

GLOBE HOROSCOPE.

An Exciting Day in the Chicago Market—The Corner Chaps Being Queered by the Kickers—The Shorters Defeat and Rely on Arbitration and the Courts.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] CHICAGO, July 31.—The cold rain made a strong opening in the wheat market. Wheat soon advanced to 98 1/2c for September, but when it touched that point there were plenty of sellers, which broke prices and the market closed at about 97 1/2c. The receipts are lighter and there seems to be less of a bearish feeling, but aside from this I can't see any feature which points to an increase in prices. There was much excitement regarding the settlement of spring July contracts. Of course the market is badly covered, the price being 1 1/2c, and the boys are getting tired of being robbed, so almost all the shorts made tenders of No. 2 red winter in settlement, which of course the robbers declined to accept, and pretty soon you will hear some quick music from this end of the wire. Curb for August is 97 1/2c. Corn was active, but the receipts were too big to bull it on August. Curb is 76 1/2c. Provisions showed more steadiness, but I don't want any of 'em in mine.

[Special to the Western Associated Press.] CHICAGO, July 31.—Although the markets were very active and unsettled to-day, and there was still more so by uncertain weather, there was less excitement than would naturally be expected with the culmination of three great corners in wheat, corn and oats. No. 2 spring wheat was the most active and exciting of all the markets, and bidding was lively for that scarce article. Bulls steadily refused tenders of No. 2 red, a higher grade, and demanded the "full pound of flesh." The closing price of Saturday, \$1.34, was advanced after a few settlements made early in the day to \$1.36. It then dropped back for prudential reasons to \$1.33, at which many settlements were effected; then by cent leaps reached \$1.36 again, where it stood until the closing hour, after which eighteen minutes were allowed for trading. The shorts frantically bid that figure and one or two made the dollar \$1.35. The record for the day will be appointed at once to fix the settled price, which will, it is generally believed, be \$1.10, though many look for a lower figure. The prevailing figure to-day, confirmed by the committee, would produce many law suits. New barley was received on change to-day. The receipts of grain to-day aggregated nearly 600,000 bushels, and of the 1,339 car loads 497 were winter wheat, and 842 were spring wheat. The market was active, and the most sanguine predictions made earlier in the season. Regular wheat was active but unsettled, opening higher and closing at 98 1/2c for cash, and 98 1/2c for September, 97 1/2c for July. On call sales of regular were 570,000 bushels, and prices steady to 1/2c higher. Winter, 115,000 bushels, used for some purposes, farmer for others, spring, 550,000 bushels, unchanged, cash being quoted at \$1.36 bid. Corn was unsettled, fluctuating and irregular, while good business was done. Opened firm and 3/8c higher, but at once declined 1 1/2c to 74 1/2c for July. The market was excellent with lots of warm, copious showers and hot sunshine. At the close there was a little rally and prices were 1/2c lower for cash, 3/4c lower for July and unchanged for September. Sales: 70 1/2c for July, 74 1/2c for August, 73 1/2c for September, 66 1/2c for year. On call sales were 1,400,000 bushels; prices easy to 1/2c higher. Oats were active for July and cash. Prices were 2 1/2c higher, selling at 60 1/2c for cash, 59 1/2c for July. Futures were less active but were somewhat excited at times. August 1 1/2c for July, 74 1/2c for August, 73 1/2c for September; was once 3/4c higher but dropped 1/2c and closed 1/2c lower. Sales: 34 1/2c for July, 34 1/2c for August, 34 1/2c for September, 34 1/2c for year. Pork was moderately active and 5 1/2c higher early, but dropped 25c to 30c, then towards the close advanced 1/2c to 30c and closed 30c. Sales: \$30.21 at 20.45 for October. On call sales were 14,000 bushels and there was a sharp advance, ranging 5c to 2 1/2c; the best, sales being at the close.

Law was less animated than any other speculative article. Prices irregular and 5c to 7 1/2c lower, but closed a little better. Sales: \$1.07 at 12.16 for September, \$1.17 at 12.25 for October. On call sales were 8,000 tierces and prices 2 1/2c higher. How the Game Works. [Special Telegram to the Globe.] CHICAGO, July 31.—Excitement prevailed on the board of trade to-day on account of the settlement of the July wheat deal, amounting to 12,000,000 bushels. Half the contracts have been compromised at \$1.26 to \$1.33. The market stood at \$1.35 to-day. The shorts failed to deliver to-day and prices will be made by a committee of arbitration unless Armour concludes to scratch his deals, which he says he will not do. The committee will not fix the price above \$1.10. Others of the shorts tendered winter wheat, which was refused. This they then sold and will bring a suit for damages. A test suit will be brought against A. M. Wright. The clique is composed of Armour, Kershaw, Wells, Plankinton and Mitchell. It is said Armour has lost \$2,000,000 on June and July wheat corners and has concluded to postpone his European trip. The impression prevails that he will sell the wheat left on his hands, for which he paid \$1.26, at less than \$1.10, August delivery, to-morrow. Labor Convention at Chicago. CHICAGO, July 31.—President Jarrett and about 250 delegates from the various iron and steel works throughout the country are to attend the annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron Workers, beginning to-morrow and lasting probably two weeks. The sessions will be secret. There will be an election of officers and several changes of the constitution will be made. All delegates seem to have been determined to stick out for their original demand and feel confident of success. They state that thirty-two mills have resumed work at their terms and only with non-union men. The Defaulting Cashier. HARRISBURG, July 31.—Cashier Nutt, state treasurer, says the commonwealth will lose nothing by the defalcation of Cretz, cashier of the Franklin Exchange bank, although Cretz had credited the state with \$38,000 in the books and acknowledged having received \$55,000, yet State Treasurer Bailey heads his certificate of deposit for the full amount and the receipts of Cretz duly authorized. Payne's Expedition. WICHITA, Kas., July 31.—Capt. Payne has returned from Washington highly pleased with the result of his trip. He says the subject of settlement of the ceded lands is not properly understood by Washington authorities. He will cross the line at once into the Indian Territory with a large number of colonists.

CAPITAL NOTES.

The Star Route Prosecution—Examination of Several Important Witnesses—No Action on the River and Harbor Bill Yet—An Investigation Necessary—General News.

Star Routes. WASHINGTON, July 31.—Ex-Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, appeared as witness for the defense in the star route trial to-day. He testified he had frequent conversations with Brady concerning the extension of the mail service in Oregon. In many instances he had presented petitions to Brady and had endorsed and urged them on. He would do the same thing again under similar circumstances. He never recommended any law in his opinion except upon the request of constituents. The signers of the petitions were highly respectable citizens. Upon the cross-examination witness said, in the expense of the income tax, he had in his mind when he recommended it. He only took care of his own region. He had nothing to do with contractors. Representative Valentine, of Nebraska, testified he had called almost daily for some time upon Brady in connection with an increase of mail facilities in his section. He understood his people wanted fast and frequent mails. Brady, in his judgment, the increase sought for, being met with the objection that the receipts were too small. Secretary Teller was the next witness. While in the senate he had very frequently called upon Gen. Brady, in his judgment, to mail service in his state. He had a general theory as to the duty of the government in which western mail routes were concerned. He had often expressed the belief both in the senate and in public that the people of every town and mining town in the west should have mail facilities equal to the towns in New York. There was no more reason for expecting such service to be self-sustaining than for the expectation that the people of every town and mining town in the west should have mail facilities equal to the towns in New York. There was no more reason for expecting such service to be self-sustaining than for the expectation that the people of every town and mining town in the west should have mail facilities equal to the towns in New York. There was no more reason for expecting such service to be self-sustaining than for the expectation that the people of every town and mining town in the west should have mail facilities equal to the towns in New York.

FEATS OF MARSHMANSHIP. By Captain A. H. Bogardus, and His Two Sons, Eugene and Master Henry—Some Critical Hits. Captain Bogardus, the expert wing-shot, whose title to the championship of the world has never been successfully disputed, has signed a contract with W. W. Cole, the well-known circus proprietor, and during the present season he will travel with Mr. Cole's menagerie, giving exhibitions of fancy trap shooting, off hand rifle practice and target shooting, and at every performance he will practically illustrate the rapid firing required by him, to accomplish his great feat of breaking 5,500 glass balls in seven hours, in sixteen minutes and two seconds, by shooting twenty-five balls in two minutes, besides loading his own gun. The captain will be accompanied by his two sons, Eugene and Master Henry, the latter being only five years old, yet an adept in the use of rifle or shot gun, and as an example of his unerring bullet's hits he will shoot glass balls and marbles behind his father's fingers. It seems that Cole was determined to monopolize all the great attractions, and he has certainly secured many features heretofore unseen in tent exhibitions. The title of the great show is too long to print, but we will state that it is to exhibit in St. Paul, Friday, August 25.

THE COLORED MAN'S FOURTH OF JULY TO BE CELEBRATED AT WHITE BEAR. The return of August 1st brings to the colored man his Fourth of July in the shape of the celebration of the day of emancipation in St. Domingo. Emancipation day in this country was a greater event, but August 1st was being celebrated before there was any such day here, and the custom has been continued without allowing the lesser day to be superseded by a greater. To-day the colored men of St. Paul will observe the day by a celebration at the beautiful Williams House park at White Bear lake. The services of De Gloria band has been secured and the party will leave at 10 a. m. train for the scene of the festivities. The grounds have been tendered them free of charge, and teams will meet them at the point to transport baggage without expense. A pleasant day and celebration is anticipated by all concerned. They should remember not to disembark at Cottage Park, but to go to White Bear station, which lands them within two blocks of the park.

"Bums" During Dog Days. Mr. John Jepsen, the city jailer of St. Paul, is perhaps one of the most expert readers of criminal character in the country. He has had to do with the "toughs" of America in various cities in the capacity of policeman and turnkey for time out of mind. He has been in St. Paul a score of years. Before coming to America he was connected with the Bavarian police system and had abundant opportunity to observe the operation of the law in that country. He has seen a gang of criminals around glaring at him from their cages he feels like a sword-fish out of water. But one thing he has never failed to notice, and has never grown reconciled to, namely, the undiluted cunningness which goes into the boys during the dog days. It has particularly impressed him this present season. "I don't know how it is," he said, "are five times as troublesome now as at any other season of the year. They get delirium tremens on me, and everything you can think of. I don't know what to make of these bummers."

CITY NOTICES.

Go to Stees Bros' for a \$7.50 ice chest. There will be a meeting of the Bricklayers' union at Arion hall at 7:30 Thursday evening, instead of Wednesday evening. Attention, Knights of St. Paul. You will meet at Arion hall in full uniform Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock sharp. M. J. O'BRIEN, Recorder. If you are seeking a good investment buy property in Clark's Fort street addition this afternoon at 2 o'clock p. m. At Grace M. E. church Sunday five were baptized and eighteen taken into full membership. If you want a home at a low figure attend the great auction sale of Clark's addition this afternoon. Grace M. E. church and Sabbath school picnic at Elmo on Thursday, the 3d. Got 'Em Again. Another lot of those 15c boys' straw hats received at our hat department, corner Third and Robert streets. Boston one-price Clothing House, St. Paul. Every man who has a desire to better his financial condition, should take a bus this day at 1 o'clock p. m., at the Merchants hotel, across the street from Clark's Fort street addition, and invest his money in St. Paul real estate. Not Starched. The best unadorned white linen shirt for 50c in the United States at our furnishing goods department, corner Third and Robert streets. Boston one-price Clothing House, St. Paul. Clark's addition will be sold at auction this afternoon. Perfection Refrigerators, Ice King, Triumph, Zero and Iceberg Refrigerators, the best in the United States, for sale by Stees Brothers. See Cutler's celebrated desk for business men STEES BROS. For Sale. A house with ten rooms, lot 79x150, barn, well and cistern. Located within 200 feet of the street cars. Possession given immediately. Price \$4,500. Terms of payment moderate. Apply to R. W. JOHNSON, Real Estate Agent, room 11, second floor, Mannheim block. Billings Lots. Lots in Billings, M. T., for sale by Van Cleave & Wadsworth, at room 2, Northern Pacific land office, St. Paul, or Billings, M. T. No such opportunity for securing a home at a low figure has been offered this season as will be given in Clark's addition this afternoon at the great auction sale.

AFFLICTED EGYPT.

ALMOST AS BAD AS THE TEN PLAGUES OF BIBLE TIMES. England Has No Desire for the Port's Possession—A Missing Khedive—Khedive Denounced by Arabi as a Traitor—The French Minister Leaving Egypt and French Subjects Placing Themselves Under the Protection of the United States—The Russians Opposed to England's Action—Great Britain—General News.

ARABI'S FAMILY. ALEXANDRIA, July 31.—Arabi Pasha's family are located in a village a few miles from Ismailia. NO USE FOR THE TENTS. LONDON, July 31.—The Times says: We have ample reason for believing the expedition the port is now determined to send to Egypt has no other object than to thwart and oppose the efforts England is now making to restore order there. Co-operation might be accepted if Turkey should send a moderate contingent to act under the orders of the British commander. The obvious design of Turkey is to exclude England altogether and to maintain what she has no right in Egypt. It is therefore more trifling to continue negotiations for the purpose of getting such worthless pledges of good faith as the proclamation against Arabi Pasha. It is for the British cabinet to show it appreciates the gravity of the situation, and to devise measures for guarding national interests and for the vindication of national honor, both of which are in serious jeopardy. NEWS AND RUMORS AT ALEXANDRIA. ALEXANDRIA, July 31.—Midshipman De Clair, of the iron clad Alexandria, sent to Ramleh Saturday morning with a message, has not since been heard of. Later—It seems Midshipman De Clair stepped beyond the lines and was taken prisoner. An unconfirmed report prevails that the garrison of Aboukir surrendered to the British. A traveler who just arrived from Siouit reports that Arabi Pasha has issued a manifesto declaring that Khedive Towik had retired to Egypt. Arabi therefore ordered the people to obey him until the prophet enlightened him to find a worthier khedive. Six hundred of upper Egypt have been ordered to supply 500 horses and 650 camels to the force of Arabi Pasha. Murders are constantly occurring in railway trains. The mob searches every train for Christians. Arabi Pasha is still parleying with the khedive. The latter has intimated that no terms will be acceptable except unconditional surrender. LONDON, July 31.—A later dispatch from Aden says all hands on the Russian steamer, Moskva, wrecked off Rasnafun, were saved. ALEXANDRIA, July 31.—The commandant of the German gunboat Moskva, at Port Said, has been instructed, on no account, to land troops, but if necessary to take German subjects aboard his vessel. The German consul general will depart on leave of absence to-morrow. There now only remain the French, Italian and English diplomatic agents at Alexandria. LONDON, July 31.—In the commons this afternoon Gladstone said all statements concerning the question of Turkish troops for service in Egypt were premature. The matter cannot yet form a subject of question in the commons as none of the absolutely essential preliminary conditions have yet been fulfilled. DE LESSEPS AND ARABI. ALEXANDRIA, July 31.—The khedive has authorized the English to occupy as much of the Suez canal as they think necessary for the expulsion of the rebels. Arabi Pasha has instructed the Bedouins on the canal to obey De Lesseps. All persons furnished with a permit from De Lesseps are allowed to proceed to Cairo. The khedive has telegraphed for 200 Italian and fifty Swiss policemen to protect the Suez canal from the Bedouins who proceeded to Ismailia. THE FORCE AT ALEXANDRIA. There are troops enough here to hold Alexandria against any attack by Arabi Pasha, though scarcely enough to drive the enemy back to Cairo. Arabi has organized a commission of five officers in Cairo to prepare for the national defense. Many peaceful natives have been arrested for taking a subject of question in the city. There is no hope of good result from the negotiations between the khedive and Arabi Pasha. A large number of the worst class of soldiers are marching from Marout towards Alexandria. Sestki Pasha, a more popular and less political man has been appointed governor, vice Rifaat Pasha. A deputation of notables from Marout came here to ascertain the true state of affairs, return to-morrow via Wafr El Dwar. The French gendarmes sailed to-day, the consul general of France having been ordered to leave the port of Alexandria. RAMLEY, July 31.—This evening, a detachment, searching for Midshipman De Clair, were fired upon by Arabs outside of range. The Arabs fired on the approach of the cavalry patrol. One of the Aboukir forts is stated to be the strongest of its kind existing. White flags have been flying on Aboukir forts all day. A later reconnaissance is about to be effected to ascertain the meaning of the white flags flying on the forts. PROSPECT OF BOMBARDMENT. LONDON, July 31.—The News understands Admiral Seymour has been instructed to demand the surrender of the forts at Aboukir, and in event of refusal to bombard them. A squadron of the First Life guards, with Genes, embarked at Liverpool early this morning. The motion of the marquis of Hartington approving the dispatch to Egypt of 5,000 Indian troops, with the reserve of 1,500, was agreed to in the house of commons. CONCERNING WAR CORRESPONDENCE. LONDON, July 31.—The following regulations were adopted for the government correspondents in Egypt. All correspondents under the provisions meeting act are required to have license from the duke of Cambridge and are not allowed to go out of the posts without permission. Cipher dispatches are forbidden. The state censor supervising telegrams may stop or alter them. TURKEY'S CONTINGENT. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 31.—The admiralty is preparing nine transports. Four have already started for Egypt. The Turkish troops act conjointly with English. WILL SEEK UNCLE SAM'S PROTECTION. PARIS, July 31.—The French residents of Port Said protest against the withdrawal of the French squadron, and announce their intention of placing themselves under the protection of the United States. SUDDEN CHANGE. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 31.—The Turkish fleet is not going to Egypt. ALEXANDRIA, July 31.—The Italian government has refused to surrender to the British consul martial the Italian employed in the Egyptian police, charged with leading a band of Greeks and natives engaged in sacking the town. RUSSIAN ANTAGONISM. ST. PETERSBURG, July 31.—The Russian press, with the exception of a few minor journals, continue hostile to England and are daily presenting the English as a danger to be averted by Turkey as well as with Arabi Pasha.

THE TIDE RISING.

Dunnell the Coming Man—Some Suggestions. To the Editor of the Globe.

Lake City, July 31.—There is a general feeling among the Democrats and Independent Republicans in this county, that Mr. Dunnell has been slaughtered in convention by a set of politicians whose only desire is to reap some pecuniary benefit by his overthrow. There is neither reason nor justice in the overthrow of Dunnell by such an inferior man in intellect and general capacity as White, and if the voters of the First district, regardless of party, will look the facts squarely in the face and do the best thing for all concerned they will see that a mass convention is called and Mr. Dunnell is nominated for congress. Then let the Democrats endorse him or else not make any nomination at all, and the victory over the dwarf, who was placed in nomination at Rochester, on the 26th, will be so complete that the Hon. Milo (?) will never be heard of, politically, after the votes are counted in November. Mr. Dunnell is in sympathy with everything which is favorable to the development of the interest of the great Northwest, and his re-election to congress on a people's ticket, will show Windom and his serfs that they cannot thwart the will of the sovereign people with impunity. White, and all who conspired to defeat Dunnell in convention, will be sent to the shades, if Dunnell is placed in the field. Let there be an uprising, and Wabash county will contribute her share toward effecting the desired result. REPUBLICANS.

SPORTING NEWS.

Saratoga Races. SARATOGA, July 31.—First race, one mile—Buccancer first, Lute String second, Morgan Spy third; time, 1:43 1/2. Second race, one and a quarter miles—Competition first, Warfield second, Frankie third; time, 2:08 1/2. Third race, three-quarters of a mile—Bannerman first, Bonnie Lizzie second, Little Phil third; time, 1:15. Fourth race, one and a furlong—Jennie V first, Blenheim second, Amazon third; time, 1:56 1/2. WALTON, THE PLUNGER. NEW YORK, July 31.—The charges of Kelly, the book-maker, against Walton, "the plunger," are being examined by the committee of the racing association. Kelly's affidavit is substantially as follows: He charges that Walton had fixed trainers and owners. There is a specific denial that Walton ever endeavored to bribe the trainer or rider of Marathon in the race with Hopedar. Walton and Kelly appeared before the committee. The latter reaffirmed all the charges, and the former emphatically denied their truthfulness. THE WALKING MATCH. BOSTON, July 31.—Six-day-go-as-you-please, midnight race: Hart, 124; Noreman, 108; Harriman, 103; Dufrone, 96; Campaigns, 94; Hughes and Gallagher have withdrawn. Base Ball. At Buffalo—Cleveland.....2 0 0 1 0 0 1 1—5 Buffalo.....1 0 1 0 2 0 1 1—6 At Boston—Boston.....3 1 0 0 2 1 1 0—9 Worcester.....0 0 0 0 4 0 0—4 At Baltimore—Baltimore.....1 0 2 1 0 1 0 0—5 Alleghenies.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—1 At Providence—Providence.....0 1 0 0 3 0 2 4—10 Troy.....1 0 3 0 0 0 0—4 At New York—Metropolitans.....3 1 0 0 1 0 3 1 0—9 Detroit.....1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0—3 A New Move. CHICAGO, July 31.—A meeting of the freight agents of the lines running east was held here to-day, at which it was decided that hereafter shippers would be charged \$2 per car for loading grain at the city elevators in addition to the regular freight charges, and that men will not be furnished to load cars at the packing houses, at the stock yards and Bridgeport. Shippers insist that it is the duty of railroads as carriers to bear the expense of loading. This the roads have been doing for two years, but they now claim that it will be a heavy tax on them. These new rules, which will go into effect to-morrow, will probably create general comment among shippers, and concerted action to defeat it is thought probable. The Tariff Commission. LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 31.—The tariff commission resumed its session to-day. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury French, presented a long communication representing his views on the subject. He advocated the formation of a tribunal, composed partly of experts and partly of eminent lawyers, the tax on sugar to be raised from \$30.00 to \$40.00 a year, the decisions of this court to be unappealable. As there are some 15,000 customs suits now pending in the courts it will be a considerable saving to the government. The tax on sugar then came up for discussion. It appears there is a longer opening for reform on this question, but what change will be made remains to be seen. After a small amount of unimportant business the commission adjourned until to-morrow. The Denver Exposition. DENVER, July 31.—All the details of the programme of the ceremonies attending the Denver exhibition to-morrow have been arranged. They embrace a parade of military and civic societies, oration by Hon. W. D. Kelly, of Pennsylvania; formal starting of the machinery by Lieut. Gov. H. A. W. Tabor, president of the association, and throwing open the gates. Mr. Kelly arrived this morning, and was met at the station by a party of representative citizens and escorted to his hotel. The exhibits are not all in place yet, and there is some confusion and disorder. Weather To-day. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1, 1882.—Upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, fair weather, variable winds, mostly easterly. Stationary temperature and pressure. In Memoriam. At a meeting of the St. Paul Fire Department, held on July 31, 1882, the following resolutions of respect to the memory of John Toomey, late steam engine No. 4, were adopted: WHEREAS, A just and merciful providence having removed from our midst a highly respected and efficient member of our organization, as a just appreciation of his many good qualities, and in honor of his memory, it is resolved, That we extend to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of great affliction. Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the association and be published in the daily papers of the city; and, further Resolved, That a copy of the same be transmitted to the family of deceased. JOHN JACKSON, ARTHUR MARTIN, Committee. The Top of the Stack of the furnace of the Lawrence mill, Ironton, O., fell to-day, throwing a workman, Luke Clonan, fifty feet to the ground. The exhibits are not all in place yet, and there is some confusion and disorder. Attention, Knights of St. Paul. You will meet at the basement of the cathedral Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock a. m., in full uniform. M. J. O'BRIEN, Recorder.

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