting trusts and still patronizing the Rockefeller, Morgan, Standard Oil and steel trust department stores and mail order houses, for the same interests control both. The farmers delight in Iowa is a dry town, and a "gear and doebuck" catalog. That is why the small town merchant has little and in some cases no business from the farmer.

Can anybody tell us why the youth and maiden as soon as he and she is able to make a living, hike to Chicago or the larger cities, instead of remaining in dear old Iowa? There is and must be a reason.  
 The Clinton Herald said something when it printed this editorial reprinted in The Gate City:

**Iowa's Population.**  
 The Clinton Herald hits the nail on the head in the following:  
 "A whole lot of buncombe is being handed out about measuring Iowa's prosperity by the increasing value of land. Prosperity should be measured by the productivity of the land, not by its selling value, and where the selling value increases more rapidly than productivity, prosperity diminishes; it does not increase."  
 The same applies to Keokuk. What value have those \$4,000 lots on the bluff (it seems like a bluff) when no one will purchase? The owner keeps them, there are no buyers. The interest on \$4,000 at six per cent is \$240.00. The owners may think they are worth this; but so long as no one will buy, they are kept in stock forever, perhaps.

Iowa needs a cleansing. It needs some practicable and sensible laws on the statute books. The railroads have not been helping Iowa, but catering for the east, and particularly Chicago. Iowa is Chicagoized as well as almost Mexicanized. Jim Hill talks to the farmers about more intense farming and gets away with it, then paralyzes the towns along the Keokuk and Western railroad from Keokuk to Red Oak, a distance of 263 miles. Here is a once prosperous railroad now demoralized and wrecked, so as to draw all business for the main line of the Burlington, on the "Reservation." The people should have relief and the government should come to their relief, and here's hoping they win. It's the only hope they have of breaking the death grip of Hill and his "system" (same as the New Haven). The towns seem withered, with only a one day train service. There is another of Hill's roads known as the "North road," from Keokuk to Mount Pleasant, with no service worth mentioning. Sometimes the train gets in and sometimes it does not. Sixty miles of road which

should have made happy people and prosperous towns.  
 But let us look at the C. R. I. and P. railroad from Keokuk to Des Moines, 160 miles. A ride over this road takes you back 2,000 years. It is like studying the antiquities of Rome and the ancient and withered cities of long ago to see these poor hamlets, once prosperous towns. The people so subdued they fail to organize and stand up for their rights. The rich, vigorous young manhood leave and nothing but feeble men wandering around. The "system" has killed these towns and paralyzed the business from the Mississippi river to the heart of Iowa. Taxation under such conditions is almost confiscation.

Iowa has 100,000 former residents living in California, mostly farmers, some drawing interest on Iowa loans, and rents on Iowa farms. They are beckoning you to come to San Francisco in 1915 to the exposition. They will welcome you to remain. They ask you to put up a hundred thousand dollar building to "welcome them," not yourself. All the commercial benefit the greater Iowa committee will get out of an Iowa building there can be stored away in a peanut shell.

Iowa needs again to hear some plain truths. It should study the reason why the surrounding states have grown. Some of the above can be overcome. Let a state convention be called by cities which have contributed hundreds of thousands of dollars for building railroads and are paying interest and find out why local train service is so poor. There are other near states where the small towns have prospered. Why?

Let the municipalities of Iowa stand as a unit—one for all and all for one. Department stores have been the death of the retail trade in small towns. The railroads and express companies have catered to Chicago as against Iowa. Earnest home patronage is needed in Iowa. Buying "boozie" in Iowa instead of Louisville, Peoria and Chicago will help some. Paying "cash" to the department store and "standing off" the home merchant has been a detriment to Iowa. The extreme high prices of land making it prohibitive to buy land is a detriment. Foreigners want some personal liberty and will never come to Iowa without it. I should like to hear from others what they think ails Iowa. We offer some remedies, anyway.  
 CHIEF KEOKUK.  
 Keokuk, June 6, 1914.

**Take Plenty of Time to Eat.**  
 There is a saying that "rapid eating is low suicide." If you have formed the habit of eating too rapidly you are most likely suffering from indigestion or constipation, which will result eventually in serious illness unless corrected. Digestion begins in the mouth. Food should be thoroughly masticated and insalivated. Then when you have a fullness of the stomach or feel dull and stupid after eating, take one of Chamblain's Tablets. Many severe cases of stomach trouble and constipation have been cured by the use of these tablets. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Sold by all dealers.—Advertisement.

**NOTICE OF INTENTION.**  
 Notice of intention to pave and curb Second street from the north line of Exchange to the north line of Bank.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the city council of the city of Keokuk, held on the 3rd day of June, 1914, there was introduced a resolution hereinafter set forth, and that by resolution of the city council duly passed on the said date, the said resolution hereinafter set forth, will be considered by the city council for passage, a meeting to be held in the council chamber in said city at 9 o'clock a. m., on the 25th day of June, 1914, at which time the owners of property subject to assessment for the cost of the improvement contemplated by the said resolution, may appear before the said council and make objection to the contemplated improvement and the passage of the said proposed resolution, if any they have; said resolution being as follows:

**Resolution No. 734.**  
 June 3, 1914.  
 Be it resolved, by the city council of the city of Keokuk, Iowa,  
 That it is deemed advisable and necessary to make improvement by paving with brick blocks and constructing cement curb, the foundation to be prepared and paving and curbing to be constructed in accordance with specifications to be prepared by the city engineer, and approved by the city council, the following named street, to-wit:

Second street from the north line of Exchange to the north line of Bank.  
 The expense of making said improvement to be assessed against the lots and parcels of land according to the area so as to include one half of the privately owned property between said streets improved and the next street, whether such privately owned property abuts upon said street or not; but in no case shall the privately owned property situated more than 300 feet from the street so improved be so assessed. Said assessment to

**SUMMER TOURS**  
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 and Resorts of  
 Atlantic Coast and New England  
 Direct or via Washington to Seaboard Resorts and New York. Direct Routes to New York and Boston—including one way through Canada if desired; All-Rail and Rail and Steam; Go One Route—Return Another. Liberal Stopovers—Long Return Limit.  
 REDUCED FARE ROUND TRIP TICKETS may be obtained at home ticket offices by asking for tickets via Chicago over  
**PENNSYLVANIA LINES**  
 Sold Daily Until September 30th, inclusive Beginning June 1st.  
 For particulars about fares, routes and travel see Pennsylvania Lines, apply to Local Ticket Agents or communicate with F. F. COVATTA, Traveling Passenger Agent, 605 S. L. Building, DES MOINES, IOWA

**BUCK-REINER CO.**  
 Wholesale Grocers and Coffee Roasters  
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**KEOKUK, IOWA**

**INTEREST**  
 Is credited on Savings Accounts at the  
**Keokuk National Bank**  
 on June 1st. Bring in your book and have the interest entered in it.  
 PERCENT ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS  
 INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

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 Office, 18 North Fifth street in the Howell building.  
 Office Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 3 to 3 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 11 to 1 p. m. United States civil service examiner.  
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 Hours—10-12 a. m.; 2-4 p. m.; 7-9 p. m. Sunday by appointment.  
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 Room 4, Estes building.  
 Office phone 29; residence, 550.  
 Hours—10-12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.

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**John Opstelten**  
 For Moving, Storage, Transfer  
 Special attention given to moving Pianos.  
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be made in accordance with the law governing the same.  
 Be it further resolved, that the city council will meet at 9 o'clock a. m., on the 25th day of June, 1914, in the council chamber in the city of Keokuk, for the purpose of considering objections to the passage of the said improvement, at which hearing the above resolution may be amended and passed or passed as proposed.  
 Be it further resolved, that the city clerk be and he is hereby instructed to cause notice of pendency of the above resolution and the time at which the said proposed resolution will be considered by this council and objections to the passage thereof heard, to be published as provided by law in two newspapers of general cir-

**The Pay Envelope**  
 will not always have to be depended upon if part of it is deposited in the—  
**State Central Savings Bank**  
 in a Savings Account.  
 Accounts may be opened with a deposit of ONE DOLLAR or more.

Where one person gets rich through speculation, hundreds get poor.  
 Choose the better way and deposit your money where it will be safe and pay you a liberal interest rate. This is not speculation.  
**Keokuk Savings Bank**  
 Pays 3% per annum on savings accounts

ulation published in the city of Keokuk.  
 Roll call:  
 Moorhead—Aye.  
 Collins—Aye.  
 Schmidt—Aye.  
 S. W. MOORHEAD, Mayor.  
 Attest:  
 O. W. SANDBERG, City Clerk.  
 In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand this 3rd day of June, 1914.  
 O. W. SANDBERG, City Clerk of the City of Keokuk.