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ST. PAUL, THURSDAY, FEB. 23, 1882.

There are intimations that Gen. Fitz John Porter is to be reinstated in the army. The injustice already done him can never be fully repaired, but there should be no delay in making such amends as possible.

Wm. H. McARDLE and Wm. A. Ydelatte, announce through the Washington Republican that they are no longer connected with the American Register, they having withdrawn because the publisher of the Register, in their opinion, is not a Democrat.

A conspicuous member of the 306 was assigned comfortable quarters at Moyamensing, near Philadelphia not long since and now Dorsey, another member has been indicted as a conspirator in the star route frauds on the government. This leaves only Filley, of St. Louis, to be provided for.

THE GLOBE sometime since announced that there would be no anti-polygamy meeting in Minneapolis until the Hon. David Blakely returned to take the initiative. His journey east having terminated the Mormons were soundly trounced at a public meeting in Minneapolis last night.

The outrageous extortions practiced by the Minneapolis millers in the grading of wheat and attempting to control all of the elevators in the State is bearing fruit, and that monopoly should be able to see the handwriting on the wall. There are now calls out for three mass meetings of farmers, in widely distant portions of the State, and the storm has just begun. In due time there will be a cyclone.

THE Cox impeachment trial will probably have one good result. It will insure the enactment of a law providing for a commission of some description to hear such cases—probably the Supreme Court. The expenses of the trial will exceed \$40,000 and the senators are so weary of the job that it is almost impossible to maintain a quorum. The \$25,000 appropriated by the legislature was exhausted some time since, and the trial is now going on without money and without price. When the next legislature meets it will have a handsome impeachment efficiency bill to pay.

A PARTISAN ORGANIZATION. The general agent of the Western Associated Press, Mr. Wm. Henry Smith, sends out a profuse apology for the dereliction of the Washington correspondent of the association. The correspondent was deceived and sent a statement of testimony against Senator Sherman, when no such evidence had been given. A great news agency like the Associated Press should always maintain the most scrupulous regard for accuracy, especially when dealing with the reputation of our public men—many of whom cannot afford to jeopardize the little that remains in that direction. But the GLOBE wonders (just a little) whether Mr. Smith would have been so anxious to defend the reputation of the association and vindicate the party erroneously assailed, if it had been a prominent Democrat who had kept him in a fat office for four years?

The Associated Press has been notoriously partisan for years, and its labors have been in behalf of the Republican party. In the campaign of 1876 and the stormy days of the false count and fraudulent decision, the grossest partisanship prevailed in the character of the news sent over the wires. It was a common thing to take special orders from the Cincinnati Gazette and other Republican papers and load them on the wires for general distribution. Mr. Smith indulged in long screeds in the Chicago Tribune and other papers in behalf of Hayes. These communications were not printed as coming from the general agent of the associated press, but they in reality ranked as such, and they served as a practical notice to every associated press agent in the country that if he wished to render himself "solid" with the association, it was only necessary to indulge in partisanship in his telegrams, provided he championed the same side advocated by the general agent. Following the fraudulent counting in of Hayes, Mr. Smith accepted a lucrative office—collector of the port of Chicago—at the hands of Hayes and Sherman, but still maintained his position in the Associated Press. The tacit and implied instructions to every associated press agent for the four years which Mr. Smith held this office, was that they were to bolster up the Republicans upon every reasonable opportunity, and right well they have done their work.

The general agent has issued no apologies and explanations relative to the numerous displays of partisanship relative to Mr. Tilden and other prominent Democrats which have been sent to the association by its agents. Those were evidently not serious, because they assailed the Democracy.

THE GLOBE maintains that above all others the general agent of the Associated Press should neither hold any political office or publicly champion any political party. He should be a collector and disseminator of valuable intelligence and to do this he must be partisanship out of sight. It is an illustration of the impossibility of "serving God and mammon." Mr. Smith has aimed to accomplish this difficult feat but, like a great many others he has signally failed.

THE IMPROVEMENT CONTEST. A Dozen Testimonials of Sobriety Before the Senate Loses its Quorum. The impeachment court met promptly at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, with Virgil Seward on the stand upon article fifteen, and the question undecided at the adjournment of court Tuesday evening, as to whether or not witness should answer the question upon cross examination, that he had said at a certain time a certain person ought to be indicted for selling liquor to an habitual drunkard, viz: Judge E. St. Julien Cox. This was argued by Counselor Arctander and Manager Diffin. The argument concluded, the question was submitted to the court and the objection was overruled.

Senator Castle, addressing the chair, said he did not see how senators could vote, as they had violated every principle of law and rule of practice. The cross-examination of Mr. Seward, the first question being had he not said a certain time that if the grand jury had done their duty they would indict a certain man for selling liquor to an habitual drunkard, E. St. Julien Cox, to which he answered: "I did not." Being allowed to explain his testimony Mr. Seward said that it had been reported that Judge Cox had been on a big drunk, and Rev. Samuel J. Rogers composed to work up a boom against Judge Cox, and get him indicted, in talking about which, as a general principle, he had said that if the grand jury had done their duty they ought to be indicted as well as the inebriate, without making any reference to Judge Cox whatever. The conversation was general in its character, and was merely my opinion as a lawyer.

Continuing his answers to the cross-examination, Mr. Seward said he saw Judge Cox in a saloon in that term of court, but could not say whether he drank or not, but thought he did. The direct—There was nothing in the resolutions of the grand jury having any reference to that term of court. The judge, when he handed the resolution to the bar that he desired the bar to investigate the matter and report their conclusions, and promising that they would find a book keeper charge or specification made against respondent. At this point Senator Castle moved that all questions, answers, etc., upon this point be taken out of the record, and the book keeper charge or specification made against respondent. Senator J. B. Gillfillan seconded the motion. Senator Hines argued the materiality of the evidence. Upon a vote of the yeas and nays, the motion was lost. Ayes 4, nays 19. The resolution of the bar association was then submitted in evidence. Reside at Tracy. A lawyer. Was in attendance at the term of court at Marshall in 1881. Saw the judge at the opening of the court and heard his charge to the grand jury. Thought the judge was perfectly sober during the entire term. His appearance and conduct during the same was the whole term. His rulings were clear and distinct. The cross-examination did not result in bringing out any new facts. FRED. GLEY. Sworn. Reside at Marshall. Formerly resided at New Ulm. Have known Judge Cox twelve years. Saw him at the June term of court at Marshall in 1881. Met him the first day and talked with him. He was perfectly sober. Talked with him for fifteen minutes, the next morning. He was perfectly sober. The bridge over the river was not finished, and foot men had to cross on a temporary foot bridge, two planks side by side. This positively was the case. I saw him on the same day. He testified the new bridge was finished, and that he saw Judge Cox staggering drunk when he crossed it from the railroad train going to the hotel the first day of court.

THE LATEST STORM. With few exceptions, trains were on time yesterday. The Northern Pacific and the St. Paul & Manitoba are clear from snow and the trains arrived and departed on time, except the morning train for St. Paul, on the St. Paul & Manitoba line, which was about an hour late. The St. Paul & Omaha train, due in St. Paul at 11:55 was several hours late, caused by delay and trouble between this place and Chicago. The weather on the Northern Pacific and the St. Paul & Manitoba is clear, cold and bright. At St. Vincent the mercury showed 30° below yesterday morning. Down They Go. The competition that has been quietly existing in regard to freight rates between the Northern Pacific and the St. Paul & Manitoba roads has at last broken out, and it is publicly announced now that freight will be carried between St. Paul and Moorhead at 25c per 100 pounds, and 82c per car. Possibly before the light is over the cut will be still deeper, and that one road will "see" the other till the lights come to be as small as the satisfaction of the two companies. AMUSEMENTS. Entertainment Yesterday. "Only a Farmer's Daughter" was presented at the matinee and again last evening at the Opera house, and gave very general satisfaction. The leading parts were all well sustained, and the piece ran more smoothly than the first night. The company return again Monday night and should be greeted with a crowded house. Religion of the Beautiful. Dr. Miller speaks on the above theme at the First Methodist church to-night. The aesthetics of the city will be out in force to hear his exposition of the basis of the new doctrine which just now claims the attention of society. As a profound thinker and a popular and effective extemporaneous orator, Dr. Miller has few equals in the American platform. His analytic insight, marvellous strength of mind and character, and remarkable oratory may be seen at his best to-night. THE COURTS. District Court. [Before Judge Wilkin, J.] GENERAL TERM. Martin Gradin vs. St. Paul & Duluth railroad company; given to the jury. [Before Judge Brill.] Mary O'Neill vs. J. O'Neill et al.; heard and taken under advisement. STILLWATER. Fred. Coburn has gone to Bloomington, Ill., on a visit. Ed. Root has purchased the Seibold property for the consideration of \$5,000. Quite a party of young folks from Hudson went down to the beach on the 19th. Mat. Clark and wife and Mrs. Isaac Staples have gone to Akin, S. C., for the benefit of Mrs. Clark's health. Only a Farmer's Daughter to-night. The troupe come well recommended and will undoubtedly have a large house. A fellow by the name of Lee came down from the woods and got on a big drunk, and laid out one night and had both ears badly frozen. A surprise masquerade party met at the residence of Warden Reed on Tuesday evening and tripped the light fantastic until about 12 o'clock. Capt. E. V. Holcomb, of the Red River Transportation company, was in the city yesterday buying lumber for building boats for the coming season. THE Minneapolis Anti-Polygamy Meeting. MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 23.—An anti-polygamy mass meeting was held in Plymouth church this evening, at which Mayor Rand presided and stirring speeches were made by Prof. O. V. Tounsey, Hon. E. M. Wilson, Mrs. Mary C. Sims and Capt. J. P. Rex, and letters of regret, in which the sentiments on the evil were clearly expressed, were read from Bishop Foss and John G. Woolley. Strong resolutions, urging upon congress the passage of the Edmunds bill, were adopted by a rising vote, about 1,500 people were present. PENNSYLVANIA Municipal Elections. TITUSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 22.—The democrats elect James H. Caldwell mayor and J. T. Smiley controller by a large majority. The republicans elect J. P. Rex treasurer, and J. B. Smith clerk. The republicans elect four out of five councilmen. ERIE, Pa., Feb. 22.—A light vote was cast at the city election. Recorder Marvin and Treasurer Bayle, democrats, were re-elected by heavy majorities. The select council is a tie. The common council is close, but the republicans will probably have a small majority. The republicans elect four school directors out of six. Party lines were not drawn. An offer to give lands to Jewish refugees comes from North Carolina.

CONFEDERATE SYMPATHY. Maudsone and Valuable Testimonial Presented to Mrs. Garfield by Ex-Confederates—Touching Response by the Bereaved Widow. CLEVELAND, Feb. 22.—C. A. Withers, Jas. D. Campbell, B. F. Krue and Ferdinand Schwartz, a committee appointed by ex-confederate soldiers residing in Cincinnati and its vicinity, arrived this morning bringing with them a memorial tribute to James A. Garfield, in the form of eulogistic and sympathetic resolutions, engrossed on parchment and framed in var-colored Tennessee marble, highly polished and cut from a single block about two feet square, with the United States coat of arms in Mexican Onyx inlaid at each corner. The committee called upon Mrs. Garfield this forenoon, selecting Washington's birthday as an appropriate time, and formally presented the testimonial, Maj. C. A. Withers, formerly adjutant general of Gen. H. Morgan's staff, making the following address. "The unanimity with which these resolutions and regret that I have the honor, madam, of presenting to you this memorial of ex-confederate soldiers of Cincinnati. It is gratifying to me as truthfully and feelingly unite our voices in the expression of our sympathy for those of the many thousands of a common people, and the occasion which calls for such sentiments is as painful in its recollections and as fully deplored by the people of the South as by those of any other section. The resolutions which we have the honor to present were passed and the expressions conveyed therein, speak more than any words of mine, and you can rest assured, madam, that in them is voiced the tribute of the old soldiers of the South to the sterling worth of the late president."

RAILROAD NOTES. E. D. Hollister, of Waverly, Iowa, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago & North-western, is in St. Paul. Messrs. Hill and Marvel, of the St. Paul & Manitoba road, left last night for the east, and will be absent ten days. Geo. W. Cushing, general superintendent of the Denver & Rio Grande road, and formerly superintendent of motive power and machinery for the Northern Pacific road, is in St. Paul on a visit. Mr. R. M. Newport will be back Monday next to resume his position at the head of the land department of the Northern Pacific road. All the general agents will report to him. It is possible that no land commissioner will be appointed in place of Mr. Marble until the attempt to impair the land grant, which is now being made in Washington is ended. Mr. Newport will have charge of the land interests of the company. Mr. Teasdale, the general passenger agent of the St. Paul & Omaha road, is engaged preparing a new passenger tariff between St. Paul and Chicago, by which the fare will be reduced from the present figures. The new rates will take effect on the 1st of March. Other changes will be made of a similar character, that will benefit the public, but no further or more definite announcement can be made at present as to what these changes are to be.

EXCURSIONS. Mr. C. R. Cook, general agent of C. R. Cook & Co., of Chicago, is in St. Paul. This firm runs excursion trains from the east into the western states and territories for the purpose of transporting persons who desire to purchase lands. They sell regular excursion rate tickets, and when the person buys the land, the price of the ticket is received as so much cash toward the payment for the land. The result is that it costs a person nothing for transportation to the place where he makes the purchase. The C. R. Cook & Co. have been running their excursion trains out into Kansas, Nebraska and other states, and the wheat fields of Minnesota and Dakota prove too attractive for them and there is more than a fair prospect of seeing their trains where the bulk of the emigration is flowing. They will start four trains as follows over the Albert Lea route: March 29, April 26, May 24, and June 28. Mr. Cook will remain in St. Paul long enough to complete all the necessary arrangements for the land buyers who he says are coming out in large numbers this summer to get some portion of this land of promise.

THE SPEGAGE DIVORCE. A Decree Agreed Upon—Scandalous Charges Withdrawn on Both Sides. PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 23.—After the equity docket was called Judge Durfee took up the divorce docket and read down as far as Katherine Chase Sprague vs. William Sprague. Winchester Britton, who was present as chief counsel for Mrs. Sprague, said that the counsel for the petitioner were present and ready to proceed immediately. All of the counsel in the case except Mr. Parkhurst, who did not attend court left the courtroom and met down stairs and there a conference was held and the matter was adjusted. Only one prominent witness was present—Tom Handy, the Jehu who drove Mrs. Sprague from Cananochet to Wickford on the night of her memorable flight from Kingston. At 10 o'clock the court returned to the courtroom and the terms of an amicable adjustment had been roughly drawn up. It is learned from the best authority that the following is the basis of the settlement: First, Mrs. Sprague to withdraw her cross suit in toto; second, Mrs. Sprague to have a divorce granted on the grounds of desertion and non-support only; third, the children to remain with their mother, all her clothes, and her personal property now detained at Conanochet; fifth, the question of alimony is not to be considered under this decree, nor to be made part of it, but it is to be subject to the court's order at any time. The court to retain the custody of the three girls, and the governor is to retain the custody of the boy Willie. Judge Hooley, of Cincinnati, who was counsel for S. J. Tilden before the divorce commission, was present in the constabulary in the interests of Mrs. Sprague, and his wise counsels did much towards preventing the breaking of negotiations in the very spirited discussion of the case. Dr. Sprague's counsel until tomorrow without any achieving taken. It is understood that certain personal matters, probably of property, are to be arranged between Mr. and Mrs. Sprague before tomorrow morning, and that then a decree in accordance with the above terms is to be made. If fortune again smiles on the governor, as it is likely to from the present outlook, it is understood that he will provide for his wife and children handsomely.

SIX PERSONS DROWN. PADUCAH, Ky., Feb. 22.—About 4 o'clock yesterday morning, during a heavy, high wind storm, a small flat boat which contained three women named Jennie Brown, Carrie Smithers and Sallie Williams, and two men named Joe Murray and Henry Cox, the latter colored, and of whom were recently from Nashville, Tenn., and were disreputable characters, was blown from its moorings and swept into the middle of the river. A young man named Dodge Little, who came here lately from New Albany, Ind., and was on a flatboat moored near the ill-fated craft, being attracted by the cries for help, went out to the boat, but had his life almost sacrificed in the attempt to save them. He did with a number of citizens aboard search the river after the accident for two miles below, but failed to find either the bodies of the men or women, or the boats.

A Toledo Nor'easter. TOLEDO, O., Feb. 23.—A severe storm of rain and sleet, accompanied by a furious north easterly gale, set in here Monday afternoon and continued through the night. By midnight the telegraph and telephone wires were loaded with ice and began to give way. The wire on various routes leading into the city were also prostrated, communication being entirely suspended since yesterday morning. The storm embraced a radius of thirty to fifty miles around the city in all directions. Numerous gangs of men are at work in the city and vicinity, but the wires on all the routes will soon be in working order. Shade trees and shrubs are being cut down, and the principal damage will fall upon the telegraph and telephone companies.

One of the most fashionable tonorial establishments in Philadelphia, Pa., is that of Mr. Chas. Binder, at the northeast corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, under Guy's hotel. Mr. Binder was a soldier in the late war, and for some years past he has had constant reminders of his exposure in the field in the way of rheumatic pains in different portions of his body. He has been unable to get very difficult to obtain relief. Latterly the disease mentioned attacked his knee-joints, and Mr. Binder suffered night and day. He had both read and heard about the remarkable properties of Dr. St. Jacobs' Oil, and he decided to try it. Mr. Binder says he is very glad he did so, for he has found that rheumatism, St. Jacobs' Oil could not both hold possession of his knee-joints at the same time, and whenever the Oil made a movement in that direction, he would get a severe attack of rheumatism. The disease made several attempts to regain its old position, but was each time routed by the Great German Remedy and has broken camp and departed entirely. Mr. Binder now has an excellent opinion of St. Jacobs' Oil, and whenever he hears one of his customers complain of rheumatism he exclaims: "Try St. Jacobs' Oil."

THE SAUK CENTER. One of Minnesota's Flourishing Towns—Railway Progress and Other Developments. [Correspondence St. Paul Globe.] SAUK CENTER, Feb. 21.—Business at the Center is lively at present, and a glance shows the town improving in every respect. New business houses are being opened every day, and substantial brick structures are rapidly taking the place of the primitive wooden ones. The railroads being built viz: The St. Paul & Manitoba branch to Long Prairie and beyond, and the Little Falls & Dakota, gives business a boom, and promises at no distant day to make this the great retail of St. Cloud. The mills keep grinding away, and help to retain a part of the farmers' hard earned profits in the country. The "Millers' association" are out of funds, and "don't buy" at present. Here, and elsewhere, therefore, have out the price up to \$1.13 for No. 1, which is only worth about \$1.07. Such generosity is not without its reward and the farmers up here hope they can borrow a little money somewhere so that they can make their wheat good and give them a chance to get back a part of what they have robbed them of. Inspector Richardson and party are just from a trip over the Sauk Center & Northern Minnesota branch and report a large quantity of fine, first class quality on the ground. The line will be down to Long Prairie by July 1. S. Pendergast, of Pendergast, Killo & Co. (which is the Sauk Center bank) has gone to California to make a report on the quality of the wheat in a few weeks. This firm, by the way, are in the wheat market here and are trying to force it up a little and the fact is being generally appreciated. The grade of wheat produced in the section is very good, and the farmers will prosper if it is really brought ought to make the farmers prosperous. Capt. Coe is at it again and is moving back this time Barnes' hotel and puts up a three story tower at Alexandria. After all it won't be much of a raise, from three (3) to thirteen hundred dollars (\$1,300), when he might just as well have made it thirteen thousand (\$13,000), and the Sauk Center bank and other business men will prosecute him just as quick as they would for the larger sum. "What fools these mortals be."

STILL IN MOTION. The Farmers of Rice, Goodhue and Dakota Counties to Hold a Mass Convention. [Northfield Cor. St. Paul Globe.] The farmers in this region are thoroughly aroused and propose to follow the example of other counties and hold a convention. The following is the call: We, the undersigned, citizens of Rice, Goodhue and Dakota counties, viewing with alarm the action of the Millers' association in this state in grading wheat and believing this great interest is controlled by a few parties in the interest of the millers and railroad companies in our state; therefore, we invite all farmers to rally at Northfield on Saturday, the 4th of March, 1882, at 10 a. m., at the place designated by a red flag, to consider the question of the wheat and millers' interests of our state. Signed by the following prominent farmers: Geo. Chamberlain, N. M. Gay, Jos. Alexander, C. Miller, John Riddell, A. W. Ruby, Robert Carmichael, S. Reynolds, Alex. Stewart, Tom Delaney, A. B. Lewis, Isaac Benoit, John Simpson, Isaac Manchester, T. G. Child.

NORTHFIELD. NORTHFIELD, Feb. 23.—Messrs. Wm. Rice, J. W. Ford, Fred. Stranahan, and Ole Shierly, left for Butte City, M. T., to-day. Mr. S. A. Randall, one of Northfield's favorite farmers, has been in town to-day. The Orient Encampment, I. O. O. F. ball and drill, was a grand success last night. Tom Lee, son of the reported W. C. Lee, of Butte City, M. T., who recently pulled from his throat a live snake, has been, and is now visiting in this place. He confirms the story as true, that the snake was eight inches long and as large as a man's thumb. When we see our old gray headed men with two pair of spectacles on at the same time, what a Pioneer Press before them, what must we think? "Once I was blind," but now I'm blinder.

FINANCIAL & COMMERCIAL. ST. PAUL, Wednesday, Feb. 23. The transactions on the St. Paul board of trade yesterday were not important. Everything was dull and lifeless. Receipts were light and prices generally remained unchanged: Wheat—No. 1, 1.30; No. 2, 1.20; No. 3, 1.15; No. 4, 1.10; No. 5, 1.05; No. 6, 1.00; No. 7, 95c; No. 8, 90c; No. 9, 85c; No. 10, 80c; No. 11, 75c; No. 12, 70c; No. 13, 65c; No. 14, 60c; No. 15, 55c; No. 16, 50c; No. 17, 45c; No. 18, 40c; No. 19, 35c; No. 20, 30c; No. 21, 25c; No. 22, 20c; No. 23, 15c; No. 24, 10c; No. 25, 5c; No. 26, 0c; No. 27, 0c; No. 28, 0c; No. 29, 0c; No. 30, 0c; No. 31, 0c; No. 32, 0c; No. 33, 0c; No. 34, 0c; No. 35, 0c; No. 36, 0c; No. 37, 0c; No. 38, 0c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c; No. 41, 0c; No. 42, 0c; No. 43, 0c; No. 44, 0c; No. 45, 0c; No. 46, 0c; No. 47, 0c; No. 48, 0c; No. 49, 0c; No. 50, 0c; No. 51, 0c; No. 52, 0c; No. 53, 0c; No. 54, 0c; No. 55, 0c; No. 56, 0c; No. 57, 0c; No. 58, 0c; No. 59, 0c; No. 60, 0c; No. 61, 0c; No. 62, 0c; No. 63, 0c; No. 64, 0c; No. 65, 0c; No. 66, 0c; No. 67, 0c; No. 68, 0c; No. 69, 0c; No. 70, 0c; No. 71, 0c; No. 72, 0c; No. 73, 0c; No. 74, 0c; No. 75, 0c; No. 76, 0c; 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