# Sunday Globe.

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## BLISS BOILS OVER.

*ENERGETIC LANGUAGE IN THE STAR ROUTE CASES YESTERDAY.*

**Bliss Vows He'll Do His Duty, No Matter How Much He's Abused By Newspapers—All the Prosecuting Attorneys Take a Shot at the Motions to Quash the Indictments—The Defense Does Some Talking, Too—The Committee on Mississippi Improvements Stay at Washington to Defense—Aid—Railroad Right of Way Through Reservations—Public Debt Statement—Reprieve For Lamson—General Capital News.**

*Star Route Cases.*

TALK OF THREE ATTORNEYS.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—In the Star route cases this morning Kerr began, opening for the prosecution, and discussed at length the subject of the conspiracy, claiming that it did not follow, when overt acts were set up, that the prosecution must establish the fact that a crime or misdemeanor was actually committed in order to prove conspiracy. The overt act need be simply something to show consent of action in logical movement, to carry out a conspiracy. The act, in itself, might or might not constitute a crime. Kerr then discussed the indictments, denying their insufficiency or vagueness, as claimed by the defense.

Kerr was followed for the prosecution by Merrick, who began his argument with a review of the point raised by the defense that the finding of the indictment was irregular, because of a failure to comply with the requirements of the Revised Statutes of 1772. Counsel reviewed the facts connected with the finding of the indictments, and insisted that no irregularity could be proved, even under the statute pleaded by the defense. Passing to the question as to whether the Maryland statute is still in force in the District of Columbia, counsel claimed that no man before the bar, not even the honorable judge upon the bench, had ever heard the statute of 1772 pleaded in this district. Counsel had for many years practiced in the courts of Maryland and had spent some time in the preparation of a digest of the laws of Maryland during its criminal practice, and he had never heard of this statute of 1772. There was not a word upon this act in any of the Maryland reports, and no district attorney of the state of Maryland or of the District of Columbia had ever practiced under it. The practice in the United States courts was defined by the statutes, and all laws of Maryland repugnant thereto are *ipso facto* repealed. Merrick alluded to what he called the claim of the defense, that the judiciary must not investigate the acts of the executive, so that in the case of Brady he could not be tried for his official acts or for the excess of his discretion, whether good or bad, in the discharge of his official duties. This, said Merrick, is not what we are trying him for, but we are trying him for a crime. We are trying him for a conspiracy. The overt act, so far as shown, may have been done under the cloak of his official position. In conclusion Merrick said: Gentlemen, let us go before the jury as soon as possible, and if these men are innocent, let them be acquitted, and let the country be relieved of this great scandal.

While Merrick was speaking Attorney General Brewster entered the room and took a seat with the counsel for the prosecution.

Bliss on behalf of the prosecution began the closing argument upon the motion to quash the indictment, commencing with an exhaustive and technical defense of the indictment as a good and valid one.

Bliss said if the doctrine advanced by the defense should be accepted by the courts and country it would only be necessary for a public officer to resign to escape absolutely from all liability for criminal acts done while in office, for he could not be impeached after he had resigned, and could not be tried by the courts, because the acts were done while an executive officer, and, as the defense claims, in the exercise of a discretion which was his by law; "and just here I want to remark," said Bliss, with some excitement, "I want to tell the defense that no amount of abuse that may be heaped upon the gentlemen who are conducting this prosecution will deter them from the discharge of their duty." In explanation of this remark, he further stated that a newspaper writer upon a paper owned and controlled by Gen. Brady had publicly asserted last night that he had received instructions from Brady to abuse every man connected with the prosecution, and that he should write an article for to-morrow's *Capital*, in accordance with these instructions, and that the writer said Bliss "is an unreformed inmate of nearly every inebriate asylum in the country."

A sharp colloquy ensued between Bliss and Wilson as to which side was responsible for beginning newspaper abuse and personalities, but was adopted by Judge Wylie, who remarked, "Gentlemen, this thing has gone far enough. This is not the place for arguments of that character."

Bliss concluded his argument with the assurance to the defense, that if upon presentation of evidence for the prosecution it should seem to him insufficient, he (Bliss) would most cheerfully move to dismiss, with additional satisfaction arising from the fact that he had heretofore enjoyed with one of the defendants social relations of the pleasantest character.

Judge Shellabarger then began the closing argument for the defense. He urged the insufficiency of the indictment under section 5,440, inasmuch as it did not set forth a crime defined by the section, and one for which punishment was defined. This, Shellabarger, is one of the oldest and most inexcusable invasions by a court of the power of the executive. Whether or not this is a crime depends on whether or not it was a good thing to expedite mails. You are going to have the court and jury try a question which the courts have said it is impossible for the courts to touch. An executive officer is responsible to the highest and most fearful ordeal the ordeal of impeachment. That is a proceedure which the law has prescribed as against Brady and his superior officer, if they did not follow according to their judgment what they thought proper and just in the light of the public welfare. It is impossible to predicate fraud on the allegations of the indictment, where the discretion of an executive officer is in question, no court can by civil action, by mandamus, by injunction, by grand and traverse juries, or by any other way invade the functions of the senate in trying this high offense for the corrupt abuse of his discretion. The senate is where the constitution has placed the remedy. Let it stand there. It is not judicial decency to try this man here. It is consigned to another tribunal. It belongs to the senate, and let it stay there.

Judge Wylie said he would consider the arguments, and decide on them hereafter, giving counsel two or three days' notice of the time he would render his decision. Adjourned.

*The Public Debt.*

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The following is the regular monthly debt statement:

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|---|---|
| Int'd six per cent. bonds | $10,900,000 |
| Int'd five per cent. bonds | 401,508,900 |
| Four and a half per cent. bonds | 250,000,000 |
| Four per cent. bonds | 738,895,450 |
| Refunding certificates | 542,360 |
| Navy pension fund | 14,000,000 |
| Total interest bearing debt | $1,414,743,790 |
| Matured debt | 12,665,615 |
| Legal tenders | 346,740,851 |
| Certificates of deposit | 1,140,000 |
| Gold and silver certificates | 73,522,290 |
| Fractional currency | 7,064,878 |
| Total without interest | $2,004,877,424 |
| Total debt | $1,965,886,354 |
| Total interest | 13,071,329 |
| Total cash in treasury | $253,291,761 |
| Debt less cash in treasury | $1,726,265,422 |
| Decrease during March | 16,492,945 |
| Decrease since June 30, 1881 | 114,332,289 |
| Current liabilities— | |
| Interest due and unpaid | 1,313,299 |
| Debt on which interest has ceased | 52,075,6 5 |
| Interest thereon | 612,275 |
| Gold and silver certificates | 73,552,.90 |
| United States notes held for the redemption of certificate deposits | 11,140,000 |
| Cash balance available Feb. 1st | 154,038,261 |
| Total | 293,291,761 |
| Available assets— | |
| Cash in treasury | 253,291,761 |
| Bonds issued to Pacific railroad companies, interest payable in lawful money— | |
| Principal outstanding | 64,623,512 |
| Interest accrued and not yet paid | 969,252 |
| Interest paid by the United States | 63,4.5,977 |
| Interest repaid by the companies by transportation services | 14,837,676 |
| By cash payments, 5 per cent. of net earnings | 655,198 |
| Balance of interest paid by the United States | 57,883,301 |

*General Capital News.*

SUPPORT OF THE SUFFERERS.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The secretary of war ordered 250,000 rations delivered to-day to the state commissioners of Louisiana. The secretary received $500 from the relief committee at Yankton for the sufferers of the Mississippi valley, with the request that it be placed at the disposal of the Red Cross organization.

SENSIBLE AND SATISFACTORY.

The house committee on improvement of the Mississippi river has decided that it will be more effective for the committeemen to remain in Washington and look after the appropriations for the overflowed districts than to proceed to the Mississippi river for the purpose of examining and reporting as to the cause of the present flood. Representative King's resolution providing for the appointment of such a commission was consequently rejected.

RIGHT OF WAY THROUGH RESERVATIONS.

The house committee on Indian affairs had decided by a majority vote to report to the house with a favorable recommendation the bill recently reported to the senate by the railroad committee, granting the right of way by the St. Louis & San Francisco railway company through the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations. The minority, two members, will submit a statement in opposition to the passage of the bill.

THE CABINET WATCHES CARP CATCHING.

The water was drawn off from the carp pond this afternoon, preparatory to distributing the fish over different parts of the country. The process of catching the fish and placing them in tanks for transportation was an interesting sight, and witnessed by a number of prominent officials, including the president, several members of the cabinet and Prof. Baird, fish commissioner.

DETAILS OF DEBT STATEMENT.

The debt statement shows a decrease of the public debt during March of $16,462,946; cash in the treasury, $253,291,761; gold certificates, $5,166,920; silver certificates, $30,655,370; certificates of deposit, $1,114,000; refunding certificates, $542,350; legal tenders, $346,681,016; fractional currency, $7,064,898; cash balance available, $154,038,681.

PLANET FOUND BY POLISANS.

The Smithsonian Institute has received from Prof. Foerster, of Berlin, the announcement of the discovery by Polisans, on March 30th, of a planet of the twelfth magnitude, 12 hours, 52 minutes, right ascension, 9 degrees, 9 minutes, north declination.

POSSIBLE SPEEDY CONCLUSION.

The house committee on foreign affairs will meet Monday, but it is not expected that Shipherd will appear again for several days. Some members of the committee are of the opinion the facts contained Minister Hurlbut's letter in regard to the Cochet claim, will greatly facilitate the investigation, and lead to its speedy conclusion.

LAMSON LIVES A LITTLE LONGER.

Secretary Frelinghuysen has received a cable dispatch from Minister Lowell, announcing that in deference to the request of President Arthur a respite of a fortnight has been granted in the case of Dr. Lamson.

HIS RAIMENT AS A RELIC.

Guiteau has sold the suit of clothes he wore when he shot the president to Coup's circus for exhibition, and McDonald, the sculptor, is here making busts of Garfield and Guiteau for Coup for exhibition.

BREVITIES.

It is understood that John J. Pratt, the poet, will be nominated on Monday as consul at Cork, Ireland.

Congressman Blackburn was to-day removed from the house where he has been lying ill, on account of the unhealthiness of the locality.

About 500 clerks, mostly females, have been furloughed because the appropriation for printing the internal revenue stamps has been exhausted.

The secretary of the interior decides the Atlantic & Pacific railroad company have not forfeited the right of way through the Indian territory, but it would be well for the company to effect an arrangement with the Indian tribes, so as to avoid their opposition.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

**Payment to Freedman's Bank Creditors—Bills Reported—St. Vincent a Port of Entry—Work on Washington Monument—Consideration of Army Appropriation Bill.**

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The senate bill passed to facilitate the payment of dividends to creditors of the Freedman's Savings and Trust company.

The following bills were reported:

By Willett—Supplementary to the apportionment bill in accordance with the ninth census, so as to accord an additional representative to Nebraska. Ordered printed and laid over as unfinished business.

Hammond submitted a minority report, by Muldrew, for the relief of William McGarrahan. Private calendar.

A bill passed making St. Vincent, Minn., a port of entry.

The senate amendments to the house bill to promote the efficiency of the live saving service were non-concurred in.

A bill was reported making an appropriation of $150,000 to continue work on the Washington monument for the fiscal year. Ordered printed and recommitted.

The house went into committee of the whole on the army appropriation bill. After debate the bill was read for amendments. Mr. Holman raised a point of order against the provision relating to compulsory retirement

Mr. Calkens offered an amendment excepting from the provision the general and lieutenant general of the army, but providing that they may be retired at the age of 65, in the discretion of the president. Pending action the house adjourned.

*The Merry Moonshiners.*

FRENCHBURG, Ky., April 1.—Last night in a moonshine whisky shop, a fight with pistols and bowie knives commenced between about a dozen desperadoes over a game of cards and was continued in the streets by moonlight. Two of the combatants, Bill Thompson and Martin Jones, were each shot twice and the latter mortally wounded. Bill Duncan had his abdomen laid open with a bowie knife. Doors of houses were broken open and some of the citizens fled to save their lives. It is believed a man named Murphy was killed and carried away. Many of the roughs who escaped were wanted.

*Movements of Military Magnates.*

WILCOX, Ariz., April 1.—Gen. Sherman and party arrived to-day accompanied by Gen. Wilcox. The party left immediately for Fort Grant, where they will spend Sunday. They leave Monday for camp Thomas and San Carlos reservation.

## AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Attendants upon the entertainments at the Opera House, the past week, had an opportunity to witness and compare the merits of two favorite American dramas, "My Partner," written by Bartley Campbell, and undoubtedly his best production, and "Uncle Daniel; a Messenger from Jarvis Section," by Mr. E. A. Locke. The Americanisms are most pronounced, without being coarse or vulgar, in both productions, and both inculcate healthy sentiments, and appeal to the better qualities of the head and heart, without being accompanied, as is the case with most of the foreign dramas of the day, with nauseating doses of sickly sentimentality and downright depravity, often so prominent and pronounced, as to entirely submerge all the real good there is in them. "My Partner" and "Uncle Dan'l" are healthy plays, and their teaching is all up towards a higher plane, not down.

The presentation of "My Partner" was in all respects most enjoyable, Messrs. Aldrich and Parsloe and their support leaving nothing undone in their part to correctly portray the character created by the author, in which they were most successful.

"A Messenger from Jarvis Section" introduced Barney McAuley in his great role of Uncle Dan'l, a role well fitted to the man, and in which he has won deserved commendation from critical audiences in all the principal cities of the Union. The opening night witnessed a flattering success—a large and enthusiastic audience and a good presentation. On the second night, Friday, shortly after the doors were opened, the announcement was made to those already in the house that Mr. McAuley was unable to appear on account of a severe hoarseness resulting from a chill after a Turkish bath, and the doors were closed, those in the house being refunded their money, while holders of reserved seats were informed by the management they could have new seats for the closing performance last night, or their money, as they should elect yesterday. Mr. McAuley was all right, and gave two good performances, but to small houses. Why was this? It was because an impression is gaining ground that Mr. McAuley is unworthy the generous encouragement that has been extended him since his return to the stage upon his managerial failure—not that he is not a good and pleasant actor, but that he is yielding up his better self to the control of strong drink. The GLOBE does not say that the inability of Mr. McAuley to appear Friday night was due to strong drink. But the charge has been prominently and most emphatically made that he has been unable to appear in other cities from that cause. That charge preceded Mr. McAuley's visit here on this occasion. Evil news always travels fast, going further in a day than a good deed will follow it in a week. Mr. McAuley's failure to appear Friday night confirmed many in the belief that the charge was true. It was that confirmation that blighted the houses yesterday. It will continue to blight his business in the future if he is not extremely cautious. He has friends scattered all over this country, anxious to give him every encouragement. He has enemies, too, who are closely watching his movements ready to give him a kick downward whenever an opportunity offers. Coming on the heels of the charges published elsewhere of drunkenness the failure to appear here Friday night gives his enemies the opportunity desired and causes doubt in the minds of his friends. Mr. McAuley owes it to his friends that he shall so conduct himself on all occasions that such a charge would be impossible. Give no occasion for it. His last card is being played. Failure now, from such a cause, especially, would be almost beyond remedy. It is with Mr. McAuley himself whether it shall be success or failure. The GLOBE sincerely hopes it will be success.

For the coming week we are to have but two evenings of theatricals—to-morrow and Tuesday evenings—on which occasions Miss Annie Pixley, one of the sprightliest and best comedy actresses on the American stage, in her great character of "M'liss, the child of the Sierras." Standing room is the order wherever she appears, and St. Paul will prove no exception.

Thursday evening the Opera House will be occupied by Hon. Schuyler Colfax in his lecture "The Martyred Presidents:—Lincoln and Garfield." Mr. Colfax holds rank among the best of American orators, and with such a subject as his theme, should certainly be greeted by a large and intelligent audience. An exchange says: "Our Martyred Presidents" was delivered at the Opera house last evening, for the benefit of the poor, to one of the finest audiences ever assembled in this city. The Opera house was not only full, but filled with the best people of the city, and for an hour and a half the eloquent lecturer dwelt on the hallowed memories associated with the names of Lincoln and Garfield, to the edification and pleasure of the hundreds of people present, who paid the most unwavering and earnest attention throughout. No one can help being a better citizen after hearing this lecture, and no one but feels a thrill of saddened pride that he was a fellow citizen with the two noble men whose lives and characters are so vividly portrayed."

*Annie Pixley.*

This charming comedy actress appears at the opera house to-morrow and Tuesday evenings in her greatest character, "M'liss, the Child of the Sierras." The Philadelphia *Record* says:

"Annie Pixley is always and deservedly a favorite in Philadelphia. Her personal attractiveness has much to do with it—as much, perhaps, as her excellence as an actress. M'liss is probably her most acceptable as well as most celebrated specialty, and she has long since won fame in the presentation of the title role. Her reappearance last evening at the Walnut in this character was the occasion of an ovation which must have been highly gratifying to her, and showed the hold she has on the public. She is well supported by Mr. John E. McDonough, a sterling actor, as Yuba Bill, and the remaining characters are well sustained."

*Keene, the American Tragedian.*

The coming dramatic event is the appearance in this city of the great Shakesperian actor, Mr. Thos. W. Keene, opening Monday evening April 10th for three nights and matinee. For the past eighteen months he has been playing in the largest and most critical cities in the country, and in such characters as Hamlet, Richelieu, Shylock, and Macbeth he has attained a degree of popularity such as few men now before the footlights have attained and the critical estimate of his ability has placed him above in most of the parts his rivals in America. He is an actor with the originality of Henry Irving and his force, vigor and magnetism is likened by his judges to that of Edmund Kean. This is high praise indeed, but when we consider how he has drawn the people to witness his performances wherever he has appeared, and how he took hold on our citizens a year ago, we must admit that there appears to be truth in the estimate. Keene is an actor presenting a fine physique, a wonderfully expressive face, a clear, resonant voice, and his acting is said to excel in emotional quality, in feeling, in magnetism, in subtlety of execution and in delicacy of touch. He will be seen here in Othello—in which he has received lavish praise—Macbeth and Bertuccio, both of which have been described as grand examples of highly wrought dramatic art. Keen's company is said to be exceptionally fine in its general ensemble, and it comprises several well known people who have much reputation as Shakspearian exponents.

*Hazel Kirke.*

The "Hazel Kirke" company, soon to appear at the Opera house, comes authorized directly from the Madison Square theater, New York city, where it was drilled for weeks previous to its departure, a fact that will be very generally accepted as a guarantee of a finished performance.

*Abroad.*

Oscar Wilde and Pinafore are at San Francisco.

Little Corrinne and Mary Anderson are at Detroit.

Lotta and "Hazel Kirke" divided the business at Cleveland last week.

Edwin Crabtree, brother of Lotta, has decided to go into business at Chicago.

Edwin Booth and Kate Claxton were the leading attractions at Chicago last week.

The Vokes family are working their way back east. Their last stand was at Buffalo.

In Bismarck the rule is to have entertainments too vulgar for ladies to attend. When they make an exception they style it "Ladies night."

The papers still insist upon giving detailed accounts of the embarrassment of Jack Haverly. There is an evident drawing in of his lines which gives color to the reports of embarrassment in spite of the denials.

Signor Angelo, who is Mr. Mapleson's factotum, is richer than his employer. He is said to be worth over $100,000, and he makes a fortune every year by introducing Italian imported articles in the cities the company visits. This year he sold 15,000 cases of vermouth at a profit of $1 a case.

Upon the heels of Coup closing a disastrous circus season in New York city Barnum enters the lists. He erected a bill board at a cost of $6,000 and got up a street parade at a cost of $4,000, and in two weeks had taken in $107,000. He has five advertising cars and one hundred and fifty men in advance of his show.

## THE GOLDEN CITY GRIEF.

**Findings of the Coroner's Jury—Capt. McIntyre Takes Exceptions Thereto—Renewed Attempts to Reach Dead Bodies in the Wreck—Disposition of the Criminally Careless Watchman.**

VERDICT OF THE CORONER'S JURY.

MEMPHIS, April 1.—The coroner's jury who have been holding an inquest for the past two days on the remains of the woman found floating in the water at the wreck of the Golden City, returned a verdict this afternoon to the effect that she came to her death by violent means, to-wit: By inhaling flaming fire on the steamer Golden City on the morning of March 30; that said fire was caused by Wash. Smith (colored captain of the watch) handling a lamp and setting fire to a lot of jute then and there stored in a room, and said jute not covered as it should have been to avert an accident of fire; that stored with the jute was a lot of tar and oil barrels; that the manner in which said jute, tar barrels, etc., were loaded, and the absence of the proper coverings, and the absence of special orders in regard to carrying lamps through the boat, are evidences of most positive criminal carelessness on the part of the mate and other officers of said boat, whose duty it was to look after the loading and management of the boat in such a way as not to endanger human life.

Capt. S. C. McIntyre, of the ill-fated steamer Golden City, in an interview to-night, states that the verdict of the coroners jury rendered this afternoon does him great injustice. The examination of witnesses was conducted by Attorney General Turner, of the criminal court who is a brother-in-law to Mrs. L. E. Kouns, who, together with her three children, was lost in the disaster. The captain had no attorney present at the examination, and says he is willing to abide by the report of the United States inspectors, who are now giving the matter a most thorough and searching investigation.

BODIES AT THE BOTTOM OF THE RIVER.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 1.—All hope of the recovery of the dead bodies from the wreck of the Golden City has been abandoned. No further attempt will be made until the river falls sufficiently to permit divers to work with some show of success.

The captain of the watch, whose arrest has been mentioned, remains in jail to await the action of the grand jury, which meets Monday morning.

At the request of several relatives of those who lost their lives by the burning of the Golden City,

ANOTHER ATTEMPT

will be made on Monday to recover the dead bodies. United States Inspectors Garrett and Ralston are thoroughly investigating the cause of the disaster.

*Pierced by a Pick.*

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 1.—Dunbar comes to the front again with another murder. Friday morning three men, whose names are Martin, Landers and Franks, were at work, when Martin and Franks got into a dispute which finally ended in blows. Franks was getting the best of Martin; and Landers attempted to part them; failing in this he picked up a pick and struck Franks over the head. The wounded man lived several hours and died during the night. This morning Landers was arrested and lodged in jail.

*Caravansary Consumed.*

PITTSBURGH, April 1.—The Eleanora Springs hotel, at Haysville, twelve miles from this city, the property of D. H. Toomey, of Pittsburgh, was totally destroyed by fire this morning, about 3:30 o'clock. The building was a handsome frame structure, of 150 feet frontage, and was valued, along with the furniture, at $38,000. No boarders were in the hotel when the fire occurred, as the season had not yet opened. The origin of the fire is believed to be incendiary, as flames were discovered in three distinct portions of the house at once. The loss is partly covered by insurance.

## REPORTS OF WORSE DISASTER.

**Affairs in the Overflowed Mississippi Districts not Mending so Steadily as Reported—Water Higher Than in 1874.**

NEW IBERIA, La., April 1.—The Teche is still rising rapidly, eleven inches in twenty-four hours. Father Coughlin, parish priest at Larenoville, on the east side, eight miles from here, reports 1,200 persons now homeless on account of the flood and applications for shelter in his church and stables are numerous. He is asking local contributions. Their distress is represented as appalling. The Red river water through bayou Cour Tableau, as well as that of the Mississippi through the Alchafalaya and Grand lake will certainly bring us to the level of the lake. We are now past the high water mark of 1874 and will probably exceed it two feet or more.

FRANKLIN, La., April 1.—The water is rising one inch per hour. Thirty-six hours will submerge Franklin and the back country. The prospect is alarming. At a meeting of citizens of St. Mary's parish to-day it was resolved that the embankment of the Louisiana & Texas Railroad company is the most serious obstruction to the free flow of water from the inundated districts west of the Mississippi river, and unless removed the corporation will be held for the damage resulting.

OTHER REPORTS.

VICKSBURG, April 1.—News from the overflowed district shows the planters are taking every advantage of the declining water, plowing and planting as fast as the exposed land will permit, and becoming more cheerful every day.

NEW ORLEANS, April 1.—Arizona crevasse is now reported to be 800 feet wide and ten to twelve feet deep. The water finds its way into Lake Marepas, and is doing less damage than was expected.

Active relief work continues. Government rations are being shipped to all points requiring them and the local relief committee to continue to supply forage for stock; 45,735 applicants have been furnished with fifteen days' rations, commencing March 23.

NEW ORLEANS, April 1.—Teams on the Morgan road to day could go no further than Tigerville, fourteen miles east of Morgan city, on account of the high water. The greater part of the country for twenty miles east of the Teche and between the Teche and Atchafalaya is overflowed, and many valuable sugar plantations are greatly damaged.

At Teconla Circle people have suffered so heavily by the loss of cattle and stock that they are almost entirely helpless. It will be impossible for them to raise a crop with their present animals, and the people have no money to purchase them.

MEMPHIS, April 1.—The river continues to decline steadily, and has fallen twenty-seven inches from the highest point. Between here and Helena, Ark., land on both sides of the river is coming gradually to view. Above here the decline has been greater and prospects are proportionately brighter for farmers.

HELENA, Ark., April 1.—The river fell slightly in the past twenty-four hours, but the overflow in this city remains about the same, and still covers about two-thirds of the city. Reports from Old Townridge are that there is no abatement in the general inconvenience and plague of the buffalo gnats. It will be at least four weeks in some places before plowing can be commenced.

Cattle continue dying from the double cause of hunger and gnats. The smell of the decaying carcasses is sickening, and a gentleman on the McGee plantation says he saw hundreds of cows that ought to be killed to be put out of their misery.

Added to the stench of the drowned, starved and gnat-eaten animals, is that arising from the buzzards, which may be seen, particularly near Old Town point, by thousands, sometimes not getting out of the way of boats, so tame have they become. In the vicinity of Alligator and Cow bayou, Lee county, Ark., a great number of cattle are dying, and the condition of the people is yet serious.

POETICAL PROSPECTS.

Water along the White river is falling more rapidly than anywhere else in the overflowed district. The ground is peeping out in a few places, and in a few weeks the ploughshare will be glistening in the sunshine on a hundred different farms.

*Trial of the Train Robbers.*

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., April 1.—The Bogler trial progressed to-day and a good deal of testimony was given. John Laird, whose confession was telegraphed last night, was subjected to a most rigid cross examination, but all the art and skill of counsel for the defense failed to trip him or make any break in his direct statement as to how the robbery was committed, or who were engaged in it. Dick Little asserts that Laird was not present, and that no one participated in the robbery except the old James gang, while Laird says positively and reiterates the statement, that he, together with Bogler, Matt. Chapman and two or three others, who lived in the immediate vicinity of Blue Cut, were engaged in the act. So far Laird's testimony seems to have the most believers, and the defense is evidently weakening.

## ALL AROUND THE GLOBE.

A dispatch from Albany, N. Y., says the canals will formally open March 11.

Wm McArthur, sugar merchant of Greenock, Eng., failed yesterday. Liabilities £80,000.

Hon. L. H. Ballinger, a prominent politician of Galveston, died yesterday from the effects of vaccination.

The Philadelphia & Reading road will pay off its entire general mortgage loan July 1, amounting to $19,000,000.

Burglars broke open safes in two stores in Marine City, Mich., Friday night, and secured $700 cash, a gold watch and other valuables.

W. E. Clarke, of Cleveland, will skate a five mile race with Wm. Blackney for the championship for speed next Wednesday at Dayton, Ohio.

Thos. Casey, book-keeper for R. A. Eckies, a grocer of Leadville, Col., has absconded. His accounts are short $7,000. Gambling is the cause.

The Denver board of education have named the elegant new school building now being erected the "Longfellow," in honor of the dead poet.

Clearings in Chicago were unexpectedly large yesterday, being $13,000,000, making $60,000,000 for the week, and $143,000,000 for the month.

Three schooners and one propeller left Chicago for Buffalo, grain laden, yesterday afternoon. These are the first vessels leaving for the lower ports this year.

While four small boys of Lewis Rowland's, of Phoenixville, Pa., were playing in a sand tunnel yesterday, the top caved in, killing two and seriously injuring the others.

At Holly, Mich., Friday evening, Fred Slocum, editor of the Holly *Advertiser*, was horsewhipped by Ed Lacy for publishing articles derogatory to the character of his family.

At Gayhead, Mass., yesterday, a woman locked three children in a house and went to a neighbor's. During her absence the building took fire and all the children were burned to death.

The regular university race between Oxford and Cambridge was held on the Thames yesterday. The prince of Wales and duke of Edinburgh were among the spectators. The race was won by six lengths by the Oxford crew in twenty minutes and twelve seconds.

Jan, one of the notorious Stephen brothers, desperadoes, has been arrested in the Choctaw nation, and is now en route to Galveston, charged with complicity in three murders and numerous deeds of theft and highway robbery.

Thomas Snowden, of North Muskegon, Mich., shot at Henry Rose and then pounded him with a sling-shot. Rose had just been acquitted in court on a charge of adultery with Snowden's wife, and this murderous assault was evidently an attempt to get even. Snowden was arrested.

## THE GLOBE HOROSCOPE.

**As It Casts Its Light on the Chicago Markets.**

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

CHICAGO, April 1.—Cables strong. Wheat was strong and firm, although there was little business done. I think the clique settled up a good deal of April at $1 36, but they are by no means out of the deal. There was not much demand for the more deferred options, and prices didn't change much, but there was no show of weakness, and I look for higher prices for May, although there may be some light reaction in the meantime. This latter option closed at $1.30¾. The curb is unchanged.

Isn't corn a "dandy?" Well, I should relax my features. The way she boomed up today was a caution, and I think May will sell up to nearly 80c before she goes down much. I'll give you another steer on corn. Sell the year option and hold on to it, and you'll be rich.

Provisions strong and higher, lard especially so.

[Western Associated Press.]

CHICAGO, April 1.—Wheat was decidedly dull. Fluctuations were small and prices declined a little, although the outside reports denoted firmness and strength. Weather warm and bright. The closing was ⅜@⅜c below yesterday. Oats $1.29⅝@$1.30⅜ for May, $1.27⅜@$1.28⅜ for June, $1.23⅜@$1.24⅜ for July.

Corn was very active and sometimes excited, prices advancing 1⅜@1⅝c and maintaining their strength. The unfavorable report of the department of agriculture was the chief feature of the market. All the chances favor early seeding, and good crops for the coming year. Sales 70⅜@72⅜c for May, 69⅜@71⅜c for June and 70⅜@72⅜c for July.

Oats—Buyers plenty and sellers scarce. Cash sold up 1⅜c, and April 3⅜c, May 3⅜@3⅝c, June 1⅜c, July 1⅜. The near deliveries were chiefly in demand. Sales, 44@47c for April, 46⅜@49c for May, 46⅜@48c for June, and 41⅜@45⅜c for July.

The receipts of grain for the week were less than a million bushels.

Pork was fairly active, 5@10c higher, closing firm. Sales $17.15@17.25 for April, $17.32⅜@17.47⅜ for May and $17.52⅜@$17.65 for June.

Lard was active and steady, 5@12⅜c higher. It closed pretty firm. Sales $11.10@11.20 for May, $11.22⅜@11.35 for June, and $11.32⅜@11.35 for July.

*Labor of a Liquor League.*

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 1.—A very large and demonstrative meeting was held to-night in the city armory in response to a call by the Liquor Dealers' Protective league for liberal-minded citizens to assemble. Resolutions were passed, the preamble of which sets forth that the Pond liquor law levies unequal taxation, permits criminal prosecution without intervention of the grand jury, enforces violation of contracts and tends to monopolize traffic; therefore resolved

First—We condemn and reprove the majority of our Republican legislature for enacting the Pond bill into pretended law.

Second—We want no bribed informers, no percentage paid to professors and judges among us.

Third—We call upon all voters in Monday's election to most emphatically announce at the polls their disapproval of the Republican party, which by this enactment has undertaken to usurp power, to perpetrate shameful injustice, and to violate our dearest and most sacred principles of personal freedom and property rights.

Speeches were made in English by L. A. Russell, A. Sherman, Hon. M. A. Torrey, Hon. J. P. Green, Councilman C. C. Stellentrager and others, and in German by ex Gov. Jacob Mueller. Though the meeting was composed of men of both parties, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

*A Popular Stock Exchange.*

CHICAGO, April 1.—The meeting of the New Stock Exchange to-day developed the fact that the 300 memberships at $50 are all taken; also the 200 memberships at $100, and 50 of the $250 memberships are taken. There have been 900 applications, although the aggregate membership is limited to 750. Of the applications over 100 are from eastern cities, chiefly New York. Great interest is taken in the board.

*Thorough Work of a Mob.*

PUEBLO, Col., April 1.—Word reached here last night that after lynching two cattle thieves night before last the mob, which had increased from twelve to twenty-five men, rode about ten miles out of town to where the two Chastine brothers and Frank Orsby were stopping. The trio were captured, marched into a grove and hung, thus making five men lynched for cattle stealing yesterday within a distance of ten miles.

*Killed His Brother.*

CINCINNATI, April 1.—Just before midnight to-night John McDonald, keeper of a saloon in Covington, Ky., near the approach to the Suspension bridge, cut his brother, Thomas McDonald, so seriously that he cannot live. They quarreled, and Thomas raised a chair to strike John. Both are young, John 24 and Thomas 26 years old. Both were under the influence of whisky.

*Snow Blockade Ended.*

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—This morning the first train passed over the blockaded section of the Central Pacific. Different express trains have been consolidated and will probably arrive here to-morrow. The night freight trains are side-tracked at stations near the blockade and will not be sent out until the road is clear of all delayed passenger trains.

*Assassin Arrested.*

DALLAS, April 1.—Logan, who, in June, 1873, murdered P. C. Mansfield, Texas, but escaped, and afterwards went to Fort Worth under the protection of a gang of cowboys strong enough to defy the officers, was captured to-night in Mansfield. He was inveigled into a game of cards at the hotel, officers were notified and the arrest made.

*Coming Railroad Consolidation.*

MEMPHIS, April 1.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Memphis & Charleston railroad, held this afternoon, a plan for consolidation with the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railroad was favored, and stockholders have been called to meet June 22, to confirm the proposed consolidation.

*A Good Railroad at Last.*

DALLAS, Tex., April 1.—State Commissioner Murray, after two unfavorable reports, completed his third inspection of the Chicago, Texas & Mexican Central railroad to-day and accepted it from Dallas to Alvarado, forty miles. The remaining fourteen miles between Alvarado and Cleburne was not accepted.

*Kavanagh's Sales.*

Kavanagh is doing a rousing auction business these times. He last week sold the O'Brien & Price stock at Rosemount, realizing a good percentage. On yesterday he sold also at auction the engine, boilers, etc., the remains of the Wigwam, for $1,737, making a total for that edifice, of $5,137. Messrs. Langevin, McMillan, J. T. Smith, of Heron Lake, H. P. Rugg and others were purchasers. Yesterday afternoon he also sold the Chas. Ferrin, blacksmith shop for $500 to J. L. Henry and Charles Auer.

## OVER THE OCEAN.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

FENIAN FENIANS.

LONDON, April 1.—An extra police force has been placed in the town hall in Manchester because anonymous Fenian threats to blow it up during the Easter holidays have been received.

LONDON, April 1.—The *Economist* this week says a good business was done in American markets. Ohio & Mississippi preferred advanced 7c, Ohio & Mississippi ordinary advanced 7c; Denver & Rio Grande, Louisville & Nashville, and St. Louis & San Francisco, preferred, St. Louis bridge, second preferred, 3¼c; Oregon & California preferred 3c.

A committee has been formed to collect £500, which Bradlaugh has been ordered by the court of queen's bench to pay within a fortnight, under its judgment for voting illegally.

LONDON, April 1.—The revenue receipts for the financial year ended yesterday, were £1,000 above the estimate. The most satisfactory feature is the income tax receipts, which were £405,000 above the estimate. Actual expenditures of the year, within a few thousands pounds, were £85,511,000. This amount is £706,000 more than the original estimates, that is, not counting supplementary ones.

DUBLIN, April 1.—Mary Power O'Connor, sister of Thomas Power O'Connor, member of parliament for Galway borough, was prosecuted at Athtone petty sessions to-day for advising the tenants of the Parish of Drum, County Roscommon, not to pay rents. She was ordered to find bail or go to jail for six months. She went to jail.

A PERSECUTOR PERSECUTED.

DUBLIN, April 1.—Arthur Herbert, justice of the peace, who was shot dead while returning from the Castle Island petty sessions, was the person whose expression of a remark that the police had not fired upon the riotous was some time ago a subject of discussion in the commons. Since his murder eleven lambs that belonged to him have been maliciously stabbed.

### RUSSIA.

SUMMARY PUNISHMENT.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—The czar, on being apprised of the murder of Gen. Strelinkoff, ordered the two assassins, who were arrested, to be executed within two hours. They were accordingly hanged at Odessa this morning.

### FRANCE.

PARIS, April 1.—The senate voted a credit of 8,000,000 francs for the Tunis expedition for the second half of the current year. De Freycinet stated there had been a necessary detention of 350,000 troops in Tunis, which number was being gradually reduced. The senate and deputies adjourned until May 2.

### GENERAL FOREIGN.

PALERMO, April 1.—Deputy Crispi, in delivering an address at the opening of the sixth centennial celebration of the Sicilian Vespers, denied that the celebration was aimed at any foreign nation.

A dispatch was received from King Humboldt, saluting Gen. Garibaldi.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 1.—At an isolated ranche near Vera Cruz, a rancher named OAXXA, his wife and four children were brutally murdered, for money supposed to be concealed there. The perpetrators were captured.

PARIS, April 1.—The *Memorial Diplomatique* publishes a sensational story concerning a projected meeting of all the continental sovereigns to assure the peace of Europe.

BARCELONA, April 1.—Complete confidence has been re-established.

VIENNA, April 1.—Emperor Francis Joseph to-day opened the international art exhibition.

## THE MORMON QUESTION.

**A Coming Convention of Mormons—Dislike of Gentiles to Teller as Secretary of the Interior.**

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