# J. H. STEWART, M. C.

*A GLOBE REPORTER ASCERTAINS HIS VIEWS AND PRINTS 'EM.*

**He Does Not Propose to Quietly Submit to Washburn's Game But Will Appeal to the People--His Labors in Washington--Editors Who Want to Make Small Loans--When the Doctor Declined They Suddenly Became Converted to Washburn--The Strumpet of Corruption Evidently at Work.**

Dr. Stewart, having just reached home from Washington, was the recipient of numerous calls yesterday and congratulations upon his success in advancing the interests of his constituents. As anything of public interest without a GLOBE reporter being present would be an anomaly, and, in fact, cease to be of public interest, a GLOBE representative was among the number who thronged the returned Representative's office. The doctor seemed to be in extraordinary good health, and if the Washburn raid upon him has had any effect it has been to improve his digestion, for he appears heartier and younger than ever.

After congratulating the doctor upon the opportunity afforded him of meeting an envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from the GLOBE, the aforesaid distinguished individual ventured the query as to what he was doing to secure a renomination, and received this reply:

Representative Stewart—I have been simply attending to my official duties. Some of my friends urged me to come home and look after my re-election. I said no. I have been sent to Washington and shall stay at my post, and discharge my duties faithfully. If the methods used to defeat my re-nomination are correctly reported (and I have no reason to believe otherwise), I propose to refer the matter directly to the people for settlement.

Envoy—Did you find the work very laborious?

Rep. S.—I should say that I did. Practically, the district had been without a representative for two years and I found everything to do. Land claims, Indian matters, post routes, pensions, and all manner of business imaginable, requiring daily calls at the departments. I was often obliged to write until 1 or 2 o'clock in the morning to keep up my correspondence. I made it a rule to answer every letter, and as I had no clerk the entire work devolved on me. My neighbor, Gen. Frye, of Maine, would frequently say when he saw my mail, "What *do* your people find to write to you about. You get more letters in one day than I do in a week." I said to him "your district is finished. Mine is only just begun."

Envoy—Why didn't you employ men, as Washburn has, to work up the district.

Rep. S.—I have no money to spend for any such purpose. I made up my mind when I went to Congress that the charges of corrupt means which had previously been made in this district relative to securing nominations and elections should not apply to me. If I cannot get the place without buying it, I don't want it. Why do you know (and here the doctor grew confidential) that it would be mighty amusing to see some of the letters I have received. Some editors of papers have written asking me to loan them fifty and one hundred dollars for a short time. They would say that they could get it elsewhere, but they thought I really ought to have a second term and that they preferred not to be under obligation to my opponents. Some wanted positive promises of offices. I declined all the propositions and it was interesting to watch the course of their papers. The first week after getting my reply they would think that the opposition seemed to be gaining ground. The second week they were afraid Stewart could not carry their county and by the third week they would be enthusiastic for Washburn. His ability, his eloquence, &c., were so great that he must be sent to Congress. I have many good friends among the editors who support me from principle, neither asking or expecting reward, but some of the conversions I name are worth remembering.

Envoy—Do you intend to make any special claim to a second term on the ground of its being an "endorsement?"

Rep. S.—I leave that to my constituents to decide. If they think it advisable to displace a man just as he has begun to get broken in it is their look out. The State of New York has the weakest delegation on the floor, because every county has an ambitious man who must go to Congress, while Ohio and Maine have the strongest delegations, because they keep their men there. James A. Garfield, of Ohio, who has been in the House 14 or 15 years, is the broadest man in this nation. No little Congressional district controls his views.

Envoy—There is considerable criticism of your vote on the silver bill.

Rep. S.—I suppose so, but I did not propose to be carried away by the cry for more money. I don't believe you can make ninety-two cents equivalent to one hundred by legislation. If a man has not the means to obtain a hundred cent dollar, he has not the means to buy a ninety-two cent dollar. More money would simply give the banks more to hoard and lock up. What the country wants is to have confidence restored so that capitalists will use the money we already have.

Envoy—Do you expect to go out through the district?

Rep. S.—No, it is too late now. The county conventions will be held in a few days. I could have reached home three days sooner, but I received a telegram from the Fort Snelling bridge commission, and I remained to see to that. I do not propose to have it said that I neglected my duties to seek a re-election.

The envoy's mission being purely political and having been accomplished, he started to retire, but as he relinquished the doctor for the "next man" he found that it was a settler who wanted to know about the tree claim and grasshopper relief bills. The doctor assured him that the amended tree claim bill became a law some weeks ago, and during the last hours of the session his (Stewart's) grasshopper relief bill also passed. Previous legislation had extended the time of payment for government land to 1880 for those who were injured by grasshoppers in 1874, 1875 and 1877. By some oversight the grasshopper sufferers of 1876 were omitted from the relief, and the doctor secured a law including them also, and giving the extension to 1880. As the GLOBE envoy finally departed he met additional patriots flocking to the doctor's levee, tendering him their assurances of everlasting friendship and support, which will be good just so long as he is in—and no longer.

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Grote gives another of his delightful concerts this evening.

### Another Roorback Exploded.

Some eight or nine years ago certain pieces of property were taken by the Lake Superior & Mississippi railroad, the value of which was assessed by a commission, and the money therefor was deposited with the then clerk of the district court, Mr. Albert Armstrong, subject to the orders of the court. On such orders driblets of the fund have been paid out from time to time, and there now remain of it some $3,600. When Capt. Keifer succeeded to the clerkship, he applied to his predecessor for this fund to be turned over to him, and Mr. Armstrong said he would do so when Capt. Keifer produced an order from the court to that effect. The foregoing is the "plain unvarnished tale" of the funds which Mr. Armstrong is blatantly accused of appropriating to his own use, but which he is willing and ready to disburse in whatever manner the court may direct, and thus relieve him of all legal responsibility in the premises.

### Death of Mrs. John B. Sanborn.

The many friends of Mrs. John B. Sanborn, in this city, will be shocked to hear of her death, which took place at Bridgeton, N. J., Tuesday evening. At 2 P. M. on that day Gen. Sanborn received a telegram that his wife was taken seriously ill with cramp colic. At 5 P. M. a second telegram announced her condition hopeless. At half-past seven the General took the train for the east and at 9 P. M. a third telegram announced her death.

Mrs. Sanborn's maiden name was Annie E. Nixon, and she was married to Gen. Sanborn in 1866. She was a resident of New Jersey, being a sister of Judge Nixon of that State. Some two months ago she returned to her old home both to visit her sister and also on account of her health, she having had a serious illness during the winter. Her health had greatly improved, and her last letter to her husband spoke of her intention to start the present week to visit another sister in Missouri. During her residence in St. Paul Mrs. Sanborn had won hosts of friends who will be saddened by the news of her sudden death.

### CITY GLOBULES.

"Peek-a-boo," Opera House, to-night.

The McGibeny Family at the Opera House this evening.

Mrs. Geisler, residing at the corner of Oak and Third streets, while passing along Dayton avenue fell and broke her arm yesterday.

We cannot say too much in praise of the McGibeney family, who give another of their most entertaining concerts at the Opera House this evening.

John Reilly, the New Orleans hoodlum who gave such trouble when arrested on Tuesday afternoon, was yesterday sentenced to seven days upon the stone pile.

The ladies managing the fair for the House of the Good Shepherd will be glad to see gentlemen between the hours of 12 and 2 to-day, when they can be served with lunch to suit the most fastidious epicure.

The immense gathering at the Opera House last night did not in the least detract from the fair at Music Hall, which was well attended during the evening. The refreshment room was an especially attractive feature.

Henry Webb, the cripple picked up on lower Jackson street on Tuesday in a helpless state of intoxication, was yesterday reprimanded and discharged by Judge Flint, with the understanding that he should leave in the evening for Milwaukee, whence he hailed.

The bridge across the wide ravine at the junction of John and Bridge streets, Sixth ward, was finished and opened to the public yesterday at 10 o'clock. The grading of the street and the construction of the bridge in so short a time, reflects creditably upon the contractors, Cooley & Co.

Regarding the omnibus which was upset on the Como road on Sunday evening, it should be said that, although it belonged to O'Donnell & Lunkenheimer, the firm named was in no way responsible for the accident. The 'bus had only been loaned, and neither the horses nor driver belonged to that establishment.

Casting at the Harvester works was resumed yesterday for the first time since the foundry was consumed by fire on Saturday evening, a temporary building having been erected in the meanwhile, with commendable rapidity. Resumption of casting was rendered all the more rapid from the fact that the blast cupola and the patterns were saved.

Thomas Bower has just returned from a successful trouting expedition on McKenzie river, Polk county, Wis., thirty-five miles above St. Croix falls. As a proof of how wide-spread the Indian scare was in that region, it may be incidentally mentioned that Mr. Bower never heard the eight Chippewas of Grantsburg were on the rampage until he reached St. Paul! But then he is tolerably secure from scalping, anyway.

The wife of Rudolph Schœneman, United States gauger, residing at 173 Exchange street, died suddenly last evening. She was designing to take a walk with her husband after supper, but at half-past six threw her hands up, exclaiming, "My head, my head." Medical aid was summoned, but more than an hour elapsed before a physician arrived and she was already dead. Dr. Wheaton will make a post-mortem examination this morning.

C. V. Smith was arraigned yesterday in the municipal court on a charge of slaughtering within the corporate limits—namely, on Broadway. The case was continued until this morning. It is worthy of mention that this is the first prosecution of its class that has occurred in two years, although similar nuisances have existed and several others do exist. The matter is an important one, and this morning's trial will be watched with interest.

As the foremost band of the Temperance procession approached Bridge square last evening, a horse driven by Mr. Joseph O'Gorman became restive. Mr. O'Gorman seized the horse by the head, but the animal broke away from him, and in so doing he was thrown down, the wheel of the buggy passing over the back of his head and causing a severe, but not dangerous scalp wound. The horse was caught near Rice park, the buggy having been somewhet demoralized during the run.

Dr. N. B. Patterson stands very high with the Chippewa race at present. He had obtained from first hands a photographic copy of one of the finest works of art the world has ever seen, and yesterday he presented it to the Chippewa chief in charge of the Leech lake Indians now visiting the city. The Indian, while not cultured, is nevertheless an enthusiastic admirer of nature's noble works. They accordingly showered thanks upon the doctor and pledged themselves that their finest tepee should be graced by the work of art in question.

It has been heretofore noted that Jerry Manning gave himself up to the police on Monday for the rough-and-tumble fight he had on that day with Sylvester Montague. The two were sentenced on Tuesday to twenty days on the stone pile, but Jerry skipped over the fence after working a short time. Yesterday, however, he was recaptured on Robert street and lodged in jail by Detective Brisette. Manning's mother is lying at the point of death, and it is understood an effort will be made to-day to secure his release.

On Tuesday evening last a young son of Mr. John A. Chandler, residing on Ninth street, near the Baptist church, was flying a kite from the roof of the house, and had perched himself on a chimney. From this odd and elevated position, he fell and struck upon the ornamental iron railing bordering the roof. The force of his fall was such that two of the spike-like points of the railing entered one of his thighs, and, breaking off, remained imbedded in the flesh. The spikes were extracted by Dr. Higbee, and the boy fortunately escaped serious injury.

A spicy little runaway occurred yesterday morning at about 8:30 o'clock. A team, in charge of a boy, attached to a load of wood started from Bridge square, pelted up Wabashaw street, and turned up Fifth. At this moment Mrs. George S. Acker came down Fifth in a buggy with her little son, and a terific crash seemed inevitable. But Mrs. Acker was equal to the occasion. With a presence of mind that won the admiration of all beholders, she quietly drove into Dowlan's good yard, until the runaway was stopped opposite the post-office. Then Mrs. Acker emerged from her retreat without the slightest trace of perturbation, or, as horsemen would say, "with not a single hair turned." No damage resulted.

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There will be a concert this evening by the Great Western Band at Grote's cool and delightful garden on the bridge.

**Yacht Cloth and Blue Flannel Suitings at Retail—Gents' Department.**

We have placed in our Flannel Department the best makes of Blue Flannels in "Yacht Cloths," "Middlesex," "Fairmounts," and "Asabets," carefully selected and thoroughly tested as to durability of color. *None* but *pure all wool* fabrics are used and warranted by us *fast* colors. All flannels sold by us bear our indorsement as to make and genuineness of material. they are made in S. B. Sack and Frock suits, lined and unlined, made by journeymen tailors, and not surpassed by custom garments.

Price $12.00, $13.00, $15.00, and $20.00.

In our Children's and boys' Department we offer the "Newport," "Commodore," "Harvard," and "Yale."

Price $2.50, $4.00, $6.00, and $8.00.

Our immense sale of these popular goods in past reasons and the universal satisfaction given to our patrons have induced us to largely stock our Flannel Department with these standard goods. Those who have used our Flannels from the above makes will appreciate the low prices at which we offer these goods.

BOSTON ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,
43 East Third street, St. Paul.

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Great Western Band at Grote's Tivoli this evening.

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Soldiers' Additional Homesteads for sale by
MORTON, MOORE & Co.,
Pioneer Press building.

# TEMPERANCE UNION.

*THE EIGHTH ANNUAL CONVENTION YESTERDAY.*

**A Memorable Occasion--A Fine Procession, and Immense Attendance--Eloquent Address by Bishops Grace, Ireland and Others.**

The delegates to the eighth annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Minnesota, met yesterday morning at the rooms of the St. Paul Academia, where they formed in line, with the handsome banners of the various societies represented, spread wide to the admiration of hundreds of spectators, and marched to the cathedral to hear mass. There was not a very large congregation at the cathedral, and the two or three hundred delegates looked but a small group in the vast edifice. After mass the Right Reverend Bishop Ireland preached a most eloquent and impressive sermon, appropriate to the occasion of which, the great demand on our space prevents even an outline being given in these columns.

The convention did not convene till half-past two o'clock at the Cathedral schools. The president, James McGrath, of Austin, called the meeting to order just as Bishop Grace entered the hall. The right reverend prelate ascended the platform and said that he felt it an honor and a great pleasure to preside at the opening of the convention, becaus of the deep interest he feels in the association and its cause. He had nothing to say to them but words of encouragement, for they had within their own organization all the elements of success. It is based on a solid basis—that of their holy religion, and each individual member is inspired with perseverance which must meet with success and triumph. No doubt they have met with opposition and discouragement, but all good and worth undertakings have met with these, and no triumph is gained without them. He had no doubt that each one was inspired with a determination to uphold the cause by their own example, and persuading recruits to join them. He exhorted them earnestly to proceed in the good and glorious work and his prayers would ever be for their success in saving their fellow-man from the fearful ravages of the great scourge, intemperance. He then asked them to join in prayer, and all devoutly kneeling, the venerable prelate repeated a prayer for divine aid in the great cause of temperance, and concluded with the Paternoster and Ave Maria in English. Immediately after the prayers the prelate withdrew, and the business of the convention was commenced. While the committee on credentials were attending to their duties, the secretary, J. J. Furlong, of Austin, read the minutes of the last meeting, which were approved.

The committee on credentials reported, and the role was called by the secretary, when delegates from upwards of fifty societies answered to their names, besides the presidents of each county in the State.

At this stage it was noticed that Mr. H. J. McGuire, of Chicago, ex-president of the Chicago total abstinence union, was present, and he was invited to take a seat on the platform.

The president then addressed the convention as follows:

Right Rev. Bishop, Rev. Father and Gentlemen:

The recurrence of our 7th annual convention suggests a review of the work accomplished during the past year.

While much of the information regarding the progress of the movement, will be embodied in the reports of the proper officers, there are certain portions of it that appertain to the work at large, and affords fit subject for our consideration. It is a matter in which the members of our beloved organization may assuredly take a due share of congratulation, that the awakened public sentiment on the subject of temperance is not only gaining in extent, but is growing in influence and character. The exercise of this priceless virtue of total abstinence, not only contributes immediately to the benefit of its possessor, but it exercises a highly beneficient influence on society. It sweetens the life of the domestic circle, it infuses thrift into the avenues of business, it gives dignity and independence to labor, it enables us to practice more faithfully the duties of our holy religion. Reaching beyond the welfare of the individual—it molds the character and shapes the destinies of nations. Comprehensive as this picture may seem, it is nevertheless true, and it admonishes us to take a broad view of the work before us, to swear anew our fealty to the banner under which we have enlisted, to remember that it is not the battle of a day, but the work of a life-time—not the enthusiasm of a moment, but the determination of a well considered principle.

Fortunate is it, that in this young North Star State we have so soon been able to arrest the besetting vice of all new countries, intemperance—fortunate that under the guiding hand of our beloved bishop, many new colonies are being opened where success is assured by the disciples of total abstinence. So the material as well as the spiritual blessings, follow in the wake of temperance.

Let us not be content my friends, with the work already done. Eternal vigilance is required to preserve our forces from the enemy. The protection of our youth must excite our solicitude. The kind care and reformation of the fallen must be exercised in the spirit of a broad charity and a lively sympathy. The events of the past year were marked by one of particular honor to the Total Abstinence Union of Minnesota, in the selection of one whom we all love and revere to preside over the National Union, Rev. Father Cotter, of Winona, who, from the first, has been one of the foremost workers and organizers in this diocese. In concluding these brief remarks I trust that the proceedings of the present convention will be characterized by promptness and dispatch of business, and by harmonious action on the part of the delegates.

The Secretary's and treasurer's reports were deferred until to-day.

The presidents of the county associations then reported some of which was of the deepest interest and all showed the encouraging progress that temperance is making throughout the State. Mr. R. J. Montague of Olmstead county and assistant secretary gave an excellent report showing that temperance had so taken root in his State that treating at elections would not be tolerated and to uphold saloon politics would be a sure cause for defeat in a candidate.

M. H. Keely, of Rice county, was very diffident and would prefer not to step up to the platform, but his modesty being overcome, he delivered a grandiloquent speech.

Mr, J. F. Burke, of Washington county, delivered the most practical, concise and business like report, with not one word too much, and yet sufficient to show the exact standing of the county on the temperance platform.

The president of Wabashaw county was rather conservative and did not believe in receiving others than those in the union, for they might be Methodists or Protestants or some sect or other, and he only wished to recognize those of the Catholic church.

John Bradish, of Waseca county, gave lots of fun in his report. And so it went on till all had reported.

The following committees were then announced by the chair:

Committee on Immigration—Rev. J. McGolrick, Rev. A. Oster, Jas. Dillon, P. J. Callaghan, J. M. Cunningham.

Committee on Address to the Holy Father—Rev. J. W. Shanley, John Murphy, George Christie, Chas. McKenna, J. C. Collins.

Committee on Address to the People—M. J. Keely, Ed. Cramsie, W. I. Brown, J. O'Connor, T. O'Leary, Thos. McDermott.

Committee on Address to Bishop Grace—Rev. M. A. Benton, James Dillon, P. Mangan, M. Bambury, T. Nolan.

Committee on Adress to Bishop Ireland—Rev. C. Genis, M. J. O'Connor, J. L. Cashel, P. B. Carroll, P. D. O'Phelan.

Committee on Address to Catholic Young Men—John O'Donnell, John Pleeny, J. F. Burke, J. J. Donovan, J. H. Nightingale.

Committee on Address to Catholic Youth—Michæl McMahon, Geo. Hineline, Eugene Dwyer, Peter Herom, Albert O'Halloran, Willie Foren.

Committee on Constitution and By-Laws—William Keyes, M. McGillan, Jas. Kieley, Geo. W. Murphy, Rev. John Shanley, Mr. McKirnan;

Committee on Resolutions—John B. Mullen, P. H. Ward, Rev. J. McGolerick, Patrick Butler, M. J. Murphy, T. Reardon, Mr. John Lally, Rev. Father Christie.

Mr. McGuire, of Chicago, was then called upon to address the meeting, which he did in a long and stirring temperance speech, and at its finish the convention adjourned till this morning at 9:30, in order to give the members an opportunity to attend the Opera House in the evening.

### The Procession.

Shortly before 7 o'clock in the evening, the various societies began to assemble on St. Peter street, with the head of the procession at the Cathedral, on the corner of Sixth street. Mr. John Bell acted as chief marshal. The line of march was taken to the depot, at the foot of Jackson, along Sixth, Wabashaw, Third and lower Jackson streets. As the Minneapolis delegation did not arrive at the depot, the procession marched along the levee to the St. Paul & Pacific depot, on Sibley street, where the Minneapolis brethren were in waiting. As the procession was then formed, it took up the following order:

Platoon of Police.
Minneapolis Band.
Father Mathew, of Minneapolis.
Crusaders, Minneapolis.
St. Anthony's Minneapolis.
St. Mary's. Minneapolis.
Father Mathew, St. Paul.
Cadets, St. Paul.
St. Joseph's, St. Paul.
Hastings Cornet Band.
Father Mathew, Hastings.
St. Patrick's, Inver Grove.
St. Joseph's, Rosemount.
Father Mathew, Anoka,
Great Western Band.
Knights of St. Paul.
Father Mathew, Winona.
Father Mathew, Stillwater.
Father Mathew, Olmstead County.
Father Mathew, Rochester.
Cadets.

Each society bore its appropriate banner, some of which were very handsomely emblazoned. The Knights of St. Paul, this being their first appearance in uniform and with swords, formed a marked feature in the parade, while the cadets in their blue shirts added quite a relief to the long line. Some idea of the length of the procession may be formed when it is stated that the head of the procession passed the crossing of Minnesota and Seventh streets as the end of the procession passed the Merchants.

The line of march from the depot was as follows: Up Sibley to Third, along Third to Jackson, along Jackson to Seventh, up Seventh to Wabashaw, down Wabashaw to Sixth, along Sixth—where the procession passed under the review of the clergy at the cathedral—to Seventh and to the Seven Corners, down upper Third street to Wabashaw and into the Opera House. When the head of the procession reached Bridge square, all that part of the parade in front of the Great Western band opened ranks, and the rear marched through, the band leading the Knights of St. Paul, who marched with swords at the present.

The streets along the route were crowded with spectators, more especially at Bridge square and on Wabashaw street, opposite the Opera house, where humanity was packed so densely that it was impossible to pierce the mass.

### *At the Opera House.*

Not one-fifth of the people thronging the streets about the Opera House could gain admission, the house being, a few minutes after the doors were open, crowded in every part, from the remotest recess of the gallery to the boxes on the stage—the societies filling up the parquette and the dress circle.

Bishop Ireland must have felt proud as he looked upon the immense sea of heads before him and saw what a grand triumph this great work had become. It was a noble sight—those hundreds and hundreds of hearts wearing the badge of emancipation from the most abject and degrading bondage to which humanity can be doomed, and these hundreds only the representatives of hundreds and hundreds more whose homes had become happy dwelling places of love, comfort and prosperity, and if the good bishop felt a throb of pride at the thought that he sowed the seed which had produced so abundantly, it was only pride that an angel could smile at, and if his glowing and inspiring speech, reverted fondly to the rapid growth and spread of the grand, elevating work, it was not egotism, but the triumph of one who gloried not in his own good works, but in the happy welfare of his fellows.

The proceedings were commenced by the Great Western band playing a medley of Irish airs, after which Bishop Ireland addressed the immense assembly. He said it was an inspiring sight to look around upon the great gathering in the Opera House to-night. It was enough to make one young again and grow eloquent. It was an unspeakable pleasure to him to think of the change since the first time he met a few of his people to deliberate upon the great work. Their deliberations seven years ago was held in a little back room, but in these seven years a wondrous change has taken place, Now there are here present members of societies from every remote part of the State and thousands of others could have been gathered here. They were now numerous and strong enough to do anything they might list. Seven years ago there were upwards of one hundred within the diocese of St. Paul. The progress of temperance has been immense, not only computing from the number on the rolls, but from the influences for good—there has been created an atmosphere of temperance in the State, and those who do not belong to the association respect it. He then drew a graphic picture contrasting the happy homes, fruitful farms and prosperous families of to-day with the wretched squalor, misery and vice of it temperance. He spoke of places where temperance had completely metamorphosed the people and the villages. Faribault seven years ago and Faribault to-day, Red Wing now and Red Wing then were contrasted. The total abstinence banner, he said, was the sign of noble hearts, of peace and prosperity. The sacrifice in curbing the appetite was but small but the effect was immense. The taking the pledge is a grand and sublime act—it is an act of Christian charity and self-denial; prudence and charity are the life of temperance. Intemperance produced ruined homes, unhappiness, suffering and sin, and we should save our fellow man from its dire effects. Temperance men are like the crusaders of old going forth with the badge on their breast to do battle with the great evil. He asked if temperance ever mortgaged a farm, turned a splendid house into a miserable shanty, brought misery upon a happy family, and he never had a wife come to him and complain that her husband had taken the pledge. He compared the procession of the day to the legions of a victorious army with banners and music marching in triumph—their banners were the noblest men ever held aloft, and they were crowned with victory without shedding blood or making children fatherless. They might well be proud of them and thank God for the peaceful battles fought and won. The address was a most eloquent one, and was cheered at intervals throughout its delivery.

The programme of musical selections and other amusements were creditably rendered, but space will not admit of a detailed notice of each.

Father Colter, of Winona, and president of the American Abstinence Union, also delivered an excellent address, as did also Father McGolrick.

During the three hours' entertainment the audience was supplied with an unlimited quantity of lemonade. The societies from Stillwater, Minneapolis, Red Wing, Hastings and other cities immediately after the termination of the proceedings at the Opera House, marched to the depot, escorted by the G. W. band, and left for their homes.

### Drowned John Ullman's Body Recovered.

An inquest was held at noon yesterday at the morgue on the body of a man which had been found in the river. The jury having been impaneled, Frank Clark testified that he was a fisherman, who followed his occupation at the Pig's Eye bottom. While fishing at 6:45 A. M. yesterday, he saw something floating in the middle of the river, which he found to be the body lying in the morgue. The body was upright, with the head bent forward. He towed the corpse to the shore, where he secured it, and then notified the coroner.

The inquest was here adjourned until 8 A. M. to-day.

At 2 P. M., Mrs. Ullman, the widow of the man who was drowned near Banholzer's brewery on Monday morning, as already stated in the GLOBE, called at the morgue to view the corpse, which she instantly recognized as that of her late husband. The poor woman was almost frantic with grief, and her actions were most pitiable to behold. She patted the water-bloated corpse, shook its mud filled right hand, pierced and filled the air with her cries, and was removed from the morgue with great difficulty, and not until she had several times broken away from her friends, and rushed into the presence of her beloved dead. The Ullmans have only been three years in the United States.

The coroner directed the friends to encoffin the corpse, but to delay its burial until after the conclusion of the inquest this morning.

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Owing to a contemplated change in our business, we will, from this date, close out our entire stock at and below cost for CASH.

A. H. LINDEKE & BRO.

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Nothing like it, the crowd at the McGibeny concerts, Opera House, to-night.

### *THE FOURTH AT RED ROCK.*

**Programme for the Celebration Next Thursday at the Camp Grounds.**

A celebration of the 4th of July is to be held on the camp ground at Red Rock under the direction of the temperance organizations.

All temperance organizations of whatever name are earnestly requested to be present, and others who are interested in the cause.

Special trains will run from Minneapolis and St. Paul. Also it is hoped arrangements will be made so as to convey passengers from Lake City, Red Wing and Hastings by late train, leaving the former place about 7 o'clock A. M.

All trains will carry for reduced fare, good until the 6th.

All who desire can secure meals on the ground at fifty cents each, or occupy the beautiful grove for basket picnic.

Exercises to commence at 10 o'clock.

1. Singing.
2. Introductory prayer.
3. Remarks by officer of the day.
4. Reading of the declaration of independence.
5. Singing by Prof. Clark.
6. Address by ———.
7. Adjournment until 2 o'clock.
8. Singing.
9. Addresses by eminent temperance workers.
10. Volunteer speeches on temperance.
11. Adjournment.

By order of local committee of arrangement.

G. H. Fowler,
Chairman.

NEWPORT, June 25, 1878.

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McGibeny concert, tickets 20 and 35 cents, reserved seats 15 cents extra. Buy some.

### *IMPORTANT RAILROAD NEWS.*

**Track Laying on Branch Lines St. Paul & Pacific Begins Next Monday.**

After long delay we are enabled to make the gratifying announcement that work is progressing on the extension lines of the St. Paul and Pacific road. Some two hundred men are at work in preparing the road bed for track laying, and next Monday track laying will begin from Melrose towards Alexandria and from Crookston towards St. Vincent. The line will be completed to Alexandria by the 20th of August, and by the first of October the other line to St. Vincent will be complete. The Canadian Pacific will reach St. Vincent from Winnipeg at the same time and the line will accordingly be constructed in time to move the fall crop of the Red river valley and Manitoba. The iron is all purchased and ready and the most difficult work now is providing ties with sufficient rapidity. A gang of men are at work in the Big Woods turning out a thousand ties per day.

### PERSONAL.

Geo. H. Ely, the "glove man," made his reentry into the city yesterday, and will soon be at his old tricks.

Mrs. M. L. Stakes, after a month's visit in St. Paul, and an extended absence elsewhere, leaves this morning for her home at Helena, Montana.

Mark A. Forkner, a prominent lawyer of New Castle, Indiana, and Robert M. Nixon, one of the solid citizens from same city, are spending a few days in the city and vicinity. To-morrow they will angle in Minnetonka.

The following were among the arrivals at the Metropolitan yesterday: W. W. Rogers, U. S. A.; H. B. Willis, South America; E. M. Young, Australia; Fred, S. Nichols, Cuba; H. W. Chymouth, Madison; J. Cannies, Buffalo; S. W. Hunt, Menomonee; J. P. Farley & Son, Dubuque; John D. Allen, LeRoy; H. H. Kerr, St. Louis; A. J. Edgerton, Mantorville; Rich. Chute, J. B. Gilfillan, Minneapolis; H. S. Johnson, San Jose, Cal.; Chas. A. Pillsbury, Minneapolis; Geo. W. Kenner and wife, New Orleans; Martin A. Howell and wife, New Jersey; Marcus Jaieliner, Albany, N. Y.; A. F. Stenson, Hastings; E. A. Newel, Waseca; E. D. Fenton and wife, I. Gregson, D. Dickenson, Austin; S. W. Hunt, Menominee; L. A. Smith, New York; Wm. Lamb and wife, Chippewa Falls; Mrs. C. N. Poolie, Mrs. W. L. Hollister, Austin; J. B. Hallon, A. Ostu, Hastings, Mrs. M. Doran, Le Seuer.

At the Merchants: P. H. Scott and lady, Hastings; J. S. Eggleston, New York; C. S. Burt, Dunleith, Ills.; Tom Connelly, Dubuque; Joe May, St. P., S. & T. F. R. R.; J. Lewis, Marine Mills; J. P. Gould, Oshkosh; G. W. Perkins, New York; J. H. Knight, Bayfield, Wis.; E. S. Chase, Eau Claire; G. Spencer, Duluth; H. C. Alexander, DeGraff; W. H. Witt, Fargo, D. T.; S. C. Ketchen, New York; W. A. Burton, Rochester, Minn.; R. C. Genis, Faribault; E. M. Morehouse, Owatonna; W. Fonk, Chicago; A. Clendening, Taylors Falls; J. S. Keaton, Moline, Ill.; D. M. Sabin, Stillwater; M. E. Forkner, New Castle, Ind.; R. M. Mixon, New Castle, Ind.; J. F. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.; G. Parker, New York; Dr. Wright, wife and daughter, Rochester; J. A. McConnel, Waseca; R. B. Langdon, Minneapolis; C. L. Langdon, Minneapolis; C. E. Bragdon, Boston; R. M. Douglass, Minneapolis; H. A. Bruns, Moorhead; E. A. Campbell, Litchfield; G. W. Cross, Cleveland; A. Mitchell, Burlington; C. M. Webb, Cincinnati; J. A. Austin, Mo.; Mrs. Jas. Dobbins, Miss Jessie Dobbins, Faribault; S. S. Small, D. W. Albaugh, Minneapolis; D. Tozer and son, Stillwater; Ludwig Trier, L. Allrich, New York; L. G. Schofield, Philadelphia; F. H. Probasco, E. R. Lathrops, D. W. Fulton, J. Stern, Chicago; E. Ericson, Beaver Dam; P. H. Rahilly, Mrs. P. H. Rahilly, C. L. Young, Lake City; E. W. Grosman, Hastings; C. L. Rice and wife, LeSueur; A. E. Lane, N.Y., C. N. Childs, Milwaukee; L. Randall, Chicago; J. N. Castle, —. Saltzer, Stillwater; J. Flynn, Detroit; J. Hill, New York, G. W. Krall, Milwaukee; O. M. Barry, Chicago; N. H. Clapp, Hudson; J. B. Gilfillan, Minneapolis.

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Reserved seats for to-night at Opera House box all day. Go there.

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The entrance fee at the Alhambra has been abolished, so that hereafter the admission thereto will be free. At the same time, the talent employed will be fully up to its former standard of excellence, while everything will be conducted in the orderly manner which has redeemed the character of this place of amusement. All in all, wherever, the Alhambra will hereafter form a place wherein to while away an hour or so in listening to and witnessing a variety entertainment of more than usual merit.

### Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

DEFAULT has been made in the payment of eleven hundred and eighteen dollars, which amount is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon that certain mortgage executed by Charles Kramerath and Mary Kramerath, his wife, mortgagors, to Morris Lamprey, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns forever, dated June 6th, A. D. eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and in the conditions of said mortgage, which was given to secure the payment of one thousand dollars and interest thereon at twelve per cent. per annum, from date till paid; also the sum of fifty dollars attorneys fees in case of the foreclosure of said mortgage, and all costs and charges in that behalf, making the whole amount due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, including said attorneys fees $1,168; and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, as a mortgage at two and one-half of the clock in the afternoon, on the sixth day of June A. D. 1874, in "Book 32" of Mortgages, at page 490; and no proceedings at law or otherwise have been had for the recovery of said mortgage debt or any part of the same;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and pursuant to the full power of sale which is in said mortgage contained and the statutes in such case provided, the tract of land and premises situated in said county of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, and in said mortgage described as follows, to-wit: commencing at a quarter section post between section two (2) and eleven (11), town twenty-eight (28) range twenty three (23), thence south (variation 11 deg. 25 min.) twenty-five (25) chains, and twelve (12) links; thence west (var. 11 deg. 15 min.), eleven (11) chains and fifty-two (52) links to a post; thence north [var. 11 deg. 25 min.], eight [8] chains and seventy-nine [79] links to the south-east corner of mill property; thence south 59 deg. 40 min. west [var. 11 deg.], fourteen [14] chains to a post; thence north 30 deg. 20 min., west [var. 11 deg.], six [6] chains to a post; thence north 59 deg. 40 min., east [var. 11 deg.], fourteen [14] chains to a post; thence south 30 deg. 20 min. east [var. 11 deg.], six [6] chains to place of beginning, containing eight and 40-100 [8 40-100] acres, and known as lot five [5] in Ayd's subdivision of northwest quarter, section eleven [11] town [28] north of range, twenty-three [23] west, according to the plat of subdivision of Ayd's farm, duly recorded in Ramsey county registry of deeds, and all the appurtenances thereof will be sold at public auction by the sheriff of said county of Ramsey, in said State, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, on SATURDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF JULY, A. D. eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, at the front door of the Court House, corner of Wabashaw and Fifth streets, in Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, to pay said debt and fees and taxes and interest and costs by law allowed.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., May 30, A. D. 1878.

MORRIS LAMPREY, Mortgagee.
M. LAMPREY and EDMUND R. HOLLINSHEAD,
Attorneys for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn.
may30-7w-thurs

STEAMBOATS.

# CAMP MEETING !

The Steamer

NELLIE KENT !

Will Run Between

St. Paul and Red Rock Camp Grounds,

From Wednesday, June 26,
to Thursday, July 4th,

Inclusive, as follows:

| Leave St. Paul. | Leave Red Rock. |
|---|---|
| 9:00 A. M., 1:00 P. M. | 10:00 A. M., 2:00 P. M., |
| 4:00 P. M., 7:00 P. M. | 5:00 P. M., 10:00 P. M. |

On Sunday, June 30th, will run the

MAGGIE REANEY and NELLIE KENT,

Leaving St. Paul and Red Rock every hour, commencing at 8 o'clock A. M. Passage to Red Rock and return, 40 cents. One way, 25 cents.

Purchase Tickets at my office.

160tf JOHN H. REANEY, Lower Levee.

Keokuk North'n Line Packet Co.

1878. 1878.

SIDE WHEEL PASSENGER PACKETS

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St. Louis & Intermediate Points.

Connecting with all Railroads for the East and South, will Leave St. Paul

Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays,

At 4 O'clock p. m.

JOHN H. REANY, Agent, Levee, St. Paul.
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HOTELS.

CLARENDON HOTEL,

C. T. McNAMARA, - - - Proprietor.

Cor. Wabashaw and Sixth streets,

SAINT PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

First Class, but Only $2.00 Per Day.
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"ELMO LODGE,"

At LAKE ELMO (formerly Bass Lake),

Will Open on June 10th, 1878.

Everything new and elegant. Twelve miles from St. Paul. Five daily trains each way. 143

Metropolitan Hotel,

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St. Paul, - - - Minnesota.

GEO. CULVER, MANAGER.

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Lake Como House !

Two Miles from St. Paul.