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The Daily Gate City.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy. Warmer. Local temp—7 p. m. 58; 7 a. m. 44.

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EIGHT PAGES

ZEPPELIN RAID KILLED FORTY-ONE

LONDON IS POWERLESS AGAINST AIR ATTACK

Zepelin Raid of Last Night Killed Eight People and Injured Several Others Without Being Prevented.

GOVERNMENT DENOUNCED BY PUBLIC

Newspapers are Filled With Criticism for Failure of Officials to Put an End to the Onslaughts From the Sky.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] LONDON, Oct. 14.—Forty-one persons were killed and 101 wounded in Wednesday's Zepelin raid on London, it was officially announced this afternoon.

Including the latest attack there have been 167 killed and 436 wounded in Zepelin raids on England thus far. The original statement that eight were killed and thirty-four wounded Wednesday night, was issued directly after the raid occurred and purported to give the casualties already accounted for at the time. Of the killed, said the official statement, twenty-seven were men, nine were women and five were children. The wounded numbered sixty-four men, thirty women and seven children. Of the casualties, fourteen of the killed and thirteen of the wounded were soldiers. The others were civilians.

One Zepelin, the report stated, was seen to keel over and drop to a lower altitude.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] LONDON, Oct. 14.—Bitter denunciation of the government's delay in providing better defense against aerial attacks filled the London newspapers this afternoon as a sequel to Wednesday night's Zepelin raid in which eight persons were known to have been killed and thirty-four injured.

"People who went to business this morning amid a spectacle of shattered window fronts," said the Globe, "may be forgiven if they wonder how long this sort of thing will be allowed to go on without effective measures to check it.

"We have a new scheme of defense, but it did not defend us. The plain fact is that, apart from wind and weather, London has no adequate protection against Zepelins."

"Our air defenses," said the Standard, "clearly are not yet up to the mark.

"As a spectacle, the thing was disappointing. Drury Lane theatre has often done better."

"We learn from an official statement," said the Pall Mall, "that another Zepelin last night broke through the aerial defenses of the London district, but we look in vain for an announcement that the visitor was brought down. Sir Percy Scott's

recent appointment to command our defenses against such raids, is proof that we are on the point of commencing to begin, but it is permissible to hope that we will soon have a corps of naval gunners who can really distinguish between a Zepelin and a star."

Resolutions this afternoon were read before a mass meeting presided over by Lord Willoughby de Broke, at the Cannon street hotel, calling on the government to announce formally a policy of reprisal through British or French aeroplane raids on German towns—"raid for raid," as the resolutions expressed it.

"The only way to hit the enemy," asserted the Globe, commenting on the meeting, is to strike him as he strikes us—to bombard his sleeping towns."

No Americans Hurt. LONDON, Oct. 14.—Consul General Skinner notified Washington today that there were no American casualties in Wednesday night's Zepelin raid on London.

FRANCE

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] PARIS, Oct. 14.—Though optimistic, French military experts today did not indorse the opinion expressed in some quarters that Germany is preparing for a retreat on the western front, in the face of the allies' drive, they said, it was natural for the Germans to make advance arrangements with a view to the possibility that retirement might become necessary; they did not think it safe to conclude that the kaiser believed this would be the case.

FOUGHT ALL NIGHT. PARIS, Oct. 14.—Violent artillery fighting here and there throughout the Artois region continued all of Wednesday night, said the official statement issued here today.

Northwest of Hill 140, between Souchez and Glenclych, there were fierce trench encounters, with bombs and torpedoes.

In the Champagne region, about Lihons, suffocating shells were thrown into the French lines.

Everywhere the Germans were attacking, the statement said, the French guns answered hotly and all Gallie positions were held.

A German attack was reported west of Tahure. Continued cannonading was in progress, it was stated on both sides, between Reillon and Leintrey.

VOTE OF CONFIDENCE. PARIS, Oct. 14.—Despite criticism of the government's war policy Wednesday night's vote of confidence by the chamber of deputies, 372 to 9, was considered today to have put the Viviani government on a secure footing for the present. Between 120 and 130 deputies refused to vote, because though not sure matters have been mismanaged, they were not satisfied by the cabinet's explanations.

GERMANS ARE HARD PRESSED. PARIS, Oct. 14.—The Germans were hard pressed on their western front today, in Russia they were losing ground. The Austrians were losing fast in Galicia.

In Serbia the combined German and Austrian forces were progressing but very slowly. Strong hopes were felt that the Servians could hold a line back until reinforced by the French and British from Salonika and by the Russians either by way of the Black sea or of Roumania.

Unofficial accounts said a Bulgarian division was nearly annihilated at Kriasevatz where it had attempted a Serbian invasion.

It was reported without verification that Italy had decided to join in the Balkan campaign.

ITALY

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] PARIS, Oct. 14.—Italy will aid the allies with its troops in the Balkans, according to the Petit Journal's Rome correspondent today, quoting "good authority."

"Italy will participate fully in the allies' plans," declared Premier Viviani, speaking in the senate today.

BALKAN POLICY. ROME, (via Havre) Oct. 14.—Premier Salandra, just back from a conference with the king, at the fighting front, was expected to announce the Italian government's Balkan policy at today's cabinet meeting.

RUSSIA

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] PETROGRAD, Oct. 14.—Continued Russian successes along the German and Austrian lines, from the Dvinsk region into Galicia, were claimed by the war office here today.

All German attacks west of Illuket in the Dvinsk territory, have been repulsed, said the statement. The czar's forces were said to have occupied heights northwest of Illuket and to have beaten back the German attempt to recapture them. From the country south of the Pripiet river on the left bank of the Stry and north of Raflovia, the Germans have been driven in disorder, it was stated. Reference was made to the capture of several villages, with several hundred German prisoners and a number of guns.

Bank is Robbed. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 14.—Robbers blew open the safe of the Smithfield bank, at Smithfield, Ill., near Bushnell, last night and escaped with \$3,000. Discovery was not made until this morning. No clues were left.

GERMANY

[By Carl W. Ackerman, United Press Staff Correspondent.] BERLIN, Oct. 14. (Via Sayville wireless.)—The last big Zepelin raid on England started a fire near the bigger London arsenal and \$5,000,000 worth of property was burned, an American traveler from London told me today.

It was said that with each succeeding day, despite fierce resistance, the arsenal during the last one they missed only by 100 yards.

Naturally I was unable to verify these statements but my informant is known in the United States as reliable.

SUCCESSFUL RAID. BERLIN (via wireless to Sayville) Oct. 14.—Great damage in London and vicinity was done by Zepelins which raided the British capital Wednesday night, the admiralty officials reported today.

The report says the attack was on London city and important establishments. There were further attacks, it was stated, on the London dock and water works. Important explosions and great fires were observed. The Zepelins, it is stated, all returned safely, though vehemently attacked.

MAKING PROGRESS. VIENNA, Oct. 14.—Austro-German progress through Serbia continued today, despite fierce resistance, the war office announced.

The invaders have captured several more trenches south of Belgrade, said the report, and it was added that Serbian counter attacks made in attempts to recover important lost positions were repulsed heavily.

It was acknowledged that the Teutonic advance to the southward is being delayed by the Servians' stubborn defense.

ENGLAND

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] LONDON, Oct. 14.—Of Wednesday night's fresh Zepelin raid over "a portion of the London area" in which it was admitted a soldier, five male civilians and two women were killed and thirty-four persons were injured, the home office today promised a full report as soon as details were available.

VICTIMS OF SUBMARINES. COPENHAGEN, Oct. 14.—Of twenty-seven German ore steamers due at Stockholm, only ten had arrived today. It was feared British submarines had destroyed the others.

CONSCRIPTION. LONDON, Oct. 14.—The pro-conscription newspaper's conclusion that the conscription policy gained ground at Wednesday night's cabinet meeting, was not generally accepted today. The opinion was more widely held that the ministers were still undecided how labor would receive such a step.

THE WEATHER.

For Keokuk and vicinity: Fair tonight, Friday partly cloudy and warmer.

For Iowa: Fair tonight, Friday increasing cloudiness. Probably showers extreme west portion. Warmer east portion.

For Missouri: Fair tonight, Friday partly cloudy. Warmer east portion.

For Illinois: Generally fair tonight and Friday. Warmer south portion Friday.

Weather Conditions. The heavy rains, which have prevailed on the central and eastern gulf coast have ceased this morning, and there have been rains from the upper Mississippi valley to the lower lake region, which were followed by cooler weather in the upper Mississippi valley, and dense fog from La Crosse to St. Louis.

River Bulletin. Flood Stage. Stage Changes. St. Paul 14 5.2 0.9 La Crosse 12 not received Dubuque 18 5.1 x0.1 Davenport 15 4.4 0.9 Keokuk 14 6.2 -0.2 St. Louis 20 13.7 -0.1

The river will remain nearly stationary or fall slowly from Davenport to Keokuk during the next 48 hours.

Local Observations. Oct. 14. Bar. Tern. Wind. Weather. 7 p. m. 12 .. 20.04 58 SW Cloudy 7 a. m. 14 .. 30.17 44 Calm Foggy Mean temperature, Oct. 13, 56. Highest, 60. Lowest, 53. Lowest last night, 44.

FRED Z. GOSEWISCH, Observer.

BALKANS

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] LONDON, Oct. 14.—Because of Greece's refusal to help Serbia against Bulgaria, Serbia was arranging today to publish the Servian-Greek treaty of alliance and to lay all documents connected with it before the allies and neutrals, in support of the charge that Greece, has broken her word, an Athens dispatch said.

HELD AT BAY. NISH, Serbia (Via Athens and London) Oct. 14.—The Servians are still holding their enemies at bay, according to an official statement issued here today.

North of Pojarevatz, two attacks on the Servian line were repulsed with great loss Sunday night, it was stated, and the recapture was claimed of a village the enemy had taken in the Smerovo district. Two night attacks on the Servians in the town and fortress of Smerovo were said to have been roughly repulsed.

The statement included details of how the Servians charged, specially masked, through a sea of asphyxiating gas, near Zabrez, Sunday, with the repulse of the invaders, in part completely, across the Save river. This force, it was said, made a fresh attack later, but was again beaten back to its trenches, losing a number of prisoners.

NISH IN DANGER. ATHENS, Oct. 14.—Though Servian official reports declare the Bulgarian invasion was repulsed, Nish advices today admitted preparations had been completed for defending the threatened city against invaders.

A BALKAN AGREEMENT. BERLIN (via London) Oct. 14.—By a Turkish-Bulgarian agreement just signed, Turkey places her munitions plants and two army corps at Bulgaria's disposal and Bulgaria will furnish Turkey with coal and other railway material and open her Black sea harbors to Turkish warships, said a semi-official announcement in the Lokal Anzeiger today.

WATCHING ROUMANIA. BUCHAREST (via London) Oct. 14.—Bulgarian cavalry and German and Austrian troops were concentrated today at Vidin, on the Bulgarian bank of the Danube opposite Roumania, apparently ready for an offensive or defensive against Roumania or possibly to meet the Russian forces reported on their way across Roumania to help the Servians.

REPORT FROM RUSSIA. PARIS, Oct. 14.—Reports from Bucharest that Russian troops are concentrating at Odessa, today strengthened the belief of persons who think the czar plans a landing on the Bulgarian Black sea coast.

SERBIA STARTED IT. SOFIA, Bulgaria, (via Berlin and London) Oct. 14.—Responsibility for actual fighting on the Servian-Bulgarian frontier was laid here today on the Servians. They made the first raid into Bulgaria Tuesday, it was asserted, whereupon it was said the Bulgarians drove them back and seized positions on the Servia side.

RUSSIA TO HELP. LONDON, Oct. 14.—Russian troops co-operation with the other allied forces in the Balkans was promised by Foreign Minister Grey in the House of commons this afternoon, "the moment they are available." It was supposed he meant the moment a road is opened for getting the Russians to the fighting zone.

AUSTRIA

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] BERLIN, (via London) Oct. 14.—The Austrians have driven the Russians back across the Strypa river, the war office announced this afternoon.

REPULSED ALL. BERLIN (via Sayville wireless) Oct. 14.—Russian and Italian attacks October 13, were both repulsed by the Austrians, the Vienna foreign office announced today.

Progress, said the official report, was being made by the Teutonic forces everywhere along the Balkan front.

Several Serbian positions south of Belgrade and one on the Drina were said to have been taken by storm.

Battle in an Alley. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Three burglars and six policemen fought a gun duel early today in an alley on the south side, when the thieving trio were surprised making their get-away from a job. Twenty shots were fired. Two men were arrested and a third escaped.

Searching the robbers, the police found two rifles and some jewelry.

PEACE AND WAR TALK DIVIDE THE HONORS

National Defense Discussion Between President Wilson and Chairman Hay Agrees Garrison's Plans too Costly.

NEW BATTLESHIP WORK IS STARTED

The California Will be Propelled by Electricity and Will be One of the Most Formidable Ships Afloat When Completed.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The army's part in the national defense program was discussed today by President Wilson and Chairman Hay, of the house military (appropriations) committee. Secretary of War Garrison's army re-organization plan was before them. Financial considerations, to adopt plans within financial bounds, were uppermost.

Both Hay and the president are understood to have regarded previous plans of Garrison's as too costly. The army "budget" limit was tentatively considered today.

Addition of 20,000 more men to the present regular army of 87,000 is estimated to cost \$15,000,000. Garrison's tentative plans are understood to recommend an increase of from 20,000 to 30,000.

More and heavier guns recommended for coast and field artillery, it is estimated, will cost from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000. Increase of ammunition, regular supplies and reserves, will cost about \$5,000,000.

Officials are hoping to keep the army's budget under \$175,000,000, an increase of \$50,000,000 to \$60,000,000 over last year.

Proposed short term enlistments to increase the number of military trained citizens who would form a reserve were also discussed by the president and Representative Hay.

The latter has always been strongly opposed to short term enlistments, but for creation solely of a "citizenry" reserve army is now believed to be less inclined to oppose the plan.

Peace Conference Proposed. WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—President Wilson is not disposed at this time to call a peace conference of neutral nations as suggested by the International Peace congress at San Francisco, according to those in the confidence of the white house today. David

Electric Ship Started. NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The keel of the first battleship to be propelled entirely by electricity was laid in the Brooklyn navy yard today. It is the new dreadnought California, one authorized by the last congress. "The California," said Secretary Daniels, principal speaker, "will be the first battleship of any navy in the world to be propelled by electricity. The installation of the electric drive ushers in a new epoch in navigation, just as far reaching and as important as that when steam succeeded sail power. The California will have a cruising radius about fifty per cent greater than her sister ship. The combination of electric drive and oil

stance, preparedness meant the dispatch of a large army to the levant for quick action through Greece to check the teutons and overcome the Bulgarians. This army ought to have been sent early in the course of the diplomatic battle that was being fought in Sofia. It had been suggested that Great Britain would not agree to any such proposal as this. After Bulgarian mobilization began, the British government held back and had to be urged by the French ministry to send even the present inadequate expedition to Salonika.

It is probable that throughout the negotiations with Bulgaria, Sir Edward Grey counted too much on British prestige in the past. Great influence has been exerted by British diplomats in the Balkans during the years before war because British advice was regarded largely as being disinterested, but this character changed with the coming of the war. Seemingly the change did not make a sufficient impression on Sir Edward Grey.

M. Delcasse, as an outside observer, would be in a better position to see the decline of British influence in the Balkans. His advice therefore would tend to be based on sounder judgment than Sir Edward Grey's. But Sir Edward Grey prevailed and failure resulted. M. Delcasse's resignation emphasizes this failure and is in effect a demand for an international commission which shall permit no one capital in the future to control diplomatic negotiations affecting the allies' cause.

M. Delcasse is a diplomat of too wide a reputation and he possesses too strong a character to allow himself to be overridden without protest when in refection of his views results in discomfort for his country's cause. He seemingly was willing to remain inquiscent after his own opinion concerning the Balkan crisis were rejected, but only to permit the majority's viewpoint to prove its worth. When the majority was found to be wrong then M. Delcasse's resignation became inevitable. When two men possessing such strong personalities as M. Delcasse and Sir Edward Grey find themselves in opposition, one must eventually retire for the sake of his prestige. The time of M. Delcasse's retirement was well chosen.

It is probable that the crucial point of difference between M. Delcasse and Sir Edward Grey was the question of preparedness. M. Delcasse has always been a strong advocate of prepared diplomacy. In the present in-

fluence of the white house today, David

(Continued on page 2.)

What the War Moves Mean

By J. W. T. Mason, Former European Manager of the United Press.

The War in Mexico

Latest Developments Among Our Revolutionary Neighbors of the South.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—United States recognition of the Carranza government in Mexico impeded today. The proclamation, notifying the world of this government's action, was drafted and Secretary of State Lansing planned to issue it during the day. Copies will be sent to all American diplomats abroad and to foreign embassies here.

The proclamation was also understood to include an embargo against arms crossing to Carranza's enemies. That this government will consider Carranza elements as rebels, was another declaration.

Delay in receiving assent of two Pan-American conference nations to the recognition plan was the only hitch. Guatemala, where a new revolution is reported in progress, and Bolivia, were said not to have responded.

Carranza has already taken steps to

make an arms embargo against Villa effective, according to reports received here today. His troops are reported to have captured Guaymas, Villa's only seaport on the west coast.

William Loeb, Jr., formerly secretary to President Roosevelt and now agent for the Guggenheim interests, came here today to see Secretary Lansing in regard to Villa's threats to seize Guggenheim's mines in Sonora and Chihuahua. Similar representations have to be made through Carranza, who this government holds responsible.