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TWELVE PAGES.

TURKS JOIN HANDS WITH GERMANY

MAKING NO HEADWAY AGAINST ALLIED ARMY

Germans Reported Being Either Held Stationary Or Driven Backward All Along the Battle Line.

UNBURIED BODIES ARE LYING EVERYWHERE

Many Small Villages Which Were in the Path of the Storm Have Been Completely Wiped Out.

[By Wm. Phillip Simms, United Press Staff Correspondent.]

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Optimism ruled supreme in military circles today. The official reports from the fighting front all told of substantial gains for the allies. At no point apparently, are the Germans able to make headway.

The fighting has materially slackened. This is due to the failure of the German reinforcements, who have reached the front, to participate in the fighting as yet. But it is believed they are planning a new assault not only in the north in the territory between Lille and Armentieres, but also on the right wing from Alsace Lorraine.

Wintry weather conditions interfered considerably with the operations everywhere today. It is reported to be snowing in the Vosges and in part of the Woivre region while a wintry rain is falling elsewhere in the Woivre and in the Argennes.

The losses of the last fortnight have been staggering. While figures are withheld, it is certain that the allies have lost upwards of 50,000 in that period killed, wounded and prisoners. And all reports received here place the German

casualties at from three to four times that number.

The entire front of the battle line in the north is covered with unburied bodies. The many small villages that extended from Nienport to Dixmude have been absolutely obliterated. Only a few houses are left in Dixmude and the streets of the city are littered with the dead. Similar conditions prevail everywhere through the territory over which the battle was fought.

HOSPITAL SHIP WRECKED. WHITBY, England, Oct. 30.—The hospital ship Rosella, enroute to Belgium with a party of Red Cross nurses and hospital supplies has been totally wrecked off this port. The second officer managed to get a life boat and brought the nurses safely to land, but eighty members of the crew and other passengers are still clinging to the bow of the wrecked vessel which is still fast on the rocks. It is feared all must be lost as the weather is so heavy that life boats cannot live in the sea that is running and the wreckage is too far off shore for the life lines to carry. Seven bodies already have been washed ashore. Coast guards are standing by ready to put out to the vessel on the first sign of the weather improving.

Suffragists' Ball Tonight. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] NEWARK, Oct. 30.—The Palace ballroom, this city, will tonight be the scene of a brilliant social event when the annual ball of the New Jersey suffragists organized as the Women's Political Union of New Jersey, will take place.

What the War Moves Mean

By J. W. T. Mason, Former European Manager of the United Press.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—(11 a. m.)—Turkey's participation in the pan-European war represents the first diplomatic success scored by Germany since the crisis of civilization began. Germany's military victories apparently have been cleverly used by her diplomats in Constantinople to persuade the young Turks that the allies will be defeated at the end of the war, leaving Germany and her friends, masters of the destinies of Europe.

From the standpoint of Turkish statesmanship, the chance Turkey is taking represents, it is true, a gambler's throw, but that is the only remaining way for the Turks to rehabilitate themselves. If the allies win the war, the Turkish empire now will be thrust back into Asia Minor while if the German armies are successful, Turkey will be herself again. Judged exclusively in the light of German interests, the Ottoman rush into the war is a double triumph. It gives a half million reinforcements to the German armies, making possible a strong offensive against Russia.

More useful to Germany even than the Turkish armies in the field will be Turkish territory in the peace conference after the war.

If the allies should be successful in the war, Germany may arouse the jealousies of the allied nations concerning preponderant influences in Turkey. The possession of Constantinople may possibly become the most important question at the peace conference, permitting Germany diplomacy to play on material suspicions of the allies.

Turkey's entrance into the war, now makes possible Russian expansion to the south and the acquisition of a warm water sea port, open the year round. This is far more important to the Slavs than the occupation of Galicia or east Prussia. Thus a diversion may be created, not only keeping German eastern territory inviolate, but also causing the czar to forego his united Poland ambitions for the greater project to the south. Whether the Balkan nations will take up arms against Turkey probably depends on the Turkish plan of campaign.

FRANCE

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] PARIS, Oct. 30.—News that Turkey has joined issues with Germany and Austria against the allies overshadowed everything else here today. It was accepted by the high military officials as an admission by Germany that she is unable to make gains either in the east or the west. The bringing into the conflict of the Turkish army, numbering between 700,000 and 900,000, liberally offered by Germans, is expected here immediately to force Italy's hand.

France has looked to Italy to dominate the Balkans and she cannot do so if she remains idly neutral in the present crisis. Because of the knowledge of this fact, attention of the French government today has been entirely directed at Rome. Representatives of the foreign office are reported to have left Bordeaux last night for the Italian capital and it is believed that a momentous conference is already in progress there.

Reports from the fighting along the Belgian-French front received here today say that with the arrival of German reinforcements, the fighting in the north is again very severe. The Germans are continuing their efforts to break through the Dixmude-Nieuport barrier and also north of Ypres. The British are being hard pressed in the territory between Lille and Armentieres and additional reinforcements have been sent to that point. Severe fighting also is in progress along the entire French front and at parts of the center and it is stated that the Germans are being slowly driven back upon Metz.

3 O'CLOCK REPORT. PARIS, Oct. 30.—Sweeping claims of substantial gains by the allies in the battle ground in the north, featured this afternoon's 3:00 o'clock communique. The Belgians, it was stated, have cut the dykes and flooded the regions of the lower Yser. Following this up with a violent cannonading from both the French and the Belgian entrenchments, the Germans have been forced to retreat well to the north.

The allies are also declared to be advancing in the vicinity of Ypres. The Germans essayed a violent counter attack against the British in the vicinity of LaBassee but were repulsed after hand to hand fighting in which the losses were very heavy. The British at the end of this fight were able to reoccupy ground previously ceded. The German losses in this fighting is said to have been very large.

At all other points on the battle line, the statement says the French are advancing.

The text of the statement was as follows:

"On the extreme left, the floods spread by the Belgian army in the lower valley of the Yser have compelled the forces of the enemy to cross that river in retreat. They have been violently shelled by the Belgian and French artillery. "The Germans attempted three violent counter attacks on the French and British army corps who are advancing to the northeast and to the east of Ypres. At the end of the day, nevertheless, our troops continued their forward movement in the direction to which they had been assigned and took several points of support. "The British troops, attacked at several points to the north of LaBassee by superior forces, have retaken an energetic offensive and regained in

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BALKANS

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] CETTINJE, Oct. 30.—It was officially announced here that the fortifications of Cattaro have been practically annihilated by combined bombardment from land and sea. Fort Warmatne has been almost totally destroyed, its casemates and cupolas being reported in fragments. Fort Lucezia is also badly battered and the surrender of the port is expected very soon. The Montenegrins advancing in the province of Gatzko, Herzegovina, have occupied the town of Jacko, the enemy losing heavily. Austrian aeroplanes have dropped nine bombs on Antivari with little damage and no loss of life.

AUSTRIA

[By Alice Rohe, United Press Staff Correspondent.]

ROME, Oct. 11. (By mail to New York.)—Press agents for warring nations whose activities would do credit to the strenuous publicity promoters of rival stage celebrities, introduce an incredible element of humor into the great European war tragedy.

For years Serbia has been a nation despised by the greater powers. Austria has regarded her with contempt and hate. And the bitter blow Austro-Hungarian pride suffered after the battle of Sabatz when the Serbian press agent became busy, started fresh gnashing of Austrian teeth. Following this encounter in which the despised Serbians were triumphant, the Serbian press agent, adding insult to injury, sent forth the story that the famous Austrian regimental band had been captured in the battle and had been forced to play Serbian national airs in cafes at Nish. No sooner had the humiliating account gained publicity than the Austrian press agent sat down at his desk in Vienna, and launched a denial of the story. He declared it was only an invention of the Serbs who had in reality dressed up one of their own bands in Austrian uniforms and marched them from cafe to cafe, in a desire to bring ridicule and humiliation upon their superior enemy.

The Austrian press agent was not content, however, with the denial and shortly after the publication of the captured regimental band story, the press department of Francis Joseph's dual kingdom sent out a report worthy of an ingenious theatrical publicity promoter. The great Serbian poet, Wukitchivitch, said the Austrian press agent had been captured and was being held prisoner at Vienna. So impressed with the heroic exploits of the Austrians, and with their national nobility of character had Wukitchivitch become that he could not restrain himself from bursting into song praising Austria's valor.

The story of the imprisoned Serbian poet inditing poems to the enemy had no sooner been released from the mimeograph, than a wild cry arose from the Serbian press headquarters at Nish.

"There is no Serbian poet named Wukitchivitch," said the Serbs. "The Austrians have merely invented him." Thus while the whole of Europe is involved with tragic consequences in the bickerings of Austria and Serbia, the busy press agents of the two nations are carrying on their petty warfare of words.

Might Have Got More.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Although she "held out" on a jury and refused to show her knee, the bone of contention in a personal injury suit against a street railway company, Miss Loreta M. Lanahan today had a \$6,000 verdict in her favor. Jurymen wanted a peek at her knee, which the defense contended was not seriously hurt, but Miss Lanahan refused to exhibit "exhibit A" and yet won her suit.

JAPAN

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] TOKIO, Oct. 30.—Official advices received here today placed the casualties when the cruiser Emden sank the Russian cruiser Jemichug in the harbor of Penang at two officers and eighty-five Russian sailors killed and many wounded. Japanese cruisers were sent in pursuit but have failed to locate the Emden which is now blockading the rich eastern trade routes.

Tomorrow Is Last Day To Register

Registration Boards open from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. This will be the last chance to register and voters should see that their names are on the books.

RUSSIA

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A special to the Star from Petrograd says that the Polish army corps, being formed in Russian Poland by the direct orders of the czar is being raised by the voluntary enlistment. It is stated that it is to be officered by Polish officers, even to the generals commanding, and that the troops will be armed with rifles and cannon captured from Austria.

RUSSIANS DEFEAT AUSTRIANS. PETROGRAD, Oct. 30.—It was officially announced here today that the Russian troops operating in Bulowina have again defeated the Austrians and have re-occupied Czernowitz, capital of that crown land. It is also stated that the general situation both in Galicia and Russian Poland continues to improve from the Russian viewpoints.

OFFICIAL REPORT. PETROGRAD, Oct. 30.—Official announcement was made today that the Russian cruiser Shemichug was sunk by the German cruiser Emden at Penang, Straits Settlement, on Wednesday morning. It is stated the Emden passed inside of the British forts, flying the Japanese flag and after sinking the Shemichug and a French destroyer that was also in the harbor, escaped. The Emden successfully discharged torpedoes before she was recognized as an enemy. The announcement of the Emden's exploit was first made public from Tokio yesterday. At the time it was stated that the Germans had easily escaped after sinking the two rival war craft. The announcement from Petrograd, however, places the seal of official confirmation on the exploit, admittedly the most remarkable of the war to date.

ODESSA BOMBARDED.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Odessa was bombarded last night and American property was destroyed, according to a state department dispatch from the Petrograd charge today. This information was based on a report from the American consul at Odessa. The amount of property destroyed was not stated. It was assumed by officials here that the bombardment was done by the Turks.

The message was dated at Petrograd at seven o'clock last night and indicated the bombardment had occurred Wednesday night. There was nothing about the message to show whether any notice of the bombardment had been given in advance.

Because of destruction of American property, this government today made inquiry concerning the subject of previous notices. In case of movable goods, damages might be recovered. Recovery of damages, however, in any event, is admittedly a difficult proposition.

GERMANY

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] BERLIN, Oct. 30. (Via wireless through Sayville, L. I., to the United Press.)—A bitter official denial was issued here today of the reports made public officially at Lisbon that German troops have invaded the Portuguese African possessions of Angola. "This report is a flat lie forged in order to justify Portugal's participation in the war so that she can aid the English in attempting to cope with the rebellion of the Boers in the Union of South Africa," the statement declared. "It is certain that the revolt of Generals DeWet and Beyers is taking on big proportions and England wants Portugal to come to her rescue."

IN PORTUGUESE AFRICA.

LISBON, Oct. 30.—Official details of the attempt on the part of the Germans to take Angola, Portuguese West Africa, reached here today. It is stated that a party of German cavalry comprising twelve whites and twenty blacks, arrived at the military post of Nauilla and demanded an interview with the Portuguese commander. While word was being sent to him, the German officer suddenly ordered his men to withdraw. The Portuguese officer who had been first approached, grasped the German officer's horse by the bridle and demanded an explanation. Some of the Germans raised their rifles and immediately the Portuguese garrison fired, killing three. The Germans then retreated at full gallop.

GERMANIZED TURKEY IS NOW TAKING A HAND

Two Cruisers Shell Harbor of Odessa While Others are Busy at Other Ports on the Black Sea

RUSSIA WELCOMES THE NEW ENEMY

Complications in European War are Expected to Draw Several Other Nations Into the Conflict.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Advices received from a number of sources this evening, agree in confirming the report that Russia has recalled her ambassador to Constantinople and that all Russian consular representatives have been directed to leave Turkey immediately. It is believed certain in official circles here that a formal declaration of war between Russia and Turkey is a question of only a few hours. What is declared as being virtually a state of war has existed since early yesterday when Turkey's fleet began the attack on Black sea unfortified ports.

PLEASING TO RUSSIA.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] PETROGRAD, Oct. 30.—Russia has accepted Turkey's participation in the war in enthusiastic fashion. High governmental officials today declared that the czar and his advisors welcome the opportunity to settle for all time the entire Turkey question. Already steps have been taken to meet the situation. Orders have been sent to the Black sea fleet to search out and destroy the Turkish squadrons now operating against Crimean and Caucasian ports. At the same time the troops which have been held in readiness for this expected event will move shortly.

No official declaration of war has been received here as yet, according to high officials. Communication with Constantinople has been interrupted and no word has been received from the Russian embassy to tell whether the ambassador and his staff have been handed their passports. Despatches from them, however, are momentarily expected.

At the British embassy here it was stated that there can be little doubt now that the entire Balkans will be involved in the war. Bulgaria and Roumania, it is stated, must now decide whether they will attempt to continue an unpopular neutrality or will seize opportunity for once and for all to end Turkey in Europe as a

nation. Officials here believe that both Roumania and Bulgaria will strike against Turkey in the immediate future.

The reports received here of the Turkish activity are for the present confirmed to the following: Two destroyers, flying the Turkish flag, shelled the outer harbor at Odessa, sinking a Russian merchant steamer. The Turkish cruiser Breslau, secured from Germany, appeared off the entrance to the harbor of Theodosia, Caucasus and sent two officers ashore to demand the surrender of the city. The Russian governor made the two officers prisoners of war and refused the demand. The Breslau then bombarded the buter docks, doing considerable damage and killing one soldier.

The Turkish cruiser, Hamidieh appeared off Novorossysk and immediately afterward the Turkish consul general there demanded that the town surrender to the war ship. He was arrested and immediately afterward the warship withdrew.

The Turkish battle cruiser Goeben, secured from Germany, torpedoed and sank the Russian steamers Yalta and Kakkab in the outer roadstead at Kertch, Caucasus.

News that Turkey actually had entered the war was made public in this city in special editions of the newspapers. Almost immediately afterward a patriotic demonstration was started that eclipsed anything seen here since the opening of the war. Headed by officers in uniform who are waiting orders and by soldiers, a great procession was formed in the Newsky Prospect. At the head were the flags of Russia, England, France and Belgium and the crowds marched to the winter palace where patriotic songs were sung, and many patriotic addresses made. It is declared at the war office that Germany has called on Turkey in the hope that a demonstration by the Turkish army and navy will relieve the pressure on the Austro-German armies in Galicia and along the east Prussian border. It is stated here that the Germans have not only been routed in the fighting along the Vistula but that a large part of the German army which invaded Russian Poland, actually had been cut off from its base and is in danger of being entirely annihilated. Realization of this, it is believed here forced Germany's hand and she was compelled to bring Turkey into the war immediately, at

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The War at a Glance

Summarized by John Edwin Nevin, United Press Staff Correspondent.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

RUSSIA—News that Turkish troops were shelling the Black sea ports of Russia was followed by stirring patriotic demonstrations in Petrograd. No formal declaration of war has yet been received from Turkey. The Russians have reoccupied Czernowitz, capital of the Austrian crown land of Bukowina and are also declared to have succeeded in dividing the German armies operating in Russian Poland and Galicia. **ENGLAND**—News of Turkey's action is declared by high British officials to mean that Turkey in Europe will be entirely eliminated if the allies win the struggle. Although Prince Louis of Battenberg

has retired as first sea lord of the admiralty, King George, to emphasize the royal disapproval of the campaign of inuendo against him, because of his Austrian birth, has nominated him as a member of the privy council.

FRANCE—It is stated here that the Germans are again essaying the offensive in the north but that so far they have made no material progress while at many points along the line, especially on the eastern frontier, the French are advancing materially.

GERMANY—It is emphatically denied that the Germans have invaded the Portuguese African possessions. The war office claims the Germans are still gaining ground in France and Belgium.