Daily Globe.

VOLUME I. ST. PAUL, MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 10, 1878.—DOUBLE SHEET. NUMBER 147

SMIRCHED STANLEY.

REPUBLICAN DISGUST AT THE BOSS DAMPHOOL.

His Refusal to Appear Before the Potter Committee Conceded by all to be a Confession of Guilt---Butler's Significant Utterances---Index Noyes Promises to Appear and Tell the Truth---Composition of the Senate Committee to Investigate Matthews---McLin Tells How Florida was Carried for Hayes.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The determination of Stanley Matthews to not go before the Potter' committee was one of the most prominent incidents of the committee's work yesterday. It is regarded by some as a plea of guilty. By kind peeple it is charitably said that Stanley prefers a more favorable jury made up of his political friends.

BEN BUTLER'S

bold and aggressive resolution to issue a warrant for Matthews to show cause why he should not be considered in contempt of the committee shows who is the leading spirit of the committee, as the resolution was passed by a unanimous vote. Mr. Matthews, in an interview last evening, said he had not yet made up his mind what he will do. Butler's speech has shown that he, at all events, is not friendly to Matthews, and everybody who heard the speech must think that he is more disposed to aid the Democrats than the Republicans. The entire temper of his speech was hostile. He said in substance that Matthews was probably possessed of certain knowledge after the fact, which might make him an

ACCOMPLICE IN THE FRAUDS.

Butler has not fully defined his position, but his first significant utterances were that the Democrats knew what they were about when they put him on the committee. The closing days of the session may be occupied with a bitter contest over the right of one House to invade the constitutional priveleges of another. Matthews' course is disapproved by many Republicans. It seems to have been adopted without advice, as have all his other acts that have brought his personal friends and his party into such an unpleasant situation. The Republicans say that there seems to be no limit to Matthews' capacity for plundering, and that his last act cannot help his position before the country, while it will aid still further to place his party in an embarrassing place. President pro tempore Ferry, yesterday announced to the Senate, the names of those Senators he had selected to act on the

MATTHEWS' INVESTIGATION

committees. They are Edmunds, who is chairman of the committee, and the others in the following order: Allison, of Iowa; Ingalls, of Kansas; Hoar, of Massachusetts; Davis, of Illinois; White, of Maryland, and Jones, of Florida. It will thus be seen that the committee consists of four Republicans, one Independent, and two Democrats. Allison and Edmunds are, perhaps, the bitterest partisans, while the same may be also said of Hoar. Ingalls is a man of forcible character, and is regarded as thoroughly independent in such matters. Of Senator Davis nothing need be said, as his reputation for judicial fairness and wisdom is above question. White of Maryland is a very fair minded gentleman. Jones is not an extremist and is regarded as particularly well fitted for a place on the committee. Senators Thurman and Bayard were first tendered places on the committee, but they both declined for the reason that they do not desire to be mixed up in the matter. Stanley Matthews says he is perfectly satisfied with the personnel of the committee. Nobody seems to have any definite idea when the committee will get to work, but the opinion is that it will begin at once. The Democrats will endeavor to obtain authority for, most of their investigating committees to sit during recess. They have evaded the responsibility of seating Congressman Smalls, colored, from the fifth South Carolina district, by reporting that there was no free election and remanding the case to the people. An interview has been had with

MINISTER NOYES

in Paris, and it attracted attention here yesterday. He says he will come to Washington and tell the whole truth, let come what may. Said he: "There are others who know all I know and they, too, will tell the truth, no doubt. I know one who will aid, perhaps publish a letter that can settle the whole question. As to McLin, I never exchanged words with him on the subject of the vote before or after the results. Afterward he came to me in a very down hearted and depressed manner, saying he had a local contest before him among the political partisans of the State, and that he should have to engage in a battle of no feeble character, but facts were facts, and he would stand by them. He must do so now. Secretary Noyes added that he and Gen. Grant never had concocted a programme of the action, and that he simply wished to tell the truth for Florida as well as for Hayes. It is understood that the threat implied in Noyes' interview is directed towards Bill Chandler.

The Florida Investigation.

JACKSONVILLE, June 8.—Samuel B. McLin, of the State canvassing board, sworn: Was shown a number of telegrams to Gov. Stearns, mostly from W. E. Chandler, and one or more from Zach Chandler. The telegrams set forth in a general way that the Presidential election and the salvation of the country depended on the vote of Florida, and an effort must be made to give the vote to Hayes. If necessary, means and troops would be furnished. No mode was pointed out how to secure the State for Hayes except the suggestion that an effort be made to get returns from different counties. Telegrams began to come in some two or three days after the election. The only thing then to be done was canvassing the returns. Some Northern Republicans came to Florida to represent Hayes. Among the number W. E. Chandler, Gen. Wallace, Attorney General Little, of Ohio, Gen. Noyes and Gen. Barlow. Don't know as Wallace or Noyes told me they had authority to represent Hayes, but was told so through others. It was represented to me that Noyes was a particular friend of Hayes, represented him and that anything he said the President would be responsible for. Wallace told me on several occasions

IF HAYES' ELECTION WAS SECURED

members of the returning board would be taken care of. On one occasion Chandler said he did not like to say it to me, but he would, and spoke for Wallace, that if the State go for Hayes, Cowgell and myself would be well taken care of, he would say so by authority of Gen. Noyes and for himself. Noyes never said to witness he would be rewarded, but felt assured Noyes had said so. Never went to ask for anything from him, and he did not come to me to make promises. Directly after the canvass, and on the return North of Noyes, he came to my house in a carriage with a number of other visiting statesmen, and thanked me for the action I had taken, and congratulated me on the result, and went off happy: said I had acted nobly. Never saw him after he left Tallahasse. Addressed one letter to him. Have no copy of it. What purported to be a copy of the letter was produced by Hiscock. It was dated January 7th, 1877, and commences: "Lamentable changes have taken place since we parted on the 6th of December last. Then we were hopeful and happy in the pleasant assurance that Gov. Hayes would be inaugurated our next President; now we are humiliated at the near approach of defeat, not an honest defeat, but a defeat that will be brought about by craven submission and sheer cowardice. Some of my friends have united in recommending me to the President for appointment to the office of district judge for this State. The State committee members of the old cabinet and other friends have joined in the request. I would be pleased to have you say a good word to the President in my behalf. However, I pray you do not think I prefer my claim on the recent canvass I only performed my duty conscientiously, and if it proves unavailing I will never cease to regret it as long as I live. My reasons for seeking the appointment are urgent. My contract for a livelihood with the proscriptive Democracy will be a very unequal one, and my health will not permit me to live in a colder climate. You can thoroughly appreciate my situation and the magnitude of the triumph should I be honored with the appointment.

Witness would not swear positively if he wrote this letter or not. The subject was the same as he wrote on, and the letter embraced his ideas entertained at the time. Noyes acknowledged the receipt of the letter I remember. I wrote two letters to Noyes about the same purport. In answer to one Noyes said the tone and temper was so good he had forwarded it to the President, with a letter urging him to give me the appointment. Have no copies of the letter. Noyes did not tell witness before the canvass that he would be rewarded. Gov. Stearns opened all returns that came to the office, and we would talk them over and keep a memorandum of them so as to add them up as we went along. Stearns thought the returns showed that Hayes had carried the State by a small majority, and I agreed with him.

Several justices of the peace were commissioned about election time. No particular reason was assigned for appointing Green of Baker county. Two canvasses were made of the State vote and two of the Presidential. There were two or three return from Baker county. Taking all of these and returns from all counties gave Hayes the State by about 40, and taking the others gave it to Tilden by about 95. The lawyers before the State board representing the Republicans were Wallace E. Chandler, Gov. Noyes and Barlow Wallace taking charge of the precincts of Jackson and Hamilton counties, Noyes Alachua, and Chandler some other counties. Little did not do much before the board but hunted up authorities and prepared the case. Ampl, from Ohio, also represented the Republicans. The returns from counties came to me and Gov. Stearns. If Johnsville and Derbyville had been counted it would have given the State to Tilden by about 95 majority. In regard to the proceedings

BEFORE THE STATE BOARD

witness said that on the morning of the first day only one of the returns from Baker was presented. The others were in the pigeonhole. Had taken out Drigger's return because it appeared to be properly certified and seemed to be most favorable to the Republican party. Had read the others.

Q. Why were others not then laid before the board?

A. Well, I managed that myself. Didn't suppose it was necessary to have but one read.

Q. Didn't the rules of the board require all the papers purporting to be returns should be laid before the board?

A. I don't recollect the rule.

Witness continued that he presented the return that appeared to be most formal and most favorable to Hayes. Didn't present the other two till called for by the Democrats. Had seen them before. Knew they gave a larger vote to Tilden than Drigger's returns. Didn't recollect to have seen the certificate by Cox giving the reasons why his return was not signed by three officers. The first canvass, witness stated, gave Hayes 800 or 900 majority, by throwing out several precincts. A great many affidavits made before the board were *ex parte* on both sides. The second canvass showed about 211 majority for Hayes. It was arrived at by

THROWING OUT CLAY COUNTY ENTIRELY.

The return was neither regular nor proper upon its face, and could not be understood. The irregularity consisted in a statement on a scrap of paper attached to the returns, that 74 votes had been cast at one precinct for Tilden and Hendricks each, and that the board could not decide whether those votes were included in the regular returns of votes for electors. In the first canvass the board included the return from Clay county. Canvassed Drigger's return from Baker county instead of as the return was canvassed the first time. Took Drigger's resolution because it was signed by the county judge, sheriff and justice of the peace, and because the other was signed only by the county clerk and Justice Duval. The county returns, which were counted on the second canvass, was also signed only by the clerk and justice, but it was in evidence that the county judge was present at the canvass. If Clay and Baker counties had been canvassed the second time as the first it would have given the State to Tilden.

Adjourned to Monday. The resolutions introduced yesterday were referred to the general committee.

Serving the Subpœna.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—It is currently reported that Senator Matthews was served last night with a subpœna to appear before the Potter committee, but the sergeant-at-arms at a late hour to-night had received no report from his deputy subpœna clerk, in whose hands it was placed. If it has not yet been served there is no doubt it will be to-morrow morning.

Ashamed of the Business.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Senator Edmunds will to-morrow ask to be excused from service on the special committee appointed, by request of Senator Matthews, to inquire into matters touching the last Presidential election in Louisiana. Senator Edmunds has been suffering from malaria, and desires to return home immediately after adjournment.

THE OLD WORLD.

Emperor William Sufficiently Recovered from Nabeling's Shot to Leave His Bed--Movements of Russian Troops--Report That the Sultan Has Lost His Head and is About to Be Deposed--Horrible Atrocities by the Bulgarians--Russia More Anxious for Guarantees Than As to Boundaries.

OUT OF BED.

BERLIN, June 9.—Official bulletins to-day reported the Emperor's strength and appetite increasing. The Emperor left bed to-day three hours and reclined in an arm chair.

GUARANTEES.

LONDON, June 10.—A *Times* dispatch from St. Petersburg says it is believed Russia will set more importance on the guarantees for the state of things to be considered by the congress than on a question of frontiers.

PEACEFUL OUTCOME.

Correspondents of the *Times* at St. Petersburg and Vienna both report a very sangnine feeling as to a peaceful result of the congress.

SHUMLA.

The *Times* Vienna dispatch says the Russians lately occupied Djumad and Ekestamboul, south and southwest of Shumla. These plains being beyond the line of demarcation Fazli Pasha threatened to forcibly expel the Russians, being apparently ignorant of the reported arrangements for the surrender of Shumla.

A CHRISTIAN.

Carathedorie Effendi, the first plenipotentiary of Turkey, to the congress, is a christian.

SENSATIONS.

The Daily *News* publishes a series of sensational dispatches from Constantinople via Syria, to the effect that the Sultan has completely lost his head, that a change of sovereign, and possibly of the dynasty, is imminent, that the party which wants to make Midhat Pasha dictator is the strongest, that the Turkish army shows a mutinous spirit, and that great excitement exists in Stamboul.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.

LISBON, June 9.—A violent shock of earthquake was felt here Saturday night.

WILL WAIT.

LONDON, June 10.—The *Telegraph's* dispatch from Pera says it is stated a recent council of ministers decided not to surrender any of the fortresses pending debates in congress.

NOTHING SUSPICIOUS.

The *Times* correspondent at Bucharest declares that there is nothing in the movements of Russian troops in Roumania to give ground for apprehensions of a conflict.

AMNESTY TO CUBANS.

The *Daily News'* Madrid special says in consequence of favorable news from Cuba the Spanish government has granted amnesty to all past offenders, and ordered the liberation of Carlists imprisoned for rebellion as national rewards between Captain General Joveller and General Martinez Campos.

SUSPICIOUS.

LONDON, June 10.—The *Standard's* telegram from Bucharest reports the movement of Russian troops cause fear that the Russians intend to interrupt the march of Roumanian troops and occupy Bucharest.

NOBELING.

The *Standard's* special from Berlin states the correct report of the only judicial examination of Nobeling before he became unconscious shows he said he himself offered to undertake the work and discussed the plan with several persons, who approved it.

NOT SO BAD.

LONDON, June 10.—The chief agent of the Haydock colliery, where the terrible explosion occurred last week, says the number of persons killed is fifty less than first supposed.

VERA SASSULETCH.

BERLIN, June 9.—Vera Sassuletch, who shot the St. Petersburg prefect of police, is imprisoned at Schlussellberg on the Neva.

While the congress will assemble Thursday, the proceedings until Saturday will be merely formal.

LORD LEITRIM'S MURDERERS.

DUBLIN, June 9.—Another meeting of those desiring to contribute to the fund for the defense of parties charged with the murder of Lord Leitrim was held this evening. Subscriptions were received and resolutions adopted making the affair a national one.

FALLING BACK.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 9.—The Russians are making retrograde movements at various points. The railway between Varna and Rustchuk will shortly be reopened.

BULGARIAN ATROCITIES.

The Bulgarians continue to commit atrocities in the plain of Arda, and the Mussulmans are fleeing to the Rhadope mountains. It is said nineteen villages have been burned, several old men crucified and many women violated.

NO SPLIT.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 9.—The *Journal de St. Petersburg* discussing Turkey's memorandum to the congress, says it will not succeed in creating a split among the powers.

WAR FOOTING.

VIENNA, June 9.—The *New Free Press* announces that six divisions of the Austrian army are to be placed in a few days on a war footing so that means may be in readiness to execute the decisions of the congress affecting Austria.

DU FRASNE.

PARIS, June 9.—A cabinet council has proposed to entrust Du Frasne with the functions of foreign messenger during the absence of Waddington.

SENTENCE QUASHED.

BELGRADE, June 9.—Prince Milan has quashed the sentence of death on ex-Minister Tchumitch.

RUSSIA'S EMPRESS ILL.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 9.—The Empress of Russia is seriously ill of fever and inflammation of pleina.

TURKEY'S REPRESENTATIVES — MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 8.—The delegates to the Berlin congress, Caratherlivi Effendi, Mehemet Ali and Sadoullah Bey started for Berlin to-day, via Odessa. Carathesdori Effendi has been appointed minister of public works, Samid Pasha, prefect of police, and Said Pasha, Governor of Angora. Mehemet Ali has been replaced in command of the troops by Fuad Pasha.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LONDON, June 8.—Parliament has adjourned for the Whitsuntide holidays, the Commons to the 13th, and the Lords to the 17th.

Michael Stell, spinner, of Bradford, England, has failed. Liabilities £84,000.

Dispatches from London say the Lancashire cotton mill owners are arranging to bring operatives from the United States, in view of the continued lockout.

Apothecary's hall, Glascow, has been burned.

DEVILISH DEEDS.

A Mother and Daughter Murdered Under Mysterious Circumstances in Indiana--Defalcations in New York--Mysterious Death of a Mother and Child in Philadelphia--An Ex-Mayor of St. Mary's, Ont., Charged with Poisoning--Miscellaneous.

MURDER MOST FOUL.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

GREENFIELD, Ind., June 9.—The city and entire community was thrown into the wildest excitement by the discovery of the foulest murder ever perpetrated in this county. The particulars, as near as can be ascertained are as follows: Mrs Sarah J. Wilson, widow of Woodford Wilson, living about nine miles north of this city, and her little neice named Annie Cass, about 7 years of age, who had been adopted by Mrs. Wilson, were found this morning about six o'clock murdered in there own house. Stephen Bates, a man who works on the farm, and brother-in-law of Mrs. Wilson, while feeding the stock had occasion to go into Mrs. Wilson's house, and there found the dead bodies. From the appearance of the surroundings it seems the two were sleeping in one bed, with no other occupant in the house. The assassin gained an entrance by breaking the glass in the front door and then unlocking it. Mrs. Wilson's body was found in a room adjoining the one in which she slept. Her clothes were torn. The bed clothes and her garments were scattered about the room, showing that a desperate struggle had taken place. The only marks of violence on her body were distinct finger marks upon the throat made by the left hand. The body of the little girl was found in the bedroom, and had upon the throat the same finger marks. Both bodies were lying upon the floor with their facces downward. There is no evidence of attempt to ravish and no robbery or attempt to rob.

DEFALCATIONS IN NEW YORK.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—Wm. A. Bushnell, bookkeeper and confidential man of Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, the well-known lawyers, has proved a defaulter to the amount of $50,000. In October last he began abstracting securities. His stealing continued until he had taken at least $5,000 worth of railway bonds. Bushnell from time to time placed the bonds in the hands of a broker and obtained loans on them. The money thus acquired was used partly in stock speculations. Bushnell cannot be found.

John H. White, a prominent and respected lawyer for thirty years prior to his death, in 1877, is now accused of having appropriated funds from two estates of which he was trustee to the extent of from $45,000 to $60,000.

THE GEISTLACH TRAGEDY.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—The Geistlach tragedy is still shrouded in mystery. The first supposition that the deed was done by Mrs. Geistlach is now considered erroneous. Some of the facts upon which the new theory is based is the distance at which the chloroform was found from the body of the dead mother, the circumstances of the rear portion of the house being open, and the discovery against the fence of the yard which has no gate, of a board, as if used by some person who had climbed into the next yard, which has a gate, for the purpose of escaping by the rear. Nothing has been heard of Geistlach. The funeral of the victims takes place Tuesday.

CHARGED WITH POISONING.

ST. MARYS, Ont., June 9.—Dr. Ford has been arrested on a charge of poisoning Robert Guest Tuesday night last. An inquest is being held. The affair creats great excitement. Ford for many years was mayor of the town, and grand master of Odd Fellows. Guest was a prominent grocer. Motive for the deed unknown.

DEFAULTING TAX COLLECTOR.

POVTSVILLE, Pa., June 9.—Michael Laudy the defaulting tax collector of Mahony City, and a leader of the Knights of Labor in this region was arrested in Philadelphia and brought to Mahoney City.

A MOTHER'S SUICIDE AND MURDER.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—A Mrs. Gustlack, 1,337 South Tenth street, killed herself and two children by the use of chloroform. Her husband left town three days ago intending to commit suicide.

FATAL ABORTION.

BOSTON, Mass., June 9.—Dr. Andrew J. Gilson, of this city, was arrested to-day charged with performing an abortion on Mrs. Rebecca Haines, who died at Hingham on yesterday.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Only two of the regular appropriation bills remain in conference, the legislative executive and judicial, and the postoffice appropriation bills. Those which will yet have to go to conference committees are the army, river and harbor, general deficiency and sundry civil or "omnibus" appropriation bills.

The bond of Ex-Gov. Packard, of Louisiana, as consul to Liverpool, has been received at the State department and approved.

Annual Election of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company.

MILWAUKEE, June 9.—At the annual meeting of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company, held here yesterday, the following directors were re-elected without opposition: Alexander Mitchell, Milwaukee; Julius Wadsworth, New York; Selah Chamberlain, Cleveland, O.; John M. Burke, Walter T. Gurnee, Peter Geddes, David Dows, Jeremiah Milbank, Abraham R. Vaunest, New York; George W. Weld, Boston; John Plankinton, S. S. Merrill, Milwaukee; J. W. Bowman, Kilbourn City, Wis. Subsequently the directors re-elected the following officers: President, Alex. Mitchell; vice president, Julius Wadsworth; secretary and treasurer, R. D. Jennings; general manager, S. S. Merrill; assistant general manager, John C. Gault. The directors leave here Monday morning for a trip of inspection over the road.

A PRIZE SERVANT GIRL.

She Inherits a Fortune and Makes a Poor Clerk Happy with Her Hand in Marriage.

A Cincinnati girl of American birth and German extraction furnishes the latest example of fortune's favoritism that has come to the surface of events of the day. The girl had received a good education and was a lady in every sense of that title, but she was poor, and had no expectations but labor for a livelihood. A previous reverse of fortune in her family had placed her in this position, and she accepted it with a brave heart and willing hands. She tried the life of a sewing girl in a store to keep away the wolf, but was obliged to work for a mere pittance and was subject to the slights and insults incident upon such a position. She was offered the position of a governess in a family who were friends and associates of hers in better days. This she refused upon the ground that will be understood by women of culture and pride of character. She preferred a situation as servant girl in a boarding house where she would have the advantage of good family associations, and into such a boarding house she went. There was a young gentleman boarder who saw and fancied the girl. He knew her character and accomplishments, and paid his court to her. His was a true and manly affection which was often the subject of jeers and ridicule by his light-headed, foppish companions. But he was earnest and honest, and true, and she accepted and appreciated such devotion. Both were poor, and the wedding day was not to be set until some favorable turn of fortune should come to him to enable him to take the responsibility of a wife. For her part she expected nothing, and could bring him nothing but true love and her word as a bond of faith. But the turn of fortune very surprisingly came to her. A short time ago she learned that she had fallen heir to an estate in Germany worth $50,000, and personal property worth as much more. It was almost incredible, but the fortune of $100,000 proved to be a solid fact. So certain was she of it that she said to her lover, "Now is our time," and their marriage was, a few days ago, consummated at the Grand hotel. She kept her word with the same nobility of character that had influenced her in choosing a servant's work. The boarding house servant girl and the poor clerk are going to Germany to look after their interests, and they will probably feel able to visit the Paris exposition. It is a very pleasant bit of romance, and the best of it is the incidents are true, the characters are real and the good fortune is deserved.

A Timely Puff for Hoyt.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—A Boise City dispatch says the citizens here are raised to a high state of exultation this afternoon by the receipt of a telegram to the effect that the President had appointed John P. Hoyt Governor of Idaho. It is almost the universal wish that the Senate will act promptly in confirming the appointment and that Governor Hoyt will come forward at once.

Oregon Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—The latest election returns conclusively shows the Republican State ticket to have been elected. H. H. Hines, Republican candidate for Congress has been defeated by at least 500 majority. The Legislature on joint ballot will have a Majority or 10, 50 Democrats, 36 Republicans, 4 independent.

Good Weather for the Circus.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—1 A. M.—For upper lake region, upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys: High pressure northeast to northwest; winds stationary or slightly higher temperature; clear or partly cloudy weather, except possibly occasional light rains in the first district.

Condition of Wm. Cullen Bryant.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The condition of Wm. Cullen Bryant to-night is not very favorable. He was resting quietly, but took nourishment less freely. His respiration is good, but his pulse is not quite so strong. The physicians don't look for any change within the next 24 huors.

ALL AROUND THE GLOBE.

The members of Zion church, Montreal, refuse to grant its use to the Orangemen the 12th of July.

Vanness & Brown, undertakers, Cleveland, O., failed Saturday. Liabilities $30,000; assets nothing.

In the 48 hours walk by professionals at New York, G. Guyan, of Chicago, won the first prize, $350 and championship belt, making 187½ miles, and John Ennis, of the same city, took the third prize, $100, having made 142 miles.

The hull of the steamer Exchange burned Saturday at St. Louis is also badly damaged, and she is leaking a good deal. The machinery is also seriously injured. The Northern line wharf boat at which she was moored was damaged about $30,000.

At Evansville, Ind., Saturday, William Jackson, miller at the Favorite mills, Mount Vernon, was caught in the belt revolving 100 times per minute and dragged around the shaft thirty times, having both legs torn off at the knees, his arms crushed and body horribly mutilated. He died in four hours. He was a native of New Jersey and came here three years ago.

A Fall River dispatch of yesterday says: The creditors of the Sagamore mills to-day, had claims allowed by the register in bankruptcy amounting to $436,530. The assets of the corporation are appraised at $466,166. H. Brayton and Robert C. Brown were appointed trustees to run the mills in the interest of the creditors under a decision of the committee of creditors.

IN THE LAVA BEDS.

The Scalp Lifting Bannocks Strongly Intrenched--Other Tribes Joining Them--Belief at Military Headquarters that their Subjugation will be a Serious Matter.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

CHICAGO, June 9.—A telegram from Capt. Bainbridge to Gen. Crook, which the latter has just transmitted to Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan, gives the latest intelligence received at military headquarters from the scene of the Bannock outbreak. It states that Sergeant Mack and three other Bannocks have been sent to Buffalo Horn's camp to report the number and position of the enemy. Three Shoshone runners who were en route to the agency from Camas prairie report these hostiles in strong force in the lava beds near Payne's ferry on Snake river. They had just killed another white on Camas prairie, and two white women near King's Hill. These hostiles have been joined by Indians from Matthew's agency and also by a band of Winnemuccas. Capt. Bainbridge says that the Bannocks and their allies mean war. Gen. Sheridan thinks it probable that the insurrection among the Bannocks will spread to other tribes in the great Salt Lake basin, and that the subjugation of the hostiles will be no insignificant matter. The Bannocks and their possible allies will probably be able to turn out eight hundred or a thousand warriors.

A FIGHT AND VOLUNTEERS REPULSED.

[Western Associated Press.]

A Boise City dispatch says the Indians have gathered in strong force at Juniper mountain. Col. Brinhaid is watching them with his command. Nothing is known of the condition of affairs at the lava beds. Capt. Harper, who went out from Silver City yesterday with 200 men to attack the Bannocks, has sent back for reinforcements. A party of about 17 men who went by way of the Flint district to join Capt. Harper's company, came upon a body of Indians estimated at 100, four miles east of South Mountain on Rail creek and had a fight. The volunteers lost one killed, O. H. Purdy, ex-county auditor of Owyhe county, and Tom Jones, saloonkeeper, wounded, and six men missing. The volunteers were worsted and had to flee. Do not know whether any Indians were killed or not. Great excitement prevails in Silver City over the news. Gen. Howard is daily expected. The column from Oregon is reported at Baker City, 150 miles from here.

FOR THE FRONT.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—Colonel Sumner, first United States cavalry, and three companies of infantry from Angel island, and troops stationed at Bencia have gone forward to reinforce the troops in Idaho.

THE SOUTH MOUNTAIN AFFAIR.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—In the affair near South Mountain, Owyhee county, four citizens were killed, one wounded and one missing, who is believed to have been killed. Reinforcements were sent forward from Silver City, and another fight was expected to take place to-day. A considerable body of Indians were seen near Cold Springs station, 65 miles out from this place, last night. All accounts agree in the statement that the Indians are continually passing across the stage road and across Snake river between Big Camas prairie and the scene of hostilities in Owyhee county. General Howard is expected here Tuesday. The column of troops from the west will arrive a day later. The Indians will probably make the first stand in the Juniper mountain region, but it is evident only a portion of their fighting force is there, and that they will also remain in the lava beds until dislodged or forced to surrender.

GEN. HOWARD.

A Portland dispatch says Gen. Howard, who is now at Fort Walla Walla, en route to Boise City, telegraphs to-day as follows: "Reports from Gen. Wheaton represent some Bannocks appearing in the vicinity of Salem, on the river, and the people are fleeing to Mount Idaho."

Philadelphia Socialists Refused a Hall.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—The socialists had arranged for a hall for a mass-meeting Tuesday evening, but going to pay the rent were told the mayor had requested the proprietor not to permit the meeting. An indignation meeting was held and strong language against the action of the mayor indulged in. Arrangements were made for another hall.

Turners in Session.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 9.—A very large delegation came on by special train to-day to participate in the demonstration of the 29th annual convention of the Central Verein association. At 1 o'clock a heavy rain set in and continued throughout, and the afternoon street parade was abandoned. The association will continue in session Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Accident and Row.

MONTREAL, June 9.—Seats in the amptheater in the western suburb of the city gave way to-day, and a number of persons were seaiously injured. The police who attempted to disperse the crowd were attacked and badly beaten.

Railroad Collision.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., June 9.—The express from Montreal ran into a special this morning. The fireman of the latter was injured, both engines badly smashed and the baggage and express cars thrown down the bank.

Movements of Steamships.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—Arrived, Indiana, from Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, June 9.—Arrived, City of Montreal, from New York; Ohio, from Philadelphia.

Party Fight in Montreal.

MONTREAL, June 9.—At a review of military yesterday a mob engaged in a party fight and a number were wounded before the police and military dispersed the mob.

Interrupted by Rain.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 9.—The game between the Chicagos and Providence, yesterday was interrupted by rain.

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