

KEYSTONE STATE.

REASONS WHY HANCOCK WILL RECEIVE ITS ELECTORAL VOTE.

Prize of the People, Especially the Soldiers, in His Glorious History—Disgust with Garfield on Account of His Double Dealing in the Tariff Question—Solemn Conference Between Conkling, Logan and Parson Newman—Conkling Swearing Mad and the Logan Simply Persuaded for Hancock—Parson Almy Hoping to Avert Disaster at Home.

Hancock in Pennsylvania.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] WASHINGTON, July 18.—The chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania gives in an interview several reasons for thinking that Hancock may carry Pennsylvania. After saying that Hancock was put in position by a popular heart throb, he thus responds to the question, "Do you think Hancock can be elected?" "Yes, First he carries not the solid South, but every Southern State, New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, Indiana and California, with Pennsylvania, and the States of Oregon, to say the very least, debatable ground. But with the tide running as it now is, debate as to Pennsylvania will soon end. Her people have great State pride. Her soldiers, as well as soldiers of the union, love the very name of Hancock. The Republicans of Pennsylvania have but two issues: First, the bloody shirt, and second, the tariff. The first issue is eliminated from the canvass by the nomination of Hancock. He wears a bloody shirt when it cost one's life to wear it, and it cannot be used now by men who never heard the roar of cannon, or saw the flash of powder. As to the second, Gen. Garfield has declared repeatedly that he is for protection for the purpose of securing free trade, and so distinguished have been his services in public life for free trade that he has received the unusual honor for the American of being elected to the position of Lord of the Free Trade club of England. Hence HANCOCK IS AGGRESSIVELY STRONG IN PENNSYLVANIA

with the soldiers and in his appeal to our State pride. He knew when to fight, and fought. When the war was over he knew when to quit, and he quit. The machine Republicans of Pennsylvania were for Grant. The independent Republicans were for Blaine. Prior to his nomination there were not a dozen Republicans in Pennsylvania who ever dreamed of Garfield ever becoming their candidate. Party drill may, and doubtless will, bring the body of the party to Garfield's support, but I predict that in the contest Republicans will lose every doubtful legislative and Congressional district in the State. Hancock is the pride of our people and the idol of our soldiers. He is stronger than the party, and with the many declarations by prominent Republicans of their earnest and enthusiastic support, I don't care a cent about the electoral vote of Pennsylvania will be cast for him by a decided majority.

Republican Discard.

[Washington Telegram, 14th.] A gentleman, an old soldier who has just returned from a visit to New York city, gives an account of an interview between Senators Conkling, Logan and Chaplain Newman, the morning after the officers of the national committee had been selected. The picture painted by the gentleman is interesting. It is a flash behind the curtain where the Grant Republicans sit in unobscured communion. This gentleman, who is an Illinois friend of Senator Logan, has been shown up without any ceremony to Gen. Logan's room at the Fifth Avenue hotel. After a brief talk upon local matters, Conkling came in. He sat down silent and moody. Senator Logan lay upon a sofa when he came in with his black silk top hat falling across his swarthy, bearded-looking face. But few words were interchanged after Conkling came in. The latter stroked and twisted his peaked beard as he sat with bowed head and eyes creased in a luxuriant eye chair. A few moments later the stout Chaplain Newman came in. He was the man who had Grant's conscience in his keeping during the eight years of the latter's administration. There was very little said to the voluble talk of the chaplain, but every word he said in denouncing Garfield was heartily approved. Mr. Conkling did venture upon one expression. It was brief but comprehensive. He merely said: "I don't mean anything very much," said Gen. Logan.

"Yes, I have to make sure of my own State going right, whatever happens. I am pretty thing if you have selected a man who cannot look after the entire canvass. There is no use in trying to disguise matters with an old hand like me. I understand very well how the Grant men have been treated in the course of the campaign. They have been more bitterly assailed than if they were Democratic brigadiers. Now," said Chaplain Newman, "I think a great deal more of a man as Hancock than I do of Garfield, and if I adhere to my present mode of thinking I shall vote for him, though it would go hard with me to vote the Democratic ticket."

Grant in Colorado. DENVER, Col., July 17.—A special from Manitou says General Grant and party arrived this afternoon at the depot in Colorado Springs. They were met by a large and enthusiastic crowd. The party didn't stop, but we were drawn to Manitou in carriages immediately on arrival of the train.

The Ute Commission. LOS PINOS AGUAS, Col., July 18.—The Ute commission has been delayed, awaiting the arrival of interpreter Curtis, who reached here last night. The first grand council will be held on Monday. Companies "C" and "E," Twenty-third Infantry, are camped at the agency under command of Capt. Brady.

Acquitted. MONTREAL, July 18.—The jury in the case of the Oka Indians, on trial for burning the Roman Catholic church at St. Scholastique in 1877, failed to agree for the fourth time Saturday, and the prisoners were discharged.

A Titled Academy. OTTAWA, Ont., July 18.—The Queen, in reply to a memorial, has conferred on the Canadian academy of arts, the name and title of Royal Canadian Academy of Arts.

Home From a Foreign Shore. NEW YORK, July 18.—Among the passengers of the Germanic from Liverpool, to-day, were W. W. Cassius Goodroe, United States minister to Belgium, and James Gordon Bennett.

REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Important Feature of Census Statistics—Showing Made by California.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] WASHINGTON, July 18.—The census officers are now engaged in preparing a statement showing the value of personal property and real estate of each State and Territory, and the amount of tax paid annually by each. The figures from which these tables are prepared are compiled from the official returns from officials, and the work, which necessitates a vast amount of labor and care, when completed, will prove of the utmost value. Up to this time California is the only State completely tabulated, and it makes a showing which will read with interest and give rise to some discussion as to what the great undeveloped section will be valued at ten years hence. The statement is as follows: The State has fifty-two counties containing 24,641,991 acres. Value of real estate, \$1,927,855. Value of personal property, \$118,304,451. Total \$584,578,036. On this there is a funded indebtedness of \$9,979,301, and a floating debt of \$1,901,616. Total \$11,880,918. The State expenses for school purposes, including normal and State schools, and purchase of bonds for the school fund, are \$1,557,978. The total amount of State and county taxes, including school and all other taxes, is \$11,408,932. Of these amounts the city of San Francisco pays a State tax of \$1,345,447, and a county tax of \$1,134,192, or a total tax of \$5,479,639.

STILL ANOTHER.

Ex-Postmaster Jones, of New York, Leaves the Mexican Party.

[New York Sun.] Sir—In reply to your letter inquiring whether Gen. Hancock will have my support in the political campaign now pending, I will say that I have been so long estranged from the councils of the Democratic party that my views may not be fully in accordance with the notions of some, except so far as the sentiments and principles of the party are concerned. I have been a member of the Democratic party since the time of the eminent gentlemen who have been placed in nomination for President and Vice President. In common with the great body of citizens of the country, I support and endorse both the platform and the candidates. Of late years it has been the custom to disregard the provisions of the party platform on the accession of a candidate to office, but I believe that the gallant and intelligent gentleman who bears the Democratic ticket, and who never yet disobeyed an order, will carry out the excellent provisions of his party platform. If elected, as he undoubtedly will be, I shall have the utmost faith that his administration will recognize the distinction between the civil and military authorities of the government; will adjust and establish the relations properly existing between them; will restore as far as lies in his power, the old-time commercial prosperity of the republic, and will protect the public domain from the grasp of corporations and schemers, reserving it for the use of actual settlers. In the success of the principles that have been fought for three times in the field and upon the floor of every Congress in the history of the country, I am, sir, yours very respectfully.

PATRICK H. JONES.

To AMOS J. GRAMING, Esq. In May, 1861, Patrick H. Jones enlisted as a private in company I, Thirty-second New York volunteers; was made second lieutenant, first lieutenant, adjutant and major successively in 1861-'62, and in September, 1862, upon his organization, was made colonel of the One hundred and Fifty-fourth New York volunteers. He served in the army of the Potomac and in the western army from Nashville to Savannah, and was made brigadier-general by President Lincoln in February, 1865, "for gallant and meritorious services in the war." Gen. Jones has been a prominent Republican. He was once elected register on the municipal Republican ticket, and was for several years postmaster of New York city.

TANNER'S TASK.

The Fastening Minnesota in Good Condition and Spirits.

NEW YORK, July 18.—At 10 o'clock to-night Dr. Tanner was sleeping soundly, having been without food for twenty days. At 5 A. M. he was feeling better than usual and took a two-hours' drive in Central park. In the afternoon he took a walk as usual in his carriage. He had drunk considerable water during the day. Upon his return from his ride he was found to weigh 135 pounds; pulse about as usual.

Combination of Sugar Refiners.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] NEW YORK, July 18.—The negotiations in progress for some time past for a combination of sugar refiners in the principal cities, has met with signal success. Thus far 40 per cent of the largest refiners throughout the country having joined, including eight in New York and others in Philadelphia and Boston. Those who are not as yet in the movement will probably be induced to join. An executive committee has been appointed who will practically control the sugar refining business. The object is not (as a prominent manager says) to advance the rates but to restrict production so as to maintain prices during the dull months. During June, July, August and September the demand is equal to the full production, and this measure is intended to protect the trade during the remainder of the year. If the effort succeeds higher prices for sugar will result.

Duluth Marine News.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] DULUTH, Minn., July 18.—Arrived: Propeller J. L. Hurd, Chicago, forty-three tons of merchandise; propeller City of Owen Sound, Collingwood, 103 tons of merchandise; propeller Quebec, Sarnia, 222 tons of iron, one car of coal, sixty tons of merchandise; propeller Favorite, Ashland; schooner Brooklyn, Buffalo, 680 tons of coal; schooner J. W. Wible, Buffalo, 737 tons of coal; schooner Maple Leaf, Ashland, 90,000 feet of lumber; schooner Belle Stevens, Ashland, 110,000 feet of lumber. Cleared: Propeller Manistee, Houghton, 110 barrels of flour, one car of feed, three cars of merchandise; propeller J. L. Hurd, Chicago, 175 tons of old rails and thirty tons of merchandise; propeller City of Owen Sound, Collingwood, 25,000 bushels of corn; propeller Japan, Buffalo, 6,015 barrels of flour; propeller Quebec, Sarnia, 6,000 bushels of corn, 2,225 barrels of flour.

International Exhibition, 1883.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] WASHINGTON, July 18.—The secretary of state has addressed a letter to the commissioners and alternates stating that on the 10th of August he will call together at New York city the international commissioners for the purpose of effecting permanent organization for holding an international exhibition in 1883.

No Yellow Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, July 18.—Dr. C. B. White, sanitary director of the Auxiliary Sanitary association, and Dr. Jones, president of the board of health, certify there is not a case of yellow fever in the city, nor has there been a case in the city this summer.

AGGRESSIVE ARTHUR.

ACCEPTANCE LETTER OF THE TALK TO THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Stinging Rebuke of the Dodging and Triumphant His Chief—The Issues from the Stalwart Standpoint Boldly and Defiantly Defined—Sectional Passions Appealed to and Fresh Seeds of Dissension Sown—Vigorous Slap at the Civil Service Rules of R. B. Hayes.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Dear Sir: I accept the position assigned me by the great party whose action you announce. This acceptance implies approval of the principles declared by the convention, but recent usage permits me to add some expression of my honest and order in popular elections, is a matter so vital that I must stand in the front. The authority of the national government to preserve from fraud and corruption the elective franchise, and to choose its own officers, is a chief point on which the two parties are plainly and intensely opposed. The acts of Congress for ten years have in New York and elsewhere done much to curb the violence and wrong which ballot and count have been again and again subjected, sometimes despoiling great cities, sometimes stifling the voice of a whole State, often stealing not only in Congress, but in the State legislatures, numbers of members chosen by the people.

Double Murder in Old Virginia Growing Out of a Political Discussion—A Woman Horribly Outraged by Kansas Ruffians—Another Unprovoked Negro Murder in Indiana—An Ohio Marshal Murdered by Ruffians—A "Loyal" Indian's Postmaster Turns Out a Large Defaulter.

DOUBLE MURDER.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] RICHMOND, Va., July 18.—Yesterday Maj. Thomas Woodward, county treasurer of Princess Anne, and C. M. Munden, two prominent citizens of the county, had a dispute growing out of a political discussion at the court house, both being partially intoxicated. Finally Woodward left the court house building, and for some reason jumped into a wagon owned by Munden, who ordered him out. Woodward refused to get out, when Munden caught his horse and succeeded in dragging the wagon around, finally capsizing the wagon and throwing Woodward to the ground and bruising him considerably. Woodward, when he got up, drew a revolver and fired at Munden, wounding him in the breast. Munden then drew his revolver and fired three shots at Woodward, each of which took effect, killing him instantly. Munden's wound was a fatal one.

HELLISH OUTRAGE.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] LEAVENWORTH, KS., July 18.—News has reached here of a hellish outrage committed upon a helpless woman, at Hnnnewell, the western terminus of the Southern Kansas & Western railroad. Arriving alone at Wellington from the East, on her way to Fort Reno, she was advised by a man who had succeeded in ingratiating himself into her confidence to go by way of Hnnnewell. At Hnnnewell she was decoyed into a saloon under the pretense of being taken to breakfast, there drugged and then taken out upon the prairie and outraged in broad daylight by eight men and left naked and insensible in the burning sun, and so remained until found and taken to Reno. It is said that the perpetrator of this crime is well known, but there is no news of their capture.

POSTOFFICE DEVALUATION.

RICHMOND, Va., July 18.—Postoffice inspectors W. T. Henderson and P. T. Shalcross, under orders from the postoffice department, have been for several days investigating the affairs of the Richmond postoffice with a view to ascertaining its condition, and have discovered that there is a shortage of about \$4,300, or \$3,600 of this deficiency is due to Postmaster Forbes having overdrawn his account that much since his last quarterly report, which was returned in properly balanced and accepted as correct by the department. If the deficiency is not made good by the postmaster or surties, at once, or within the next forty-eight hours, the department will cause a warrant to be issued for his arrest. There were rumors about last night of this trouble in the postoffice, but nothing positive could be obtained. The above information is correct, coming as it does from Inspector Henderson himself.

UNPROVOKED MURDER.

CINCINNATI, July 18.—A telegram from New Albany, Ind., says a most unprovoked murder was committed there shortly after 12 o'clock this morning. A dance had been given at the house of William Martina, a respectable colored man, and at its close John Woods and another colored man got into a dispute. Martina went to pacify them, and while standing with one hand on Woods' shoulder, speaking kindly to him, Woods suddenly drew a revolver and shot Martina through the heart. The murderer was arrested.

PROTECTING A FRIEND.

BRADFORD, Pa., July 18.—This afternoon A. J. Moon, a saloon keeper at New City, attempted two ravish two little girls, and a large mob surrounded his house and declared their purpose to lynch him. He was rescued by citizens and taken to another house. When this was discovered, the mob followed and broke in the front of the building. The citizens protected Moon, however, and telegraphed to this city for officers, who are now on their way to New City. Later—Moon has been received by officers and removed.

KILLED—DROWNED.

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—Augustus N. White, an employe in the depot yards, was run over and killed by a locomotive at half-past ten to-night. A skiff containing Angus Harovetz, wife and three children, while coming down the river to-day, collided with the steamer Jennie Lewis in the upper part of the city, was upset and the mother and one child drowned.

MURDER IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 18.—This morning at 4 o'clock Geo. Lee shot and instantly killed Chas. Banales, both colored, at No. 490 South Clark street. A woman is said to be implicated in the affair.

SEVERELY BURNED.

HARRISBURG, July 18.—Last night John Gaffney, night boss, and Laurence and Peter Kinney, employe at the steel works, were in a pit attending to a gas generator, an explosion occurred, severely burning all of them. Gaffney's injury being serious.

By Carriages at Cost.

Closing out the entire stock to make room for new goods, at the 93-Cent store. Splendid bargains for this week.

SAN FRANCISCO WALKERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—The score of 8th day is, Howards 340 miles; Young 338; S. Donly 295; Tobias 334; Lee 277. Thirty-four hours match: Melntry 104 miles; Gurro 106; Swifts 100.

EUROPEAN EVENTS.

ROCHEFORT OPENS UNCOMPROMISING WAR ON GAMBETTA.

Germany and Austria Working Together in the Eastern Question—Cause of the Recent Mine Disaster—The Disturbance in Ireland Bill—Troubles of the Sick Man—Gambetta Confident of the Strength of the French Republic—Miscellaneous Old World News.

ELECTION RIOTS IN FERNALEDUCO.

LONDON, July 17.—A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro, dated July 1, says election riots have occurred at Victoria, province of Pernambuco. The military fired on the people and killed twenty, including Baron Escada. Many were wounded.

RISCA COLLIERIES EXPLOSION.

It is believed the Risca colliery explosion was caused by lightning striking the winding gear at the top of the shaft. Six hundred yards of the pit have been explored up to this morning, and seventeen bodies recovered. It will probably be some days before all can be recovered, as about one hundred yards of the pit has fallen.

TEN BROOK'S PURCHASE.

The stewards of the jockey club will entertain the Bend Or case Tuesday next, and notice has been given the respective owners of Bend Or and Robert the Devil to produce witnesses. Ten Brook has bought Macosora for 230 guineas, after winning the Hanwarth park selling plate for two-year-olds.

FRANCE.

GAMBETTA'S PRESENT POSITION. PARIS, July 18.—M. Gambetta presided to-day over a densely crowded meeting at Belleville. He says that the new republican institutions will defy all attacks, no matter from what quarter they may come. This declaration was received with loud cheers.

ROCHEFORT AND GAMBETTA.

PARIS, July 17.—Ten Gambetta exiles have published an address denouncing the opportunists as an excuse of their punishments, and urging continued efforts for the establishment of a social republic. Rochefort declares any compromise between him and Gambetta impossible. He says the existing chamber of deputies is entitled to no respect, because it allowed its functions, and has surrounded its authority with Gambetta. The Guesde Caspary is as dangerous as the Roman Cæsars. All true republicans should unite to nip this dangerous orator in the bud.

Gambetta gave a dinner last night to the officers who came to Paris to receive the flag. He visits Cherbourg August 9th, where a grand banquet in his honor will be given by the municipality, to which three hundred mayors have been invited. There will also be a grand naval review, Venetian flags and illuminations of the harbor.

Gambetta reminded his hearers of the state in which the empire left the army, and said its present reorganization was all the more thorough because the army felt that the country now possessed durable republican institutions. The vitality and merit of our army, he said, are a surprise to Europe. The speech was received with great applause.

AN OLD CONVERT.

The mayor of Cannes, yesterday, baptized an ex-prince named Breuerick, aged ninety-three years, and a convert to Protestantism, to Mademoiselle Vernet, Protestant, aged thirty-three.

EASTERN QUESTION.

BERLIN, July 17.—An interchange of views is proceeding between the powers. It is in regard to the possibility of bringing pressure to bear on the Porte. No definite proposals, however, have been made up to the present time, nor has anything been arranged in regard to a naval concentration by the fleets of the six powers. According to private information from Constantinople the Sultan has instructed his council to discuss the collective vote and submit to him the draft of a reply to it. It is thought the reply can hardly be delivered to the powers before the beginning of August.

GERMANY AND TURKEY.

LONDON, July 17.—A Berlin correspondent writes: Germany is acting in the east in concert with Austria, and any alliance with the Porte would be Austro-Turkish, or perhaps Austro-German-Turkish. But before the idea of such an alliance could be mooted the wildest meles must be going on in Europe. Only when everybody's man is raised against the Sultan, could there be any accession for Germany joining Turkey. That the Sultan in his present desperate position among other visionary schemes, may indulge in the idea of a German-Russian war, and a German-Turkish league is quite credible, but there is a long way between the actual state of things and such a contingency. The Sultan asked for some members of the Prussian civil service to assist reforming the Turkish administration, and the request has been granted. Beyond displaying a belief in the continued existence of Turkey, the action of the Berlin government in this matter has no political importance.

TURKISH POLICE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17.—M. Navikov, the Russian ambassador here, has formally drawn the attention of the Porte to the menacing concentration of Albanians at Lusa. Abeddin Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, expects to succeed in effecting a peaceable cession of territory to Montenegro, without surrendering Dulcigno or Tusi.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 18.—Herr Weiten-dorf, German government commissioner, has entered into a contract with the Porte for three years at a salary of 40,000 francs yearly.

ARTICLE TWENTY-FOUR.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 18.—It is considered probable that the Porte, taking its stand on article twenty-four of the treaty of Berlin, which stipulates that in the event of Turkey and Greece being unable to agree upon rectification of the frontier suggested by the thirteenth protocol, the powers reserve to themselves the right to offer mediation to facilitate negotiations, will claim the right to recommence negotiations.

RUSSIA.

AN AMERICAN ON BUSINESS.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 17.—The presence here, attended by a staff of experts, of Barker, the American, has given rise to most varied rumor concerning the grain elevator system, the construction of a Siberian railway, and the exploration of the iron and coal districts of Southern Russia. It is believed the government is determined to appropriate a considerable sum for the enlargement of the fleet and it is reasonable to suppose Barker, who is backed by a powerful American syndicate, is willing to help the govern-

TURF AND BAT.

Record of the Race for the League Pennant—The Chicago Trotting Meeting—After a Ringier—Miscellaneous.

The Chicago Trotting Meeting.

The Chicago club trotting meeting commences to-morrow. The meeting promises to be the grandest of the year. The entries number 164, among them the best known trotters of the country, such as St. Julien, Hopeful, Darby, Charley Ford, Bonsetter, Hannis, Voltair, Monroe Chief, the great sailing quartette Sloop, Tom, Hooty, Boy, Matty Hunter and Lucy, the water mule filly Tricket and Mand 8, etc. Every day has a sensational race, but the events will be the racing quartette, the free-for-all for special purse between St. Julien, Hopeful and Darby, and the special race between the famous young mare Mand 8 and Tricket, both acknowledged to have wonderful speed. To these special attractions to add to the interest of the meeting is the fact that the entries for the Great Eastern circuit close to-day, so that new candidates for trotting honors, trotting thus far in restraining strings, will now be cut loose, and a rapid lowering of records may be looked for in certain quarters.

Valuable Hays Saved.

Two months ago, says the Kentucky Live Stock Record, a valuable horse belonging to Charles E. Smith, of Stony Brook, had his leg broken at Port Jefferson. The broken bone was set and the leg was imbedded in plaster of Paris. In two weeks the horse could walk around the stable, but the water mule drove him home, a distance of five miles, and on Saturday the horse was driven to a road wagon a mile in four minutes. It is usual to shoot horses that break their legs.

The Race Horse Hindoo.

Kentucky Live Stock Record, Mr. D. Swigert, Stockwood farm, Spring Station, Ky., writes that Hindoo has been turned out for two weeks, since his return from Chicago, and looks as fine as split silk. He will be taken up again this coming week. Hindoo started for seven weeks the week, but being only on a big cart, winning \$9,625. It is impossible to tell how good he really is, for he has won all his races with the greatest ease at the finish, and has never been compelled to show his real capacity beyond a farlong or more in each race.

The National Game.

The past week witnessed some very fine play by the league clubs. Two notable games were those between the Chicago and Cleveland, Tuesday and Wednesday, the Chicago, on Tuesday, returning the basket of goose-eggs they received from the Cleveland the previous Saturday, while on Wednesday the coming champions were again handily defeated by the Cleveland by a score of 4 to 1—a scratch-er from another whitewash. Other notable games were those between the Cleveland and Worcester, while the Buffalo and Providence, in each of which the Buffs took an innings to decide. The race for the second place is becoming decidedly interesting. Cleveland and Providence not having changed position since the week, but the Cleveland has played one less game. The following is

LEAGUE RECORD.

Table with columns: Club, Games won, Games lost, Games played. Rows include Chicago, Cleveland, Worcester, Providence, Troy, Buffalo, Cincinnati.

A LOCAL GAME.

A game of base ball at Fort Snelling on Saturday, July 17, between the Silver Stars and a picked nine of St. Paul and Minneapolis combined, styling themselves Red Caps. Although the Reds had Rody, the professional pitcher, they were badly beaten. A total of fifteen base hits was made off Rody and Murphy, the Reds' two pitchers, while the Chicago last evening, three hits off Devin, the Stars' pitcher. The game resulted in an easy victory for the Silver Stars. Score: Fourteen to four. The Silver Stars may play at Stillwater some time next month.

Miscellaneous.

The Cincinnati Enquirer gives notice that the National base ball club of Washington is on its last legs, and names as among its players wanted by the Cincinnati club, McClellan. Danton's Spirit of the 17th contains a full list, with pedigrees and performances, of the horses entered for the Chicago trotting meeting to commence to-morrow. In the number, in the 2:34, is "Dutchman, br. g., 16 hands, foaled in 1873, sire Red Wing, (2:31), bred in Minnesota. Brought out by George Spier in 1878, in Fairview, Minn. Wins two times in one week in straight heats, the fastest in 2:37; slowest, 2:41. The next week won a five-heat race and a record of 2:34, when he was purchased by his present owner, T. B. Merritt, St. Paul, Minn."

INDIAN SCARES.

Reported Outbreaks in the Black Hills Country Denied. DEADWOOD, D. T., July 18.—Indian rumors of almost every conceivable nature have been afloat in this vicinity the past week, and although coming from apparently trustworthy sources, thus gaining credence, none have been verified. The report of an engagement, Thursday between two companies of the Seventh cavalry under command of Capt. Isley, and a band of hostiles, near Little Missouri, still lacks authentication. Information from Isley's command yesterday that scouting parties had been out in all directions but no Indians or signs of any were discovered. Reliable parties just in from Spanish say the rumor that a band of 500 Indians surrounded that town is false. No Indians having been seen or heard of in that neighborhood.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATION, SIGNAL OFFICE, U.S.A. 103 BRADLEY BLOCK, THIRD STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN. Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations. Meteorological Record, July 18, 1880, 9:56 P. M. Barometer, 29.93 H. Wind, Weather, Duluth, 29.93 SE NE L't Rain. St. Paul, 29.84 61 N L't Rain.

DAILY LOCAL WEATHER.

Bar. Ther. Hum. Wind. Weather. 29.83 64.0 69.0 SE Fair. Amount of rainfall, 18 inches; maximum thermometer 72; minimum thermometer 53. O. S. M. COX, Sergeant Signal Corps U. S. A. WEATHER TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, July 19, 1 A. M.—Indications: For upper Mississippi valley, cloudy or partly cloudy weather, with occasional rain, variable winds, mostly easterly, stationary or lower temperature following, possibly followed by rising barometer and northerly winds. For upper lake region, cloudy or partly cloudy weather, or occasional rain, winds mostly from northeast to southeast, stationary or lower temperature, generally lower barometer.

Trouble Among the Thieves.

[Winona Herald.] The thieves have fallen out, and are busily exposing their own frauds. There yet may spring something out of all this political confusion, but it brings forth excellent fruit to the detection of every good citizen in the First Congressional district of Minnesota.

EUROPEAN EVENTS.

ROCHEFORT OPENS UNCOMPROMISING WAR ON GAMBETTA.

Germany and Austria Working Together in the Eastern Question—Cause of the Recent Mine Disaster—The Disturbance in Ireland Bill—Troubles of the Sick Man—Gambetta Confident of the Strength of the French Republic—Miscellaneous Old World News.

ELECTION RIOTS IN FERNALEDUCO.

LONDON, July 17.—A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro, dated July 1, says election riots have occurred at Victoria, province of Pernambuco. The military fired on the people and killed twenty, including Baron Escada. Many were wounded.

RISCA COLLIERIES EXPLOSION.

It is believed the Risca colliery explosion was caused by lightning striking the winding gear at the top of the shaft. Six hundred yards of the pit have been explored up to this morning, and seventeen bodies recovered. It will probably be some days before all can be recovered, as about one hundred yards of the pit has fallen.

TEN BROOK'S PURCHASE.

The stewards of the jockey club will entertain the Bend Or case Tuesday next, and notice has been given the respective owners of Bend Or and Robert the Devil to produce witnesses. Ten Brook has bought Macosora for 230 guineas, after winning the Hanwarth park selling plate for two-year-olds.

FRANCE.

GAMBETTA'S PRESENT POSITION. PARIS, July 18.—M. Gambetta presided to-day over a densely crowded meeting at Belleville. He says that the new republican institutions will defy all attacks, no matter from what quarter they may come. This declaration was received with loud cheers.

ROCHEFORT AND GAMBETTA.

PARIS, July 17.—Ten Gambetta exiles have published an address denouncing the opportunists as an excuse of their punishments, and urging continued efforts for the establishment of a social republic. Rochefort declares any compromise between him and Gambetta impossible. He says the existing chamber of deputies is entitled to no respect, because it allowed its functions, and has surrounded its authority with Gambetta. The Guesde Caspary is as dangerous as the Roman Cæsars. All true republicans should unite to nip this dangerous orator in the bud.

Gambetta gave a dinner last night to the officers who came to Paris to receive the flag. He visits Cherbourg August 9th, where a grand banquet in his honor will be given by the municipality, to which three hundred mayors have been invited. There will also be a grand naval review, Venetian flags and illuminations of the harbor.

Gambetta reminded his hearers of the state in which the empire left the army, and said its present reorganization was all the more thorough because the army felt that the country now possessed durable republican institutions. The vitality and merit of our army, he said, are a surprise to Europe. The speech was received with great applause.

AN OLD CONVERT.

The mayor of Cannes, yesterday, baptized an ex-prince named Breuerick, aged ninety-three years, and a convert to Protestantism, to Mademoiselle Vernet, Protestant, aged thirty-three.

EASTERN QUESTION.

BERLIN, July 17.—An interchange of