

PLANTED DYNAMITE IN CAPITOL BEFORE SHOOTING AT MORGAN

CRANK'S IDEA OF ENDING THE EUROPEAN WAR: BLOW UP CAPITOL AND SHOOT J. P. MORGAN

Great American Financier Struck by Two Bullets Fired by College Professor Who Called at His Home, Heavily Armed.

BATTLE WITH THE ASSASSIN IN THE HALL

Frank Holt From Dallas, Texas, Talks Freely After Arrest and Said That He Wanted the Sale of Ammunition to Europe, Ended.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
GLEN COVE, L. I., July 3.—Under severe sweating, Frank Holt, the polished Cornell university instructor who shot J. P. Morgan today led police investigators tonight along an amazing trail mapped out in his disordered brain, to end the European war.

Holt confessed, the police announced tonight, that nine hours before he attempted to assassinate Morgan in his summer home, near here, he touched off a bomb in the senate wing of the national capitol at Washington, nearly 300 miles away.

"God was with me," Holt was quoted as saying. "I felt that I must use my efforts to end the war by stopping the sending of ammunition to Europe."

Pending the outcome of the financier's wounds, Holt's formal arraignment of the charge of attempted assault was postponed late today until next Wednesday afternoon.

Despite reassuring statements from Morgan's physicians, the opinion prevailed here tonight that Morgan's condition was more serious than the two brief official bulletins have disclosed.

Junius Morgan, the banker's son, who was recalled from his honeymoon to the bedside of his father, told the United Press late tonight that Morgan's condition showed no change from the physician's report at 6:15 p. m.—that "the patient's condition is excellent."

"Was the operation reported to have been performed on Morgan this evening successful?" young Morgan was asked over the telephone.

"I can't say," he replied, after a noticeable pause.

Holt arrived in Glen Cove on the

8:53 train from New York, carrying a medium sized suit case and neatly dressed. He walked to a garage near the station, called Fred Ford, a chauffeur, and asked to be driven to the Morgan home on Mattcock Point, about two miles from Glen Cove.

"By the way," he asked Ford, as the car was about to start, "do you know Mr. Morgan's car when you see it?"

The chauffeur answered in the affirmative.

"Well, if we pass it, just stop," Holt said, "and I'll throw my grip in and get in with Mr. Morgan."

At Holt's direction, Ford drove the car through the gateway of the Morgan estate, and up to the main steps, where his passenger alighted and paid his fare. Holt then started up the steps and Ford turned to drive from the grounds.

Butler, Fiske answered Holt's ring. The caller handed him a card, saying: "I want to see J. P. Morgan. He is an old friend of mine."

The Morgan family was at breakfast in the dining room. Fiske ushered the visitor into the room off the main library and turned toward the dining room. As he did so, Holt drew a revolver from his pocket, and taking a few steps toward the hall, said quietly: "You see this gun? I have another one. Now I want to see Mr. Morgan."

Fiske sized up the tall, slender stranger with the gleaming revolver, and realized instantly that he was dealing either with a lunatic or a dangerous crank.

"Mr. Morgan is in the library," he said quietly. "Just a minute please, and I'll call him."

The butler passed slowly into the

hall, broke into a run as he approached the dining room, and shouted: "Up stairs, Mr. Morgan, up stairs!"

The financier and his wife, believing that something had happened upstairs, ran up the back staircase. They found nothing wrong and hurrying through the long hall on the second floor, and down the front stairs, almost stumbled upon the intruder who was brandishing a revolver in either hand. Mrs. Morgan brushed ahead and attempted to throw herself between the would-be assassin and her husband. Morgan, however, pushed her back and hurled the full weight of his 200 pounds of solid flesh upon his slender assailant, just as the two revolvers barked.

At this point, accounts of what happened differ materially.

The version generally accepted here tonight was that Holt fired three shots before he was felled, one entering Morgan's abdomen, piercing the center and inflicting a serious wound, and a second penetrating the groin and coming out through the right thigh. A third shot was reported to have shattered a valuable oil painting, one of the belongings of the financier's father.

Morgan's physicians issued a statement early this evening, declaring that the two bullets that entered his body lodged in the region of the right thigh, causing no serious wounds.

In falling to the floor with his assailant, Morgan seized Holt's wrists and wrenched one of the revolvers out of his hand. The butler and other servants then rushed in and overpowered Holt.

They trussed him up with ropes and telephoned for the police and doctors.

Morgan refused the assistance of his wife and unaided, mounted the stairs of the second floor, blood streaming down his trouser legs. He undressed himself and got into bed.

Dr. John Zabriskie of Glen Cove, reached the Morgan home fifteen minutes later in his automobile. Dr. Lyle of St. Luke's hospital, New York, was hurried to Glen Cove and shortly afterward P. H. Davidson's yacht arrived with a number of New York specialists.

Holt, meanwhile, had been carried to the lawn of the Morgan home, securely bound. Constable Frank McGill and Judge William Luyster drove to the Morgan home and removed the prisoner to the court house here.

When Holt was searched he was found to have on him three sticks of high power dynamite, two large boxes of cartridges and a bottle the police believe contains nitroglycerine.

After Dr. Zabriskie had attended Morgan, the financier ordered the extension telephone in his room brought to his bedside. Butler Fiske had him connected with his mother, Mrs. J. P. Morgan, Sr., who is at Highland Falls, on the Hudson. Morgan propped himself up on his elbow and personally told his mother not to be alarmed over his condition. He then talked to his partner William H. Porter, over a private line to J. P. Morgan and Company in New York.

The Glen Cove police immediately began sweating Holt. The prisoner talked freely, though at times in an irrational manner. He repeatedly declared that he had no intention of killing Morgan, but that he felt his victim was responsible for prolonging the European war and that he intended to righten him into preventing the exportation of any more ammunition to the allies.

The smash from Morgan's fist and the onslaught by the servants left Holt in a badly battered condition. His head was bleeding and he was bruised about the head and body. When he had recovered sufficiently he consented to talk with reporters.

Holt said that his home was in Dallas, Texas, and that he was forty years old.

"I am an American," he said. "My ancestors were French and German."

"Before I went to Cornell, I was an instructor at Vanderbilt college. I received a degree of doctor of philosophy at Cornell in 1914 while I was an instructor there in modern languages. I resigned from the Cornell faculty this spring and accepted an appointment to the chair of Roman languages at the Southern Methodist university, Dallas."

"No one influenced me to do this. I got the idea about a month ago that I might persuade Mr. Morgan to stop the sale of ammunition because I thought it was all wrong. I did not mean to shoot him, but I did intend to stay around until something was

GERMANY

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
VIENNA, (via Berlin wireless), July 3.—Austro-German forces operating near Krasnia, Poland, captured 4,800 Russians and three machine guns in engagements yesterday, the war office tonight reported.

SUBMARINE REPORTED SUNK.
AMSTERDAM, July 3.—A German submarine, believed to be the U-30 has been sunk at the mouth of the river Ems, near the Holland border, according to advices to the Amsterdam Tyd today.

SUCCESS IN GALICIA.
BERLIN, July 3. (Via wireless to London).—General Mackensen's daring dash into Russia from Lemberg has resulted in complete success of his plan to separate the Russian armies, war office dispatches reported tonight.

Mackensen's drive northward between the Bug and Vistula already has isolated the Slav right wing. His advance guards tonight were reported within thirty-four miles of Lublin.

From a point northeast of Lemberg to the Dniester river, General Von Linsingen and Austrian commanders are sweeping the Slavs out of Galicia on a hundred-mile front.

The war office admitted a slight reverse on the Vosges mountains.

ENGLAND

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
LONDON, July 4, (Sunday).—Four big British steamers and a Belgian vessel have been sunk by German submarines in British waters within the past twenty-four hours. In addition to these, the crew of the 3,286 ton Leith steamer Craigard, sunk Thursday night, was landed at Plymouth Saturday afternoon.

The steamers reported sent to the bottom in admiralty dispatches tonight, are the 3,214 ton Richmond, the 3,497 ton Gadsby, the 4,355 ton Archmore and the 3,167 ton Renfrew. Sinking of the Belgian vessel Buduobot was reported in earlier dispatches received here.

The Richmond was enroute from Guiford, Miss., for Queenstown, with a cargo of railway ties. She was sunk without warning, off the Sicily islands.

WITHOUT WARNING.
PLYMOUTH, England, July 3.—The crew of the British steamer Craigard torpedoed and sunk without warning Thursday night, was landed here tonight. The Craigard, a Leith-steamer, was enroute from Galveston to Havre, with a cargo of cotton.

GADSBY TORPEDOED.
LONDON, Ireland, July 4.—(Sunday)—The 3,497 ton British steamer Gadsby was torpedoed off Wolfrock Saturday afternoon while enroute from Sydney to London. Her crew were landed here late tonight.

The Gadsby was owned by R. Roper and Company, of Hartlepool, England. She was built in 1899 and was 325 feet long with a 48 foot beam.

RUSSIA

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
COPENHAGEN, July 3.—An important naval engagement in the Baltic will follow the clash between German and Russian fleets early yesterday in which a German layer was destroyed, it was predicted here tonight.

The Germans evidently are determined to land troops on the Russian coast near Windau, under cover of warship squadrons. Reports from several sources tonight said the Russian fleet had been reinforced.

FRANCE

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
PARIS, July 3.—The war office tonight confirmed the report that General Gouraud, commander in chief of the French forces at the Dardanelles, has been wounded.

"He is returning to France, though his condition is not serious," the war office announced.

GRANDSON OF VETERAN.
PARIS, July 3.—Count Jean De Rochambeau, great great grandson of Marshal Jean De Rochambeau, who commanded the French forces at Yorktown was killed in the fighting in the Vosges on June 16, it was learned here tonight. Young Rochambeau held a commission as lieutenant in the French army.

ITALY

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
ROME, July 3.—Italian artillery is slowly battering in the works of the great Austrian fortress of Malborget.

"Our bombardment was carried on with great violence yesterday," said tonight's report from General Cadorna. "Our air scouts report that great damage was done."

"The enemy violently counter-attacked our positions on the heights of Cardisco. We repulsed the assaults and took 200 prisoners."

AUSTRIA

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
VIENNA, (via Berlin wireless), July 3.—Thirty thousand Italians, who attacked the Austrian positions along the Isanzo, near Goritz, were repulsed with heavy losses, the war office reported tonight. The Italians fell severely in an attack upon the bridge head opposite Goritz, it was announced.

Weather Hurt Wheat.
[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
TOPEKA, Kans., July 3.—Adverse weather conditions during the last fifteen days have cut the Kansas wheat yield 25,000,000 bushels, E. J. Smiley, secretary of the Kansas Grain Dealers association estimated tonight. Smiley estimated 108,000,000 bushels will be harvested, based on present conditions. His figures for the acreage to be cut are considerably below those issued a few days ago by Secretary of Agriculture Mohler.

Saw Burning Ship.
[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
QUEENSTOWN, July 3.—Officers of the steamer Eddie, arriving from New York tonight, reported they sighted a large sailing ship abreast of the Irish coast this morning. They steered within half a mile of the burning bark and discovered she had been abandoned by her crew.

WAS IT THE FIRST BLOW IN CONSPIRACY OF TERRORISM?

Secret Service Agents Would Like to Know Whether Holt Acted Independently, or as an Agent For Group of Conspirators.

PLOT MAY BE BEHIND THE TWO CRIMES

Man Who Tried to Blow up Capitol and Kill Morgan, Causes Extra Precautions to be Taken by All at Washington.

[By John Edwin Nevin, United Press Staff Correspondent]
WASHINGTON, July 3.—Positive information that Frank Holt who attempted J. P. Morgan's life was the man who tried to blow up the national capitol here a few hours earlier, reached the Washington police tonight.

It was stated that it came by long distance telephone. All further information was refused.

The next object of the secret service agents, justice department investigators and Washington policemen engaged on the case, was to determine whether Holt acted independently or was the agent only of a group of conspirators who aimed at creating a reign of terror throughout the United States.

The fear of an organized plot hung over the government.

That such a conspiracy has been suspected for some time to be simmering was known definitely. Until it is learned just who if any one Holt had behind him, there was no question tonight that Washington officialdom will not breathe easy.

Holt's methods were such that investigators felt sure he at any rate considered the attempt to wreck the capitol and to kill J. P. Morgan, the first steps in a proposed campaign of terrorism.

As a result of this, the guards over all public buildings in Washington were doubled tonight. At the white house, uniformed officers held up every one who tried to carry a package through the grounds. Since Friday night nobody had been permitted to enter the capitol concerning

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GERMAN NOTE IS DELAYED FOR UNEXPLAINED REASON AND DISCUSSION ORDERED STOPPED

Important Development is Announced as Causing Answer to Be Held Back.

CENSORSHIP TIGHTENED

People in Berlin Are Warned Not to Discuss the Note in Any Way.

[By Carl W. Ackerman, United Press Staff Correspondent]
BERLIN, July 3. (Via The Hague).—An important development in the German note situation resulted in the announcement this afternoon that delivery of the document to the American embassy would be indefinitely delayed. Ambassador Gerard, while refusing to give the slightest intimation of the nature of the new development, to me tonight that he did not expect the

note to be delivered now in less than another week. He stated that the full details of the change in the situation have been cabled to Washington.

At the foreign office the only information available was that new developments have arisen demanding the utmost care and consideration and that these developments have been of such a nature as to make impossible the delivery of the note on Monday as originally planned. Official notice was also given all correspondents and local newspaper men that discussion of the note's probable contents and speculation as to the nature of reason for its delay, would be prohibited.

Notice was also given that telephone censors would stop any discussion of the note over telephone lines, by either journalists or citizens. The announcement was coupled with the statement that the prohibition would also govern discussion or speculation on any political or military topic.

Ambassador Gerard called at the foreign office at 5:00 o'clock this afternoon and was closeted with officials there for more than half an hour. At the end of his conference he declined to state either the nature of his conversation or state with whom he had been conferring.

He stated that any information regarding new developments must come from Washington.

Mapping Out Plan.
[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
WINDSOR, Vt., July 3.—President Wilson is mapping out a definite plan of action in the Mexican situation. It became known tonight that he probably will make an announcement on it when he returns to Washington. He has not reached final decision. The president was notified this afternoon of the Morgan shooting and the bomb explosion at the capitol. He made no comment.

Arbitration Wins Again.
[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
CHICAGO, July 3.—Arbitration won another victory tonight when the strike of the bridge and structural iron workers was called off after the union men had compromised with the building construction employers' association and agreed to return to work on Tuesday. Work will be resumed on four city bridges, the big municipal pier and hundreds of private owned structures tied up since May first.

PHI ALPHA OMEGA

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
DANVILLE, Ill., July 3.—The national convention of the Phi Alpha Omega fraternity adjourned today after selecting the following officers: President, H. E. Parker, Danville; vice-president, Orrell Rutledge, Chicago; secretary, J. K. Clour, St. Louis; treasurer, V. A. Quinlin, Springfield, Ill.; recorder, W. S. James, Danville; official lawyer, Carl Douglas, Chicago; sergeant at arms, Charles Cloudey, Stockton, Calif.; door keeper, R. C. Merriman, Chicago; messenger, Edward Millon, Springfield, Ill.

Danville was chosen headquarters of the Omega official national publication.

HUERTA IN A RAGE WHEN HE IS ARRESTED SECOND TIME TO KEEP HIM OVER ON THIS SIDE

Orozco Escaped From Guards and Has Probably Got Ten Into Mexico.

CONSPIRACY IS SPOILED

Officials in Texas Are Doing Everything Possible to Keep Plotters Quiet.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]
EL PASO, Texas, July 3.—General Huerta's ire has been aroused against the United States government.

Angered at what he termed being "hounded," the ex-president of Mexico resisted arrest today a second time on charges of violating this government's neutrality.

"I would have shot the marshal if I had not been under arrest," said Huerta. Members of the former dictator's family threatened Deputy United States Marshal R. E. Bryant who took him in custody. And Huerta refused to accompany the officer until he was allowed to file the following

message to the "president of the supreme court of the United States": "I have the honor to inform you on the following affair that representatives of the judicial departments of the government in this city have without just reason molested me and my family here. I am already under arrest under certain charges and have furnished bond with the local authorities for my release. Now I have been re-arrested. I respectfully ask an order from your court that your representatives here be instructed to tell me the duties I am to perform and the conduct I must pursue that henceforth my family and myself may remain unmolested."

The warrant for Huerta's second arrest was issued at San Antonio. Detained with him until each furnished \$15,000 bond were J. B. Ratner and Enrique Gorostiza, his secretaries, and Generals Eduardo Caus, Ignacio Bravo and Jose Delgado. These five were also charged with conspiracy to invade Mexico.

General Pascual Orozco, who escaped from six guards today, was still at large early this evening. It was generally accepted that he had crossed over into Mexico and probably was taking steps to launch the alleged counter revolt without Huerta's active aid.

Orozco Escaped.
WASHINGTON, July 3.—The justice department admitted this afternoon that Gen. Pascual Orozco, al

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