

A Money Saver

**Bordered Swiss
Bordered Marquissette
Plain Swiss
Plain Marquissette**

25 and 26 cent values

For 18c

It will be to your advantage to buy curtain goods now and keep it until fall when you need it. Such values as these that we are offering you have never been given before. And we have but a limited amount, so the quicker you come the better selection you will get. We have these goods on display in our large display window.

Linguist Bros.
The Quality Store

Church Announcements

TIME OF SUNDAY SERMONS, LOCATION OF CHURCHES, TOPIC OF SERMONS AND SPECIAL MUSIC TO BE GIVEN AT THE VARIOUS SERVICES

St. Mary's Catholic church, corner Fourteenth and Johnson streets, Rev. George Gillingier, pastor—First mass at 7 a. m.; second mass at 9 a. m.

St. Francis de Sales Catholic church, Fourth and High streets, Rev. James Dunning, pastor—First mass at 8 a. m.; second mass at 10 a. m.

St. Peter's Catholic church, Ninth and Bank streets, Rev. James Gillespie, pastor, Rev. S. Davis, assistant—First mass at 6:15 a. m.; second at 7:30 a. m.; third at 9 a. m.; fourth at 10:30 a. m.

Redeemer English Lutheran church, Fourteenth and Johnson streets, M. Engel, pastor—No morning services. Sunday school at 9:30. During the evening services, at 8:00 o'clock, the celebration of the Lord's supper will be observed. Cordial invitation to all.

The Salvation Army hall, 818 Main street—Sunday, 11 a. m. subject "The Principle of Prayer." Sunday evening, 8 p. m., salvation meeting. Rev. Roy Akerson, a student of Wesley university, will preach. All are welcome.

First Congregational Church, Sixth and High streets, Rev. Frank G. Beardsley, S. T. D., pastor—Morning worship, 10:45. "Rejoicing in the Lord." This will be the last service before the first Sunday in September. The public is invited.

Swedish Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Twelfth and Morgan streets, Rev. A. G. Fjellman, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning service at 10:30. The evening service at 8:00 o'clock will be in the English language.

St. Paul's German Evangelical church, Eleventh and Exchange streets, A. C. Ernst, pastor—Divine services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9:15. Welcome. No evening services. Teachers' meeting Wednesday evening.

Pilgrim Rest Baptist church, Rev. J. H. Helm, pastor—Sunday school at 10 o'clock a. m. Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m. Subject, "Moral Weight." Preaching at 8 p. m., by Rev. J. O. Ledbetter. The public is invited to attend all services.

Swedish Methodist Church, corner Twelfth and Concert streets, A. W. Carlson, pastor—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Morning service, 10:45 a. m. Epworth League meeting, 7:15 p. m. Evening service, 8:00 p. m. A hearty welcome is extended to all.

Second Presbyterian church, Reid and G streets, pastor, J. C. Hughes, 1718 Park street—Morning school at the church, 9:45. Afternoon school, Rock hall, 2:30. No morning or evening services. The pastor on vacation. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday, 8:00 p. m.

Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Mission church, Fourteenth and Morgan streets, Wm. L. Hawkins, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning service at 10:30 a. m. Evening service at 7:45 p. m. Young people's meeting on Friday evening at 7:45 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

First Westminster Presbyterian church, Seventh and Blondeau streets, Rev. E. B. Newcomb, D. D., pastor—

Services at 10:45 a. m. with sermon by the pastor. No evening service, on account of the union meeting at the United Presbyterian church. Bible school at 9:30 a. m., Y. P. S. C. E. at 7:00 p. m.

Union Baptist Church will hold their services at Kilbourne park at 11 a. m., 3:00 and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by Rev. J. W. Eaves of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, assisted by the ministers of the city. Come and bring your baskets and spend the day with us. J. W. Bowles, pastor.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, 723 Main street, second floor. Entrance on Eighth street—Services Sunday morning 10:45. Subject, "Truth." Wednesday testimonial meeting 7:45. Sunday school, 9:30. The Christian Science reading room is open Tuesday, Thursday and Friday afternoons from 2:30 to 4:30.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, corner Tenth and Main streets, William H. Neil, pastor—Sunday school, 9:30. Henry F. Krueger, superintendent. A welcome to strangers. Preaching by the pastor at 10:45 a. m. Epworth league devotion meeting 7:00 p. m. Good music at all the services. No preaching at night, as all are invited to the union services at the United Presbyterian church.

The United Presbyterian church, corner of Blondeau and Ninth, Rev. H. B. McElree, pastor, 803 Franklin street—Sabbath school at 9:30, L. A. Hamill, superintendent. Morning service, 10:45, subject of sermon: "Some Privileges of the Present." The regular monthly service at Summitville at 3:00 o'clock. Union services at 8:00 o'clock. Sermon by the Rev. A. C. Ernst of the German Evangelical church, Y. P. C. U. at 6:45. A cordial welcome to all.

Baptist church—The combined Sunday school and church services will continue during the remainder of July and August. Sunday school at 9:30. Those who cannot attend this service are welcome to come at 10:30 to hear a brief message on "Paying the Price," by Rev. T. B. McAllister. Baker mission at 2:30. At the B. Y. P. U. Edith DeYong will lead; subject, "Missionary Value of a Christian College." You are very welcome to all services.

Bethel A. M. E. church, corner Seventh and Morgan streets, J. P. Sims, B. D., pastor. Parsonage, 415 North Seventh street—Morning service at 10:45. Roll call and class meeting at 12 noon. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Afternoon service at Rand park at 4:30 p. m. That sermon will be preached by the Rev. McAllister, the new pastor of the First Baptist church. Dr. McAllister is a pleasing and forceful speaker. Let all hear him. The public therefore is very cordially invited to all these services. Our fourth and last quarter for this conference year will be held August 9. All are urged to have excellent reports. You can if you will. Our annual conference meets with St. Stephen church, Chicago, September 16. Let all of us get busy.

The First Methodist Protestant church, Twelfth and Exchange streets, J. O. Ledbetter, pastor, residence, 1417 Bank street—Church services: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Class meeting at 3 p. m. Christian Endeav-

or at 7 p. m. Preaching service at 10:45 a. m.; subject, "Declaration of Faith and Constitution Adopted by the General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church and the Church of the United Brethren in Christ," which forms the basis of union between the two churches. All members of the Methodist Protestant church are urged to be present and any others who are desirous of being informed with regard to this movement. All are welcome.

NIGHTMARE OF WAR KEPT EUROPE AWAKE

(Continued from page 1.)

deprived of Scutari and Serbia was forced to withdraw her troops from Albania. Austria thus prevented the Slav race from securing a port on the Adriatic, though Austria was still cut off from the Aegean sea.

Austria is generally regarded as having brought on the second Balkan war which resulted in King Ferdinand of Bulgaria attacking the Servians. Serbia, Greece, Roumania and Turkey overwhelmed Bulgaria in this war. During this conflict, Austria occupied the Sanjak of Novi Basar. This is a strip of territory between Montenegro and Serbia. It belonged to Turkey before the war of 1912. This step placed an Austrian wedge between the Servians and the people of the same race in Montenegro, further retarding the efforts for the unification of Serbs. Austria has maintained a strong army near the Servian frontier for the past two years and the hatred of the dual monarchy has constantly increased in Serbia. Then came the formation of the pan-Servian union, headed by Major Pribitchevitch, formerly an officer in the Austrian army. Nedeljo Gabrinovich, who threw the bomb at Arch-Duke Ferdinand shortly before he was shot June 28, declared in a confession that the plot to assassinate the arch-duke was hatched in Belgrade. He said the conspirators appealed to Pribitchevitch and from him obtained their bombs and revolvers from the Servian arsenal at Kragyevatz. It was the pan-Servian union at which Austria struck in the ultimatum delivered to Serbia which led to the present acute situation.

Kaiser Hurries Home.
BERGEN, Norway, July 25.—Kaiser Wilhelm left here hurriedly tonight for Berlin. The entire German fleet was ordered to assemble on the Norwegian coast.

Russia Takes a Hand.
ST. PETERSBURG, July 25.—The martial council of Russia today decided to order mobilization of the Russian army. The czar approves of the decision and the formal order is momentarily expected. Newspapers of the capital take the view that Russia cannot permit Serbia to be crushed by Austria and all indications are that the czar's government is prepared to take extreme measures to prevent the downfall of the little kingdom.

France Getting Ready.
PARIS, July 25.—Prime Minister Viviani is hurrying toward Paris tonight, reports from Stockholm stating he has left the party of President Poincaré, because of the Austro-Servian seriousness. In the absence of Viviani the French cabinet has not officially considered the situation. It is declared however that France will be prepared for any eventualities.

Germany In Hysteria.
BERLIN, July 25.—The "war lord" was watching Russia tonight. One move on the part of the government of the czar in support of Serbia and orders for the mobilization of the kaiser's army will be issued. These orders have been printed. It was learned today and only an act which Germany may construe as interference in the Austro-Servian imbroglio is necessary to set the powerful fighting machines of this nation in motion.

All officers, who left their commands on leaves of absence during the past week, were instructed to be prepared to return at a moment's notice. Newspaper extras carrying startling war news have kept the city in a fever of excitement. The bourse was completely demoralized and while the semi-official organs declared Germany's emphatic approval of the ultimatum delivered by Austria, the anti-military forces shouted their vigorous protest. The Vorwaerts, one of the largest and most powerful socialist papers in Europe flooded the streets with extra copies today appealing to socialists to join in holding gigantic mass meetings to protest against German participation in the impending conflict. In each extra topped with flaming type, the Vorwaerts declared:

"A world war is threatening. The gravest hour is at hand, but not one drop of German blood shall be sacrificed to the conquering lust of Austria. We do not want war. Down with war and mount on high the international brotherhood."

Demonstrations were in progress tonight in all the principal streets of Berlin. Crowds carrying banners bearing the likenesses of Kaiser Wilhelm and Emperor Franz Joseph paraded. The multitudes joined in singing battle songs. In the cafes the crowds drank to the "war lord."

Following the suspense and suppressed feeling of the day, all Berlin gave vent to a tremendous patriotic outburst tonight. Tens of thousands marched back and forth along the historic Unter Den Linden. Der Wach Am Rhine was blended with the Aus-

trian national anthem as thousands joined in singing, tramping through the streets to the martial music.

Sweeping on toward the Russian embassy, the crowds were violent in their demands against the government of the czar. Police guarded the embassy but gathering in front the crowd shouted "Down with Russia; bring on the Cossacks, we are ready; down with the czar!"

At the Austria embassy a great throng sang that nation's anthem and crying "Long live Franz Joseph and the Kaiser!" continued their enthusiastic demonstration until far into the night. The police kept the crowds moving and there was no serious disorder.

The crown prince returned to Berlin tonight and the palace was besieged by an enthusiastic throng. The kaiser started for Berlin tonight, according to reports circulated in the crowds from the palace.

Austrian Censorship.
VIENNA, July 25.—The war office tonight took over all telegraph and telephone lines and the railways. A strict censorship has been established and all movements of Austrian troops are to be kept secret.

Serbia is Prepared.
BELGRADE, July 25.—Mobilization of the Servian forces began this afternoon before receipt of the announcement that Austria had rejected the reply of the Belgrade government as unsatisfactory.

In event of actual hostilities, Serbia will make no attempt to hold Belgrade. The king left for the south this afternoon. With the departure of the king all government officials and attaches of the court also left the capital. All funds of the government were withdrawn from the banks of Belgrade and with the treasures of the court were removed to points of safe keeping. The garrison also withdrew. All state papers and funds were hurriedly gathered together and taken to the interior. King Peter, having taken a leave of absence recently because of ill health, the full weight of the crisis fell upon the crown prince. He was in constant conference with the cabinet today in framing the reply to the Austrian note.

The cabinet was given entire support in its stand that Serbia could not accede to the demands of Austria without reservation, if the nation was to avoid humbling itself before the superior power of the dual monarchy.

Troops on the Move.
VIENNA, July 25.—With all reservists ordered to the colors, regular troops on the move and the fleet concentrating, Austro-Hungary was tonight prepared to back up its ultimatum to Serbia with war.

Serbia's reply to the ultimatum was received here late today and promptly rejected as unsatisfactory. The Austrian minister is enroute from Belgrade to Vienna. In the vicinity of Ragusa and Dalmatia, troops are already moving. At Cattaro a score of Austrian war ships have assembled.

War spirit is rampant in Vienna. The aged emperor, Franz-Joseph is expected back in the capital from Ischl within the next twenty-four hours.

Early reports from Belgrade today declared that Serbia had acceded to the demands of Austria, but when government officials learned the source of the reports, they refused to hold out any hopes of peace. The statements were sent broadcast as a result of an inspired article in the Samoupravna, the government organ.

This gave what is taken to be an outline of the Servian reply. It declared:

"Serbia desires sincere and correct relations with the dual monarchy. Convinced of the necessity of maintaining such relations, the Servian government will readily comply with all demands of Austro-Hungary which will serve to suppress all criminal acts, manifestations and disorders in the neighboring countries."

"Because the Servian government considers it is thereby fulfilling the obvious duty of a civilized state, the government will in all sincerity do everything possible to prove its desire for friendly relations with the dual monarchy."

An answer of this sort was not sought or desired by Austria. The note to Belgrade was sharp and called for a "yes" or "no" answer.

After reviewing the relations between the two countries since 1907, the ultimatum declared that although Serbia had promised loyalty to Austro-Hungary, it had failed to suppress agitations by societies and newspapers which incited hatred for the dual monarchy. This, the ultimatum declared, culminated in the assassination of Arch-Duke Ferdinand at Sara Jovo June 28. The assassination has been proved, it is declared, to have been planned in Belgrade and the arms and bombs supplied by Servian functionaries and officers.

"The Austro-Hungary government," the ultimatum stated, "is unable longer to pursue at attitude of forbearance and sees the duty imposed upon it to put an end to the intrigues which form a perpetual menace to the monarchy's tranquility. It therefore demands from the Servian government formal assurance that it condemns the dangerous propaganda to detach from the monarchy a portion of its territory and also that the Servian government shall no longer permit these machinations against this criminal, perverse propaganda."

The ultimatum then demanded that the Servian government publish promptly in its official paper a warning

To the Public:

The dairy business formerly conducted by W. H. Soldwedel and R. Rousseau will be taken over by us on Monday, July 27, 1914. No obligations or accounts of former managements assumed. We will redeem all outstanding tickets on present routes and solicit your patronage, guaranteeing prompt and sanitary service. Special orders given special attention.

The A. & V. Sanitary Milk Co.

Fifth and Johnson Streets
E. L. ALDRICH Phone No. 862-R-1 F. F. VAUGHN

LAY FLAT ON COURT ROOM FLOOR

(Continued from page 1.)

vous collapse. It was necessary to administer a hypodermic of ether today before she was restored to consciousness.

Mme. Guerdan, divorced wife of Caillaux, was not in court today but she had taken terrible vengeance against the woman who she declared from the witness stand had defiled her home and stolen the love of her husband. The letters which were read were furnished by Mme. Guerdan. As Maitre Labori read each burning passage, the spectators in the court room saw before them not the wife of the powerful Caillaux, but his mistress.

"My only consolation is the thought of you; the thought of having you in my arms as at Ouchy. What delicious memories," wrote Caillaux to the woman he loved while still married to Mme. Guerdan. Judge Louis Albanel and Judge Dagoury sat side by side on the bench today but at the conclusion of the trial, it is accepted the two will fight a duel. Albanel dispatched his seconds to Dagoury today because of letters intimating he was favoring Caillaux in arguments as to the love letters being read. Judge Dagoury will probably send his seconds to Albanel accepting the challenge tomorrow or Monday.

The defense played one of its strong cards late today when Doctors Pozzi and Prouty were called to the stand and declared that with the proper attention Calmette would have survived the wounds inflicted by Mme. Caillaux. As Mme. Caillaux has contended from the first that she did not intend to kill the editor, the testimony of Pozzi and Prouty was regarded as of the greatest importance. They declared that Calmette's wounds were not fatal. Had the most elementary precautions been taken, they declared the editor would have lived and been on his feet within ten days or two weeks. They criticized the action of taking Calmette far out to the clinic at Neuilly but declared that even then if the hemorrhage had been stopped by means of hemostatic pinchers, his life might have been saved.

With this testimony, adjournment to the trial was taken until Monday. It was a trying day even for Paris. Worn by the strain and the shouting of approval or disapproval of each development, the crowds fled from the palace of justice, where outside other throngs awaited and gendarmes and mounted troops were on guard to prevent any manifestation.

Early next week the case will be given to the jury. With the conclusion of the evidence, however, Maitre Chenu will first deliver the address and argument in behalf of the Calmette heirs. Jules Herbaux, the public prosecutor, will follow and then will come Maitre Labori for the defense. The speech of Labori, noted as the defender of Captain Dreyfus, is expected to be the effort of his life. Labori will insist that the letters read today were not those the publication of which Mrs. Caillaux so greatly feared and which resulted in the shooting during a moment of emotional insanity.

Judge Albanel will then submit to the jury a list of questions which they must answer. The first will probably be whether Mme. Caillaux is guilty of homicide. Whether she is guilty of causing the wounds and whether the wounds caused death. If merely found guilty of causing the wounds, the crime becomes a misde-

BETTER THAN SPANKING.
Spanking does not cure children of cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Sunbedwexing. There is a constitutional mers, Box W. Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties day or night.

Why Be Uncomfortable This Winter?

When We Will Install a Heating Plant in Your Home at a Small Cost.

We do all kinds of plumbing, steam and hot water heating, warm air heating, slate roofing, skylight, metal ceilings, gutting, spouting and in fact, any thing in the sheet metal line. Our prices are always right, consistent with good work. If you are figuring on building or remodeling, call us over telephone and we will be glad to explain to you. No trouble to quote prices.

Seither & Cherry Co.

25-27 South Fifth.

NO TWO OPINIONS ARE ALIKE

(Continued from page 1.)

when the decision is handed down—if it ever comes, said Wright.

"We men don't care which way it goes, but manufacturers and publishers are holding back on their printing until they get the decisions and printers are kept out of work. The same delay in legislation down at Washington that keeps business up in the air is keeping many thousands of men out of work this summer."

Lack of education, Wright said, was one of the factors that make workers discontented. Men who are handicapped by lack of schooling, he said, do not realize that that handicap prevents them from earning better salaries and they are discontented when they see other men rise above them.

T. E. Donnelly, of R. R. Donnelly and Sons, printers, made a bitter attack upon unions. He declared he was not opposed to unions because they forced wage increases or shorter hours, but because they insisted on running the business.

WASHINGTON NEWS IS NOT EXCITING

(Continued from page 1.)

atically at noon as unfinished business.

Thirty Days Off.
WASHINGTON, July 25.—Representative Lindbergh, of Minnesota, was today granted a thirty day leave of absence to investigate complaints against the reservoir at the headquarters of the Mississippi.

Peace Treaties.
WASHINGTON, July 25.—These treaties ought to make war almost impossible, Secretary Bryan declared in a statement given out tonight in regard to the twenty peace treaties laid before the senate for ratification by President Wilson yesterday. Treaties have been signed by Salvador, Guatemala, Panama, Honduras, Nicaragua, Netherlands, Bolivia, Portugal, Persia, Denmark, Switzerland, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Venezuela, Italy, Norway, Uruguay, Brazil, Argentine and Chile. The text of the treaties with Great Britain and France has also been agreed to.

The treaties provide that in cases of international dispute where the ordinary sources of diplomacy fail, the differences shall be submitted to investigation by an international commission.

Cabinet Meets Tuesday.
WASHINGTON, July 25.—With the Hayti-Dominican revolution up to the cabinet next Tuesday, the state and navy department tonight merely marked time. The cabinet answer may be intervention in Hayti was considered more than probable. The day's development reported official dispatches showed that Limon and Quartier Morin had been captured by

25th Annual Excursion

WARSAW OOD FELLOWS

To Quincy and Hannibal

ON STEAMER G. W. HILL

Thursday, Aug. 13

Musio and Dancing.

ADULTS 50c, CHILDREN 25c.

Boat leaves Hamilton 7, Keokuk 8:30.



Let the KODAK

go with you out into the country, and keep the story of your trip.

There's such a thing as living a vacation over again, if you take a Kodak with you.

SEE THEM AT ROLLINS, 627-629 Main street.

government forces. Simultaneously it was reported that a government gunboat had been dispatched to Macarus where two foreigners on an American sugar estate had been slain.

Charges of Graft.
[United Press Leased Wire Service.] DENVER, Colo., July 25.—Charges that national officers of the Western Federation of Miners had grafted in connection with the distribution of relief funds raised for striking miners in Michigan last winter, will be investigated by the resolution committee of the federation convention in session here. After the convention had debated the charges all afternoon, the committee was instructed to make a complete report before next week. The national officers, included Moyer and Guy Miller, denounced the charges as work of disgruntled members of the federation in Butte.

Police Arrest Pickets.
[United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, July 25.—Disregarding court orders that peaceable picketing be allowed, the police today arrested twenty-two waitresses who marched before Knab's restaurants displaying banners announcing that a strike was on at these places. Elizabeth Malony, president of the union, will appear before the superior court Monday to complain about police activity against the waitresses.