

HURT COASTING; SUIT IS BROUGHT

Louis Winkler Who Was on Bob Sled Which Struck Street Car Is Asking for Damages.

OTHER SUITS ARE FILED

Alleged Delays and Injuries in Matter of Baggage Is Basis for One Bill of Complaint.

An accident which occurred last winter, when a bob-sled on South Eleventh street collided with a street car is the basis for a suit for \$2,500 brought against the Keokuk Electric company and filed in the clerk's office this morning. Louis Winkler, by his next friend John N. Rowley, is bringing the action.

Winkler recites in the petition that South Eleventh street by reason of the slope from Bank to Main streets is adapted to coasting purposes, and so used during the winter for years. He states that on the night of January 1, 1914, he was riding by invitation on a bob-sled, when it collided with a street car which was standing still in the middle of the intersection of Main and Eleventh streets. It is alleged by the plaintiff in his petition that the defendant knew that the hill was used for coasting purposes. It is charged that the defendant was negligent and that plaintiff did nothing to contribute to his accident. He claims he sustained injuries which kept him from work for a long period and caused him much suffering, and which are permanent.

Claims Trunk Damaged.

Robert L. Davis has brought suit against the Norfolk and Western Railway company. He claims \$180 from defendant. He charges in his petition that he bought a ticket from Great Falls to Blackstone, Va., and on his arrival at destination demanded his trunk. Under the laws of Virginia when it is not delivered he is entitled to collect \$100. Count two alleges that he bought a ticket from Blackstone to Keokuk and had his trunk re-checked here. He claims there was a delay in getting his baggage, and he waited ten days, and claims \$5 per day for his time. He also claims trunk was damaged. In count three, Davis alleges that his trunk was damaged and contents to the value of \$30 missing.

Howard Connable has brought suit against Robert L. Hamilton, Josie Hamilton and Van Peppeland Bros., for \$3,576.51 alleged to be due on a promissory note for \$3,000 said to be

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR POOR BLOOD

Mrs. Brunson of Bellefontaine, Ohio, Believes Vinol Is the Best Remedy in the World. Her Personal Experience.

Bellefontaine, Ohio.—"My blood was very poor and I was in a weak, nervous, run-down condition. I tried different medicines without benefit and one day my druggist told me about Vinol. In all I took four bottles and certainly got the results I was looking for. It built me up in every way, blood, strength and nerves, and I tell my friends it is the best medicine on earth. Many of them have used it and found it so."

—Mrs. EARL BRUNSON, Bellefontaine, Ohio.

As long as the blood is impoverished, thin and poor you will be weak, pale and tired all the time. Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, supplies iron to the blood, purifies and enriches it, while the cod liver elements contained in Vinol create strength, and rebuilds wasting tissues. Vinol is not a secret nostrum, simply the medicinal elements of the cod's liver, with the useless nauseating oil eliminated, and tonic iron added. Try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that your money will be returned if it does not make you stronger, feel younger and give you an added interest in life.

McGrath Bros. Drug Co., Keokuk, Ia.

secured by a mortgage, and which is due and not paid, it is claimed.

Some Other Actions.

Citizen's National bank of Donnellson has brought suit against Henry H. Brandt for \$1,000 and interest, alleged to be due on a promissory note. Goodyear Tire and Rubber company has brought suit against William Pitt and Peter Van Ausdall, alleging that \$149.86 is due on merchandise said to have been sold defendants.

Alleging that defendant changed his mind and refused to abide by an oral agreement for rental of a farm, George Browning is suing Mike Kilbride for \$600. Browning alleges defendant agreed to rent farm or 120 acres at \$4 for one year, and that since then he has made another contract.

Citizens Mutual bank has sued Roswell Starr and William Starr on promissory note alleged to be due.

MILLIONAIRES LIE TO TAX COLLECTOR

Only Forty-four in United States Who Admit Income of \$3,000 Per Day.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Which of our millionaires, and how many, lied when the income tax collector came around.

That question was propounded today by Henry H. Klein, author of "Standard Oil or the People" who has made a study of our millionaires and their ways.

According to the treasury department announcement, only forty-four individuals in the United States ad-

How To Make the Quickest, Simplest Cough Remedy

Much Better than the Ready-Made Kind and You Save 50 Cents Fully Guaranteed

This home-made cough syrup is now used in more homes than any other cough remedy. Its promptness, ease and certainty in conquering distressing coughs, chest and throat colds, is really remarkable. You can actually feel it take hold. A day's use will usually overcome the ordinary cough—relieves even whooping cough quickly. Splendid, too, for bronchitis, spasmodic croup, bronchial asthma and winter coughs.

Get from any druggist 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth), pour it in a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. This gives you—at a cost of only 54 cents—a full pint of better cough syrup than you could buy for \$2.50. Takes but a few minutes to prepare. Full directions with Pinex. Tastes good and never spoils.

You will be pleasantly surprised how quickly it loosens dry, hoarse or tight coughs, and heals the inflamed membranes in a painful cough. It also stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the persistent loose cough.

Pinex is a most valuable concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, rich in guaiac, which is so healing to the membranes.

To avoid disappointment, be sure and ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces Pinex," and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

mitted to the income tax collector that they had yearly incomes of \$1,000,000 or over. Klein declares that there are at least 150 persons who are struggling along on \$3,000 a day or thereabouts. He wants to know who the 106 liars are.

"The number forty-four is ridiculous," said Klein. "There are more than that number of Standard Oil stockholders who have incomes of over \$1,000,000 a year. We ought to have a government investigation of private fortunes. That is the only way to get at the truth. I would estimate the number of \$1,000,000 a year plutocrats at at least 150 and the majority of them simply committed perjury when they swore they had less."

John D. Rockefeller heads the list of Standard Oil magnates whom Klein estimates should pay an income tax on \$1,000,000 incomes. Among others are men and women whose names never appear in print and who are almost unknown to the general public. Some of the better known names are: H. M. Flagler, Wm. Rockefeller, J. D. Archbold, H. M. Hanna, O. S. Payne, C. M. Pratt, H. C. Fogler Jr., C. A. Griscomb and C. W. Harkness. Six women appear in the list. They are Helen C. Bostwick, Kate Ladd, Mary B. Jennings, Emma B. Auchincloss, Anna B. Jennings and Esther Jennings.

White Trains for Welsh.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—Charles White started training today for his bout with Freddie Welsh, lightweight champion, at Milwaukee, November 9. Rather than have the bout called off, White last night waived the weight question, accepting Welsh's terms of 135 pounds at 2 o'clock.

Random Sketches

Hallowe'en.

All Saint's Day is a festival of the churches—otherwise called All Hallow Day. The evening of the 31st of October is called All Hallow even, or Hallow E'en as being the vigil or eve of All Hallow day. Hallowtide is a comprehensive name for both days. The Roman Catholic church designed this day to be held in honor of all those saints who had not particular days appointed for them.

It does not appear, says an old writer, that All Saint's day or its eve, was ever marked by very particular service in the Catholic church. Nevertheless there is scarcely any time more distinguished by the common people throughout the British islands, or even in our own land, the United States, than Hallowe'en.

Rather more is it suspected that the inspiration for its celebration in the manner now adopted, instead of being taken from church rites, was adopted from the customs of our pagan ancestors, who it will be remembered had four notable festival days, November 1, February 1, May 1, and August 1. The ancient names of these two latter were Beltane and Lammas. These four days were celebrated by the kindling of fires in conspicuous places, and performing certain ceremonies. Fires were very generally kindled in Wales, Ireland and the Scottish Highlands and even in England on the first of November up to half a century ago, and the custom may still be kept up in some remote places of those lands.

It is stated by Pennant that "in the north of Wales there is a custom upon All Saints' eve of making a great fire called Coal Coeth. Every family, about an hour in the night, make a great bonfire in the most conspicuous place near the house, and when it is almost extinguished, everyone throws a white stone into the ashes, having first marked it, then having said their prayers turning round the fire, they go to bed. In the morning as soon as they are up, they come to search out the stones, and if any of them are found wanting, they have a notion that the person who threw it in will die before he sees another Hallowe'en." It is mentioned by another writer that they dance round and jump through the bonfires, and at the conclusion always run away "to escape the black, short-tailed sow."

It is also written that both in Perthshire and in Ireland that many years ago that the day was properly regarded as the proper time for venturing thanks for the realized fruits of the earth. The Irish, in this regard called it "La Mas Ubal," that is, the day of the apple fruit, and celebrated it with a drink or mess composed of bruised roasted apples mixed with ale or milk. This drink in time acquired the strange appellation of lamb's wool, a corruption, apparently, of the name of the day in the Celtic language.

Ring of bells was one of the modes of celebrating Hallowmas in England in the early days.

In celebration of the day, nuts were cracked and eaten. Apples were also extensively eaten; and hence in the north of England. All Hallowe'en is often called Nut-crack Night. There were other fortune telling customs besides those described by Robert Burns which you have no doubt all read as they are so quaintly described in his poem on the subject. The more daring rites of the celebration have in later years been omitted by polite people as to coarse for practice.

At meetings of young persons on the day, a plentiful supply of nuts and apples were provided and a few simple amusements practiced. The experiment of the burning nut, to test the duration of love or friendship was a favorite pastime. Ducking for apples was another. A tub being provided, nearly full of water, and the fruit thrown in, the young people endeavored to seize a floating apple in their teeth—a task much more difficult than might be supposed, and which generally puts the dresses and tresses of the fair girls entering the contest into considerable disorder. The baffled efforts of the various parties, raise shouts of laughter.

Or a cross stick is suspended by a string from the ceiling, with a short burning candle on one end and an apple on the other. While it swings rapidly round, lads and lassies, with their hands tied, attempt to catch the apple with their teeth, but generally suffer a good deal from the burning candle before they succeed in their object. Here also failure brought about much merriment. It has been thought rather remarkable that Burns did not introduce into his poem any notice of these sports, which like the others, were prevalent in his day over the whole of his majesty's domains.

From these came the custom of celebrating the day, but it is observed in a much different manner in our own country. Any number of Hallowe'en events are planned or are being planned in Keokuk. Some have anticipated the day and have already celebrated it.

No More Republicans.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 29.—There is no more a republican party in the United States, asserted Vice President Marshall at a democratic rally last night, explaining that he had watched the "antics" of the sixteen republican United States senators recently and no two of them thought alike. The republicans are just "agin' the government," he said.

Apples! Apples!! Apples!!!

—FROM—

Iowa, Illinois, New York, Virginia

W. B. DANIEL

206-208 Main Street

Offers the dealers of Keokuk and vicinity the largest assortment of varieties ever offered in Keokuk. The quality is the best. List includes New York Baldwins, Greenings, Russets, Twenty Ounce Pippins, Gilliflowers, Virginia York Imperials, Iowa Willow Twig, Minkler, Grimes Golden, Rome Beauty, Pennock, Ben Davis, Illinois, Wine Sap, Gano, Arkansas Black, Mammoth Black Twig, Staymen Wine Sap, Missouri Pippins. All in barrels, packed number one grade. Also Western Box Jonathans.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

CHAS. A. KENNEDY

OF LEE COUNTY

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS

FIRST DISTRICT OF IOWA

Note:—Congressman Kennedy has never failed to respond to every request of Keokuk citizens. He has been equally loyal and efficient to every county and city in the First district.



The Rural Telephone

In the United States the telephone has been extended to small towns, farms and ranches much more generally than in any other country.

In American towns of under 100,000 people, and on the farms and ranches, there is an average of one telephone for every 12 persons; in Europe there is less than one telephone for every 200 people.

Nearly 58% of American telephone exchanges are in very small towns with less than 300 subscribers. In the small towns and on the farms in Europe the telephone is a near curiosity.

The private companies in America have given the American people the lowest telephone rates anywhere and have extended the service until this country now has more telephones and more telephone wire than all the rest of the world.

IOWA TELEPHONE COMPANY

ELDERVILLE, ILL.

Mr. Wm. Vogel was in Hamilton Saturday afternoon.

Miss Ona Williams was a Warsaw visitor last Monday.

Misses Dora Van Blair and Golda Ashlock of Hamilton spent Saturday and Sunday with Charlie Van Blair and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Kopp, Sr., and Mr. and Mrs. Will Rhus of Hamilton visited Sunday at Geo. Rhus' and family.

Our first frost appeared Sunday morning, Oct. 25. Now we may look for some winter.

entertained about forty of their young friends at their home near Basco last Saturday evening.

Miss Clara Vogel visited with Miss Hazel Triboulet last Friday and Saturday.

Misses Dora Van Blair and Golda Ashlock of Hamilton spent Saturday and Sunday with Charlie Van Blair and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Kopp, Sr., and Mr. and Mrs. Will Rhus of Hamilton visited Sunday at Geo. Rhus' and family.

Our first frost appeared Sunday morning, Oct. 25. Now we may look for some winter.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Wallace and family visited Sunday at Dan Brenning's, east of Carthage.

Misses Hazel and Vera Triboulet

John Opstelton

For Moving, Storage, Transfers
Special attention given to moving pianos.
Bell phone Red-446. 1823 Morgan.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIAN.
DR. W. P. SHERLOCK,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office, 18 North Fifth street; in the Howell building. Residence, Hotel Iowa.
Office Hours—10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 9; Sundays, 11 to 1 p. m. United States civil service examiner.

DR. BRUCE L. GILFILLAN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office, 481 1/2 Main street, over Winger Bros. store. Bell phone 150-Black.

Residence, 317 North Fourth street. Bell phone 1280-Red.
Hours—10-12 a. m.; 2-4 p. m.; 7-9 p. m. Sunday by appointment.

C. A. JENKINS, M. D.
Room 4, Estes building.
Office phone 26; residence, 569.
Hours—10-12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.

S. H. AYRES,
CHIROPRACTOR.
No Drugs—No Knife—No Osteopathy.
323 Blondeau. Phone 1411.

DR. H. H. STAFFORD,
DENTIST.
In Dorsey Building across from the Postoffice.
Hours from 9 to 12, 1:30 to 5:00.

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store

DR. W. FRANK BROWN
No. 10 North Fifth Street.
Hours: 10-11 a. m., 2-4 p. m.
7:30-8:30 p. m.
Calls may be left at City Drug Store



"There's a Reason" why more and more coffee drinkers quit coffee and use— POSTUM

Once convinced that coffee-drinking is actually harmful to health, few parents would give coffee to their children or drink it themselves.

What proof more convincing than the unnatural aches and pains that many coffee-drinkers suffer?

What proof more conclusive than the scores of expert medical and scientific opinions against coffee?

Brain, Stomach, Heart Liver and Kidneys are the first organs to be affected. Sometimes it shows in headache; often in nervousness, indigestion or heart disturbance; frequently in biliousness or disturbed vision.

If you are in doubt, try this test—

Stop coffee ten days and use POSTUM

This pure food-drink made of prime wheat and a small per cent of molasses, has a rich, Java-like flavour and is absolutely pure and free from the coffee-drug caffeine, or any other harmful ingredient.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be boiled 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—needs no boiling. A teaspoonful of the soluble powder stirred in a cup of hot water makes a delightful beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Grocers everywhere sell both kinds and the cost per cup is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM