Daily Globe.

Official Paper of the City & County

Printed and Published Every Day in the Year BY THE ST. PAUL GLOBE PRINTING COMPANY NO. 17 WABASHAW STREET, ST. PAUL.

Terms of Subscription for the Daily Globe By carrier (7 papers per week) 70 cents per month.

By mail (without Sunday edition), 6 papers per week, 60 cents per month.

By mail (with Sunday edition), 7 papers per week 70 cents per month.

THE WEEKLY GLOBE.

The WEEKLY GLOBE is a mammoth sheet, exactly double the size of the Daily. It is just the paper for the fireside, containing in addition to all the current news, choice miscellany, agricultural matter, market reports, etc. It is furnished to single subscribers at $1, with 15 cents added for pre-payment of postage. Subscribers should remit $1.15.

ST. PAUL, TUESDAY, NOV. 22, 1881.

CONGRESS will meet a week from next Monday.

THE Boston *Post* informs its readers that "Minnesota's new governor is a Readjuster."

GUITEAU'S worthless life has been prolonged another day. The public are impatient to have the hanging hurried up.

THE cranks who are trying to kill Guiteau and always come so wide of the mark may kill somebody else. The newspaper editors who are urging this lawlessness ought to remember this fact.

CAPT. PAYNE and his Missouri and Kansas marauders who were driven out of the Indian Territory last year, have gone back this season and squatted at "Oklahoma City," as they term a row of shanties put up some time since.

THE protective tariff folks announce their purpose to show that a high tariff cheapens manufactures. Now let the farmers set up the claim that flour is cheaper when wheat sells for two dollars per bushel than when it brings only one.

GEN. GRANT grows more childish and imprudent every day. He is now engaged in a personal controversy with the New York *Tribune*. He will find that Jay Gould, with his newspaper and railroads, is much the "bigest" man of the two.

IT doesn't make any difference whether or not congress pays any attention to the demands of the country for legislative action on certain important subjects, so the speakership, committee chairmanships and other official positions are apportioned around where they will do the most good.

THE New York *Times* volunteers the information that the men who composed the recent tariff convention at Chicago are not of a character to wield any great influence on the minds of sensible people. Perhaps not, but the gentlemen aforementioned have eloquent pocket-books and money is what tells in American elections, particularly federal elections. The *Times* ought to be pretty well acquainted with this fact.

THE experience of the Newark and Boston banks demonstrate that it is unsafe to place men in high positions of trust without watching them closely. There should be no squeamishness about looking after a high-toned official. The higher the tone the closer the watch required. Eternal vigilance is evidently the price of the depositors' and stockholders' cash. The man whose accounts are correct will enjoy having the closest scrutiny. The guilty may squirm but they are the ones who need the watching and the sooner their sensibilities are wounded the better.

THERE may have been a good deal of justice in hanging Ed. Maxwell, at Durand, Wis., but it was not a very brave act to seize a man wearing handcuffs and manacles on his ankles, and string him up. Mobs, however, are not brave bodies. It is now stated that in this case they killed their victim before they reached the tree upon which he was hung, and only a lifeless corpse was swung up. They evidently did not intend to take any chances on his being able to kick any one in the ribs as he swung.

THE LATEST BALLOON VENTURE.

The latest proposed venture is made by a British naval captain, who offers to go within five hundred miles of the pole by vessel and there set sail in a balloon for the remainder of the voyage. The drawback is that he desires $150,000 for expenses before he begins. We are sorry that the gallant captain is likely to find his scheme impracticable. For the last thirty years we have been having expeditions to find the north pole. No sooner is one well lost than another is sent to hunt for the last missing party. While Lady Franklin was alive, there was one person who had an abiding faith that some good might result from the search. Her wifely devotion was something to admire, and doubtless led to many searching expeditions; but with her death the personal incentive was taken away, and only the desire to serve science and commerce were left. Just what either one would especially gain from a dozen expeditions among the icebergs, it is not easy to divine. Jim Bennett's ample purse and thirst for notoriety led him to fit out the Jeanette for a trip, and now that the Jeanette is lost, the government has taken up the wild chase.

If the balloon project could be carried out, it would probably end all schemes and give the public a little quiet relative to the chimerical pole. Of course they would be lost, and there would be the advantage that no one would be willing to go in search of them. It might be cheap to invest $150,000 in the wild scheme for the sake of ending this interminable hunt. Millions have been wasted in the effort, and if the sacrifice of $150,000 more, and the lives of a few Englishmen, would be a permanent peace offering, it would be a good investment.

Kid Gloves Reduced.

The grandest bargains ever offered. Prices reduced from $1.50 to 25 cents and 50 cents a pair. The biggest job lot ever offered in St. Paul, at

Lindeke, Ladd & Co.'s.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The Manitoba Short-Line Double Track—Track Layers in the Field—The Winter Bridge at Bismarck—The Passenger Agents—Time Changes—Personals, Etc.

Mr. N. A. Phillips, general baggage agent of the Chicago & Northwestern, is in St. Paul for a day or two on business.

Mr. A. E. Johnson, chief of the emigration bureau of the St. Paul & Manitoba road, returned from Chicago yesterday.

The St. Paul & Duluth company is taxed to its utmost to supply cars for meeting the present demand for coal and wood.

Mr. Smith, traveling passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific company's Iron Mountain route, is advertising his line in St. Paul and vicinity.

Mr. A. C. Mohler, general freight agent of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern road visited some of the railroad offices in St. Paul yesterday.

Mr. J. W. Crippen, agent of the Erie and Milwaukee line, was in his office yesterday for the first time this month, having just recovered from quite serious illness.

General Manager Hill and Vice President Angus, of the St. Paul & Manitoba company, and General Superintendent Van Horne, of the Canadian Pacific, are expected to arrive in St. Paul this morning, returning from a visit to Winnipeg.

The Northern Pacific track up the Yellowstone will, it is believed, reach Miles City by the 1st of December. Although that does not complete the division, it is probable the track from Glendive to Miles City will soon after be turned over to the operating department.

The St. Paul & Manitoba short line double track switch which was on Sunday moved from Como avenue to College Place will, about the 1st of December—probably on Sunday the 4th—be moved to Minneapolis junction. That is to say the new short line will be finished and the double track laid by that time; but a further improvement is to be made next season by making a shorter cut through East Minneapolis to the west side.

Division Superintendent Taylor telegraphs that the winter bridge of the Northern Pacific, across the Missouri at Bismarck, was completed Saturday, so that the first train crossed at 5 p. m., within five days after ferry transfer was stopped by the ice. The bridge is built by driving piles through holes cut in the ice, and on these laying the caps, ties and rails, as on an ordinary pile bridge, thus making it a firm and perfectly safe structure, until the ice begins to break up in the spring.

The St. Paul & Manitoba company has three parties of track-layers in the field besides those engaged on the short line. On the Minneapolis Northwestern branch one party of track-layers are at work in Wright county, five miles beyond Crow river, having laid the track from Minneapolis twenty-five miles. Another party is at work on the Durbin extension in Dakota, thirty or forty miles north of the Northern Pacific. The third party is at work on the branch from Grand Forks to the international boundary. Each of these parties will keep at work through the winter, whenever the weather is not too severe.

The St. Paul association of passenger agents met yesterday at the Union depot, those in attendance being Brown, of the M. & St. P. road, Teasdale, of the C., St. P. & O., Marsh, of the M. & St. L., Barnes, of the N. P., Davies, of the St. P. & M., and Eddy, of the St. P. & D., with Mr Pond, the secretary of the association. The rate sheet was corrected for the December issue, with an addition of round-trip all winter rates to principal points in Florida, Alabama, Louisiana and Texas some miscellaneous business was transacted and December 20 was fixed as the date for the next meeting.

The new time schedule for the Milwaukee & St. Paul road, taking effect Sunday noon, was not received here till yesterday. The changes from the last preceeding schedule are as follows: The St. Louis River division trains will leave at 6 a. m. instead of 7 a. m. and will arrive at 8:30 p. m. instead of 7:55 p m. The eastern or Chicago day express will leave at 12:40 p. m. instead of 1:45 p. m., and the Chicago night express will leave at 7:40 p. m. instead of 8:10 p. m. The Chicago trains will arrive at 6:15 a. m. and 2:50 p. m. instead of 5:50 a. m. and 12:55 p. m. The Glencoe accommodation will leave at 10:35 a. m. instead of 11:30 a. m., and the Dakota train will leave at 4:50 p. m. instead of 5:30 p m. No changes are made in the short line local trains.

THE KELLOGG CONCERT.

A Large and Brilliant Assemblage and a Highly Artistic Entertainment.

The Opera house last evening contained a very large and fashionable audience on the occasion of the first concert of the Kellogg company. Every seat was filled, up stairs and down, with the best citizens of St. Paul, and the aisles were well filled with those who were unable to procure seating accommodations. The opening number was Chopin's andante and polonaise for the piano, which was rendered by Mr. S. Liebling in a manner that could scarcely be surpassed. A duet from "La Favorite," by Miss Clara Poole and Signor Tagliapietra was a satisfactory rendition, and served to reveal to the audience the wonderful capability of Tagliapetra. His voice is full, pure and round—a perfect baritone in every essential. There was not a flaw nor a false note or tone in the selection or any that succeeded in which he took part, and it is only his due to pronounce him not only an artist but one endowed with vocal powers of rare excellence. Vieuxtemps' "Fantasie Caprice" for the violin was most ably interpreted by Mr. Timothie Adamowski. The writer has heard the great author and virtuoso play the same selection, but even he did not excell that of last evening. Mr. Adamowski can congratulate himself on having conceived the spirit of the author to its full. "Quando le Sere," by Brignoli, was too brief, and he was recalled, and sang "Love me once again" in a highly artistic manner. His voice has recovered much of the freshness that used to be its chief excellence, and if he would cultivate better manners and a better stage presence he would no doubt resume his sway as the greatest tenor of the continent.

Miss Kellogg's advent was awaited with some impatience, and when she appeared to sing the polonaise from "Mignon" she was received with loud acclaim. The selection was rendered in a highly artistic manner, and gave the greatest satisfaction, which was attested by an imperative encore, to which Miss Kellogg responded with the charming ballad, "Happy Little Maiden." The rendering was most exquisite, and it was loudly applauded.

"The Palms," by Tagliapietra, was an admirable selection. He sang it with great force and feeling and deservedly won one of the most enthusiastic encores of the evening.

Mr. Leibling followed with a fantasie from Bendel and a gavotte for the left hand, and received a well merited encore, to which he responded. Miss Poole was complimented by a recall for her song, "'Tis I," as was Brignoli for his rendering of "Embarrassment."

Miss Kellogg's rendering of Tosti's "Good Bye," was artistic and in every way praiseworthy. It was in every respect just such a song as touched the hearts of all present. Without seeming to be artistic it was the consummation of art, for it was a melody that appealed to every soul. She was twice recalled, and in response to the second encore sang "'Way down upon the Swaunee river" in a manner that could not be excelled. Adamowski's rendering of his own polonaise was admirable, and elicited an encore. The concluding quartette from "Martha" was given in excellent manner, as was attested by the fact that all persons in the audience remained in their seats till its close.

The next concert of the company will be given on Wednesday evening, with an entire change of programme. As this will be the last opportunity our citizens will have of hearing Miss Kellogg, the Opera house will no doubt be crowded.

Two Families Drowned.

CLAYTON, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Frank Cappernut, keeper of the Hub house, with his wife and two small children, and Charles Wilson, keeper of the Cliff house, his wife and two children, were drowned in Eel bay on Saturday, while going to Gananaque in a small boat.

Go to Fischbein Bros', seven corners, for German knitting-yarn.

FRIENDS REMEMBERED.

Will of the Late Mary E. Presley—Valuable Personal Effects Distributed Among Faithful Friends and Relatives.

The will of the late Mary E. Presley, wife of Bartlett Presley, Esq., was filed for probate yesterday. The will was executed the 30th day of September last, in the presence of C. K Davis and Samuel Morrison, as witnesses. The deceased gives one set of diamond earrings and breast pin to Mrs. Selah Studart, of St. Paul; her large diamond cross and chain and earrings to Mrs. Mary E. McFarland, of Mt. Ayr, Iowa; her large diamond ring to Mrs. Emma Struthers, of Mt. Ayr, Iowa; her small diamond ring, with green setting, to M. B. Stewart, of St. Paul; the other to Hattie McElhany, of Mt. Ayr, Iowa; her watch and chain to Maggie McElhany, of the same place; her diamond shawl pin to Mrs. Joseph R King, of St. Paul; her cameo set of earrings and breast pin to Anna Ray, of Wayzata.

"To my neices, who are children of my own brother and sisters by blood, and to Mrs Joseph R King, in equal shares as nearly as may be, the presents given to me by the firemen or the fire companies, my silver, my wedding presents, laces and all other personal ornaments, and my wearing apparel. These articles are to be distributed by the executors or the probate court."

She further directs that her house and lot on the corner of Aker and Buffalo streets in St. Paul, be sold and the proceeds, and also all money she might have, or to which she might be entitled at the time of her death, be divided among her nephews and neices, the children of her brother and sisters, each to have an equal share of such fund, after there shall have been paid therefrom to Mrs. Emily Ray the sum of $500 of such fund.

She further gives the residue of her property, personal and mixed, unto her husband, Bartlett Presley.

She also names Henry Ray and D. C. Stewart as executors of the will.

GOOD MEN AND TRUE.

List of Petit Jurors for the December Term of the U. S. Circuit Court.

The following persons have been drawn to serve as petit jurors at the December term of the U. S. circuit court, Judges McCrary and Nelson presiding, to commence December 12 at 10 a. m. The jurors are summoned to appear December 15 at 10 a. m.:

B. F McCray, Oronoco; Frank Forbes, Albert Lea; Peter Becker, Belle Plaine; J. Ross Nichols, St. Paul; Horace Downs, Redwood Falls; S M. Emery, Lake City; Charles T. Woodbury, Anoka; U T. Hall, Clear Lake station; Peter Crosby, Kilkenny; J. W. Bean, Nicollet; Patrick Griffiths, Hastings; J. C. Riebe, Glencoe; Henry Shaubut, Mankato; Charles A. J. Marsh, Adam Frenn, Stewartsville; Joseph Gronaver, Minneapolis; Charles Taylor, Anoka; John Wagener, St. Paul; H. Shade, St. Paul; David Bronson, Stillwater; Samuel Hawks, Meriden; H. M. Ranney, Thomas B. Campbell, St. Paul, C. D. Port Lake City; Andrew Nelson, Litchfield; W. H. Mitchell, Elk River; S. R. Terwilleger, Orocoo; D. C. Dunham, Anoka; Charles A. Bovey, Samuel Rothchild, H. E. Wilcox, Charles Warner, Mel. Eddy, J. H. Pearl, A. L. Miner, Minneapolis; Henry S. Ogden, St. Paul.

Wanted an Office.

To the Editor of the Globe.

That crank wanting the office of clerk supreme court has run down and interviewed

Interviewer. Good day sir.

Crank. Who are *you?*

I. Are you the man that wants the office of clerk supreme court?

C. Yes siree; I must have some office.

I. Where did you come from?

C. From Ottertail and know my biz, and my weight is 250 and sixteen ounces to the pound, and don't forget, I am an old trapper.

And away went Mr. Crank muttering something about muskrats and mandamus.

INTERVIEWER.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court.

In the matter of the estate of Gilbert Dutcher, deceased; upon the the accounting of Eliza A. Dutcher, as administratrix, etc, Harvey Officer, administrator of E. A. Dutcher, appellant, vs. C. H McCormick, et al. respondents. Submitted on the part of appellant upon briefs; respondents to file his briefs within thirty days; appellant to have leave to file reply within thirty days after respondent's briefs are served upon him, and cause taken under advisement by the court.

J. N. Haven and W. H. Mapes, partners, vs. J. N. Haven & Co., respondents, vs. E. B. Place. Argued and submitted.

Adjourned to 9:30 this morning.

District Court.

[Before Judge Brill.]

State of Minnesota vs. John Grier. Nolle prosequi entered.

State of Minnesota vs. Patrick Wilkin Nolle prosequi entered.

State of Minnesota vs. John Carter; assault with a dangerous weapon. On trial.

Probate Court.

[Before Judge O'Gorman.]

In the matter of the estate of Mary E. Presley, deceased. Petition for probate of will filed. Hearing December 13, 1881, at 10 a. m.

In the matter of the estate of George Gruber, deceased. Petition for probate of will filed. Hearing December 13, at 10 a. m.

In the matter of the estate of John Q. A. Ward, deceased Petition for administration filed. Hearing December 14th, at 10 a. m.

In the matter of the estate of Samuel M. Flint, deceased. Will admitted to probate and executrix ordered to give bond in the sum of $600.

In the matter of the estate of J. A. Peniston, deceased. Will admitted to probate. Executor's bond filed and approved and letters issued.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander R. Shrever, deceased. Amount and petition filed Hearing December 14, at 10 a. m.

In the matter of the estate of Kaspar Reinhard, deceased. P. A. Evoy appointed administrator *de bonis non*. Examination of amount adjourned to to-day, at 10 a. m.

Municipal Court.

[Before Judge Burr.]

Daniel Anderson; drunk. Five days.

Thomas Connors; drunk. Discharged.

John Murphy; vagrancy. Thirty days.

John Crowley; drunk. Five days.

Wm. Steinwart; drunk and disorderly. Paid $25.

Everett Smith; drunk. Five days.

M. Wail; drunk. Paid $5.

Chas. Lindgreen; drunk and disorderly. Paid $10.

M Johnson; drunk and disorderly. Paid $10.

John Landin; drunk and disorderly. Ten days.

Henry Bernard; drunk and disorderly. Discharged.

Ole Buck; drunk and disorderly. Paid $10

R. S. Leni; larceny. Thirty days.

Patrick Flaherty; larceny. Committed to the grand jury in default of $500 bonds.

H. Holden; drunk and disorderly. Thirty days.

E. Bonn; violating dray ordinance. Fined $10

Dry Goods and Hog Markets.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Hog receipts 36,000; shipments 3,400; 5@10c lower; fairly active; quotably poor; common to good mixed 5 60@6 00; heavy packing and shipping 6.10@6.30; Philadelphias and lard hogs 6.10@6.57; culls and grassers 4 00@5.40. Cattle, receipts 3,500; shipments 1,700; moderately active; generally unchanged; exports 6.00@6.50; good to choice shipping 5.30@5.90; common to medium 4.00@5 20; butchers and feeders slow and steady; 2.25@3.95; grass Texans 3.10@4.25; half breeds 4.00@4.50. Sheep, recepts 600; shipments 600; more active and firmer on choice; common to medium 3.25@3.75; good to choice 4.00@4 75; extra 5.00@5.25. The Drover's Journal foreign cable says the Liverpool market advanced ½c; demand brisk; best American 16½c. Sheep, 17c for best.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Dry goods: The tone of the market quiet but firm. Cotton goods moving steadily on back orders, but new business comparatively light. Prints quiet. Dress goods sluggish. White goods in fair demand for future delivery. Woolen goods and flannels in light demand and firm.

Continued fighting is reported between the Arabs and the French column advancing southward in Tunis.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

A Brick Machine—Discussing the Health of the City.

At the chamber of commerce meeting yesterday morning a letter was read from Chamber Brothers, of Philadelphia, relative to their brick machine. They state that a gentleman who visited St. Paul last summer, found excellent brick clay on Dayton bluff, in the yard occupied by C. W. Jaggar. The letter asked to have a sample of the clay forwarded to them for experiment, claiming that if it is what is represented it will make an article nearly or quite equal to Philadelphia pressed brick. The communication went to the committee on manufactures.

Mr. McClung, from the committee on health reported as follows:

To the president and directors of the chamber of commerce: Your committee charged with the duty of devising a plan for the reorganization of the board of health have held several sessions and fully considered the subject.

Present at the meetings, Doctors Robinson, Hand, Wheaton, Day, Abbott and Murphy. Mayor Rice, City Attorney Murray and Messrs. E F. Drake, W. A. Somers, A. S. Elfelt and J. W. McClung.

It was generally conceded that the city has suffered for some years for the want of an efficient board of health and an active health officer; that in consequence of being virtually deprived of these officers of health, recognized as indispensable in every well regulated city, the city has relapsed into a very filthy and unsanitary condition, the health and the lives of its citizens have been endangered, its mortality increased, and its reputation as a resort for invalids is in danger of being lost. A loose system of architecture involving defective plumbing and household sewerage and ventilation has obtained, and we are nearing the verge of a condition of affairs which may greatly aggravate the present dangers unless timely precautions are at once taken to reverse our present loose system and enter upon a new era of intelligent sanitary work, under the supervision of an able and competent health officer and board of health, with sufficient compensation to the chief health officer to secure the whole time, if necessary, of said officer, and more than a nominal performance of the very thorough duties prescribed by the charter and ordinances of the city. They therefore recommend that the present board of health be abolished, and in place thereof that the mayor, president of the common council, city engineer and health officer constitute the board of health, and that the mayor, by and with the consent of the council, appoint a health officer, empowering him to serve two years, with a compensation of $800 per year, and that our sepresentatives in the legislature be requested to procure such legislation as may be necessary to carry out these recommendations.

By order of the committee.

J. C. MCCLUNG, Chairman.

Supplementary: A bill was prepared by Mr. Murray to carry out this recommendation and handed to our representatives. The delegation was opposed to the bill, because they had just been asked to pass one act raising the salary of the city and county physician to $2,500 to enable him to perform the duties of health officer, and if this programme was carried out, the legislation asked was unnecessary. Your committee would therefore recommend that a standing committee of this chamber on health be requested to report on the powers and duties of the board of health and health officer, and to co-operate with these officers to the end that a speedy and thorough cleansing of the city may be secured and the provisions of the city charter and ordinances on this subject be fully carried out.

J. W. MCCLUNG, Chairman.

This report gave rise to a lengthy debate as to the best means of securing the desired end and the matter was finally laid over for one week.

Mr. A. Oppenheim reported that all the bills for the legislature banquet had been liquidated and a cash balance remained. Adjourned.

TAILORS IN TROUBLE.

A Gang of Six in the Municipal Court, Three of Whom Go to Jail, Two Pay Their Fines and One is Discharged.

Five jolly tailors all in a row, stood up before Judge Burr yesterday morning and answered to the charge of drunk and disorderly. They were Charles Lungren, N. Johnson, John Lungren, Henry Remart and Ole Buck. Sunday evening they were the guests of Hans Holden at his tailor shop, 314 Washington street. A woman, the alleged wife of one of the party, was present. The beer, or something stronger, flowed freely. Along about 10 o'clock, when all were comfortably drunk, the party began to put on their wraps to separate. One of them went to the assistance of the lady in putting on her cloak. The alleged husband took offense at something he saw in this operation, and a general knock-down followed, during which officers Bremer and Nugent stepped upon the scene, and escorted the five above named to the lock-up, and yesterday morning all were arraigned before Judge Burr. Remart was discharged and the other four fined $10 or ten days each. Charles Limgren and Ole Buck, and N. Johnson and John Lungren went to jail. But the circus had not ended. Upon a warrant sworn out by Officer Bremer, charging Holden, the proprietor with keeping a disorderly house, that individual was arrested, and in default of the payment of $25 fine, went to jail for thirty days.

A Division Programme.

[Fargo (Dak.) Argus, Nov. 16.]

Mr. Pettigrew, who visits the Red River valley for the purpose of ascertaining the wishes of his constituents on the question of division, states that he will introduce a bill at the beginning of the session of congress, the first of next mouth: First, to create a territory out of that section of Dakota bound on the south by the Forty-sixth parallel. His impression is that the proper name for this new territory would be North Dakota, and this impression has been confirmed since interviewing various citizens here, as all have expressed themselves in favor of that name There have been suggestions by one or two, that Lincoln or Pembina should be the name.

Second, Mr. Pettigrew will introduce another bill to create a state out of that portion of Dakota south of the Forty sixth parallel, and insist upon the admission of the southern half as an independent state on the ground of her population, wealth and the general desire of her people to accept statehood.

As Mr. Pettigrew's programme coincides with that of the majority of the people so far as has been expressed in public print, it is hoped that he will be able to carry it out. It is absolutely certain that the people of Dakota do not wish the territory, as now constituted, admitted as one state. Whether it is the intention of congress to follow the rulings laid down by the eastern press, or whether it will pay some attention to the wishes of the people living in the territory, as well as the public policy, remains to be seen. But if Mr. Pettigrew will do as he states, he will no doubt have the approval of his constituents.

A Fatal and Inexcusable Blunder.

A sad affair occurred near Wadena last week, which resulted in the death of Mr. J. F. Williams, of Leaf River township. Mr. Williams and a friend from Wadena went deer hunting, and in tracking some deer, became separated. While thus apart, Mr. Williams' companion saw an object through the bushes on the "run-way" not far distant, and taking it for a deer fired, and hit it, but instead of killing a deer as he supposed, upon investigation he found to his horror that he had shot his friend. It seems that the sun shone on Mr. Williams' hunting jucket, making it appear very much like a deer, and led to the fatal mistake. The shot took effect in Mr. W.'s leg, and the unfortunate man bled to death before surgical aid could be obtained. The shooting was purely accidental. Mr. W. was a man of about forty-five or fifty years of age, and highly respected by all who knew him.

Mr. W. Galei, of the Columbus (Ohio) *Dispatch* office, says: "If every medicine possessed the genuine curative properties of St. Jacobs oil, there would be a great diminuation of medical graduates. My wife used it lately in a very severe attack of vertigo, and the result was very gratifying. Rankin, of the *Journal*, had something like the mumps a few days since. He bought a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and it did him more good than all the doctors. It is a splendid thing.

A PLUNGE TO DEATH.

Henry Meyer, a Cigar Maker, Takes His Own Life by a Plunge Into the Mississippi River.

At 8:30 o'clock a wrecked life was ended by a plunge into the icy waters of the Mississippi river. The plunge was made from the platform of the steamboat warehouse at the foot of Jackson street, and the person making the leap, as it afterwards transpired, was Henry Meyer, a cigar maker about 50 years of age. After jumping into the water, Meyer made no effort to save himself, but on the contrary seemed to exert himself to keep his head under water. A teamster saw him jump and gave the alarm, and parties at work about the St. Paul railroad freight house went out in a boat and rescued Meyer, taking him as quickly as possible into the freight house, and a messenger sent for a physician, Dr. Quinn responding. When brought ashore was still breathing and although every effort was made to restore animation, the chill sustained was too much for his debilitated system, and he breathed his last in a few minutes.

The remains were removed to Donnelly & McCarthy's undertaking rooms, where at 12 m. Coroner Davenport held an inquest, at which it was developed that Meyer had been drinking quite heavily for the past two weeks, Sunday morning about 9 o'clock he called at the office of James Harrison's cigar manufactory, 128 East Third street, for whom he has lately been working, and inquired of the clerk, W. B. Albro, for the proprietor, saying he was in trouble. While in the store he talked wildly about parties seeking his life, etc., showing clearly that his mind was unsettled. Yesterday morning, however, he went to work at 7 o'clock, nothing strange being observable in his demeanor. At about 8 o'clock, however, he left the shop and walked down Third to Jackson, and down Jackson to the steamboat platform, and, without a halt or look-back, made the plunge into the river as above.

Meyer was born in Hanover, Germany. He came to this country about 1862, and shortly after enlisted in an Illinois regiment, with which he remained until the close of the war In 1866 he came to St. Paul and opened a small tobacco store, but did not make a success of it In 1879 his wife, who was a delicate woman, lost her reason and was sent to the asylum at St. Peter. She was one of the unfortunate occupants of the south wing when it burned about a year ago. After the fire she was sent back here, and her mental condition being greatly restored, the family, consisting of two boys and the husband, were reunited. After three months her mental troubles had returned and she was again sent to St. Peter, the two boys, 7 and 9 years, going to live, one each, with sisters of Myer's, where they now are.

Since then Meyer has been greatly depressed, to drown which he drank heavily, finally resulting in the tragedy of yesterday morning.

STILLWATER.

David Cover went for the woods to-day with a crew of men.

It is reported that John Glover, of Hudson, will open a law office in the city. There is always room for one more.

The members of the bar waited upon Judge McClure yesterday afternoon and congratulated him upon having been called to sit as one of the judges of the First district.

The Clara Louise Kellogg troupe to-night will draw out one of the most intelligent and select audiences ever assembled in the Grand Opera house. The entire seating capacity of the house will be taken.

There was quite a large number of citizens meet at the Y. M. C. A. room last night to take necessary measures to relieve the poor of the city. Another meeting will be called soon, at which time an organization will be effected.

The Death of Geo. Law.

A New York letter of the 18th gives the following account of the death of Geo. Law, which was briefly mentioned by telegraph: George Law, who died to-night, had been ill ten days, and for twenty-four hours but partially conscious. He is the last to die of a triumvirate of three noted men, whose names are familar in every portion of the country, the other two being Cornelius Vanderbilt and Dean Richmond. The career of Mr. Law, as well as those of Vanderbilt and Richmond, affords one of the most striking instances on record of the opportunities offered in this country for the rapid rise of an energetic man. With only $40 in his pocket when he started out in life, George Law, by sagacity and plucky perseverance, and without a friend in the world but his father and mother, who were unable to aid him, rose, through the force of his own indomitable will and perseverance, until he became one of the wealthiest men in this city, controlling large corporations and wielding a great power in the community. Law began his life-work at the age of 18, after leaving his father's farm, in the city of Troy, as a hod-carrier, worked his way along, saved money, and eventually became a contractor, building locks on the Erie and Lehigh canals. In 1834, with a capital of $28,000, he went to Chicago, but was attacked with fever and returned to New York. He carried on his work of contracting, and amassed a fortune, his chief labor being the construction of the Croton aqueduct and the high bridge over the Harlem river. He subsequently turned his attention to banking and building railroads and steamships. It was his steamer, the Falcon, that, took out the first passengers to California. He afterwards placed a line of steamers on the California trade. In 1853 Mr. Law built the Eighth avenue surface horse-railroad in this city, and was a large owner of it when he died. He also built the Ninth avenue road. In 1856 Mr. Law endeavored to secure the nomination of the Know-Nothing party for president, but failed, and he never meddled in politics after. For the last twelve years he passed a life of practical retirment.

How Grant Looks when Mad.

[New York Dispatch to Cincinnati Gazette.]

A Republican who was with Grant when he first saw the *Tribune* article, and who called his attention to it, said to a reporter: "I asked Grant whether he had read the Washington letter to the *Tribune* reflecting upon him. He said he had not. I handed him the paper and called his attention to the closing paragraph. He sat down, put on his spectacles, lit a fresh cigar, and then began to read leisurely every word. I had always found him a man whom nothing could disturb, but now for the first time I saw him upset. As he went on with his reading his face grew pale, his teeth clenched and his hands quivered with rage. I never saw a madder man in my life. Three or four times he brought his great hand down heavily upon the desk and declared with hoarse emphasis that 'it was a lie, every word of it.'"

Mr. Sherman's Blushing Affirmative.

[From an Interview in the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

"Judge Folger, the secretary of the treasury, will have an easier time than you did. I suppose he will carry out your financial policy?"

"Oh, yes. The difficult points were all settled when and before Windom came in."

"What do those charges amount to in relation to your not paying the carpenters who worked in your buildings as alleged?"

"Don't know anything about it. I never hired them to work on my buildings."

The Best Remedy for Chapped Hands

Is Hegeman's Camphor Ice. It should be rubbed upon the part affected. The warmth of the skin will soften it sufficiently, under ordinary circumstances, but in extreme cold weather it may be necessary to warm it by the fire. If the hands are badly chapped, apply every night, and protect the hands by wearing an old pair of kid gloves. Hegeman's is the best and most popular of all the Camphor Ices made. Hegeman's Camphor Ice is also a cure for sore lips, chapped face, and sunburn. It is compounded with glycerine, which renders it more emolient than any other Camphor Ice, and will be found a most soothing application to the face after shaving.

Be sure to ask for Hegeman's (formerly made by Hegeman & Co., New York, and now made by the Metropolitan Med. Co., of New Haven, Conn.,) and do not be put off with any other compound which may become rancid and do you more harm than good. Hegeman's Camphor Ice never fails.

Gas Fixtures, Portables, Shades at Kennedy & Heather's

LOCAL LEGISLATION,

AN ACT to amend the charter of the city of St. Paul, and several acts amendatory thereof.

Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Minnesota:

Section 1. Whenever the owners or occupants of the majority of the amount of frontage and of assessed value of lots or parcels of land, and the buildings and improvements thereon fronting on any continuous portion of Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Jackson, Robert, Wabashaw, St. Peter and Fort streets, and Dayton and Summit avenues, in this city, and not less than one full block, shall petition the common council to provide for sprinkling such portion of said street, the common council, shall, if they deem it advisable, refer said petition to the board of public works, with instructions to cause a contract, after having giving ten days notice, by at least five publications in the official paper of said city, to be let for a period not to exceed two years for the sprinkling of so much of any street or part of a street as may have been petitioned for by a majority of the owners and occupants as aforesaid.

Sec. 2. The board of public works as soon after the letting and execution of any contract as aforesad, as practicable, shall proceed to make an assessment for the amount of money necessary to defray the cost and expense of such sprinkling, including the necessary expenses of making and collecting such assessment upon that part of the street so sprinkled and which are subject to assessment, and the buildings and improvements thereon by an equal rate on the assessed value of such lots, lands, buildings and improvements without regard to the number or front feet.

Sec. 3. Assessments for sprinkling streets may be in the following form or any other form which the board of public works of said city may adopt:

The board of public works of the city of St. Paul doth hereby assess and levy upon and against the several lots and parcels of land below described and the buildings and improvements thereon, the respective sums of money set opposite each lot or parcel of land. This assessment is levied to defray the expense of sprinkling the streets fronting the said lots and parcels of laud, from , A. D. 188 . According to a contract for sprinkling , from to , for the term of year from , and said lots and parcels of land, buildings and improvements, are assessed by an equal rate upon the assessed value of the lots, lands, buildings and improvements fronting on the portion of the street so sprinkled.

Name of owners, if known.	Description of land.	Lot	Block	Amount	

Done at a meeting of the Board of Public Works this day of , A. D. 188 .

Attest:

President of the Board of Public Works.

Seal.

Clerk of the Board of Public Works.

Sec. 4. When said assessment is completed, the said Board of Public Works shall give six days' notice by at least two publications, to the effect that at a time and place therein set forth, that said assessment will be confirmed unless cause is shown to the contrary, and that objections must be filed one (1) day before such time of meeting with the Clerk of said Board. Such objections shall be made and filed in the same manner and said Board shall proceed in hearing the same and have the same power to correct, confirm or set aside such assessment or proceed *de novo*, as provided in section fifteen (15), chapter seven (7) of the City Charter. Said assessment, when confirmed, shall be final and conclusive and no appeal shall be taken therefrom, a warrant shall issue for the collection thereof and said assessment shall be enforced and collected as other assessment for local improvement.

Sec. 5. All the provisions of the City Charter which relates to the bonds to be given in letting any contracts for local improvement, the power of the Board of Public Works to complete the contract at the expense of the contractor, in case of its not being performed according to its terms in the opinion of the Board of Public Works the retention of the fifteen (15) per cent. until the completion of the contract and the payment of all demands for labor or teams, shall apply with equal force to any contracts for sprinkling streets.

Sec. 6. The Common Council of the City of St. Paul, in addition to its power shall have authority

First—To provide for the inspection of steam boilers.

Second—To levy a tax not to exceed one (1) mill, in any one year to create a fund applicable to the construction or repair of the Wabashaw street bridge over the Mississippi river, and may anticipate the collection of such levy by the issue of certificates of indebtedness in the event of any extraordinary or sudden injury to said bridge, that will require the immediate repair thereof.

Third—To levy a tax not to exceed one (1) sixth (6th) of one (1) mill in any one (1) year for three (3) years, to create a fund applicable to the improvement of the public parks in said city, and the construction of fences and the grading and paving of streets around said parks.

Sec. 7. Whenever the Board of Health shall report to the Common Council, that stagnant or impure water stands upon any lot, lots or parcels of land, thereby created a nuisance injurious to public health, the Common Council may refer said report to the board of Public Works, upon such reference said board shall then proceed to investigate the same, and if they shall determine that such nuisance does exist by reason of any stagnant or impure water standing upon any lot, lots or parcels of land and that the same is injurious to public health, they shall report the same to the Common Council accompanied by a plan for the abatement of said nuisance, together with an estimate of the expense if real estate to be assessed for said improvement be found benefitted to the extent of damages, costs and expenses necessary to be incurred thereby, and also send to the Council a proper order directing the work to be done, and after the Common Council shall order the doing of said work the same proceedings shall be had in relation thereto by the Board of Public Works and City Treasurer as in case of other local improvements as provided for in Chapter Seven (7) of the City Charter, and the acts amendatory thereof.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved November 12, A. D. 1881.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I hereby certify that I have carefully compared the foregoing with the original on file in this Department, and that it is a true and correct copy thereof, and of the whole of the same.

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State this 14th day of November, A. D. 1881.

(Great Seal of State.)

FRED VON BAUMBACH, Secretary of State.

At Newport, R. I., Mrs. Van Allen, daughter of William B. Astor, died suddenly yesterday morning of heart disease.

GLOBELETS.

A Sociafist school has been established in New York.

Marvin, the multudinously married, is making shoes in the Virginia penitentiary.

The wonderful Fontaine locomotion is not a success. It tears up the track too much.

The sultan will admit Jewish emigrants to Turkey,