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USUAL SERVICES WILL BE HELD

Father Gillespie is Still Unable to Be at His Work, but Has Secured an Assistant for Today.

Very Rev. James W. Gillespie of St. Peter's church, regrets very much that he cannot be home from the hospital this week. In his last letter he postponed his return home, to the end of the coming week. He has, with difficulty, procured an assistant priest to come here on Sunday, 13th, from the seminary. Hence the members of St. Peter's parish will be pleased to learn that the four usual masses will be celebrated in St. Peter's today, at the customary hours of 8:15, 7:30, 9:00, 10:30. Benediction of the most holy sacrament will be given after the last mass.

AMUSEMENTS

Carnival Coming Soon. B. R. Parker's big shows will be presented in this city during the week of Sept. 21 to 26, inclusive, under the auspices of the Keokuk Baseball association. The association still owes some money to the players in salaries and this method of raising the money is being taken by the management. The Parker shows are among the best that can be seen in this country today. One of the biggest and most interesting features is a miniature model of the Panama canal, operated by electricity and water. It

is considered one of the most perfect models in this country. The Tango Girls appear in a pleasing show of the highest character. This is a stinging and dancing act and the costumes used in it are said to be magnificent. Superba is the title of a show beautiful and different from all the rest, where a woman turns to stone and a statue is turned to life. There are shows in which the Texas Tommy, the hesitation waltz, and all the other new dances are demonstrated in a beautiful and interesting manner. A \$20,000 merry-go-round, a wild west show, a crazy house, and a Trip to Mars, and other amusing features are also shown. Then there's a Crystal Maze in which a laugh every minute is guaranteed, a wild animal circus, and a ferris wheel. A band of sixteen pieces accompanies the shows and will give concerts on the down town streets every afternoon and evening. A motordrome, the smallest ever shown in this city, in which three dare-devil riders will risk their lives every day, is one of the other many interesting attractions that will make up this big show. Remember—the shows will be here six days, Sept. 21 to 26. Plan now to make this week the biggest of your summer.—Advertisement.

Professional Pride. Mrs. Newgold—Genevieve, Albertine, you are not playing that duet together. One of you is a bar ahead of the other. Genevieve (proudly)—"Well, I was the one ahead, anyway."—Puck.

MARTIN WEIRATHER OF NEAR SANDUSKY

Died at 8:20 Last Evening at a Local Hospital After a Long Illness of Heart Trouble.

WAS AN OLD RESIDENT

The Remains Taken to His Home Last Night, for Burial in That Vicinity.

At 8:20 o'clock last evening occurred the death of Martin Weirather, an old and valued citizen of this vicinity, at a local hospital, where he had been treated since last May for valvular heart trouble. He had been in ill health since the first of the year.

Mr. Weirather was born in Baden, Germany, fifty-two years ago last May and came to this country when a small boy, in 1869, the family locating in this county, where he has since resided.

He was a successful farmer and industry and thrift were characteristic of him during his useful life. He was a member of St. Mary's Catholic church of this city, and lived a life in keeping with his christian profession. He had a large number of friends and acquaintances who esteemed him very highly.

He is survived by his grieving wife and thirteen children; also by three brothers, Frank, John and Henry Weirather, all residents of this county.

The remains were taken to his home near Sandusky last night for burial in that vicinity.

SCHOOL CHILDREN TO SING ANTHEM

Request Has Been Made That Keokuk Students Sing "Star Spangled Banner" Monday.

A request has been made that school children all over the United States pause on Monday and join in the singing of the national anthem, "The Star Spangled Banner." The centennial of the song was observed yesterday in Baltimore. Falling on Saturday, the committee has asked the educational heads of the various states to have the anthem sung on Monday. Keokuk school children, probably, will observe the request.

Harvard Wins Golf Honors

GARDEN CITY, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Neg Allis of Milwaukee, captain of the Harvard golf team, today won the intercollegiate golf championship by defeating L. M. Washburn of Princeton, 11 up and 10 to play. Allis had the Princeton man 5 down on the first nine holes and won with ease. His total of 72 strokes for the eighteen holes was one stroke higher than the amateur record for the course, made by Chick Evans of Chicago, western champion.

MUST NOT LOOK FOR OUTSIDE HELP

Frenchmen Are Told They Must Depend on Defeating Germany by Her Arms and Her Allies.

CANNOT STARVE ENEMY

Conflict Is Expected to Last at Least a Year, Perhaps Longer, According to Opinions.

[By William Phillip Simms, Paris Correspondent of the United Press.] PARIS (By mail to New York), Sept. 12.—Germany must be beaten by French arms without the aid of famine, according to former Diplomat A. T. Daubigny, member of the French Institute and a statistician of the first order.

Popular notions to the contrary, the Germans "will not be reduced to famine before a long campaign," declared M. Daubigny after he had carefully studied the situation. "She may be reduced to rations; she may lack money; her army may suffer transportation difficulties with its supplies, but we must not build our hopes in that direction. We must win with our soldiers, our enthusiasm, our organization and our valor. And in the meantime if exterior forces lend a hand, so much the better. Our ultimate victory depends on our tenacity, patience and vigor.

"The Germans have sufficient meat to last them four or five years at full rations. She also has plenty of oats to feed her horses. She is short of wheat, her annual crop being insufficient for her own needs and the war caught her before this year's crop had been harvested. But she can make out for a long time on what she has, especially as Germans are militarized and would accept without question a redistribution of bread by the army.

"Potatoes, barley and the like, are plentiful in Germany, and all in all, even though caught inside an iron band with French and British ships guarding all ingress, Germany will scarcely go hungry for a long time to come.

"We must count therefore, upon our arms and our allies. And our chances of victory increase as time goes on. How long will the war last? Our generals Langlois, Lacroix and others have said it will last a long time—six months, ten months, a year at the most and the victory will go to the most tenacious."

Stephen Pichon, former minister of foreign affairs, declared that in his opinion the war would not be of short duration, as popularly believed, but to the contrary, would last a long time.

"It is a war unto death," he said, "for both France and Germany the existence of the German empire and of France depends upon the outcome. It will be waged by energy on both sides. It will be hard fought and bloody and doubtless marked by al-

WAR-MAKING IN THE DARK

Democracy Exalted by Comparison with the Governments at War in Europe.

Asking the question, "Can Europe ever again tolerate the appalling peril of secret diplomacy?" the conclusion of the London Daily News is that "the example of the United States must hereafter become the model of the civilized world."

It is early in the present struggle to begin balancing the books, but one such expression as this gives us an accurate forecast of some of the accounts that are going to be settled, not by kaisers and kings but by the people, when peace shall have been restored.

Monarchy has always sneered at American diplomacy as of the shirt-sleeve variety. Because it was open, direct and honest, it was pronounced uncouth. Because it refused to engage in intrigue, it was held to be deficient in skill. Because it kept faith, it was pitifully regarded as maladroit. But the worst of its offenses has always been publicity.

The war now raging in Europe is the direct result of royalty's secret diplomacy. For a generation past the great armaments there have been falsely represented as making for peace, when we all know now that they were making for war. Everything relating to supreme government policies has been secret except the existence of the colossal war machines and the crushing taxes which have sustained them.

In this way the censorships of peace have been almost as drastic as the censorships of war. A handful of men in each country knew what was going on. Hundreds of millions who are now arrayed against each other in battles as secret as the diplomacy that led to them had no more knowl-

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ternate reverses and victories. But the final word will rest with us. We will win.

Everyone here is asking: "Well, how long will it last?" The answers are varied but the man in the street usually replies: "From two to four months." He afterwards allows for peace negotiations. The men higher up do not agree with the layman, however. Competent authorities almost all agree that considerable more time than that will be spent in fierce fighting between hitherto undreamed-of hordes before peace propositions will be even considered. The Temps says:

"There are people sufficiently naive to hope Germany will be ready to sue for peace after the first great French victory. Error deep and pernicious! The Kaiser has said he would resist to the very last man and the very last horse, and in this at least, he is interpreting the thought of his people. The General von Bernhardt in his 'The War of Today' wrote:

"It must not be thought that the first battles must necessarily be conclusive; the contrary often presents itself and one's luck may turn if one knows how to face misfortune. "No matter how helpless may seem the fight, one must fight it out to the very end, regardless; for the political situation may change and come to the aid of him who knows how to hold on."

The "Temps" draws the conclusion that Germany fully intends to hang on to the bitter end, and that France must realize this and act accordingly. "If she wishes to live," France must also be prepared in victory, if further states, to gain lasting peace in Europe.

Wilson on Vacation

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] WINDSOR, Vt., Sept. 12.—Arriving at Harlakenden house for the second session of his piecemeal vacation, President Wilson rested this afternoon. He will probably go to church Sunday and then for a long auto ride or a brisk walk over the hills.

The trip here from Washington was thoroughly enjoyed by the president today. He arose early and shook hands with those who came to the station to meet the train at several points. A group of Vermont state prison trustees in tan trousers, blue and white jumpers and gray caps were in the crowd which welcomed the president here. Throughout the trip the executive took the greatest delight in mixing with the crowds. At Bellows Falls he left the train and paced back and forth on the platform, chatting with residents of the town. At Brattleboro an aged man pushed up to the car and whispered "God bless you, Mr. President."

No important message came from Washington today and the president was unaware of the halt in the war tax program.

Tearney to Retire

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Giving pressure of other business as his reason, Al. R. Tearney yesterday announced that with the expiration of his term as president of the Three-I league, he would withdraw from the ranks of organized baseball.

—Read The Daily Gate City.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS

United Press Association Telegraph Market Report Over Gate City Leased Wire.

Weekly Grain Review. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Heavy declines marked the trading in all the grain pits this week. Wheat futures lost 9 1/2 to 10 1/2 cents, the prices at today's close standing September \$1.08 1/2; December \$1.12 1/2, and May \$1.20.

The sharp advance of the previous week when wheat jumped 11 to 12 cents had its natural reaction this week. There was no decidedly bearish news of any character to affect the market, but leading longs concluded to realize handsome profits this week without taking further risks and the price steadily declined. The introduction in congress of a joint resolution proposing suspension of the import duty of 10 cents a bushel on wheat was the chief bearish feature. It raised the possibility that Canadian and Argentine grain might enter this country.

Corn had nearly a steady downward movement, losing 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 for the week. Good rains benefited the pastures and made the use of corn for feeding purposes less likely.

Oats suffered with the other grains, going down 3 1/4 for the week. The break in wheat and corn was an important bear factor all week. Another reason for the slump was the unsteadiness of the export demand.

Provisions slumped sharply. Pork lost \$1.62; lard from \$1.05 to \$1.75 and ribs went down \$0 to \$1.05. Weakness of the hog market inspired heavy selling in provisions.

Chicago Produce. CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Butter—Market steady; receipts 11,282 tubs, Creameries, 24 1/2 @ 30c. Eggs—Higher; receipts 8,912 cases. At mark, cases included, 20 @ 23c; ordinary firsts, 21 @ 22c; firsts, 23 @ 23 1/2c.

Poultry—Alive, higher; fowls, 16c; springers, 16c; chickens, 17c.

Chicago Live Stock. CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—Hog receipts 9,000; market slow. 5c under yesterday's average. Bulk of sales, \$8.50 @ 9.10; light, \$8.85 @ 9.50; mixed, \$8.45 @ 9.50; heavy, \$8.25 @ 9.25; rough, \$8.25 @ 8.40; pigs, \$4.75 @ 8.25. Cattle receipts 500; market steady. Beeves, \$6.90 @ 11.00; steers, \$6.35 @ 9.35; stockers and feeders, \$5.40 @ 8.25; cows and heifers, \$3.75 @ 9.35; calves, \$8.30 @ 11.50. Sheep receipts 7,000; market steady. Sheep \$5.15 @ 6.00; yearlings, \$5.90 @ 6.65; lambs, \$6.50 @ 8.25.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 12.—Hay—Clover-mixed, \$16.00 @ 17.50; timothy, \$16.00 @ 18.50; alfalfa, \$14.00 @ 17.00. Straw—Wheat, \$5.50 switched.

Chicago Cash Grain. CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 12.—Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.12 1/4 @ 1.14; No. 3 red, \$1.11 1/4 @ 1.12; No. 2 hard, \$1.11 1/4 @ 1.13; No. 3 hard, \$1.10 1/4 @ 1.12. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 78 1/4 @ 79c; No. 3 yellow, 76 @ 78 1/4c; No. 4 yellow, 77 1/2 @ 78c; No. 5 yellow, 77 1/2 @ 77 3/4c; No. 6 yellow, 77 @ 77 1/2c; No. 2 white, 80 @ 80 1/4c; No. 3 white, 79 1/2 @ 80c; No. 19.