

ENGLAND WILL HAVE CONSCRIPTION

WARRNESS PUT ON FAIRBANKS TO ENTER THE BIG RACE

Indiana's Favorite Son, Former Vice President, is Trottled Out by Republicans as Presidential Candidate.

LOVE FEAST BROKE ATTENDANCE RECORD

Prohibition Party Will Have No 1916 Candidate if Other Parties Put Up Man Who Stands for Their Principles.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 30.—Charles Warren Fairbanks was put in the presidential race today by the republican party in Indiana. A meeting here in the quadrennial love feast, an annual proceeding, each national campaign, Fairbanks' name was put forward by Edward P. Morrow, of Kentucky, who pledged Kentucky's support from the drop of the hat to the candidate.

Among the speakers was W. E. Humphreys, of Washington. All attendance records for the love feast were broken and among the republicans attending were seen many from the fold of the bull moose. The crowd that packed the Mural theatre gave Fairbanks a great ovation when he appeared. He responded with a five-minute speech.

A constructive policy for world peace was urged by Fairbanks. He declared that preparedness against industrial invasion was as necessary as national military preparedness. To this end, he advocated the establishment of banking and commercial houses all over the world following the manner of the Germans in building up world trade.

Indiana's favorite son was vigorous in his denunciation of democratic plans to levy direct war taxes in the shape of a tax on pig iron, bank checks, gasoline and automobiles. He was equally vigorous against letting the European war engender racial hatred in this country.

AUSTRIAN NOTE'S DELAY IS PUZZLE TO OFFICIALS

Expected Today, But No Word Has Been Received From Penfield.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Important developments in both the Ancona and Lusitania negotiations are momentarily expected today. Information from Berlin is that the German government is planning to present views on the Lusitania case shortly. Austria's Ancona note may arrive today or tomorrow. Delay in receiving word of the despatch of the Austrian note on the Ancona, puzzles officials. Both the state department and the Austrian embassy have been advised that the note was completed and scheduled for presentation Tuesday to Ambassador Penfield. Difficulties of communication between Vienna and Washington causes usually forty-eight hours delay in transmission of official documents. If the note is transmitted it should under ordinary circumstances arrive today. Failure to hear from Penfield for two days has justified officials. Neither the state department nor the Austrian embassy has learned whether the note has yet reached Penfield's hands. The Hungarian faction in the Austro-Hungarian cabinet is insistent that the United States' demands be met and the note sent which by any means might provoke a breach between Austria and the United States. Differences between Count Burian and the Austrian faction, it was thought possible may have held up the note for drafting. Regarding the Lusitania case, Germany is reported to be sending new instructions to Ambassador Bern-

progressive parties will avowedly espouse the cause of the drys, it was stated today by Oliver W. Stewart, Chicago, former chairman of the national committee.

"We will direct our voters to support any candidate who stands for our principles," Stewart declared. "If none of those entered by other parties do so, then we will enter a candidate of our own."

Stewart said William Jennings Bryan has lost considerable strength with the prohibitionists because he does not stand for nation wide prohibition immediately.

"Bryan is for a dry nation by 1920; we want a man who is for a dry nation in 1916," Stewart said. W. C. C. Calderwood, of Minneapolis, a member of the national committee, said Montana, Vermont, and probably Michigan and Missouri will be added to the dry ranks during the coming year.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Roger Sullivan, Illinois democratic leader, declared today the progressives will not enter a presidential candidate in the 1916 race. "It is not up to me, a democrat, to bury the progressive party," said Sullivan, "but I can't see the possibility of any bull moose candidate next year."

Swindled Out of \$20,000. CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Vincent Baer, of Midland, Texas, was said to be \$20,000 wiser today. Baer, say police, fell for affable strangers, who offered to make him a millionaire via the wire tapping game. After a minor cleaning in Fort Worth, Texas, they came here for the grand killing. When Baer went to Cincinnati for a settlement he was unable to find the pair, although police told him the two were "well known."

NO OCCASION FOR ALARM

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—"Nothing in our conversations with the state department or in what information we have had from Vienna could possibly have given rise to the pessimistic reports regarding the settlement of the Ancona negotiations between Austria and the United States," declared an official at the Austrian embassy today.

Baron Zwioldnek, the Austrian chargé, had a long conference with German Ambassador Bernstorff today regarding the Ancona case in particular and the entire question of submarine warfare in its relations to the sinking of passenger-carrying vessels. Neither would discuss in detail what transpired, but it is understood they exchanged, for their own information, the latest intelligence from their respective foreign offices.

The favorable attitude taken by both the German and Austrian embassies tends to confirm the impression emanating from the state department that a branch of diplomatic relations is far from the minds of all parties concerned.

ENGLAND

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] LONDON, Dec. 30.—That Lewis W. Harcourt, member of the British cabinet since 1907 and a strong opponent of compulsory service has resigned, was reported, but unconfirmed today. Harcourt, whose wife is an American woman, is said to be slated to become viceroy of India. Whether his opposition to conscription has led to his resignation, could not be learned definitely today.

Harcourt entered the cabinet in 1907 and held the post of secretary of state for the colonies until the formation of the coalition ministry last May, when he accepted the portfolio of first commissioner of works. He is a liberal in politics.

Mrs. Harcourt was Mary Ethel Burns of New York, a cousin of J. P. Morgan, her mother being a sister of the late J. P. Morgan. If the report is true, she will be the second American woman to become the viceroy of India, the first having been Lady Curzon, formerly Miss Mary Leiter of Chicago.

Rumors of Harcourt's resignation began to circulate late in the afternoon in the morning papers. Despite optimistic statements of certain newspapers, it was generally believed one or two resignations were certain as the result of the adoption of the conscription policy, though there was a noticeable slackening of tension today.

Conscriptionists rallying to the support of the new government, have adopted as their slogan, the admission of G. H. Roberts, labor member of parliament and for years a bitter opponent of compulsory service, declared, "There is something worse than conscription and that is national defeat."

The cabinet will meet tomorrow to consider the form the conscription bill will take. Arthur Henderson, labor representative in the cabinet, conferred with the union leaders this afternoon, explaining the reasons behind the government's adoption of a policy of modified conscription. He will report the sentiment of the trades union heads to the cabinet tomorrow.

WHY CONSCRIPTION IS REQUIRED. [By Wilbur S. Forrest, United Press Staff Correspondent.] LONDON, Dec. 30.—Why the voluntary system of obtaining men for the British armies has failed and conscription has been declared necessary, was explained to the United Press today by an officer who for four months was in charge of London's "creaming" recruiting station.

"Just come out and I'll give you a practical demonstration," he said, and he stepped into the Strand from the recruiting house that stands just east of Charing Cross. It was at the hour when the metropolitan populace was homeward bound. Hundreds of men from stores and shops were hurrying home. The recruiting officer stepped into the crowd and touched the arm of a sleek clerk, not over 24, with the polite "Why don't you join the army?"

"I'm married and my job would be pinched if I did," was the reply. The prospective recruit disappeared quickly. The next two men approached, admirable specimens of manhood, swore they were in the government service in the India office. The fourth was a farmer boy with his pig in his arm. He was so startled at the recruiting officer's request that he dashed away into the crowd. The fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth men accented claimed physical unfitness. Ninth said his wife was sick. Tenth

(Continued on page 5.)

FRANCE

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] PARIS, Dec. 30.—The Austrian destroyer Litt was blown up by a mine and the destroyer Triglav sunk in a naval action with an allied squadron in the Adriatic off Durazzo, the ministry of marine announced today. "An Austrian squadron led by Cattaro to bombard Durazzo and encountered by an allied squadron which gave battle," said the official communique. "The Austrian destroyer Litt was blown up by a mine and the destroyer Triglav was sunk. The other enemy ships fled."

ATTEMPTS FAILED. PARIS, Dec. 30.—German attempts to capture French works at Dompierre last night were completely repulsed; the war office announced this afternoon. In the Champagne region, west of Navarin farm, French artillery fire dispersed German troops engaged in repairing trenches.

INCOME TAX MEASURE. PARIS, Dec. 30.—To meet the mounting cost of war, the senate today voted for the enactment of an income tax measure by a vote of 179 to 65.

ACTUAL EMBARGO BY GERMANY

Importer Says United States is Considered Unneutral, and Bars Are Up.

BOYCOT IS NOW IN FORCE

Much Needed Chemicals Are Not Allowed to Be Sent Here, While Allies Secure Munitions of War.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Germany has placed an actual embargo on shipments of chemicals and dyes to the United States, because the nation considers America unneutral, declared Eimer R. Murphy, president of Chicago Importing Chemical Concern, on his return from Germany today.

Dr. Hoenig, who is in charge of foreign trade at the German foreign office in Wilhelmstrasse, refused to permit any exports, Murphy declared. "He told me," said Murphy, "that when your government becomes neutral in action, in place of words, we will consider permitting exports, but so long as you permit exportation of munitions to the allies and at the same time acquiesce in throttling the shipment of noncontraband articles, we cannot deal with you."

No Doubt About It. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Do you know who, what or why is a chamber? Or a tibble, or a gambit? Is synecdoche a tooth powder or the swanlike animal, or what is it? Why is testudo, or mitrosis, or peneplain? If you don't know, you are not intelligent.

That's what the American physiologists convention learned today in tests by the Whipple system. It also determined that white rats become considerably astubrious when fed with whiskey and drunk for sixteen days, while a shot of strychnine makes 'em chipper as a bird.

Steamer Burned at Dock. [United Press Leased Wire Service.] MUSKOGON, Mich., Dec. 30.—The steamer Nyack, of the Crosby line, declared a recruiting station. "Just come out and I'll give you a practical demonstration," he said, and he stepped into the Strand from the recruiting house that stands just east of Charing Cross.

It was at the hour when the metropolitan populace was homeward bound. Hundreds of men from stores and shops were hurrying home. The recruiting officer stepped into the crowd and touched the arm of a sleek clerk, not over 24, with the polite "Why don't you join the army?"

"I'm married and my job would be pinched if I did," was the reply. The prospective recruit disappeared quickly. The next two men approached, admirable specimens of manhood, swore they were in the government service in the India office. The fourth was a farmer boy with his pig in his arm. He was so startled at the recruiting officer's request that he dashed away into the crowd. The fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth men accented claimed physical unfitness. Ninth said his wife was sick. Tenth

AUSTRIA

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] BERLIN, Dec. 30.—Concentration of large bodies of Russian troops in southeastern Galicia and on the Bukovina frontier was reported in dispatches received here today. The situation is being watched closely by the military authorities. It is believed possible the czar may be planning a smash against the Gallician lines held by General Von Linsingen as well as an invasion of Bukovina. Russian artillery and infantry attacks against the Austrian positions before Czernowitz are increasing in violence, and there are evidences that the Slavs are being reinforced. For five days the Austrians have maintained their positions under heavy onslaughts, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy.

The offensive movement is now spreading along the Onestier, and the Russian and Austrian forces are coming in contact. Russian troops are constantly arriving at Tarnopol.

NOTICE

The subscription price of The Daily Gate City by mail has been \$3.00 in the towns and \$2.50 on rural routes. These two different rates have caused so much confusion and dissatisfaction that after February 1, 1916, there will be but one price for the daily by mail and that \$3.00 per year. The subscription price of the daily in Keokuk remains the same—10 cents per week.

GERMANY

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The Russians have met with another severe defeat in their attempt to launch an offensive in Galicia, the war office announced today.

"General Von Bothmer's Austro-Hungarian troops repulsed an attack of strong Russian forces against the bridgehead of Burkanov on the Strypa," said the official statement. "The enemy suffered heavy losses in killed and wounded, the Austrians took 900 prisoners. Russian attacks south of Shlock and on General Von Linsingen's front were repulsed."

PEACE PROGRAM

[By Carl W. Ackerman, United Press Staff Correspondent.] BERLIN, (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.) Dec. 30.—The tentative peace program published by a Zurich newspaper and circulated by the Wolff News Agency, though not an official statement of the German government, was "undoubtedly inspired," the Berlin Tageblatt declared today.

The Tageblatt expressed the view that the possible terms of peace suggested by the Neue Zürcher Zeitung probably were obtained from well informed persons in Germany. The Tageblatt called attention to the fact that the Wolff bureau, in circulating the peace program, had taken pains to state that it was not official.

"This statement of the Wolff bureau is thoroughly right," said the Tageblatt. "The program is known about the article in Berlin. But the person in question (meaning the writer) says in this article what he or she more or less completely heard in supposedly well informed circles in Germany. The statement of possible peace terms is doubtless inspired. It is dictated by the thought that it will serve a good cause in bringing about peace."

[The peace program circulated by the Wolff bureau reached America yesterday. It suggested the evacuation of Belgium, the northern France by Germany, the establishment of a Polish kingdom dominated by Germany, the payment of a war indemnity of about \$3,600,000,000 by the allies, restoration of Germany's seized colonies and certain guarantees for Belgium. In official circles in London it was generally regarded as "a peace feeler."

Explosion Report Denied

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] CAIRO, Ill., Dec. 30.—A telephone message from the setting of a mine at Fayetteville, Ill., today denied that an explosion of powder had wrecked a portion of the plant and resulted in the death of two workmen. The report of the explosion was circulated by persons near Cape Girardeau, Mo., on the west side of the Mississippi. They said they saw a column of flame in the direction of Fayetteville and assumed it was a powder explosion.

Death of Student

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] EVANSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 30.—Francis Harvey, 16, university student who was found with a bullet wound in his head, after he had failed in examinations, died today. Police discounted a theory that he had been shot by burglars and declared he killed himself because of failure in his studies.

BALKANS

[By Henry Wood, United Press Staff Correspondent.] ROME, Dec. 30.—Prince William of Wied, former ruler of Albania, has reorganized Albanian tribes in the region west of Prizren and has begun an attack on the Serbs east of Scutari.

He is co-operating with the Bulgarians who have launched fresh offensives against the poorly equipped Serbs in the region of Elbasan. The two armies plan to annihilate the Serbs in northern Albania and drive other armies southward on the Albanian coast. The Italian forces are concentrated, where the news was brought here today by Harold Spencer, graduate of the United States naval academy at Annapolis and former aide de camp to Prince William. Spencer is now a lieutenant with an English military mission in Albania and arrived in Rome from Scutari. The prince of Wied, he said, counts on clearing Albania of Serbian and Italian troops and reoccupying the throne with the consent of the central empires.

Several Austrian officers have joined Prince William's forces advancing from Scutari. This evidently gave rise to reports that an Austrian army was attacking the Albanian metropolis.

Queen Helen today sent a message of congratulations to her father, King Nicholas of Montenegro, on the success of the Montenegrin armies. Advancing to reports that an Austrian army was attacking the Albanian metropolis. Queen Helen today sent a message of congratulations to her father, King Nicholas of Montenegro, on the success of the Montenegrin armies. Advancing to reports that an Austrian army was attacking the Albanian metropolis.

TO ARREST CONGRESSMAN IN CONSPIRACY CHARGE

Representative Buchanan Says it Can't be Done, but Government Will Try it Just the Same.

BENCH WARRANTS TO BE ISSUED TODAY

Grand Jury Will Probe Farther Into Alleged Plots Against the Neutrality of the United States.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Arrest of Representative Buchanan, of Illinois, former Representative Fowler, Henry B. Martin and Herman Schultze, indicted at Newark in the alleged Labor Peace Council strike conspiracy. Bench warrants were to be served by United States Marshal Spain.

The justice department moved slowly in the matter of Representative Buchanan to be sure of its ground, as Buchanan believes his official status as congressman makes him immune from physical arrest. It was expected an agreement would be reached between the department and Buchanan over the formal procedure.

Fowler, Martin and Schultze were said already to have arranged to give bail. An effort was also being made by the four Washington men to make their pleas and arrange their bonds in the federal court here without going to New York.

Justice department heads confirmed reports that no effort will be made to extradite Franz Von Rintelen from London. They declare Rintelen "covered his tracks" well in this country. He ran his own propaganda work, took no orders from any one on this side of the Atlantic and left conspirators to work out their own plots. It was declared unlikely that Rintelen would be connected with the Fay, Crowley and other alleged plots.

Officials planned to serve the bench warrant upon Buchanan late this afternoon. Representative Rainey of Illinois, is counselling Buchanan, Rainey insisted to the assistant attorney general today that Buchanan is immune from arrest, but was advised that the government denies Buchanan's immunity.

Prosecution will be started in a day or two at New York, of Clerk Schindler of the National City bank, involved with Paul Koenig in the Weland canal conspiracy.

ANTHRACITE COAL MINERS WILL ASK MORE WAGES

Present Contract Expires April 1 and Then There Must be Increase.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 30.—Anthracite coal miners are to ask a substantial increase in wages when their present contract with the operators expires April 1, President John P. White, of the United Mine Workers, declared in an interview today. They declared in an interview today that while food prices have increased 26 percent in the last eleven years, their wages had only increased 5 1/2 percent.

"I am hopeful that no suspension of work will result when the present contract expires," White continued. "The mine workers are for peace with the operators. But the mine workers will not consent to be the victims when the operating heads seek to unload upon them the responsibility for price raising occasioned by the neglect or intent of operation."

White charged that the miners, through enforced idleness, had been compelled to stand the losses of "lean" periods, while the operators conserved their surpluses. He also blamed the failure to work the mines continuously for the reported coal shortage.

Further Investigation. NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Admitting it may take several months to cause the extradition of four of the Labor's National Peace council defendants from Washington to New York for trial, Federal District Attorney Marshall today planned to go ahead with further investigations before a second special grand jury, the new grand jury will be called Monday or Tuesday and will begin investigation of various violations of anti-trust laws and conspiracies to violate American neutrality. One of the latter is expected to be the Mexican intervention plot.

Efforts have been made to connect David Lamm, the wolf of Wall street, with the Mexican plot through his association with Franz Von Rintelen, German agent held as a spy in the tower of London. Victoriano Huerta, exiled Mexican president held by the federal authorities in Texas, also is expected to come under investigation in the intervention investigation.

Next week's grand jury will give the government two such bodies investigating nothing but war plot cases. A third grand jury is handling routine investigations.

Though he admitted there was ground for questions as to whether the four defendants in Washington can legally be extradited, Marshall claimed to be confident of their ultimate extradition.

Hearing Postponed. CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Inability of important witnesses to reach Chicago today led to the postponement until Monday of further hearings on Senator Kenyon on extent and efficiency of the foot and mouth quarantine in Illinois and Iowa.

RETAILERS WERE ABSORBED BY THE CONSUMER'S DEMAND

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Retailers were absorbed by the consumer's demand. Stringency of the number of cars is given as a reason why the retailers permitted stock to become exhausted. While this constant drain was taking place, the producing companies were harboring tremendous surpluses and paying enormous dividends. Had some of the surplus products been used to extend coal trade, the 176,000 anthracite miners would not have been forced to suffer the lean period that brought many thousands of them to face serious want.

"If the operators are, as reported, unable to supply the demand and the public forced to pay a premium on anthracite, the responsibility must be fastened upon the operators. Even now when the news is being heralded broadcast that a labor shortage is affecting production, hundreds of miners are idle. The insufficient number of cars is an important factor in promoting the so-called shortage, the public is informed.

"How did this happen? The upkeep of freight cars during the past few years by anthracite roads was suspended under a strict economy program inaugurated in 1914. The surpluses held by the same roads is proof positive that this was unnecessary.

"The contract between anthracite miners and operators expires April 1, 1916. The miners are to ask a substantial increase. In eleven years, food products have increased 36 percent, while their wages have only increased 5 1/2 percent. "True to form in advance of negotiations, the public is again informed that the shortage of labor and the outrageous demands of small part necessities are the result of the miners' public purse. But it will not be very difficult for the careful investigator to fix a responsibility for increased prices."