Daily Globe.

Official Paper of the City & County

Printed and Published Every Day in the Year BY THE ST. PAUL GLOBE PRINTING COMPANY, NO. 17 WABASHAW STREET, ST. PAUL.

THE WEEKLY GLOBE.

The WEEKLY GLOBE is a mammoth sheet, exactly double the size of the Daily. It is just the paper for the fireside, containing in addition to all the current news, choice miscellany, agricultural matter, market reports, etc. It is furnished to single subscribers at $1, with 15 cents added for pre-payment of postage. Subscribers should remit $1.15.

Terms of Subscription for the Daily Globe.
By carrier (7 papers per week) 70 cents per month.
By mail (without Sunday edition), 6 papers per week, 60 cents per month.
By mail (with Sunday edition), 7 papers per week, 70 cents per month.

ST. PAUL, WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1882.

MR. ANTHONY COMSTOCK, who has been lecturing in the East in the interest of the "Society for the Suppression of Vice," should have extended his trip to Minnesota. The personal and other indecent advertisements that appear in some of the newspapers of this State are of such a dangerous character as to present a good opening for the inauguration of the reform measures had in view by the society Mr. Comstock so ably represents.

THE people of the Old Dominion have very properly repudiated Mahone's plan of having the graves of the soldiers of that state attended to by penitentiary convicts, under the supervision of the state authorities. The New York *World* suggests the following parody on Collins' Ode as very forcibly illustrating Mahone's ideas upon the subject:

"How sleep the brave who sank to rest,
By all their country's wishes bless'd?
By convict bands their knell is rung,
By striped forms their dirge is sung;
There Murder comes in buff and gray,
To deck the turf that wraps their clay,
And Larceny yearly shall repair
To smirch the floral tributes there."

THE ministers of Kentucky seem to be in about the same quandary about members of their churches attending horse races as Dr. H. R. Revels, the first colored United States Senator, was in trying to reform the morals of his congregation by threatening to expel all members who persisted in living together as man and wife without going through the marriage ceremony. Having worked up several deacons of the African M. E. Church, at Natchez, into a lukewarm support of his policy, the Doctor solemnly announced to his congregation, after finishing the morning service, that all who were living together as man and wife, who were without marriage certificates, would have to get a license and have the marriage ceremony performed before the next Sabbath, under the penalty of being expelled from the Church, and that the deacons of the Church would report the names of all delinquents, to be read from the pulpit on the next Sabbath. On next Sunday, to the surprise of all, Dr. Revels was conspiciously absent, while the deacons were unusually anxious to get through with the services and go home. Nothing more was ever said from the pulpit about the matter. But several years afterwards when the doctor was a member of the United States senate he related the circumstance to a distinguished United States senator, who asked him why he did not enforce his policy. Doctor Revels answered: "Let me tell you, my friend, had I carried out my threat, I would have had to expel all my people; I could not even trust my deacons." The Kentucky ministers who are trying to stop the practice of horse-racing among the members of their churches will find that they are in about the same position as Doctor Revels—*they will have even their deacons against them*, for if there is any one thing in which the denizens of the "dark and bloody ground" take a pardonable pride it is the Kentucky Morgan on the Kentucky turf.

SENATOR BLAIR'S DEVELOPMENTS

The Brooklyn *Eagle* seems to have had implicit faith from the very first that there was a good sized negro in the Peruvian imbroglio; and judging from recent developments before the Foreign Affairs Committee of Congress having charge of the investigation, there is a likelihood of the *Eagle's* zeal being rewarded with the sight of a veritable African before the investigation is brought to a close. There is no doubt that Mr. Blount struck it rich when he cornered Blair on the face value of the Peruvian scrip he received from Shipherd as a retainer. To fix the face value of the scrip the astute disciple of Greenleaf saw at a glance, would enable the public to determine from the amount whether or not the retainer was intended to cover all emergencies, including the expectations of Mr. Blair. The services of Mr. Blair were evidently not brought into requisition to determine the legal bearings of the case. There is no conflict of testimony as to the fact that Shipherd offered a bribe of $250,000 to Gen. Hurlbut, and that the same was refused. This fact establishes two very important points: (1) That Shipherd had money. (2) That he had no scruples about buying men when he found it necessary to accomplish his purpose. With this much established, it is not difficult to either trace Shipherd in his future movements, or to understand his motive in retaining Senator Blair to ply between his office and the state department after he found Hurlbut could not be bought.

When Senator Blair appeared in the case, he had been given by Shipherd such a fabulous amount in Peruvian scrip as a retainer that, when questioned by Mr. Blount, he considered it prudent not to answer the question. And in this connection, the fact should not be lost sight of that Senator Blair's acceptance of this scrip puts in evidence the fact that he, as an experienced and able lawyer, and a prominent politician and United States Senator, considered that Shipherd had such influential backers as to leave no doubt in his mind that the American claimants would establish their title to the property in question.

From the time he received his retainer until the scheme was exposed, Mr. Blair testifies to frequent interviews with Mr. Blaine in regard to this claim. And the worst phase of the case is, that these interviews were in regard to the same Shipherd who had, to Mr. Blaine's personal knowledge, tried to bribe Gen. Hurlbut; making the conclusion inevitable that the then Secretary placed himself in an awkward position, to say the least, when he allowed himself to be approached at all by an attorney whose very presence suggested that his mission was to consummate an arrangement with him through the same corrupt agencies that had so signally failed in enlisting Gen. Hurlbut in his interest. Mr. Blaine knew all about Shipherd, the nature of the claim, and the manner in which he had approached Gen. Hurlbut, and, notwithstanding this, he not only allows Blair to approach him on the subject, but advises him to take a retainer from Shipherd. The truth is, these developments are by no means favorable to the theory that Mr. Blaine is an innocent man.

As Gen. Grant seems to have had a hand in the scheme, he should be called on to tell what he knows about the case, and it may yet turn out that the final developments will be of such a character as to warrant the "plumed knight" in both fearing and anticipating "the dirty slogans of the Democratic press."

RAIL AND RIVER.

R. T. Flournoy has gone to Chicago.

Judge Chandler has gone to Milwaukee.

Heavy rains are reported all along the Duluth road.

J. D. Brown, assistant general passenger agent, has gone to Winnipeg.

Mr. Hannaford, freight agent for the Northern Pacific road, has gone to Bismarck.

W. H. Weston, passenger and travelling agent of the New York Central road, is in St. Paul.

C. S. Tewksbury, the lost freight agent of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific road, was in St. Paul yesterday.

The weather on the Northern Pacific yesterday was cloudy, with a mild rain at Valley City and the Junction.

Gen. Haupt and Vice President Oakes, of the Northern Pacific road, were at Mandan yesterday, and will be at the Yellowstone to-day.

The Flying Dutchman came in last night with a state room palace car of great elegance, which will be run between St. Paul and St. Louis.

The Northern Pacific road opened a city ticket office yesterday on Sibley street, below Third street with Mr. J. E. Johnson in attendance.

The flood at Winnipeg is not as bad as it was in 1826, or in 1852, nor is it as bad as it was when Noah sailed around in his yacht, but it will do.

Mr. Newport, the land agent of the Northern Pacific road, had before him yesterday for his signature, fifty contracts for the sale of town lots in Miles City and Lisbon.

Mr. Richards and Mr. Saunders, of the Northwestern Fuel company, and Mr. Meeker, of the Superior Coal and Iron company, will take a trip in a special car to Duluth to-day.

Mr. Hatch, general superintendent, Mr. Hiland, assistant traffic manager, and President Porter, of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha road, have gone down the Blue Earth branch to Elmore.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road yesterday brought in six coaches of emigrants from the seaboard. They will all go up on the St. Paul & Manitoba, the Northern Pacific and the St. Paul & Duluth roads.

Mr. Johnson, of the St. Paul & Manitoba Road Immigration Department of the St. Paul & Manitoba road, has a very beautiful oil painting of a bird's eye view of the Red River Valley from Fargo to Winnipeg, showing the railroad track, the Red river and all its tributaries, and the general topography of the country between these two points.

There is an immense kiester at the union depot. It has just arrived from the old country, and was made in 1776. The baggage fiends at the depot say it weighs a ton and a half. At first they thought Willius' safe deposit had strayed away. It is bound with iron and is painted in scroll work in a wonderful manner. The gentlemen who handle the baggage think this trip will so shatter its health and constitution that it never will be able to take another trip.

River News.

The river is still falling, and measures nine feet seven inches.

The steamer Minneapolis, also of the Electric Light line, will be the boat for to-morrow.

The Josie of the Diamond Jo line, is expected to arrive this morning from St. Louis and will leave on her return trip at noon.

Commodore Davidson's Electric Light line will put in the Grand Pacific, from St. Louis, this morning, and after unloading she will leave for St. Louis and other points down the river.

Duluth Port News.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

DULUTH, Minn., May 9.--Arrived--Propeller Argyle, St. Catharines, 220,000 feet of lumber. (This is the first consignment of several million feet, which is coming through Duluth, going to Manitoba.) Ocean propeller Campana, from Collingwood, with 250 tons of merchandise and 200 passengers. The Campana is a magnificent boat, in every respect. She used to run in the cattle trade between England and South America.

The schooner Sligo, loaded with 300,000 feet of lumber, is reported ashore five miles south of here on Minnesota Point; the propeller Argyle had her in tow, but during a heavy northeast storm and a dense fog last night her tow line broke. No particulars are yet learned.

The market to-day was unchanged.

At the annual meeting of the board of trade to-day the following officers were elected: Geo. Spencer, president; W. T. Hooker, vice president; W. W. Davis, treasurer; Geo. W. Kimberly, secretary. Receipts, 4,086 bushels. No shipments on account of a severe northeast gale. In store, 496,197 bushels.

School and State Lands Sales.

Capt. Braden, state auditor, is absent holding his first sale of school and state lands. His first sale was at Fergus Falls, Otter Tail county, yesterday. His other sales will be as follows: Ada, Norman county, 10th; Crookston, Polk county, 11th; Warren, Marshall county, 12th; Hallock, Kittson county, 13th; Moorhead, Clay county, 14th; Alexandria, Douglass county, 18th; Glenwood, Pope county, 19th; Fairmont, Martin county, 25th; Jackson, Jackson county, 26th; Morris, Stevens county, 31st; Ortonville, Big Stone county, June 1.

A Denial from Weaver.

CHICAGO, May 9,—Dispatches from Washington of the third inst. stated that Gen. Jas. B. Weaver, of Iowa, had written Senator Voorhees proposing a general coalition between the Democrats and Greenbackers. General Weaver's attention being called to the statement, he contradicts it in the following dispatch:

BLOOMFIELD, Iowa, May 8, 1882.

The published dispatches concerning political negotiations between Senator Voorhees and other prominent Democrats and myself, are false. I did write Senator Voorhees a personal letter concerning Iowa politics, but it is not of the character indicated in the dispatch, nor of any interest whatever to the public.

(Signed) J. B. WEAVER.

Fred Storm, an ignorant young German, and Jno. Blanch, were arrested in the suburb of Barrington, Ill., yesterday, for having made a half a dozen attempts to wreck trains on the Chicago & Northwestern railway by piling ties on the track. Storm confesses. He says he did it for fun.

NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Principals for the Coming Year—Teaching Temperance—Course of Study—Call on the Governor.

The State Normal board met at 10 o'clock yesterday morning in the office of Prof. Kiehle, superintendent of public instruction, at the capitol. Present: Directors Simpson, Gale, Ray, Mitchell, Niles, Kiehle, and Presidents Shepard and Allen.

The resignation of Dr. G. W. T. Wright, of Lake City, as a member of the board was received and referred to a committee.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The following standing committees were appointed:

Executive Committee—J. H. Ray, Wm. B. Mitchell, and Thos. Simpson.

Committee on Accounts—S. C. Gale, and Sanford Niles. [The third one to be named.]

Committee on Teachers—Wm. B. Mitchell, J. H. Ray, and Thomas Simpson.

Committee on Course of Study—D. L. Kiehle, Sanford Niles, and S. C. Gale.

PRINCIPALS.

The election of principals for the three normal schools was then had, resulting in the following incumbents, as follows: Winona, Irwin Shepard; Mankato, Edward Searing; St. Cloud, J. Allen.

TEMPERANCE.

Superintendent Kiehle presented the following communication relative to the instruction of teachers in temperance, which was referred to a committee consisting of Directors Niles, Kiehle and Shepard:

To the Honorable Board of Directors of the State Normal Schools of Minnesota.

It has certainly not escaped the attention of the members of the board, that among the best friends of the young, and the most intelligent supporters of our public school system there is great alarm at the increase of the dangers of immorality and vice in the land. This is especially true of intemperance, which has already reached proportions of power that have given it a prominence above all others.

With all the diversity of judgment as to best methods of curbing the evil, good citizens of all classes still agree on this, that the moral influence of all whose special work it is to educate our youth in family, church and school should be exerted to establish in the young principles and habits of temperance, based upon an intelligent understanding of the nature and physiological effects of alcohol, and the evils which its use has entailed upon us.

In this spirit the legislature has enacted that all school officers may introduce, as part of daily exercises of each school in their jurisdiction, instructions in the elements of social and moral science, including temperance, etc., and that it may be the duty of teachers to give a short oral lesson every day upon one of the topics mentioned. School boards have authorized, in some places, ordered that regular instruction be given to pupils on the subject of temperance.

I feel great interest in this movement, and am in hearty sympathy with those who are laboring in the interest of our youth. I am, however, quite confident that whatever may be provided in a text book, the real value of instruction will depend on the moral character of our teachers, and the skill with which they impart instruction and direct thought.

To the end, therefore, that teachers may be encouraged to a lively interest in the question, and may be directed to a prudent and effective use of their ability in promoting temperance among our youth, I respectfully submit the following for your consideration.

In view of the dangers of intemperance, and the increasing demand that instruction be given in the schools:

Resolved, That the presidents of the normal schools be directed to make such provisions as may be necessary to prepare their students to give instruction to the scholars of the state, based upon the best established authority as to the physiological effects of alcohol, the adulteration of liquors and the dangers and evils resulting from their use as a beverage, and to establish them in habits of sobriety and virtue. Very respectfully.

[Signed] D. L. KIEHLE,
Superintendent Public Instruction.

Director Ray of Mankato, reported the purchase of all the lots except one for which appropriation had been made for the enlargement of the Mankato school grounds.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The greater portion of the afternoon session was devoted to a general discussion of the course of study in the schools, participated in by all the members, the result of which will be shown in the report of the committee on that subject to be made to-day.

CALL ON THE GOVERNOR.

At about 4:30 the board in a body, attended by T. J. Gray of St. Cloud, C. A. Boutelle of Winona and J. T. McCleary of Mankato, institute teachers in attendance upon the proceedings of the board, called and paid their respects to Gov. Hubbard. The call was entirely informal, and therefore probably more agreeable to all.

Upon returning from the call, the board adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning.

Demand for Immigration Phamphlets.

The secretary of the state board of immigration is in receipt of a letter from Mr. Henry Houlton, Oakengates, Shropshire, England, asking for another instalment of pamphlets. The writer says: "I shall be much obliged for all that you can let me have, as they are in greater demand than ever, and I am booking far more passengers this year than any year previously." The secretary says that Mr. Houlton was one of his earliest correspondents in England and, although doing business in a quiet way, has been instrumental in directing a good many people to this state and Dakota.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court.

Court met at 9:30 a. m., with all the judges present, except Judge Mitchell, and heard the following causes:

Mary A. Eaton and Stephen A. Eaton, respondents, vs. Daniel M. Robbins, John Churchill and Henry D. Huff, appellants. Argued and submitted.

Christopher Funke, respondent, vs. The Minnesota Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association, appellant. Argued and submitted.

The State of Minnesota, respondent, vs. Miles Nichols, appellant. To be submitted on briefs before May 31st.

Adjourned to 9:30 this morning.

District Court.

[Before Judge Simons.]

State of Minnesota vs. Julius G. Martin; larceny. Granted until Thursday morning to plead.

State of Minnesota vs. L. B. Murray; larceny. Plea of not guilty and remanded for trial.

State of Minnesota vs. Margaret Kennedy; abduction for purposes of prostitution. Plea of not guilty, and remanded for trial.

State of Minnesota vs. John Coyne; larceny from the person. Plea of not guilty, and remanded for trial.

State of Minnesota vs. George Hudson; larceny from a dwelling house. Plea of not guilty, and remanded for trial.

State of Minnesota vs. H. E. Smith; larceny of railroad fare. Granted until Friday to plead.

Adjourned to 10 o'clock this morning.

Probate Court.

[Before Judge O'Gorman.]

Estate of Underhill A. Budd, deceased. Order made discharging the executor.

Estate of Adelbert E. Chase, deceased. Administratrix's bond filed and approved.

Estate of Thomas H French, deceased. Petition for administration filed. Hearing June 4, at 10 a. m.

Estate of Henry Weber, deceased. Petition for allowance of account and assignment of estate to sole legatee and devisee filed. Hearing June 1, at 10 a. m.

Estate of Francis R. Williams, deceased. Inventory filed.

Estate of Lauraston Hall, deceased. Sale bond filed and approved.

Estate of Emily Ray, deceased. Inventory filed.

Estate of George Culver, deceased. Report of sale filed; sale confirmed.

Estate of Wm. M. Hancock, deceased. Petition for license to sell real estate filed. Hearing June 26, at 10 a. m.

Municipal Court.

[Before Judge Burr.]

John Willicker; drunk. Jail five days.

George Illingworth; drunk. Jail five days.

James Haggerty; drunk. Jail twenty days.

August Kempfer; disorderly. Jail ninety days, in default of $500 bonds.

Robert Hughes, Robert Johnson, Richard Riley; wilfully destroying property under section 91, of chapter 95, General Statutes 1878. Fine of $5; paid.

C. Schiller, W. Schutz, T. Malloy and F. McArdle; disorderly conduct. Continued to this morning.

W. R. Booth; keeping saloon open after 12 midnight. Paid $25.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

The Adjourned May Meeting—A Liquor License Question.

The county commissioners held a regular meeting yesterday. Present, President Rice and Commissioners Quinn, Wagner, Pottgeiser, O'Connor and Krch.

In conformity with the recommendation of Andrew Beaumont an error was corrected in the taxation of property of Phil Krenischer for the years 1880 and 1881; by abating the same.

Upon the recommendation of County Treasurer Rice, the interest on county deposits is to be placed to the benefit of the sinking fund.

A bill of C. H. Lienau, register of deeds, for $505 for furnishing the auditor with a list of mortgages and other indebtedness unsatisfied, was presented, the charge being the statutory allowance. The matter was referred to the committee for further consideration.

A bill of Sheriff Richter for $21 for bailiff's fees, for special court terms, was allowed.

A bill of County Attorney Egan of $150 for clerk hire in the compilation of the laws of Ramsey county, was allowed and the question of compensation for his own services was referred to the committee on claims.

The matter of a license to Emil Kiefer on the Stillwater road was before the board on the complaint of Mrs. Cuff, asking that no license be issued for the reason that the presence of the saloon there was making a common drunkard of her husband and reducing her to the condition of a pauper. Mrs. Cuff made a very feeling statement of her condition and Mr. Bell also spoke in her behalf. The matter was referred to the committee on licenses and county attorney.

Applications for appropriations for roads in Mounds View and Rose towns, were referred to the committee on roads and bridges.

The matter of the negotiation of a certificate of indebtedness of $5,000, for the improvement of the Fort road, as provided in the act of the special session of the legislature, and was referred to the committee of ways and means and roads and bridges.

The act providing for the opening and extening Stewart avenue, from the city limits to Fort Snelling, with the plat, was placed on file.

The action of the joint boards of public buildings of the county and city, authorizing to build a barn on the county farm, at a cost of $1,200, was ratified.

Upon the report of the committee on taxes, it was voted to reimburse the county auditor for $253.75, expended in the case of Ashton against the county.

The bills of Sheriff Richter, for extra turnkey and bailiff, were disallowed, for the purpose of testing the legality of such charge.

The usual batch of bills favorably reported upon, were allowed.

Monthly reports of fees of officers were made as follows: Sheriff, $1,362; paid out, $256.33. Abstract clerk, daily cash, $527; uncollected charges, $175.80; paid out, $276. Register of deeds, daily cash receipts, $1,068.70; paid out, $806.90. Auditor, salary, $375; paid out, $140. Clerk of court, fees, $347.30; charges uncollected, $356.85; back charges collected, $184.15; expended, $203.95.

The sum of $1,500 was appropriated to the board of directors of alms-houses and hospital for the month of May.

The matter of compensation to County Attorney Egan for compiling the laws of Ramsey county was reconsidered and the sum of $100 voted for the service.

A resolution was adopted that when the board adjourns it be to Saturday, the 13th.

The county attorney was authorized to distribute a certain number of the compilation of the laws of Ramsey county to officials of the city and county.

Adjourned.

Freight Rate Adjusters.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.—The advisory freight commission appointed by the trunk lines to adjust freight rates between the west and the eastern seaboard met this morning in the merchants' exchange. Ex-Senator Thurman of Ohio and Judge Cooley of Michigan were present. A letter was read from E. B. Washburn of Illinois explaining that he was detained at the bedside of his brother, who was sick at Eureka Springs. A sub-committee of the merchants' exchange of this city submitted a report taking no sides, but submitting that, if pro rata freights were established, no difference should be made between this city and Chicago.

Mr. Geo. Bain, president of the National Millers' association, submitted a report from that body, advocating uniform rates and abolishing differential rates. Mr. Closser, of the Indianapolis Merchants' Exchange, submitted a report in favor of differential rates. The commission then made pertinent inquiries as to the amount of grain and other shipments from this city, after which an adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

A Wife's Brutality.

CHICAGO, May 9.—John C. Newhouse, an old settler, died from hemorrhage of the brain, yesterday, aged seventy-seven. He was born in Troy, N. Y., and had been an active politician. He was once worth half a million dollars, but lost a portion and, two years ago, deeded the residue to his wife, who, according to the story told a *Tribune* reporter, treated him shamefully after that, allowing him only $3.50 per week for all expenses, abused him frequently, gave him diminutive and unhealthy quarters, and refused him a pillow as he lay dying. Several prominent and reliable citizens and neighbors confirmed this almost incredible story.

A Milwaukee Murder.

MILWAUKEE, May 9.—Children who were poking around a refuse heap on a vacant lot, in the First ward to-day, discovered a lot of bones and called the attention of a man who was hauling refuse. He saw at once that they were human remains, for some of the bones were yet covered with the flesh. A report was made to police headquarters and a portion of the remains were secured and brought to the central station. It is considered certain that a murder was committed and the body buried in the refuse heap.

Knights of Honor.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—The ninth annual session of the supreme lodge of the Knights of Honor Beneficial society met this afternoon, with delegates present from nearly every state and territory in the Union. The order numbers 2,850 lodges, embracing over 130,000 members. Death benefits paid last year, $2,300,000.

Friends of Temperance.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The National Temperance society re-elected Wm. E. Dodge president. Receipts for the year, $60,000; expenditures, $56,000. Resolutions were adopted which heartily congratulate the friends of temperance throughout the land upon the marked progress of temperance reform for the past year.

A Minister in Trouble.

DETROIT, May 9.—Rev. E. Daw of Deerfield, a Methodist minister, has been arrested, charged with burning a parsonage two years ago. He has been absent for a long time in England and was arrested immediately on his return. He gave bail for appearance to answer.

Extremely Wholesale Slaughter.

BOSTON, May 9.—Marie Koney, a German woman, this morning murdered her boy August, 5 years old, cutting his throat with a case knife, then cut the throat of her daughter Mary, aged 13. The wound was not fatal. Alfred, another son, has cuts in a dozen places; not fatal. Emil, a boy of 17, was also wounded. The woman attempted to kill herself. She is doubtless insane.

The call of the Rev. Dr. Warrall, of the Eighth Presbyterian church of Chicago, to the 116th street church of New York, was placed in the hands of the Chicago presbytery yesterday. He will accept.

In the Monte building, Larimer street, Denver, Col., is located the office of Mr. F. A Park, extensively engaged in coal mining. In Mr. Park's opinion, St. Jacobs Oil is an exceedingly valuable article for rheumatism. His wife suffered with a very painful affection, which required the use of an external remedy. Deciding upon St. Jacobs Oil, she used it with such gratifying success that she would not be without it for anything, and considers it a household panacea.

THE TARIFF COMMISSION

The House Bill for a Commission Passes the Senate Without Debate or Amendment—The Census Superintendent Wants Money—The House Devotes Itself Exclusively to the Bill, Enlarging the Powers of the Agricultural Department.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—All pending house bills, donating condemned cannon for monumental and other purposes, passed.

McDill introduced a bill for a wagon bridge across the Missouri river, between Council Bluffs and Omaha.

The senate passed the house tariff commission bill; yeas 35, nays 19. Six Democrats voted with the Republicans in the affirmative, and two Republicans with the minority against the bill.

The following is the vote in detail:

YEAS.

Aldrich,	Hampton,	Mahone,
Allison,	Harrison,	Miller, (Cal.)
Anthony,	Hawley,	Miller, (N.Y.)
Blair,	Hill, (Colo.)	Mitchell,
Cameron, (Wis)	Hoar,	Morrill,
Conger,	Johnston,	Platt,
Davis, (W.V.),	Jones, (Nev.)	Rollins,
Dawes,	Kellogg,	Sawyer,
Frye,	Lapham,	Sewell,
Gorman,	McDill,	Sherman.
Groome,	McMulan,	Windom,—35.
Hale,	McPherson,	

NAYS.

Call,	Harris,	Pugh,
Cockrell,	Ingalls.	Slater,
Coke,	Jackson,	Vance,
Davis, (Ills.)	Jonas, (La)	Van Wyck;
Farley	Maxey,	Vest,
George,	Morgan,	Walker,—19.
Grover,		

Beck, Garland, Pendleton, Ransom, Williams and Saulsbury, were paired with Bayard, Edmunds, Plumb, Logan, Saunders and Ferry.

The district committee was instructed to inquire into the management of the jail with reference to privileges gronted prisoners, and the freedom with which visitors are admitted. The recent escape was referred to. Also it has been reported that a certain prisoner has been allowed to hold levees and receives on Sundays from sixty to 100 visitors. After disposing of routine business the bill establishing intermediate appellate courts to relieve the supreme court of the press of business was further discussed without action.

The superintendent of the census asks an appropriation of $80,000 to defray the expenses of the office for the remainder of the fiscal year.

After an executive session adjourned.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The bill enlarging the powers of the agricultural department was then taken up. After speeches by Money (Miss.), Hoge (W. Va.), Updegraff (Ohio), Scales (Ky.), Hubbell (Mich.), Blackburn (Ky.), Kenna (W. Va.) and Valentine (Neb.), the bill was read by sections for amendments.

Townshend (Ills.) offered an amendment providing that the secretary of agriculture shall be a practical, experienced agriculturist. Adopted.

The provision of the bill transferring to the new department of agriculture the powers and duties vested in the commission known as the geological survey was stricken out.

Dunnell (Minn.) offered an amendment providing for a division of forestry, the chief of which shall ascertain the annual amount of consumption, exportation and importation of timber and other forest products, the probable supply for future wants and the means best adapted for the preservation and renewal of forests. Adopted.

Kenna (W. Va.) then offered his substitute for the original bill and the yeas and nays were ordered, pending which Randall moved the house adjourn. Lost—Yeas 89; nays 99. The question then recurred on Kenna's substitute and it was rejected. Yeas 50; nays 118.

Hubbel (Mich.) then submitted an amendment to the bill agreed to by the committee on civil service reform. Upon this and upon the original bill the previous question was ordered and the house adjourned.

ENGLISH GRAIN REVIEW.

Favorable Weather for Crops—American Grains Steady and Firm.

LONDON, May 9.—The Mark Lane *Express* in its review of the British grain trade for the past week, says: Last week's weather favored growing crops. Trade generally is unaltered, though a few provincial markets are improved. Foreign wheat was very quiet, fine samples only attended to. Cargoes off coast in meagre supply. Californian improved. Of six arrivals there have been five sales. Floating bulk increased; forward trade inanimate.

Corn steady; foreign firm.

Barley somewhat firmer but trade nominal; foreign quiet, unchanged.

Oats unchanged but foreign steadier and obtained an occasional advance of 3d. Maize generally weaker.

Sales of English wheat during the week, 38,376 quarters at 47s 2d per quarter against 36,712 quarters at 44s 9d per quarter for the corresponding period last year.

A $60,000 Swindle

FALL RIVER, Mass., May 8.—A number of mills purchased through brokers considerable cotton from a commission merchant in Columbus, named L. Green. A portion of the cotton arrived all right. The remainder not coming to hand, sometime after the drafts had been accepted, an investigation followed. Green proved to be an agent of the White Star Transportation company at Columbus, and after sending a portion of the cotton all right he took the bills of lading for the balance to a bank in Columbus and got the money. The drafts were forwarded here and paid on presentation. Green fled. Loss to mills here $60,000.

FALL RIVER, Mass., May 9.—Green, who perpetrated the swindle on cotton men, has probably left the country with $20,000. Some Mobile parties may be losers. It is stated five or six mills here will lose sums varying from $5,000 to $15,000.

Rejoicings in the West.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—The news of the signing of the anti-Chinese bill by the president, was received here with much quiet satisfaction. The Republican state central committee will fire a grand salute in honor of the event.

Dispatches from the interior announce great exultation over the news and in a number of interior cities guns were fired and impromptu demonstrations of joy indulged in.

Big Sale of Spot Wheat.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.—One hundred thousand bushels of No. 2 red wheat were sold here in one lot this morning, and negotiations are pending for another hundred thousand. This is spot grain, purchased by Indianapolis parties, and is understood to be for country millers. The price has not transpired. This will reduce the stock of No. 2 wheat here to less than 150,000 bushels.

Ruin on the Rail.

ST. LOUIS, May 9.—Very brief reports are made of two accidents yesterday on the northwestern extension of the Texas Central railroad, one at Aquilla Creek in which the engineer, fireman and two brakemen are reported killed and several wounded. The other was near Cisco in which one man was killed and several injured. Both were caused by washouts, but it is not stated whether or not passenger or freight trains were involved.

Unitarian Conference.

CLEVELAND, May 8.—At the Western Unitarian conference this morning the devotional services were led by Mrs. Jane J. Wells, of Boston. A meeting of the Western Unitarian Sunday School society followed. Rev. F. L. Hosmer, secretary, and other officers, submitted reports.

The afternoon session of the Western Unitarian conference was principally devoted to hearing reports of officers of the Sunday School society. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, J. V. Blake, of Quincy, Ills.; vice-president, Louis Green, Chicago; secretary, Mrs. E. T. Leonard, Hyde Park, Ills.; treasurer, Myron Leonard, Hyde Park; additional directors, Mrs J. Wilkinson, Miss Florence Hilton and Horace Badger, of Chicago; G. E. Gordon, Milwaukee. F. L. Hosmer, Cleveland; Mrs E. B. Sunderland, Ann Arbor; J. L. Jones, Chicago; W. C. Gannett, St. Paul.

In the evening Mrs. Kate Gannet Wells, of Boston, read a paper on the teaching of the Unitarian doctrine in the Sunday school; Mrs. Cooper, of Mount Pleasant, Iowa, on temperance in the Sunday school; Mr. Brock Hereford, of Chicago, on how to teach the life of Jesus in the Sunday school; and Rev. J. V. Blake, of Quincy, Ills., on the Bible in the Sunday schools.

Protection From Small Pox.

CINCINNATI, May 8.—In view of the fear of smal pox deterring people from coming to Cincinnati, a number of citizens have asked the Academy of Medicine, which is an association of leading physicians, to make an authoritative declaration on the subject. The academy says that successful vaccination is an absolutely complete protection against small pox for a space of at least seven years; aside from this medical opinion, it is well understood here that localities in which the disease prevails are those which give the least possible exposure to visitors to the city, and that the danger is practically nominal.

FINANCIAL & COMMERCIAL.

ST. PAUL, May 10, 1882.

The changes in quotations that are necessary to be made this week are not numerous, while the condition of the market in other respects is much the same as it was last week. Business is settling down to a permanent summer basis, where changes are not likely to occur often. All departments of trade are active and healthy, while the volume of business is gradually and steadily increasing, probably in proportion to the increase of population, through the large body of immigrants that are coming into the country and settling in the northwest. All these people have to be fed and clothed, and St. Paul seems to be the natural headquarters for them to come to. This immigration has been wholly stopped during the last two weeks, on account of the fact that the Red river had overflowed its banks at one or two points, rendering it desirable to wait till the waters subsided. The waters have receded to such an extent that the trains have commenced running through just as they did before there was any delay. No doubt that in a few days the trains will again come loaded with immigrants for the upper country.

Money is in active demand at the banks, and they are all kept busy. A large amount of counter business is being done and checking is very active, while deposits are fully up to expectations. The money market is strong and healthy, and all the money required for the business to be transacted is easily obtainable.

In groceries there is the usual activity and articles mentioned below are steady at quotations. Canned peaches have declined. A coffee standard sugar has dropped to 9⅞, B coffee 9⅝, C to 9, while granulated declined to 10¼. A few other articles have changed slightly. The market, however, is in much the same condition that it was before.

Drugs, oils and paints are firm and active. Camphor has declined to 28c. Lard oil, extra, has dropped to 94@98. White lead has also declined to 6½@6¾. Morphine has dropped to $3 90, and cloves to $2.00.

Iron and steel, boots and shoes, hardware and lumber, are without change. Prices are well maintained and business is active. Dry goods are without change in prices. Business is very active and improving, and the same may be said of collections.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE.

In all articles that come under the above heading there is a good deal of activity. Oranges—Continue to show strong advances in the eastern market, and they probably will be still higher—surely not lower. We quote good to choice, $6.00@6.50; fancy $6 00; Imperials, $6.50@7.00; repacked sound. Lemons—are a good purchase, and we think are sure to be higher. We quote to-day: Choice to fancy Messina or Palermo, $4.50@5.00. A liberal discount from these prices on orders from 5, 10 or 20 box lots. Strawberries—Are now arriving in rather limited quantities from Mississippi and Tennessee. They are nice but high, selling readily at 50c per quart, and will not be much cheaper before we get into southern Illinois berries. Apples—All gone. Figs—Choice New Layers, 12½c per lb.; second quality, in 30 pound boxes, 7c per lb. Bananas—red and yellow, very fine, $2.50@4.00 per bunch, as to size and quality. Maple sugar—In cakes and bricks, 12½c per lb. Cocoa nuts—$6.00 per hundred. Dates—New Arabian and golden, 8¼c per lb. Bermuda onions—In bushel boxes, $3.50 per box. Apple butter—4c per lb. Cider—Duffy's New York clarified, $8.00 per barrel; casks 25c per gallon. This is choice and will keep. Peanuts—Fancy hand-picked 11c. A very light supply to be had, and will be higher. Hickory nuts—New Ohio $1.00 per bushel. Foreign nuts—Teragona almonds 21c; English walnuts 15c; Brazil nuts 9c; filberts 13c; pecans 12c; Sicily shelled almons, in 25 pound boxes, 35c per pound.

Oil—Raw oil, one barrel, 64c per gallon; five barrels, 63c; ten barrels, 62c. Boiled, 3c per gallon extra. Linseed meal, $23.50 per ton.

Eggs are abundant at 13@14c, and the market has been pretty steady most of the time, but during the last part of the week quotations weakened a little owing to an increase of supply. The indications are that this cause will serve in the future to make them a good deal cheaper.

Chickens are quoted at 12@13c and turkeys at 16@17c, with but very little coming in. Live hens, 70 to 80c per pair. Roosters, 55 to 65c per pair.

Dressed hogs, $8.25 to $8.50. Live hogs, $6 25 to $6.50.

Onions, $1.10. Potatoes are in good supply at 85c@$1 05.

Cattle—The supply this week has been unusually limited, while prices have been firm at quotations. Fancy Iowa steers have readily brought $7.15; choice, $6.75; fair, $6 25@6.50; mixed lots from $4.00 to $6.25; veal calves, $5.75@6.50.

The flour market has not changed materially and is quite as firm as when quoted last week, and it must be expected that as long as wheat stays up in price that flour will not change much. The following are the quotations: Patents $7 50@8.50; straights $6 75@7.50; clears $6.50@7.00; in barrels 25c extra. Graham $5.75@6.00 per bbl. Buckwheat flour $6.00@8.00 per bbl.

Brewers' Supplies—Selling prices: Malt, $1.20 per bushel. New York hops, 30@32c; Wisconsin hops, 20@25; Washington Territory hops, 33c per pound.

Lime, Cement, etc—There is a good deal of activity in these articles and prices are strong. Quotations are as follows: Oshkosh, Port Byron and Milwaukee white lime, $1.30@1 35 per bbl; Milwaukee cement, $1.50 per bbl; Louisville cement, $1.75 per bbl; plaster paris, $2 50 per bbl; plastering hair, 35c per bushel; St. Louis No. 1 fire brick, $45 per thousand. Fire clay, $3.50 per barrel.

At last there is a change in figures for butter and a decline is noted. The cows are coming in and the quality of the butter is much improved. The consequence is that stocks are accumulating, and during the week a decided decline occurred, so that choice butter in tubs is now quoted at 22@26c; roll and print, fresh choice, 22@25c, and medium, 14@16c.

Meats—Mess pork $19 50@20.00 per bbl; hams 13½@14c per lb; shoulders, 10c; clear side bacon, 12c; breakfast bacon, 13@14c; lard in tierces 12½c, kegs 13c, pails 20 lbs