

Daily Globe

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THE WEEKLY GLOBE. The WEEKLY GLOBE is a mammoth sheet, exactly double the size of the Daily. It is just the paper for the trades, containing in addition to the current news, choice miscellany, agricultural matter, market reports, &c.

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ST. PAUL, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1879. The Chicago Tribune on the election of Logan.

St. Martin, whose affidavit charging Mr. Stenger with an attempt to suborn perjury broke about two weeks ago, takes it all back.

The national House of Representatives has succeeded in effecting a saving in the consular appropriation bill of a little over fifty thousand dollars.

The Chicago Tribune had better retire from the lists of Senatorial manufacturers. For the past two months it has been most virulent in its opposition to the election of Logan in Illinois and Carpenter in Wisconsin.

The Potter committee has formally invited Mr. Tilden to be present in answer to the charge of being implicated in the sending and receiving of the cipher telegrams about which there has been so much talk of late.

The postoffice appropriation bill, as agreed to by the House committee on appropriations, is about a million and a half in excess of that of last year.

The employees of the New York legislature number 123, and their compensation for the session amounts to \$75,953. The entire expenses of our legislature for the year 1878, including the per diem of members and employes and all the extras, was but two thousand dollars more than this amount.

The dominant party is, perhaps, not to blame for the selection of notoriously bad men to fill their places of trust. The fact is that a large majority of the men who were elected entirely or have retired from active participation in its management, and the party, once grand and invulnerable, has now fallen into the hands of a lot of petty pettifoggers and tricksters who only ambition to achieve an opportunity to plunder the treasury.

The interviews with business men which the Globe presents this morning very clearly demonstrates the feasibility of establishing a Board of Trade in this city, with daily meetings, for the purpose of commercial transactions.

USELESS OFFICES. The discussion in the State Senate yesterday on the bill reported from the committee on retrenchment and reform, providing for the merging of the office of railroad commissioner into that of commissioner of statistics, developed the fact that a majority of the Senators approve cordially the position assumed by the Globe several weeks ago.

The bill under consideration is a consolidation of the office of railroad commissioner and the office of commissioner of statistics. The bill is reported from the committee on retrenchment and reform, and is entitled "An Act to Consolidate the Office of Railroad Commissioner and the Office of Commissioner of Statistics."

THE REBELLION OF THE BANKS. The banks of New York City have combined in a rebellion against the Congress of the United States by nullifying the silver act of last year to the utmost extent of their ability and influence.

THE LOGAN MOVEMENT A DAD THING. Logan's election is not creditable to the good taste, sense of fair play, or good sense of the Republicans of Illinois. It is an indication of their subordination to influence that must be arrested, at the cost of the defeat of the party, if necessary.

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THE ANNUAL FAIR.

The Advertiser Visit of the Legislative Committee to Stillwater—Everything in Shape for Inspection, as a Matter of Course.

Parent to an announcement made at the close of the morning session of the legislature on Thursday, the standing committees of both houses proceeded by the 8 o'clock train on the St. Paul and Duluth railroad to Stillwater to visit the State prison, accompanied by about twenty-five other members of the two houses who had a desire to inspect the State's penal institution, as a matter of course a GLOBE envoy.

Upon the arrival of the train at the mill yard at Seymour, Sablin Co. the visiting party disembarked and were received by Mr. Sablin, one of the contractors, and Inspector E. G. Batta, who escorted them to the warden's office, where the committee of the house were exchanged and the committee proceeded at once on their round of inspection, and of observation of the several improvements which the prison officials desire to make, and for which they ask an appropriation of some \$45,000.

The first improvement to which the attention of the committee was called was an extension of the main building, for which \$12,000 is asked. This extension is intended as a residence for the deputy warden and his family, and as an enlargement of the hospital and chapel, and the committee proceeded at once on their round of inspection, and of observation of the several improvements which the prison officials desire to make, and for which they ask an appropriation of some \$45,000.

The next point visited was the foundry, where iron floor was considered imperatively necessary in the second story to protect that building from fire, which has several times occurred from the requirements of the use of gas in the blast furnace.

This work is now in progress, and the State is asked for an appropriation of \$984 to defray the cost.

The committee then visited the cooper shop, where an appropriation of \$520 is asked for the extension of the pipe line to the boiler against fire. This shop is a wooden building. The dignified legislators gentlemen then mounted a flight of stairs to a grand house and looked over the work, which the inspectors desire to have replaced by a stone wall twenty feet high and four feet thick, and four feet high in the lower surface of the ground. The inspectors urged the necessity of this improvement by pointing out to the committee how perfectly feasible a rescue of the \$15,000 and merely punishing a few of the boards and making a general stampede. It is estimated that the improvement will cost \$15,000.

Having made the tour of the prison yard and listened to the suggestions of the warden, contractor and trustee, the committee entered the shops, and found the subject of the "Minnesota Chief" threshing machine, which is the principal employment of the prison, and observed in all stages with much interest by the visitors. Some of the members of the legislature, however, improved the opportunity to hold conversations with the warden, and their treatment by the authorities of the prison, the quality and quantity of food furnished, but as they were not permitted to see the committee appointed to investigate these matters the GLOBE does not wish to anticipate their findings.

At 12 o'clock the entire delegation assembled in the prison yard, the steam whistle blew, the bell was rung, and the convicts were formed in line. The warden then invited the committee to partake of dinner in their solitary cells. The food, Friday being "fish day," consisted of codfish with butter, gary, potatoes, bread and milk. The table was set with a white cloth, and the convicts were clean and in good order, and many of them were provided with carpets and adorned with handkerchiefs, and in many cases with coats and hats.

The dangers are located at the west end of the main building and are of the same size and height as the main building, and are supplied with iron doors—one on the inside of the wall and the other on the outside. The doors are of the same size and height as the main building, and are supplied with iron doors—one on the inside of the wall and the other on the outside.

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