THE GATE CITY
PUBLISHED BY
THE GATE CITY COMPANY

E. F. Stirnie .....Manager

DAILY BY MAIL.
One year.....$3.00 Four months.....$1.00
Six months.....1.50 One month.....35
Entered in Keokuk postoffice as second class matter.
Postage prepaid; terms in advance.
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The date printed on the address of each paper notes when the subscription expires.
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Address all communications to
THE GATE CITY COMPANY,
No. 22, North Sixth St., Keokuk, Iowa.

THE GATE CITY is on sale at the following news stands:
Hotel Lenox, cor. 3rd and Johnson.
C. E. Collins & Co., 69 Main street.
West Bros., 22 Main street.
Depot News Stand.

Keokuk, Iowa ....November 9, 1914

## THE PATH TO PEACE.

Not against Teuton must our strength
be turned.
Against no European land, however
mad;
Leave it to those more vitally concerned
To meet the foeman in his armor
clad.
But rather let our utmost strength
be ranged
Against conditions that permit this
strain
On human frailty. They must be
changed.
The old ways must, for sure and
certain gain.
No more the money-making out of
hate,
No more the blinding of the people's
sight,
No more unfriendly treaties of one
state
With its allies against an anxious
mate,
No more the schools that rear the
youth to fight;
In the material faith that might is
right.

—H. C. LONG.

## THOUGHT FOR TODAY.

"Patience and persuasiveness are beautiful virtues in dealing with children and feeble-minded adults; but those who have the gift of reason and understand the principles of justice, it is our duty to compel to act up to the highest light that is in them, and as promptly as possible.—Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

It has taken three years to bring the steel trust dissolution case to the consideration of a lower court. Experts in such matters figure that progress to and through the court of last resort will not smash the speed record.

One of Dr. Charles W. Eliot's correspondents, who disagrees with his views on the war, writes to him sweetly: "Therefore, I say from the bottom of my Christian heart, may God Almighty damn you and all your descendants."

There are times when moderation is an involuntary virtue. When you listen to a candidate on the corner expounding the wonderful things he will do to "save the country" if you give him the job, there is no chance to reciprocate. You can't find a rock to heave.

Trixie Friganza, a butterfly of the footlights, tripped quite soberly into a Chicago court the other day and sobbed out a tale of woe. Her husband of only two years, whose bills she had paid regularly, actually slapped her on both cheeks, the mean brute. Trixie wants a divorce.

The labor situation in New York City, on the threshold of winter is rather peculiar. The demand for unskilled labor is said to equal the supply, but skilled labor is not so well off, particularly clerks, vast numbers of whom were laid off by the collapse of business in Wall street. Scarcity of domestic servants approaches a famine

## WATER POWER SURVEYS.

Topographic engineers of the United States Geological Survey have been making profile surveys in the Snake River basin, Idaho—surveys incidental to their general topographic mapping and the results of their work have just been published by the Geological Survey in Water-Supply Paper 347, which contains also a map of the area examined.

The Snake river basin contains many good storage sites but only a few have been utilized. About 400,000 acre-feet of water can be stored in Jackson lake by a dam which has been constructed by the reclamation service. The larger site is at Swan valley, on Snake river, where the water available for storage is approximately 4,000,000 acre-feet. Irrigation has reached a high stage of development in the Snake river valley, yet approximately 6,000,000 acre-feet of water annually runs to waste. Eventually these flood waters will be stored and used to irrigate thousands of acres of arid land. The streams afford enormous water powers, but only a few sites have been developed owing to the lack of market.

## STATE MAP OF MISSOURI.

In connection with the data obtained by the United States portion of the millionth scale international map of the world the United States Geological Survey is publishing a series of state maps on double this scale—1 to 500,000, or about 8 inches to 1 mile.

The map of Missouri, one of those recently published by the Survey, is the result of co-operative work between the federal survey and the Missouri bureau of geology and mines. The map shows in accurate position all the principal cities, towns, villages, streams, railroads, etc., and the main political subdivisions. The map measures 41 by 47 inches, and is sold by the U. S. Geological Survey at Washington for 25 cents a copy, or at the rate of 21 cents each if at least $5 worth are purchased—approximately the cost of paper and printing.

## VICTORY IN 1916.

"The tremendous slump in the bull moose vote over the United States emphatically places it as a minor opposition party henceforth," declares Frank P. Woods, chairman of the republican national congressional committee. "The result of the elections in the various states leads me to predict that the republican party will be returned to administer the government in 1916."

Chairman Woods predicted that the progressive party of the United States "will eventually be controlled by democrats."

Mr. Woods came to Fort Dodge from his home in Estherville to confer with Senator Kenyon. He expressed himself as highly enthusiastic over the returns from the various states. Amplifying his prediction concerning the progressive party, he said:

"It is reasonable to expect that the protectionists will return from the bull moose party to the republican party, while their places will be taken by democrats who will be out of harmony with their own party policies. As a result the progressive party organization eventually will be controlled by the democrats."

## CHICAGO LIVE STOCK SHOW.

It should be understood that the purpose of the international live stock exposition, which will this year be held from November 28 to December 5, is the improvement of the live stock of the nation. It is educational in its nature, aims, methods and results. It brings together annually from 4,000 to 10,000 of the world's choicest animals, to be judged in upwards of 400 classes, in competition for over 2,000 cash premiums, aggregating more than $25,000, besides other numerous valuable prizes, trophies, medals of honor, etc., and holds constant business sessions during the week composed of the foremost live stock representatives of the world, also a series of brilliant evening horse fairs and displays of premium live stock in the arena, with music and special features, all for the purpose of instructing the eye and the mind of the producer of live stock to the importance and necessity of better methods and the greater profits to be derived from raising the better kinds of farm animals, thus expanding and improving the industry throughout the nation and increasing greatly its agricultural prosperity. In short, it is a vast object lesson intended for the improvement of the live stock of the United States, the upbuilding of public confidence in the health and excellence of American animals and meats, and the creation of a better demand for them at home and abroad.

## ELECTRIC SPARKS.

Grain elevators are now driven by electric power.

Gold dredges are now being operated by electric motors.

Modern "White Way" street lighting proves that business follows the bright lights.

Much of our war news from Europe is flashed across the seas by wireless telegraphy.

Windsor, Ont., is now using electrical energy generated at Niagara Falls, 250 miles away.

Electric heating and cooking devices are being used extensively in domestic science schools.

According to reports from England, the Chinese government will construct numerous wireless stations in China, not only along the coast but also in the interior provinces.

An electric machine has been invented to re-set ten pins. The new electrical "pin boy" will re-set the pins in a fraction of a second. An electric motor, controlled by magnets, does the work.

The new hydro-electric plant on the St. Croix river, at Grand Falls, Me., has been completed, and put in operation. Power is supplied to the mills of the St. Croix Paper company at Woodland.

Seven electrically operated crossing gates are being installed by the Canadian Pacific railroad to protect traffic across its tracks along the water front at Vancouver, B. C. They are of the porteullis type and will be raised and lowered by pressing a push-button controlling the master operating switch.

With a population of 110,000 served by its lines, the Dallas (Texas) Electric Light & Power company has 20,000 customers connected, representing one user of electric service for every five and one-half inhabitants, or, taking the usual basis of the directory makers, which assumes five persons for each family, almost every household in Dallas is a user of central-station service.

Within the last five years a new field for the application of electricity has been created in Europe, based upon the electrical production of ultra-violet light for the sterilization of water and for other purposes. Many installations of this kind have been made in Europe for both small and large water works, and they are operated very successfully. Their simplicity and rapidity of action are highly satisfactory.

The Booth-Kell lumber mill at Springfield, Ore., has contracted for power from the Oregon Power company. This mill has a capacity of 150,000 feet for a ten hour run. There are 65 motors aggregating 1,250 horse power. The number of employes is about 125. There is a monorail conveyor as well as electric trucks for moving lumber about the yard. The refuse is turned over to the adjacent plant of the Oregon Power company for fuel.

Because of the fact that gasoline trucks are useful for service in the European war zone, and since nearly all such trucks in England have been requisitioned by the government, electric vehicles are now in many cases being substituted. It is reported that the available stock kept on hand by the various dealers in London has been entirely bought up. Recently American manufacturers inaugurated a campaign to sell electric automobiles in England, and present conditions seem exceedingly favorable to the success of their efforts.

## Christmas Buying.

Indianapolis News: Many persons, whose sympathies are aroused—as well they may be—by the suffering caused by the war are proposing to contribute money ordinarily spent for Christmas presents to one or more of the various relief funds. The intention is widely proclaimed and temporary societies for the purpose are already forming. The motive that prompts this is admirable, of course. But there is reason to believe that if this determination is as general as it is rumored to be its practice might entail serious results in our own country. Christmas buying is an established custom. Business relies upon it. Merchants long ago, before war was dreamed of, made their purchases of goods for what is known in the business world as "the Christmas trade." Money is invested in these, many of which have only an immediate seasonable value, and on their sale depends to a measurable extent the prosperity of thousands of dealers.

To reduce receipts from this source by a sudden and wholly unforeseen diversion of money ordinarily spent in Christmas shopping, even to apply it to so worthy a cause as the relief of Europe's war victims, would mean little less than disaster for many shops, while others, financially stronger, would feel the pinch seriously. Business difficulties would ensue and retrenchment would be imperative. Nor would the proprietors themselves by the only ones to suffer. Employers also would be affected, and through them their families, while dealers in necessities, to whom the greater portion of wages goes sooner or later, would feel, in turn, the far reaching effects.

Approve or not, as we may, the practice of Christmas giving, the fact still remains that it is a custom so firmly established that many shops look to it as the source of the year's profits. This can not be changed in a moment without a disturbance of economic conditions. And that fact might profitably be borne in mind by those active in forming the relief societies. There is, in short, more than one phase to the question, and always, surely, the strong probability that we can be of greatest service to Europe's war victims only when our own stability is maintained and our own country remains financially sound and prosperous. There is—or should be—plenty of money for all.

## SEEKING OLD LINEN FOR HOSPITAL USE

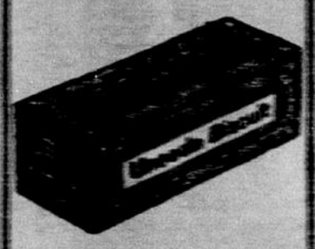
Salvation Army Issues Appeal for Material for Bandages to be Used by Red Cross.

Commander E. C. Booth of the Salvation Army is nothing if she is not practical. She has determined that the Salvation Army in the United States and its friends shall have their part in the alleviating of the sufferings of the wounded in both the German camp and the allies. The Salvation Army is in a peculiar sense interested because they have literally thousands of their own members on the firing line engaged there as soldiers in the various armies or in Red Cross or relief work, while some are military chaplains, so that whatever army wins the Salvation Army loses.

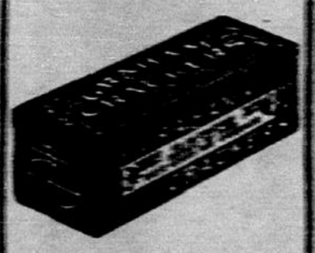
The awful conditions prevailing in Europe and the terrible dearth of all kinds of hospital supplies, especially bandages, pads and linen generally, has led Miss Booth to inaugurate in every leading city in America an "old linen campaign." The need is so enormous and urgent that it is hoped that not only the Salvationists themselves, but ladies' clubs, fraternal societies, schools, churches, and in fact everybody will undertake to do something.

One cannot think without horror of the thousands wounded in even one of these campaigns. In our own civil war our northern ladies and those splendid southern matrons and their daughters took the very best linen and worked almost day and night in making bandages, and why not let us all join the Salvation Army in this effort and do it without delay. One writer states, "'Promptitude is the greatest kindness.' In nearly every home there is old linen—sheets, pillow cases, table cloths, napkins, towels, handkerchiefs and other things that might be made up into bandages. All linen should be thoroughly washed before being sent. Contributions of old linen, etc., should be sent to the Salvation Army. This will be made up into pads and bandages of regulation size and forwarded to New York for shipment. Arrangements have been made with the shipping companies for free transit.

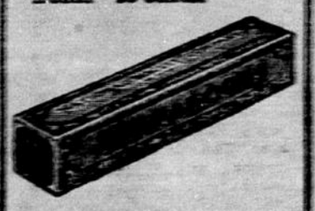
Uneeda Biscuit
Nourishment—fine flavor—purity—crispness—wholesomeness. All for 5 cents, in the moisture-proof package.



GRAHAM CRACKERS
A food for every day. Crisp, delicious and strengthening. Fresh baked and fresh delivered. 10 cents.



SNAPAROONS
A delightful new biscuit, with a rich and delicious cocoanut flavor. Crisp and always fresh. 10 cents.



Buy biscuit baked by
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
Always look for that Name

## STORM ON LAKES MENACE TO SHIPS

Schooner Being Pounded to Pieces on the Rocks on Anniversary of Big Storm.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 9.—Fast on the rocks of Sturgeon point, between Algena aand Oscoda, the schooner Samuel K. Flint today is slowly pounding to pieces. Since early yesterday, when she grounded, the Flint has been battered by the heavy waves of Lake Huron. The crew is still aboard, making frantic efforts to lighter her cargo, but help is standing by prepared to remove the men when the danger becomes too great.

### Just One Year After.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 9.—Reports here today said that the steamer Agazis of the Hanna fleet is aground in Lake St. Clair and the schooner Samuel K. Flint is on the rocks in Lake Huron. Many big lake freighters still lingered in port here today. They scurried to shelter when the government forecasted the approach of the storm. Just one year ago today, Cleveland and other lake ports were storm bound and the furious gale that cost over 200 lives and foundered a dozen vessels on the great lakes, was at its height.

### Must be Shown.

Kansas City Star: After a whole people had been convinced that 72,000 foreign troops passed through their land when not a single one really had been there, it takes something more than a report of hearing guns in the North sea to prove there has been a naval battle.

### Tonight.

Tonight, if you feel dull and stupid, or bilious and constipated, take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets and you will feel all right tomorrow. For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

# PAROLE VIOLATORS ESTIMATED AT 200

This Number Has Broken Word Since 1907 When Indeterminate Sentence Law Became Effective in Iowa.

## MAJORITY LEAVE STATE

This is One of the Leading Causes For Re-arrest of Men Who Has Been Put on Probation.

Since the commencement of the indeterminate sentence and parole law in 1907, there have been paroled from the two prisons approximately 861 inmates. About two-thirds of this number were released from the reformatory, the remainder from Fort Madison. Of the total number paroled about two hundred have violated their parole for one cause or another, and have either absconded or been rebeen returned to prison.

The most prominent causes for all these defections is said to be drunkenness and immorality. The next cause, is leaving the state without permission, or going away from the place to which they were paroled. The number of parole violators given above includes women as well as men, and among the former, insubordination is found to be one of the causes for their failures.

In fixing the influences which make for these violations of parole, there is some difference of opinion, but it is thought that among the various causes will be found instability of surroundings and associates, and lack of definite purpose in life. There is a suggestion that as a matter of human advancement there should be much reluctance about putting a man back in prison unless his violation of parole is very flagrant. Such a course is not effective as a reformatory measure. And since the parole law is based upon a declared purpose to help and to reform the prisoner, it is thought to be a good idea for some member of the incoming general assembly to devise a system which would reach the paroled in a way to stimulate his ambition and create a desire for advancement.

It has been found that the majority of men have had it impressed too strongly upon them that they are of no account, and that no matter what they do, they are going to be condemned for the past. Concerning actual imprisonment and the days spent in prison, the penitentiary officials have tried to wipe away that feeling, but to wholly efface it there must be helpful toleration on the part of the public. Inasmuch as about one-fourth of the number paroled are given to violation of their promises, the figures given above are of value as a social liberality.

## PEACE OR WAR IN MEXICO

Within Twenty-four Hours the Issue is Expected to be Determined.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The issue of peace or war in Mexico will be decided in the next twenty-four hours. This was the judgment today of high officials who insisted however that the maze of conflicting reports and wild rumors coming out of Mexico, caused them much difficulty in following the real course of events. Secretary of State Bryan returned today from political campaigning to take personal charge of procedure in Mexico.

Reassuring advices from General Funston at Vera Cruz and also from various agents of the state department give officials hope for peaceful retirement of Carranza.

By Tuesday it is understood that Carranza will decide whether he will accept the decree of the Aguas Calientes convention naming General Gutierrez as provisional president.

Officials indicated today that further negotiations with Carranza regarding the evacuation of Vera Cruz would not be pursued until further developments ensued which may place a successor in charge of the Mexican government. At most, many officials now believe the chief danger to Americans at Vera Cruz is from possible sporadic attacks.

### Carranza Wants Time.

EL PASO, Texas, Nov. 9.—General Carranza continues to play hide and seek with the commission of generals sent by the Aguas Calientes peace convention to notify him of the election of General Eulalio Guiterrez as provisional president of Mexico and demand that he resign before tomorrow noon. Unless he complies with the demand of the convention, an armed force will be sent against him.

A few hours before the commission reached Corboda, Vera Cruz, Sunday afternoon, the first chief boarded a special train and hastened to Orizaba. Carranza is playing for time. Before leaving Cordoba, he arranged for Isidro Fabela, secretary of foreign relations in the Carranza cabinet to proceed to Vera Cruz for a conference with General Fred Funston, the American commander, regarding the evacuation of Vera Cruz by United States troops.

### Fine Does No Good.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Fining of girls caught soliciting on the street or arrested in raids on disorderly houses will be a thing of the past in Illinois if a bill prepared by the corporation counsel's office for presentation to the next legislature becomes law.

"The fine system for the punishment of prostitution is indefensible," said Corporation Counsel Beckwith who drafted the bill. "It operates to take money from girls already helpless and to keep them more and more in the power of those who live by their earnings."

The proposed law authorizes the courts to commit to jail without fining, the maximum commitment to be one year.

### Election in Doubt.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

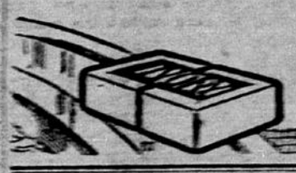
LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 9.—Workmen's compensation is having an extremely close race in Nebraska and it is even now doubtful if it will pull through. With thirty-eight counties in out of a total of 92, the proposed workmens compensation law has 41,607 votes, while there are 41,904 against it, giving it a majority of three votes in a little over one third of the state that has been heard from. One thousand thirty-nine precincts out of 1,700 in the state give 56,264 votes for women suffrage and 53,131 against it. A number of important state offices are still in doubt. However, the democrats will have over half of the offices, and the state legislature will be democratic.

WHAT is it that makes a soap desirable for the bath and toilet? Is it perfume? Or is it mildness, purity, quality?

The makers of Ivory Soap believe it is the last three. Ivory Soap is so mild, so pure and of such high quality that no perfume could improve its delightful, natural odor.

It gives a rich, copious, bubbling lather, yet rinses easily. It cleanses perfectly and leaves the skin feeling as good as it looks.

Is not that the kind of soap you want for your bath and toilet?



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