

# Iowa State Bystander

CHARLES B. RUFF, Editor.  
DES MOINES, IOWA.

Senator-elect Dupont, the powder-maker, ought to be able to contribute some interesting matter to the magazines.

Society girls in Cincinnati have organized a society for the suppression of gossip. This looks like a covert attempt to suppress society.

As a factor in uplifting and sustaining the human race the new woman's Bible can never hope to rival the old woman's cook book.

There may and may not be an extra session of congress, but the question of the hour is, will Harvard meet Yale at football next fall?

With the general adjournment of state legislatures throughout the nation the country once more resumes the aspect of the times of peace.

The friends of Prof. Laughlin assert that in his joint debate with Mr. Harvey he was "all wool and a yard wide," the other side claims he was worsted.

As an operator in wheat and an expert in running a corner the Hessian fly seems to be quite as skilled as any professional board of trade manipulator.

It cost New York \$20,000 to secure a jury that disagreed as to the guilt of Inspector Martin. What will it cost to find a jury in New York that will agree?

Millionaire Mackey tells an interviewer that he never was so happy as when he was swiping a pick. Well, there's nothing to prevent him from taking his pick now.

There was a sturdy old Sioux. Used to hunt by the stream Kickapou; in sheer desperation he's quit the durned reservation—As he went he blubbered bloux-bloux.

George M. Pullman has confided to an interested public his slowly formed conviction that he was much happier when he was a poor boy earning his living by his daily labor than now when he is worried with his millions and burdened with the weight of vast interests and business cares. Wealth, he says, does not bring happiness. Mr. Pullman is evidently getting ready to buy happiness for the rest of his days by unloading his surplus and withdrawing from the Millionaire club.

The old foolishness that women of learning, or eloquence, or brain, are never pretty, or even good looking, is extinct, and has been put on the upper shelf among the dead scraps of old Egypt. In this generation we have women professors, lecturers, scholars, authors, politicians, and philosophers, who are beautiful indeed—far more beautiful than those brainless women of old who left nothing better than their pictures for our instruction.

The insurrection in the republic of Colombia has ended less pleasantly than that in the republic of Ecuador. There was a good deal of bloodshed in the one, but little if any in the other. The Colombian rebels are tired of treason, the Ecuadorian rebels are amnestied; Colombia was disturbed for months, Ecuador for a few days. President Caro is a revengeful man, President Cordero is the most forgiving of rulers. For the fun of the thing, the warlike ways of Ecuador are much preferable to those of Colombia.

There is nothing in the cruelty of a man-governed world more cruel than the deception complained of by Miss Willard and Mrs. Somerset in securing their signatures as members of the committee on the new woman's Bible. They signed without knowing just what they were subscribing to, and in that they were just like the man who signed the petition to have himself hanged. The new woman movement ought to be more careful about making such old masculine mistakes in getting out a woman's Bible.

A Brooklyn man who was "convicted" of a burglary he did not commit, and "pardoned" after he had served nearly two years in Sing Sing, has sued the state of New York for \$101,838.28 damages. Of this amount \$25,000 is claimed for injury to reputation and mental and physical suffering while in prison; the rest is his compensation of the amount he lost in business by this false imprisonment, with his attorney's fees added. Since the state authorities admit that he was innocent of the crime for which he was convicted, and his "pardon" was granted because of his innocence, they have a very interesting case on their hands to defend. They may set up the claim that he is the victim of a miscarriage of justice rather than wrong, but the state is responsible for its part in the denial of liberty that caused his suffering and loss.

In the army and the navy and in the police, lots of officers who ought to be good for many years of service are retired on pensions. Some of them have but reached that time of life at which their powers ought to be at their best. It is ridiculous to call them veterans. The system is costly and wrong.

The Globe-Democrat suggests that England name her next two battle-ships the Bullfinch and the Constable. If the names are to be suggestive of their business what is the matter with the Bull and the Capt. Kidd?

Col. John A. Cockerill cabled from Tokio to the New York Herald that Japan would fight Russia, and a few hours later Japan cabled that she wouldn't. There is no help for it Japan must now fight Col. Cockerill. The colonel is not a man to be contradicted.

With no desire to withhold from the Earl of Aberdeen any praise that may be due to him for his adjustment of the Manitoba school question, let us not forget that there is such a person as Lady Aberdeen or that her ladyship is a diplomat of the very first water.

# SELECTED HAWKEYE MENTION

## IOWA CROP REPORT.

Conditions Not Altogether Favorable for a Big Crop.  
DES MOINES, May 29.—The Iowa Weather and Crop Bulletin says: "Despite the adverse weather conditions, the spring grain crops are generally doing fairly well. Some progress has been noted in recovery from effects of recent frosts. The corn crop is a little more than holding its own in the conflict with cold weather and cut worms. Considerable replanting has been reported, and planting operations will continue until after June 1st, assuring a large increase in the acreage. In numerous localities fall rye was blighted by freezing temperature, and it is being cut for fodder. The damage to wheat has not been extensive. Pastures and meadows have materially suffered from lack of rain. The hay crop must necessarily be light."

## NATURAL GAS IN IOWA.

There Seems to be an Inexhaustible Supply in Southeastern Iowa.  
COLUMBUS JUNCTION, May 30.—While Freeman Bros. were sinking a well at the tile works in this place they struck a flow of natural gas at a depth of 145 feet, and it had sufficient pressure to lift a fifty-pound weight. A short distance from Columbus Junction there is a collection of several houses which have been heated with natural gas for several years past, and the supply of gas and pressure both appear to be stronger as time passes. It is claimed that on a line drawn northeast from Fairfield to Columbus Junction gas has been found in a number of places where parties were sinking deep wells. It is known to exist in a number of localities in Jefferson county, and it has all the characteristics of the natural gas of the east.

## CASES DISMISSED.

Woodbury County Roadster Released.  
SIOUX CITY, May 30.—County Attorney Hallam has dismissed all the remaining indictments against ex-county officials for irregularities in connection with the boodling exposure of last year. There were cases still pending against Walter Strange for accepting a bribe and for obtaining money by false pretenses, and there were similar cases against ex-supervisors Jerman, Mohler and Hunting and ex-Attorney Bevington and ex-Deputy Auditor Roberts. There is still one case against Walter Strange for bribing a juror, and against three others for accepting bribes, but this practically ends all litigation over the county funds.

## A STRANGE CASE.

A Young Sioux City Girl Changing Color From White to Black.  
SIOUX CITY, May 31.—There is an unusual phenomenon in the case of a young lady residing in this city, the cause of which is not at all manifest. The girl is 18 years of age, enjoying good health, finely developed and the daughter of parents whose blood seems to be of purest Saxon. But the skin of her daughter is changing color, large, regular black spots appearing all over her body. Physicians have been consulted, but they have been unable to explain the freak of nature, inasmuch as no symptoms of any disease are apparent.

## THE RAILWAY WINS.

Damage Suits Against the Chicago Great Western Decided.  
DUBUQUE, May 31.—The Lesire Lumber company's suit to recover \$175,000 from the Chicago Great Western Railway company for losses in the lumber yard fire here last June caused, as alleged, by a locomotive spark, resulted in a verdict for defendant. The suits of the Standard and Knapp-Stout companies for \$78,000 and \$210,000 may be dismissed.

## DAVENPORT'S POPULATION.

The Census Returns Do Not Show as Many People as Was Expected.  
DAVENPORT, May 31.—The assessor's report just made public is somewhat of a disappointment to many who supposed there were not less than from 32,000 to 35,000 inhabitants in the city. The report shows there are 29,938 population, against 23,830 in 1885; 6,858 dwellings, against 4,732 in the same year, and 7,157 families.

## STRUCK BY A STOCK TRAIN.

George Holcomb Instantly Killed at Afton Junction.  
CRESTON, May 30.—George Holcomb, 24 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Holcomb, who reside four miles south of Thayer, was struck by a stock train at Afton Junction and instantly killed. The engineer says he was sitting on the platform leaning over the edge of the track asleep. The engine struck his head and mashed it into a jelly.

## TIRED OF LIVING.

Being Sick and Weary at Heart, John Rodimsky Kills Himself.  
CEDAR RAPIDS, May 30.—John Rodimsky, an old Bohemian resident of this city, committed suicide by shooting himself in the right temple. For several weeks he had threatened self-destruction, as he was out of work and suffering with a sprained back. Deceased was about 45 years of age and had been a resident of this country for thirty-three years. He leaves a wife and a son and daughter.

## DUBUQUE NOTES.

Income Tax Returns—Death of a Crank.  
DUBUQUE, May 28.—All the income tax records in the collector's office in Dubuque have been boxed up and shipped to Washington. There have been many applications from parties who had made returns to obtain possession of the same.

Leonard Sues, the man who attempted a bank robbery in Dubuque a short time ago and was shot by the cashier, died at the Independence insane asylum of insanity.

# KILLED HIS WIFE.

Marshalltown Man Says He Mistook Her For a Burglar.  
MARSHALSTOWN, May 31.—Lewis Hall, an electrician, shot and killed his wife at 3 o'clock a. m. Hall's story of the affair is that he mistook his wife for a burglar. He claims that about a week ago burglars endeavored to break into his house and to be protected from them he purchased a revolver. He says his wife awoke him about 3 o'clock from a sound sleep and said that some one was trying to get into the house. Snatching his revolver from under his pillow he fired at the dim outlines of a form near the bed, which upon investigation proved his wife, and realizing his mistake he hastily summoned the neighbors. The shot took effect in Mrs. Hall's left eye, lodging in the brain and causing death in five hours. The coroner's jury exonerated Hall.

## WEBSTER CITY SENSATION.

Series of Forgeries Discovered.  
WEBSTER CITY, May 29.—A series of forgeries has come to light here which have startled the town. R. G. Clark, a prominent butter and egg buyer, who buys all over this section of the state, pays for produce in butter and egg checks, which are cashed at the R. I. Burleson dry goods store. A boy presented a check for \$16, and it was so evident on the face of it that it was a forgery, that as soon as the check was cashed he was followed by a police officer. It has developed that a ring of boys and young men has been in existence for some time, forging these checks. The full amount of money they have secured will amount to considerable. It is almost definitely known the forgeries will implicate the sons of some of the best families in the city.

## EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY.

Governor Jackson Pardons Three Anamosa Convicts.  
ANAMOSA, May 29.—Gov. Jackson has pardoned three convicts from the Anamosa penitentiary. Arthur Myers was one who received executive clemency. He was sent from Pocahontas county for robbery April 5, 1895, for six months. He stole some harness and other things a year or more ago and went to Nebraska. While there he experienced religion and wrote back to the authorities that he would pay for all the property he had taken and pay all damages and costs. They sent an officer and arrested him. George Bentz, sent from the same county for the same crime, and Roland Barnett, same as above, were also pardoned.

## CONDENSED ITEMS.

Mrs. Celia Harlow died at Creston from the effect of a quantity of metaline taken by mistake three weeks ago.

A freight on the Chicago & North-western broke in two near La Moille and a fast fruit train ran into the rear section. A bad wreck resulted.

A man was found a few days ago hanging to a tree about two miles south of Stuart. The suicide was a stranger, apparently about 35 years of age, of German descent, about 5 feet, 7 inches in height and wore a light suit of clothes. On his person were found six cents in money, a plug of tobacco, and a small clipping from a paper containing a few verses on Kelly's army. He could not be identified and the remains were interred in the potter's field.

The trouble of the Wizard Telephone company, of Council Bluffs, has culminated in the arrest of the president and chief promoter, C. J. Willow. Developments prove Willow a most accomplished confidence man with several aliases and a long train of victims. He came to Council Bluffs three weeks ago and interested Ell Brown, a local grocer, to the extent of \$1,600, organized a company which he named the Wizard, with a capital of \$50,000, established a telephone factory and secured a charter from the city for an exchange. Things were sailing, and he was rapidly roping in a number of wealthy citizens, when he came to grief through the discovery of a stolen typewriter in his office. His story of how it came into his possession excited suspicion and caused a break up of the company. Brown, to protect himself, got creditors to attach the property, and Willow began damage suits against the parties and Brown aggregating \$50,000. Brown went to Kansas City to look up Willow's record, and found that he had played the game there under the name of C. Perry and the Perry Telephone Company. His arrest was made upon complaint of Kansas City parties. If it had not been for the typewriter which he stole in Denver, where he worked under the name of Richardson, he would have bagged big game in Council Bluffs. He had prepared to sell the franchise for \$5,000, and would have sold large blocks of the telephone stock. He has been taken to Kansas City for trial.

Sioux City dispatch: Orders have been made in the federal court for the sale of the Union Stock yards to satisfy mortgages amounting to over \$1,000,000 in favor of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Trust company, and the Boston Safe Deposit and Trust company, trustees, and A. L. Stetson, individually. The priority of the claims is established in the order given and the stock yard company is given only ten days to settle them all before the sale is made. The yards will be bid in by the Sioux City Stock Yards company, an organization formed by the unsecured creditors to protect their equities.

Mrs. James Hall was seriously burned at Creston by gasoline. The vapor became ignited from a lantern and the flames were communicated to an open vessel containing gasoline.

Secretary Buer, of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, is sending out copies of the provisional program for the coming convention of the society in Boston, July 10-15. Rev. P. E. Zartman, of Sioux City, is the excursion manager and J. M. Lucas, of Des Moines, is the hotel manager for Iowa, and from them can be obtained any information relative to the trip.

# THE WORLD IN GENERAL

## RECEIVER APPOINTED.

The North & South Railroad Has Not Proved a Success.  
TOPEKA, May 30.—Horace M. Drake, of Brookfield, Mo., has been appointed receiver of the populist venture, the Gulf & Interstate Railway Company, more familiarly known as the North & South Railroad, by Judge Hazen, of the district court of Shawnee county. Judgments amounting to \$3,245 have been obtained against the company, \$3,000 being in favor of Drake as salary in his capacity as vice president of the company. Drake says he will go to Galveston and take charge of the construction of seventy miles of road for which the company has contracted. It is understood Fred Close will resist Drake's authority in Texas courts.

## LYNCHING IN MARYLAND.

A Mob Who Feared Executive Clemency Resort to Law.  
ELLIOTT CITY, Md., May 30.—Jacob Hensen, colored, convicted in Howard county for the murder of Daniel E. Shea, and sentenced to be hanged June 7, was taken from the jail by a mob at an early morning hour and hanged to the limb of a tree. The lynching was the work of about twenty determined men, who thus avenged the murder of Shea, which was one of the most brutal crimes ever committed in Howard county. The lynchers feared that the governor might be induced to interfere and commute the sentence to life imprisonment.

## FEW ESCAPED.

One Hundred and Fifty Believed to Have Been Drowned.  
SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—The Pacific Mail steamer ship Collina was wrecked between Manzanilla and Acapulco on May 27, and the present indications are that over 150 persons perished. Only nineteen are known to have been saved. The Collina was an iron vessel of 2,906 tons burden. She was built by Roach, of Philadelphia, and sailed from this city on the 18th inst., in command of Captain J. F. Taylor. She was bound for Panama. From information at hand it is thought the ship foundered off Manzanilla, and the catastrophe is believed to have been due to an accident to the machinery.

## CHIEF BYRNES OUT.

The Veteran Retires After Over Thirty Years' Service.  
NEW YORK, May 29.—Superintendent Byrnes made application to the board of police commissioners for retirement. The board granted the request. Upon the construction of the bipartisan police act of the last legislature depends the selection of the chief's successor. President Roosevelt is determined that if the law will permit his being a member of the department, and he is unable to convince his associate commissioners that a better man may be found, he may himself consent to be made chief.

## RAIN IN NEBRASKA.

The Heaviest Fall of the Year Reported Throughout the State.  
OMAHA, May 31.—Dispatches from over the central part of the state indicate the heaviest rains of the year in Kearney, Buffalo, Custer, Adams and adjoining counties, some places reporting the heaviest rains in four years. Even the hot winds are praised for killing the caterwoms, which were becoming so disastrous to wheat. It is hoped that this rain will revive the small grain. It assists very much the corn.

## SWINE FEVER.

Importation of Pigs Prohibited by Austria-Hungary.  
BUDA PESTH, May 31.—In the lower house of the Hungarian diet it was announced by the government that in view of the existence of swine fever in the Steuburgh district, which disease is said to have been imported from the United States, Great Britain and Denmark, the importation of pigs into the Steuburgh district is prohibited.

## HORR-HARVEY DEBATE.

Lyman J. Gage to Act as Referee for Chicago, May 31.—Hon. Roswell G. Horr has asked Lyman J. Gage, president of the First National bank, to act as his referee during the debate between him and Mr. H. Harvey, author of "Coin." Mr. Gage accepted and the Union League club tendered its rooms. The debate will probably last ten days.

## HOT WINDS.

Do Great Damage to Crops in Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas.  
CHICAGO, May 29.—The hot winds of the past three days have, according to the reports received by the United States weather bureau, practically ruined crops in Kansas and Oklahoma, greatly damaged the crops of Nebraska, and somewhat injured those in Iowa.

Missing Links.  
Of 263 popes, only eleven ruled longer than seventeen years.

The estimated population of the world on Jan. 1, 1895, was 1,500,000,000. There are twenty-five women running country papers in Kansas. Twenty lives lie between the Emperor of Germany and the British throne. The white house of the confederacy is now used for a colored schoolhouse. The lapidary who cut the famous diamond Rosa of Belgium is now worth 150,000.

A man named Domet has just passed an examination in theology at Troy, Kan.

Two men recently found in a Mississippi river sloop a bulk of a wrecked steamer containing 100 barrels of whiskey. It had been ripening since before war, and was in fine fettle.

Years ago a queer old fellow in Powderly, Tex., borrowed an iron kettle of a neighbor. Soon after he died in his house. There were many searches for the kettle, which was at last found with \$3,000 in it.

In some old buildings at Jay Bridge, Mo., was found \$2,300 in government bonds, but a little while ago.

Two boys in Muskegon, Mich., recently found \$600 in gold under an old pine stump and the town is in high hopes of becoming stupendous.

# THE PRINCE OF WALES.

May Visit the United States This Year.  
LONDON, May 27.—There has been a renewal of the circulation of rumors that there is a possibility of the prince of Wales going to the United States in order to be present at the races for the America's cup in September next. It is impossible to get at the truth of this matter at present, but those who noticed the prince's partiality for the company of a prominent American family during the yachting season on the Mediterranean, will not be astonished if the report turns out to be correct. On the other hand, sober-minded persons claim that the state of the health of Queen Victoria is such as to preclude any possibility of the heir apparent being allowed to wander so far away from home. But stranger things have happened, and the prince is known to have a will of his own.

## EASTERN SITUATION.

Germany Refuses to Co-operate With Russia.  
BERLIN, May 29.—Germany has refused to co-operate with Russia in forcing Japan to withdraw her troops from the Korean territory.

Seoul, Korea, May 29.—It is stated that Count Inoué, Japanese minister to Korea, is about to leave Korea. It is believed this indicates a change in the Japanese policy towards the Hermit kingdom.

Hong Kong, May 31.—Hostilities have commenced at Formosa. Private advices received here are to the effect that the Japanese are bombarding Keelung, a town in the extreme north of Formosa. It is believed here that the bombardment is being carried on by the fleet of the Japanese now supposed to be at sea in the vicinity of Tamsui.

## AT CHICAGO.

Monument to Confederate Prisoners Dedicated.  
CHICAGO, May 31.—The monument to the memory of 6,000 Confederate prisoners who died at Camp Douglas during the war was dedicated yesterday at Oakwood cemetery, where they are buried. The largest assemblage of distinguished Confederate veterans ever seen in the north, accompanied by their wives and families, was one feature of the occasion. Those present included Generals Gordon, Hampton, Longstreet, Stephen D. Lee and Fitzhugh Lee. The dedicatory address was made by General Wade Hampton, of South Carolina.

CROPS RUINED IN NEBRASKA.  
The Recent Hot Winds Do Great Damage to Small Grains.  
OMAHA, May 28.—Specials to the World-Herald indicate that the damage to small grain from hot winds will amount in some localities to almost ruin and the corn is also badly injured. It is not as yet possible to fix the amount of damage, but the winds were similar to those of last July, which soured the death knell of the crops in this state. Similar winds are reported from western Iowa and South Dakota.

## DURANT'S TRIAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—Durant was arraigned in the superior court for the murder of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams, pleading not guilty in each case. Both trials were set for July 23. Counsel for the defense gave notice that they would probably apply for a change of venue. Durant maintained his unconcerned appearance throughout the proceedings.

## BREVITIES.

Queen Victoria celebrated her 70th birthday on the 24th.

At their state convention the republicans of Ohio nominated Gen. Asa L. Bushnell for governor.

In London last week the jury in the case of Oscar Wilde, charged with unnatural practices, returned a verdict of guilty and Wilde was sentenced to imprisonment and hard labor for two years.

At Wharton, Texas, recently, the bodies of the three murdered members of the Crocker family, father, mother and son, were found on the open prairie full of bullet holes. The bloody work was done by a mob composed of adherents of the faction opposed to the family remaining in the vicinity longer. The Crockers were continually engaged in warfare with their neighbors, all three having killed their man. Ten men are under arrest charged with complicity in the affair.

Hon. Hugh McCulloch, secretary of the treasury under President Lincoln and treasury under President Arthur, died on the 24th at his country place in Maryland, near Washington. Death came while Mr. McCulloch was in the comatose state, and was not so soon expected even by the family. A general breaking down of the system, due to advanced age and aggravated by lung trouble, was the cause. His two sons, a daughter and a grandson were at his bedside.

Word is received of a disaster from an earthquake in the town of Paramythia, in the province of Epirus, Albania. Nearly all the houses in the town have been destroyed, and fifty persons were killed and 150 injured by the earthquake.

At Danville, Ill., recently John Halls and William Royce, two young men of unsavory reputation who assaulted Miss Laura Bennett and Miss Lillian Draper, were taken from jail by a mob and hanged to a bridge which was the scene of their crime.

London, Ont., dispatch: Considerable feeling has been aroused by an insult offered to the American flag during the celebration of the queen's birthday. Richard Wagner, a German by birth, but a British subject, displayed from the second story of his grocery store the British, Swiss, German and American flags. Lieutenant Dennison, of the Seventh Fusiliers, of this city, forced his way through Wagner's premises and lowered the Stars and Stripes from the window. Wagner has made formal complaint. Dennison is one of the Toronto family which is notoriously anti-American.

# W. Q. GRESHAM IS DEAD

LIFE PASSES AWAY IN WASHINGTON ON THE 28TH.

He Had Been Suffering With Pleurisy. But Was Getting Better Until a Short Time Before Death.  
WASHINGTON, May 28.—Walter Q. Gresham, secretary of state, is dead. He died at 1:15 this morning.

When he was taken sick four weeks ago the physician diagnosed his case as "catarrh in the bladder." His pleurisy symptoms were overlooked for almost thirty-six hours. The attending physician later discovered that the secretary was suffering from an acute case of pleurisy, probably caused by exposure while riding out to Woodley, the president's country place, at night. In the meantime the gallstone had passed. The secretary's right lung was affected, the cavity being already filled with pleuritic fluid. His respiration rose to 43. The physicians decided not to tap the cavity, but to rely on absorption to get rid of the exuded fluid. Gradually Secretary Gresham grew better. The respiration was reduced to almost normal.

On the 25th, when Dr. Johnson thought all danger passed, the left lung suddenly became affected and filled rapidly. Since then either Dr. Johnson or the consulting physician has been at his bedside constantly, as have Mrs. Gresham and the secretary's son-in-law, Mr. Andrews. He passed a very bad night Saturday and a bad day Sunday, suffering so much pain that Sunday night he was placed under the influence of opiates. He was kept more or less under their influence yesterday. His long illness weakened the secretary greatly, and it is said his physicians decided that in his exhausted condition he could not undergo an operation for the removal of the fluid. The fact that the secretary had stomach trouble for years and was obliged to diet militated against any rapid recovery of strength. Secretary Gresham had an attack of pleurisy years ago. He also suffered much from his wounds, being at one time bed-ridden for years.

Notwithstanding these facts, Dr. Johnson says he had a great deal of vitality. [Walter Quinton Gresham was born near Lansville, Harrison county, Ind., March 17, 1833. His grandparents emigrated from Virginia to Kentucky, from which state they removed to Indiana, while his parents were children.] Walter Gresham's early education was obtained in the country schools of the neighborhood and one year in the state university at Bloomington, Ind., but he did not graduate.

From the university he went to Corydon, Ind., where he studied law while acting as deputy clerk, and in 1854 was admitted to the bar. In 1860 he was elected to the legislature, and at the end of the session entered the federal service as lieutenant-colonel of the Thirtieth Indiana Infantry. In 1861 he was appointed colonel of the Fifty-third Indiana regiment and served under Grant until after the siege of Vicksburg when he was made brigadier-general of the volunteers.

General Gresham was transferred to Sherman's command at the beginning of the expedition against Atlanta and took command of the Fourth division of the Seventeenth army corps. In the severe fighting before Atlanta he was wounded and disabled at Leggett's Hill, July 29, 1864, when he was obliged to retire from active service, and on March 13, 1865, was breveted major-general of volunteers for gallantry. He then went to New Albany, Ind., where he practiced law, and in 1866 he was a candidate for congress on the republican ticket, but was defeated. In 1869 President Grant appointed him judge of the United States district court for Indiana. In 1882 he resigned his judgeship to accept the postmaster-generalship under President Arthur. In 1884 he was transferred to the position of secretary of state. In December of the same year he was appointed United States circuit judge for the Seventh judicial district. In 1884-1888 he was mentioned as a presidential candidate. In 1893 President Cleveland appointed him secretary of state.

FUNERAL SERVICES IN WASHINGTON.  
WASHINGTON, May 30.—At 9:30 yesterday morning the body of the late secretary of state was removed to the east room of the White House. The body bearers were eight stalwart sergeants of the Fourth artillery. The funeral services were conducted by Bishop Hurst, according to the ritual of the Methodist Episcopal church. The procession, composed of President and Mrs. Cleveland, the members of the cabinet and their wives and the United States troops, headed by the Marine band, then proceeded to the depot, where the remains were placed on a Baltimore & Ohio special for Chicago.

Appearances Often Deceptive.  
"Tramp—Pleese, mum, I'm almost starved."  
Housekeeper—I saw you enter half a dozen houses before you got to this one, and you stayed a good while in each.

"Tramp—Yes, mum, but they was all boardin' houses.

On the field of Waterloo a topaz seal set in gold, was recently found, bearing the arms and motto of Viscount Barrington. It belonged to Ensign Barrington, who was killed at Quatre Bras, June 16, 1815, and had lain undiscovered for nearly eighty years.

Confusions of Slang.  
"This is a hard language to understand," said a distinguished foreigner. "What is troubling you now?" "One man tells me that riches have wings."

"Yes," "And five minutes later he remarks that wealth has no flies on it."

In the Same Boat.  
The pastor is dyspeptic, taking dinner with the family—Thank you, Mrs. Brown, I'd like to have another piece of the pie, but I will have to say no.

Willy Brown (in surprise)—Goodness me! Did your mother tell you not to take a second piece, too?

# Nothing Succeeds Like Success.

The successes achieved by men and things are not always based upon merit. But a success well merited and unopposed in the annals of proprietary medicine, should there ever come to be written, is HOSKETT'S STOMACH BITTERS, a potent medicine, discovered by Henry B. Hoskett, and the leading remedy for all ailments of the stomach, bowels, liver, and all the ailments of the system, such as indigestion, constipation, and biliousness.

If one would be just he must begin with good nature as a basis.

World's Columbian Exposition  
Will be of value to the world by illustrating the improvements in the mechanical arts, and eminent physicians will tell you that the progress in medicinal agents has been of equal importance, and as a strengthening laxative, Syrup of Figs is far in advance of all others.

France's new cruiser, Le Friant, has been declared to be almost an ideal war vessel.

J. C. SIMPSON, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

Mail bags can now be taken on and delivered from trains running sixty miles an hour.

Everyone knows how it is to suffer with colds, and they are not conducive to graceful walking. Remove them with Hood's Catarrh Cure.

Barley is mentioned on some of the earliest Egyptian monuments.

Cold's Cough Balsam  
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

The coming season's sunbathers are bewildering in floral effects.

There is a great deal of human nature in a mule.

Women smugglers are the pest of the Mexican borders.

The mortal who is not sensitive is cruel.

# Is Your Blood Pure

If it is, you will be strong, vigorous, full of life and ambition; you will have a good appetite and good digestion; strong nerves, sweet sleep.

But how few can say that their blood is pure! How many people are suffering daily from the consequences of impure blood, scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, catarrh, nervousness, sleeplessness, and

That Tired Feeling.  
Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood. Therefore, it is the medicine for you.

It will give you pure, rich, red blood and strong nerves.

It will overcome that tired feeling, create an appetite, give refreshing sleep and make you strong.

# Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

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