

## THE PUMPKIN.

Oh! greens and fair in the lands of the sun  
The vines of the gourd and the rich melon  
run.  
And the rock and the tree and the cottage en-  
fold;  
With broad leaves all greenness and blossoms  
all gold.  
Like that of the prophet once grew  
While he waited to know that his warning was  
true.  
And longed for the storm cloud, and listened  
in vain  
For the rush of the whirlwind and red fire of  
rain.  
On the banks of the Xerid the dark Spanish  
maiden  
Comes up with the fruit of the tangled vine  
laden;  
And the Cretan of Cuba laughs out to behold  
Through orange leaves shining the broad  
spheres of gold:  
Yet with deeper delight, from his home in the  
North,  
On the fields of his harvest the Yankee looks  
forth:  
Where crocknecks are coiling and yellow  
fruit-shines  
And the sun of September melts down on his  
vines.  
Ah! on Thanksgiving day, when from east  
and from west,  
From north and from south, come the pilgrim  
and guest,  
When the gray-haired New Englander sees  
round his board  
The old broken links of affection restored;  
When the care-worn man seeks his mother  
and wife more,  
And the warm matron smiles where the girl  
smiled before;  
What moments the lip and what brightens the  
eye,  
What calls back the past like rich pumpkin  
pie?  
Oh! fruit loved of boyhood! the old day recall-  
ing,  
When the wood grapes were purpling, and  
brown nuts were falling;  
When wild, ugly faces we carved in its skin,  
Gazing out through the dark, with a candle  
within;  
When we laughed round the corn heap, with  
hearts all in tune,  
Our chair a broad pumpkin, our lantern the  
moon,  
Telling tales of the fairy who traveled like  
steam,  
In a pumpkin-shell coach, with two rats for a  
team  
Then thanks for thy present! None sweeter  
or better  
For smoked from an oven or circled a platter,  
Fair hands never wrought a pastry more fine,  
Brighter eyes never watched o'er its baking  
than thine.  
And the prayer which my mouth is too full  
to express  
Swells my heart that thy shadow may never  
grow less;  
That the days of thy lot may be lengthened  
below  
And the fame of thy worth like the pumpkin  
vine grow;  
And thy life be as sweet and its last sunset  
sky  
Gold-tinted and fair as thine own pumpkin  
pie!

John G. Whittier.

## A TRUE GHOST STORY.

The story I am about to relate is strictly  
true. The adventure therein related  
happened to two of my nearest relatives  
—my father and uncle—both of whom  
are now living, and ready to bear witness  
to its truth. From my father's own lips  
I have received it, and I will endeavor  
to give it as nearly as possible in his own  
words:

"In my youthful days I was called to  
the bar, as was also my Uncle Paul. We  
entered the law for different reasons; I,  
from choice and inclination; he, for con-  
venience. However, we began our career  
at the time, and so it happened that, 1828,  
we were both engaged on the South Wales  
circuit. The assizes were held in a town  
where a great friend of my brother's  
lived. He, therefore, proposed to make  
his house our headquarters, and wrote to  
say that, if convenient, both he and my-  
self would partake of his hospitality for  
a few days.

"A letter in answer told us that Mr.  
Hawkins was from home; but having  
left servants in the house, and a house-  
keeper in charge, who would attend to  
all our wants, he begged that we would  
make ourselves at home there so long as  
might suit us. Accordingly, though  
Paul was disappointed at losing the pros-  
pect of seeing his friend, we agreed to go  
there, having no better arrangement in  
view.

"On arriving, we found a large, cheer-  
ful-looking villa on the outskirts of the  
town, facing a stream, backed by tower-  
ing hills, and with a nice garden and  
pleasure-grounds surrounding it. Every  
thing, both inside and outside the house,  
were an air of comfort and brightness  
not often to be met with in a bachelor's  
home. The household now consisted of  
three female servants—the housekeeper  
and two maids—the only man-servant  
having accompanied his master on his  
travels.

"The housekeeper, a tidy, comfortable  
old lady, showed us round the house, and  
having taken us down a long corridor  
lined with doors, asked us take one of  
two or three bed-rooms already prepared  
for the reception of visitors. Last of all,  
she took us into a large double-bedded  
room at the end of the passage before  
named, with two fine bay-windows com-  
manding separate views of the grand  
Welsh hills which were all around. We  
both exclaimed with delight as she ushered  
us into it.

"This," said the old lady, "is where  
the master sleeps when his brother comes  
down here. They each have one bed. It  
is master's fancy, because they always  
sleep in the same room as boys, and they  
like to keep it up. Master said that either  
this room or any of the other three  
was to be for you, sir, whichever you  
please to choose."

"Well, Ned," cried my brother, who  
was stationed in one of the windows,  
"suppose we follow Hawkins' example,  
and take up our abode here? Where  
could one find a more splendid view? I  
positively cannot tear myself away from  
this window!" and I followed his gaze as  
he spoke, down a valley of exquisite  
beauty, indeed, bordered on one side by  
a long range of green-covered hills, with  
a rippling stream winding through its  
midst.

"I agreed gladly, and, having told our  
decision to the housekeeper, she curtsied  
and withdrew.

"I shall make a point of paying Haw-  
kins a long visit next summer," ex-  
claimed Paul, when the door was closed.  
"By Jove! what fishing there must be in  
that stream! It is enough to make one  
erazy to have to pore over those everlast-  
ing briefs this glorious weather! A waste  
of life, in fact, isn't it, Ned?"

"I smiled at the enthusiasm of my  
younger brother. He was, as may be  
guessed from the above speech, not wholly  
in love with his profession, and nature,  
as well as inclination, would seem to have  
designed him for a different calling.  
Strong, tall and athletic, high-spirited  
and daring, it seemed a sort of contradic-  
tion in nature to see him poring over old,  
dusty books of the law. Far better could  
I picture him at the head of a regiment,  
or leading an exploring party through  
the wilds of Africa. Nevertheless, his  
brother had placed him where he was, and,  
all things considered, he made a good  
thing of it.

"We had some tough work to get  
through that evening preparatory to next  
day's business, before we could explore

the lovely scene around us; and not until  
we had completed it and dined did we  
set forth upon our ramble. Then a brother  
barrister joined us, and we went out  
on an exploring expedition.

"We followed for a mile or two the  
windings of the stream, and Paul observed  
with longing eye, the lazy trout that  
lay asleep in shoals in its clear, deep  
pools. We watched the hawks and buzz-  
ards fly to their nests; and finally after  
a toilsome ascent of one of the high-  
est mountain points, we sat down and  
watched the moon rise over as lovely a  
scene as ever delighted the eye of man.

"It was late in the night, or, rather,  
early morning, when we returned to  
Plas Mervyn, and the old housekeeper,  
who opened the door, looked as if she had  
been aroused from her first sleep; but she  
most punctiliously did the honors of the  
place, and having partaken of a cosy  
supper which she provided, we retired to rest.

"I was never more heartily tired in  
my life than when, having hastily thrown  
off my clothes (pausing to lock the door  
—my invariable custom both at home  
and abroad), I threw myself on the luxu-  
rious spring-bed which awaited me. The  
bed I had chosen lay along the wall  
at right angles to that occupied by my  
brother whose feet, as he lay faced to the  
door. I have said that I was much fati-  
gued, and never did fall more quickly  
into a heavy and dreamless slumber.  
Heavily as I slept, however, I was awake  
—suddenly and completely awake — by the  
word 'Ned!' uttered in my brother's  
voice. The moon was full—the room all  
most as light as day, and, raising myself  
in bed, I beheld Paul also half-raised and  
reclining on his elbow, and between his  
bed and mine, but nearer to and facing  
him, I most distinctly saw somebody  
—a figure—a tall, large figure, whether man  
or woman I could not distinguish, with  
some sort of loose drapery hanging round  
it.

"'Hallo!' I called out, without a mo-  
ment's reflection. 'What's the matter?  
Who is it?' and making a rush out of  
my bed, I flung myself toward the unknown  
person with some vague intention of col-  
laring a burglar.

"To my amazement I rushed past it;  
through it, as it seemed, to my brother's  
bedside; and when I reached it there was  
nothing to be seen, no one but our two  
selves visible in the room. I made a dash  
at the door; it was locked, as I had left  
it the night before; and that no one had  
lately passed through it I had the evi-  
dence of my senses to tell. For the first  
time, an uncomfortable sort of chill came  
over me, for I had not only seen, but had  
felt—so to speak—the presence of a third  
person in the room, and I knew Paul had  
seen it as well.

"'Paul, did you see him?' I asked.  
"'Of course I saw him,' said Paul, 'that  
was why I called you.'

"'Who is it?' I exclaimed. 'What on  
earth does it mean? The door is locked,  
and no one came in that way. Are there  
any secret doors in this room? Do get  
up, and let us look!'

"Your uncle then got up, and we com-  
menced a thorough examination of the  
whole place; moving the furniture, rapping  
on the walls, and searching every  
crack and crevice, but without the slight-  
est result.

"It was a ghost, after all, old fellow!"  
said Paul, at length. 'Let us turn in  
again, and never mind it. They are very  
harmless creatures, and I am too tired  
to sit up, even for a ghost!'

"So we did as he said; and being very  
tired, were soon asleep again, and slept  
soundly till broad daylight streamed in  
to our room.

"The assizes lasted a week; and we  
remained at our present quarters, en-  
joying to the full the brief snatch of  
country life, which our few leisure  
hours enabled us to enjoy. It was a  
great treat for the stuffy air of London, and  
we were disturbed by no more ghostly  
visitations. We discussed the subject  
sometimes, and almost persuaded our-  
selves that it was a delusion—the result  
of being over-tired in mind and body,  
and that it was caused by an excited im-  
agination and overtaxed brain. It re-  
quired an effort on my part to imagine  
your uncle in any of the above conditions.  
He was about the last man that I should  
think likely to fall under an hallucina-  
tion of any kind.

"If it appears again, speak to it, Paul,"  
I said. "It is perhaps some poor creature  
who cannot rest in his grave because of  
an unredressed wrong (the old tale, you  
know), and ghosts cannot speak until  
spoken to."

"I certainly will," he replied, 'if it  
gives me the chance.'

"This was on the last day of our stay at  
Plas Mervyn. We were to start by coach  
early in the morning. I had a brief to  
attend to, and resolutely remained in-  
doors that evening, while my brother  
took his ramble. I sat till very late in  
my room, writing busily. Paul had  
warned me not to wait up for him; so,  
when I had finished my writing, and  
found it was already twelve o'clock, I  
shut up for the night, and went to bed.

"I must have slept very soundly, for I  
have no recollection of hearing my brother  
coming to bed; but in my dreams (if  
it must have been long after) I thought I  
heard his voice talking. I heard it again,  
more distinctly; and gradually arousing,  
I became conscious that there was talk-  
ing in my room—my brother had spoken.  
I rubbed my eyes, and looked about as  
widered.

"Between my brother's bed and mine,  
in exactly the same position, there stood  
again that same figure I had seen on a  
previous night. As I gazed Paul spoke  
again. I believe he said, 'What do you  
want?' or something of the kind. There  
was no answer, but the phantom moved  
toward the door, and a great long arm  
was extended under the drapery, and  
seemed to beckon him to follow. Next  
minute Paul was out of bed, and both he  
and the figure disappeared through the  
door. All this happened in a second or  
two. I thought I was dreaming; jump-  
ing out of bed to make sure of it, I saw  
my brother's bed empty. I was about  
to rush after him, when I behought me  
of lighting a candle. It took but a minute  
to effect this, and then, candle in  
hand, I entered the long passage which  
led to our room. At the far end of it, in  
his night shirt, ghastly pale, and leaning  
against the wall, I beheld Paul. He was  
alone, and staring straight before him  
like a man in a trance. It was sometime  
before I could rouse him sufficiently to  
get him back into the room again. Even  
then he did not speak at first.

"Paul, in Heaven's name, what is it?  
What have you seen?' I exclaimed, for he  
continued pale and trembling.

"O! good heavens, Ned!" was his first  
exclamation, as he sank into a chair: 'am  
I asleep or dreaming—could I have  
dreamed such a thing? and I vow I  
wasn't frightened. You saw that—that  
thing—whatever it was, Ned?' (I as-  
sured him that I had seen it.) Well, I fol-  
lowed it to find out where it went, and  
I saw—

"Saw what?" I asked eagerly. He

did not speak for a moment, and then he  
told me that the phantom had led him to  
the end of the corridor, where it paused,  
pointed with its finger to the ground and  
disappeared. There, lying full in the  
rays of the moon, which shone through  
an oriel window overhead, he beheld a  
coffin, and on it, in large white letters,  
the following inscription: 'Paul Mer-  
rell. Born June 5, 1800. Died October  
10, 1828.' (It was now June of the year  
1828.)

"What he told me made my blood run  
cold. In vain I told myself that it was  
a delusion—a dream. I myself had seen  
the apparition, and had seen it twice  
over. Determined, however, to find out  
if any trick had been played on us, I in-  
stantly went down the corridor again—  
this time without a light—and examined  
particularly all round the spot where my  
brother had described the coffin to have  
been. Not a trace of anything unusual  
could I find. All was still and peaceful,  
and so might was the moon shining that  
I could perfectly distinguish the faces of  
the old portraits on the walls.

"My brother was visibly changed after  
this. He did not speak much on the sub-  
ject after this night, and I observed that  
he became graver, and more silent and  
thoughtful, and his old boisterous spirits  
quite forsook him.

"For myself, though I was not, I be-  
lieve, naturally superstitious, and I felt  
persuaded that in the end I should un-  
ravel the mystery and trace the strange  
apparition of that night to natural causes,  
still I feared for him, for the occurrence  
seemed to have taken a hold upon his  
mind, and I had heard of cases where  
such warnings, merely through working  
strongly on the imagination, had brought  
about their own fulfillment.

"I set myself in every way to divert  
his mind from the subject, and affected  
to laugh at the whole thing, and to make  
sure of being able to sift it out; but I  
wrote privately to my friend Hawkins  
(my brother particularly wished it kept  
a secret), and told him the state of the  
case, beseeching him if he could hint at  
any possible explanation of the mystery,  
to do so without delay.

"His letter was most unsatisfactory.  
He had never heard of such an occurrence  
in his life. There was no 'haunted cham-  
ber' in his house, nor did it even boast an  
hereditary ghost of any sort; nor did he  
believe any of the servants (the old wo-  
man before mentioned and her two nieces,  
all of whom had lived with him for years)  
capable of playing a trick of any kind.

"I was forced to drop my investiga-  
tions, but I kept an anxious watch over  
Paul, and, as far as business permitted,  
was constantly with him. To my great  
alarm, I saw that, as the months rolled  
on, his depression seemed to increase. I  
privately consulted a physician on the  
case. His advice but seconded the  
promptings of my own common-sense:  
'Divert his mind in every possible way—  
change of scene—variety—society—any  
thing to keep him from brooding over  
it.'

"It was now the end of September,  
1828. The ill-omened day drew near.  
To my great vexation, I was summoned  
away from home just at this time. It was  
a call that I could not well refuse to obey.  
I pondered long, devising every possible  
means of remaining near my brother till  
after the 10th.

"Then, all resources failing, I com-  
mitted him to one or two trusty friends,  
to whom I told all the circumstances,  
binding them to solemn secrecy, and with  
an anxious heart, set forth on my journey.  
I had to pass not far from the scene of  
our summer visit. I made it my busi-  
ness to go to Plas Mervyn, and from  
thence (to give it more an air of truth)  
I wrote my brother the following letter,  
a fabrication from beginning to end—a  
falsehood, if you will—but surely a  
pardonable falsehood, if ever there was one:

"Dear Paul:—I have solved the mys-  
tery of Plas Mervyn. You will laugh  
with me about it when I see you again  
(and so I hope he would, dear boy). No  
time for particulars. Hawkins is well.  
We changed horses at B, and so I came  
here for a sight of him. Will write again  
from S. In terrible haste, Yours, Ned."

"This, I hoped, would buoy him up till  
the dreaded day was passed; and, that  
over, the danger was averted.

"My friend Hawkins sympathized  
kindly in my anxiety. Not content with  
expressions of sympathy, he insisted on  
making business in town for the second  
week in October and assuring himself  
of my brother's welfare, promising to  
let me know the 10th and the fol-  
lowing day how he found him. Heaven  
only knows how, in a distant town in the  
north of England, I awaited those letters.  
They came surely enough, and poor Uncle  
Paul (here my father would pause, and  
shake his head sadly; while he pauses, I  
will take up the thread of his story and  
finish it for him)—"My poor Uncle Paul!  
what of him? Simply that he is alive and  
well at this moment—a hale old man of  
sixty-five! That am I engaged to dine at  
his house at seven o'clock this evening (by-  
the-by, it is now half-past five), and that  
on this day three weeks (the once dreaded  
10th of October—now always kept as a  
day of jubilee in his family) I am to be  
married to his youngest daughter—the  
prettiest girl in England!"

So much for ghostly predictions!

## Why He Loved His Teacher.

A schoolboy about ten years old was  
the other day halted by a benevolent-  
minded citizen, and asked if he liked to  
go to school.

"No, sir!" was the prompt reply.

"Then you don't love your teacher?"

"Yes, sir. That is, I didn't until

yesterday, but now I do."

"Why have you loved her since yester-

day?"

"Well, you know Jack Cain? Well, he's  
the worst fighter in our room. He can  
lick me and two other boys with one  
hand tied behind him. Well, he was go-  
ing to lick me last night, and he was  
shaking his fist at me in school, and  
showing his teeth and getting me all ex-  
cited, when the teacher saw him."

"Did, eh?"

"You bet she did; and the way she  
took him out of that and walloped him  
and humbled him down, made me feel as  
if she were a mother to me. When school  
was over, Jack didn't touch nobody. He  
was witted down. And when I hit him  
with a hunk of dirt he never even looked  
around. I guess I'm going to try and  
lick him in the morning, before he gets  
over feeling humble."

## Thoughts.

When you bury an old animosity,  
never mind putting up a tombstone.  
Worrying will wear the richest life to  
shreds.

A sweet temper is to the household  
what sunshine is to trees and flowers.  
Everything we meet with here below  
is more or less infectious. If we live  
habitually among good and pleasant  
people, we inevitably will imbibe some-  
thing of their disposition.

## REFLECTED.

Far on the hillside some resplendent blaze  
Frosts the low sun, and blinds me as I gaze.  
What sudden splendor all the cold air thrills!  
What dazzling flames adorn these lonely hills!  
Slow sinks the sun; I look, and look again;  
'Twas day's last glory lit some casement pane.  
A poor reflection, transient, but how bright,  
Only a broken ray of heavenly light.  
Father of lights! O let thy radiance be,  
So mirrored in my soul that looks to Thee!  
A poor reflection, transient, but how bright,  
That wondering man shall know the light di-  
vines.

Free me from stains of passion, grief and sin,  
To glow without for Thee, and light my home  
within.

Rose Terry Cooke, in Good Company.

## A STRANGE DREAM-STORY.

There is an inexplicable story—which  
I believe, has never been published—  
among the traditions of the fat, fertile  
hill country of Western Pennsylvania, the  
most unlikely quarter in the world to  
serve as a breeding-place of mystery. It  
was settled most wholly by well-to-do  
farmers from the north of Ireland, ex-  
cepting a few working-folk—God-fearing  
folks after the exact manner described by  
John Knox, and having little patience  
with any other manner. Not a likely  
people, assuredly, to give credence to  
fantastic superstitions, and still less to  
originate them. This story, indeed, has  
detail, matter-of-fact character in every  
detail which quite sets it apart from  
relations of the supernatural. I have never  
heard it explained, and it is the best  
authentic mystery in my knowledge.

Here it is in brief: Among the Scotch  
Irish settlers in Washington County in  
1812 was a family named Plymire, who  
occupied a comfortable farm and house  
Rachel, the daughter, was engaged to a  
young farmer in the neighborhood. On a  
Saturday evening in July, having finished  
her week's work, she dressed herself  
tidily and started to visit her married sis-  
ter, who lived on a farm about five miles  
distant, intending to return on Monday  
morning. She tied up her Sunday gown  
and hat in a checkered handkerchief, and  
carried her shoes and stockings in the  
other hand, meaning to walk in her bare  
feet and to put them on when she came  
in sight of her destination, after the canny  
Scotch fashion. She left home about  
seven o'clock, in order to have the cool  
evening for her walk. The road to the  
farm was lonely and unfrequented.

The girl did not return home on Mon-  
day, but no alarm was felt, as the family  
thought that her sister would probably  
wish to detain her for a few days; and it  
was not until the latter part of the week  
that it was found she had never been at  
her sister's. The country was scoured,  
but in vain; the alarm spread, and excit-  
ed a degree of terror in the peaceable do-  
mestic community which would seem in-  
explicable to city people, to whom the  
newspaper has brought a budget of crime  
every morning since their childhood. To  
children raised in the lonely hamlets and  
hill-farms murder was a far-off, unreal  
horror; usually all they knew of it was  
from the doings of Cain and Abel, set off  
in the family Bible.

The girls get home on Saturday at seven  
o'clock. That night, long before ten  
o'clock (farmers go to bed with the  
chickens), a woman living in Green Coun-  
ty, about forty miles from the Plymire  
farm, awoke her husband in great ter-  
ror, declaring that she had just seen a murder  
done, and went on to describe a place  
she had never seen before—a hill country  
with a wagon road running through and  
a girl with a bundle tied in a checkered  
handkerchief, her shoes and white stock-  
ings in the other hand, walking briskly  
down the grassy side of the road. She  
was met by a young man—the woman  
judged from their manner the meeting  
was by appointment—they sat down on a  
log and talked for some time.

The man at last rose, stepped behind  
her, and drawing out a hatchet, struck  
her twice on the head. She fell back-  
ward on the wet, rotten leaves of dead  
wood. Presently the man was joined by another,  
also young, who asked, "Is it done?" He  
nodded, and together they lifted the  
body and carried it away out of her sight.  
After a while they came back, found the  
bundle of Sunday finery, and the shoes  
and stockings, all of which were stained  
with blood. There was a ruined old mill  
near the road; they went into it, lifted a  
loose board in the flooring, put the bun-  
dle, shoes etc., with the hatchet, under-  
neath, and replaced the board. Then they  
separated and went through the woods  
in different directions.

The farmer's wife told her dream to  
her husband that night; the next day  
(Sunday), going to a little country church  
she remained during the intermission be-  
tween the morning and afternoon services.  
The neighbors, who had come from a cir-  
cuit of twenty miles to church, gathering  
according to their homely habit, in the  
churchyard to eat their lunch and ex-  
change the news. Our dreamer told her  
story again and again, for she was im-  
pressed by it as if it had been reality.

After the afternoon service the congrega-  
tion separated, going to their widely  
scattered homes. There were thus many  
witnesses ready to certify to the fact  
that the woman had told her dream  
the morning after the murder was com-  
mitted at a distance of forty miles, when  
it was absolutely impossible that the news  
should have reached her. There were  
no telegraphs, we must remember, and  
no railways, in those days—not even  
mail-carriers in those secluded districts.

When the story of the girl's disappear-  
ance was told over the country at the end  
of the next week, the people to whom  
the dream had been repeated recalled it.

Now-a-days the matter would only serve  
as good material for the reporters, but  
the men of those days still believed that  
God took an oversight even of their  
dreams. Might not this be a hint from  
him? The Rev. Charles Wheeler, a Bap-  
tist clergyman of Washington, well-  
known in Western Pennsylvania and Vir-  
ginia—a generation ago, and Ephraim  
Blaine, Esq., a magistrate, father of the  
present Senator from Maine, and as popu-  
lar a man in his narrower circle, drove  
over to see the woman who had told the  
dream. Without stating their purpose,  
they took her and her husband, on pre-  
tense of business, to the Plymire farm.  
It was the first time in her life that she  
had left her own county, and she was  
greatly amused and interested. They  
drove over the whole of the road down  
which Rachel Plymire had gone.

"Have you ever seen this neighbor-  
hood?" one of them asked.  
"Never," was the reply.

That ended the matter, and they turned  
back, taking a little-used cross-road to  
save time. Presently the woman started  
up in great agitation, crying, "This is  
the place I dreamed of!"

They assured her that Rachel Plymire  
had not been upon that road at all.  
"I know nothing about her," she said,  
"but the girl I saw in my dream came  
along here; there is the path through  
which the man came, and beyond that  
turning you will find the log on which  
he killed her."

They did find the log, and on the  
ground the stains of blood. The woman,

walking swiftly, led them to the old  
mill and to the board under which lay  
the stained clothes and the hatchet. The  
girl's body was found afterward buried in  
a creek near at hand. Rachel's lover had  
already been arrested on suspicion. It  
was hinted that he had grown tired of  
the girl, and for many reasons found her  
hard to shake off. The woman recognized  
him in a crowd of other men, and start-  
led her companion still more by point-  
ing out another young fellow from the  
West as his companion in her dream.  
The young man was tried in the town of  
Washington for murder. The dreamer  
was brought into court, and an effort was  
actually made to put her on the witness-  
stand; but even then men cannot be hung  
on the evidence of a dream. Without it,  
there was not enough proof for conviction,  
and the jury, unwilling enough, we  
may be sure, allowed the prisoner to go  
free. It was held as positive proof of  
his guilt that he immediately married  
the sister of the other accused man, and  
removed to Ohio, then the wilderness of  
the West.—R. H. D. in Lippincott's Mag.

## EDMUND KEAN.

How the Great Tragedian Played "Shylock."  
[All the Year Round.]

The theatre was in great straits; the  
managers were as drowning men clutch-  
ing at straws; otherwise they would not  
have ventured upon the desperate ex-  
periment of suffering Mr. Kean to appear.  
For weeks he had hung about the theatre,  
almost begging that he might have a  
trial. He was known to the scaffolding  
stage-door keepers as the "man with the  
cape," because of the heavy coachman's  
cape he wore—it was bitter wintry  
weather, the snow two feet deep upon  
the ground. He was allowed his chance  
at last. But one rehearsal was thought  
necessary; this was on the morning of the  
memorable January 26, 1814, the day  
fixed for his first performance. He re-  
peated his speeches with some intima-  
tion of the manner he proposed to adopt  
in delivering them before the footlights.  
His play-tellows predicted failure; the  
stage manager boldly denounced the in-  
novations of the provincial actor. "If I  
am wrong, the public will see me right,"  
said the tragedian of the Theatre Royal  
Exeter. The stage manager shrugged his  
shoulders. The actor dined liberally,  
for the first time in many days, upon  
steak and porter; then walked through  
the snow from his lodging in Cecil street  
to the theatre, carrying his properties,  
an old pair of black silk stockings, a  
collar, and a black wig—for contrary to  
all precedent, his Shylock wore a black  
wig—tied up in a handkerchief, and  
thrust into the pocket of the great coat  
with the capes. The house was only a  
quarter full. The play began drearily  
enough. Yet Shylock's early speeches—  
as Kean rendered them they were "like  
a chapter of Genesis." Douglas Jerrold  
was wont to say—gratifyingly impressed  
the audience, stirred to extraordinary en-  
thusiasm afterward when the time came  
for the actor's superb outbursts of pas-  
sion. Oxberry was surprised that so  
small an audience could "kick up so  
great a row!" The success of Edmund  
Kean's Shylock could no longer be ques-  
tioned. The triumphant actor hurried  
home, crying exultingly to his wife:  
"Mary, you shall ride in your carriage,  
and Charley, my boy," and he lifted the  
three-year-old baby from his cot, "you  
shall go to Eton!" On the actor's sec-  
ond night the receipts were just double  
those of the first—that is to say, the house  
was half full. The committee of man-  
agement began to doubt whether a gen-  
uine success had been achieved; they  
suffered so much from quasi-successes;  
they even contemplated the removal of  
Kean's name from the bills, and the trial  
of another candidate. Lord Byron sensi-  
bly expostulated: "You have got a  
great genius among you and you don't  
know it. But he will fall through like  
many others unless we lift him, and force  
the town to come and see him. There is  
enough in Kean to bear out any extent  
of panegyric, and it will not do to trust  
an opportunity like this to the mere  
routine of ordinary chances. We must go  
in a body, call upon the proprietors and  
editors of the leading papers, and ask  
them to attend in person, and write the  
articles themselves. This advice was  
followed with the happiest results for  
Kean's fame and fortune. He appeared  
in Shylock fifteen times during his first  
season at Drury Lane, and the part re-  
mained to the last one of the most ad-  
mired in his repertory.

## A Light in the Window.

Off the coast of one of the Orkney Is-  
lands, and right opposite the harbor  
stood a lone rock, against which, in  
stormy nights, the boats of returning  
fishermen struck and were lost.  
Fifty years ago there lived on this is-  
land a young girl in a cottage with her  
father; and they loved each other very  
tenderly. One stormy night, the father  
was away on the sea in his fisherman's  
boat, and though his daughter watched  
for him in much fear and trouble he did  
not come home. Sad to tell, in the morn-  
ing his dead body was found washed  
upon the beach. His boat, as he sought  
the harbor, had struck against the "Lon-  
ely Rock" and gone down.  
In her deep sorrow, this fisherman's  
orphan did not think of herself alone.  
She was scarcely more than a child, hum-  
ble, poor, and weak; yet she said in her  
heart that while she lived, no more beats  
should be lost on the "Lonely Rock," if a  
light shining through the window would  
guide them safely into the harbor. And  
so, after watching by the body of her fa-  
ther, according to the custom of her peo-  
ple, until it was buried, she lay down and  
slept during the day; and when night fell  
she arose, and lighting a candle, placed  
it in the window of her cottage, so that it  
might be seen by any fisherman coming  
in from the sea, and guide him safely into  
harbor, she sat by a candle all night  
and trimmed it and