Daily Globe.

Official Paper of the City and County.

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THE DAILY GLOBE.
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THE WEEKLY GLOBE.
An eight page paper published every Thursday sent post paid at $1.15 per year. Three months in trial for 25 cents.

ST. PAUL, THURSDAY, SEPT. 14, 1882.

The Globe on the Trains.

The GLOBE has always been supplied to the news men on the trains, but at the previous size encountered difficulties which do not now need to be recounted. At the present size it ought to be found everywhere. Parties who cannot in the future obtain it on the trains or of newsdealers will confer a favor by reporting the matter to this office with particulars.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

The enlargement and improved news facilities of the GLOBE necessarily involve an advance in subscription rates. This advance is quite moderate in comparison with the increased expense of conducting the paper. Hereafter the subscription price of the GLOBE will be as follows:

Seven issues per week, delivered by carrier, mail or supplied by newsdealers—ONE DOLLAR PER MONTH.

Six issues per week (omitting Sunday) by mail, as follows:

One month, 90 cents; three months, $2.50; six months, $5; twelve months, $10. Postage is prepaid on all papers sent by mail.

THE South Carolina Republicans have a queer idea of consistency. They unqualifiedly condemn the financial principles of the Greenback party, and yet advise all Republicans to vote for that party's candidates for office. Jewelry of the sort that Shakspeare admired is exceedingly scarce in the Palmetto state.

THE Greenback party is a sad orphan. It doesn't seem to know exactly what party it belongs to, fraternizing with the Democrats in one section, with the Republicans in another, with the Prohibitionists in still other localities, and occasionally cuddles up to the Labor party. Elasticity of principles is a quality possessed by the Greenbackers in an eminent degree.

JUST think of it! The people of staid Boston, the hub of literature and of pork and beans and brown bread, are going to have a horse race to-day and the purse is $10,000! Nine horses are to be entered, and all the great horse men of the country are to be present, among whom is Commodore Kittson of St. Paul with one of his celebrated trotters. Whew! It makes the head dizzy to think of the giddiness of the puritanic Bostonians rushing into a horse race with a purse of $10,000, and yet, as Aristotle said, "the world does move." The expected attendance will reach 30,000, more people at one race than would fill a church in one year!

IF the people of St. Paul desire to secure the new, mammoth hotel of which there has been so much talk of late, they must go down into their capacious pockets and take stock in the enterprise. The importance of the movement no one questions, but that will not build a hotel. Cash is an important factor. The committee made a few minutes' canvass yesterday and secured $80,000 of stock subscription. As parties previously seen have promised subscriptions, they count $100,000 as already secured. The hotel will cost half a million, and $300,000 stock must be taken before the project can be considered a fixed fact. The committee will be at work to-day, and on the result of this day's labor largely depends the solution of the problem.

BOB INGERSOLL'S ELOQUENCE.

Bob Ingersoll, in concluding his speech to the jury, in defense of the star route thieves, well sustained his reputation for radiant oratory. But rhetoric is not always logic. In the face of stern facts, and irrefragible evidence, the seductive platitudes of eloquence cannot turn aside the sharp, relentless edge of justice. Ingersoll, infidel as he is, derider of the Bible and its teachings as he is, yet, in the fervid strains of his flowery eloquence, with a moving pathos, appeals to the pathtic scenes of scriptural history, the truth of hwich he denies in his anti-Christian lectures.

Stephen W. Dorsey, sees from the high pinnacle which he has occupied in his country's affairs, and whose interests he has corruptly betrayed for self-aggrandizement, in a verdict of guilty, a dark abyss of infamy, a remediless future.

It may have been for effect or it may have been from woman's clinging affection, that Mrs. Dorsey occupied a seat by the side of her husband in the court room. The lawyers for the prosecution ridiculed the advocate for the accused, charging that this array of marital affection was cooly assumed for effect, and was unnatural and, thererore, insincere.

The GLOBE does not symathize with the prosecution in its sneers at a scene like that. However much it may look with disallowance for mere clap-trap, however firmly it may believe in the guilt of the alleged star-route thieves, it has no heart to ridicule the manifestation of wifely affection. As the tendrils of the supple vine cling in entwined embrace to the ragged rock that sustains it, for support in the weird tempest, and the lightning's crash, so the affections of that fragile human flower, a true wife, cling the closer to the husband she loves, and to whom she has plighted her lifelong vows, and who is the father of her children, when the dark clouds of adversity gather above him, and the gloom of inpending ruin is settling about him, and that, too, whether his unfortunate surroundings are the product of misfortune or crime. Hers is not the reasoning of the courts, but the simple, truthful logic of affection. To deride this manifestation of wifely love, affection and confidence, may be the cold, stern part of a lawyer, striving at all hazards to win his case, but it has in it no flavor of real humanity.

Mr. Ingersoll was deeply moved by this rude jarring of the opposing counsel, upon wounded affection, and he poured forth a volume of touching vindications, born only of true eloquence, the offspring of innate implanted genius.

The point we are here making is this: Ingersoll, fully surcharged with human sympathy, in this eloquent outburst, forgot his infidelity, in the excited emotions of his higher nature, and fully admitted that the man of Nazareth, whom he had so much and so long derided was divine. What a testimony this, to the actual insincerity of atheistic belief when the avenues of the human soul are left unguarded, and nature's impulses are given full play, in the rapt exaltation of impassioned thought and feeling, the ready acknowledgement is forced, that there is a God, and that "there is a divinity that shapes our ends, rough hew them how we may."

We here give a passage from this eloquent harangue, which attests the man more than the lawyer:

"Yet this prosecution, this government, these attorneys, representative of the majesty of the republic, representing the greatest republic that ever existed, have asked you not only to violate the law of the land, but also the law of nature. They have maligned nature. They have laughed at me. They have trampled on honest human ties and even made light because a wife in this trial has sat by her husband's side. There is a painting in the Louvre, a painting of desolation, of despair and love. It represents the Night of Crucifixion. The world is wrapped in shadow. The stars are hid, and yet in the darkness is seen a kneeling form. It is Mary Magdalen, with loving lips and hands pressed against the bleeding feet of Christ. The skies were never dark enough, nor starless enough, the storm was never fierce enough, nor wild enough, the quick bolts of heaven were never lurid enough, and the arrows of slander never flew thick enough to drive a noble woman from her husband's side. [Applause.] And so it is in all of the human sphere, the holiest word is "woman."

This outburst deeply touched the audience, however much it may or may not have affected the jury, and many an eye unused to weeping, was wet with tears.

This atheistic infidel, in all the range of the world's history, could find nothing so adaped to his purpose as the scene of the crucifixion, and the heart-broken Mary, "kissing the bleeding feet of Christ." What a sarcasm is here uttered on his own alleged disbelief. In the sad drama of human life, the advocate is here citing the bald part of gross insincerity to produce an effect. So it is an evidence that deep down in the human soul there is a felt reality of influences more than human, influences all divine.

Bob Ingersoll, in his infidel moments, in his ethics of unbelief, claims that morality is not indebted to Christianity for its elevation and purity, and that pure morality is high above and beyond Christianity. Thus the High Priest of infidelity, the atheistic philosopher of a sublimated morality, airs his inconsistencies in a court of justice, in his attempts to save the star route thieves from due punishment, and lays his lofty code of ethics on the altar of rascality.

In his legal advocacy, he upsets his infidel theology. So much for this modern prophet of atheism.

Ingersoll, like Tom Paine, destroys the good he might do by the misuse of his fine mental endowments. Tom Paine espoused the cause of the colonies in the days of the Revolution, and in a pamphlet entitled "Common Sense," achieved wide reputation in the advocacy of an independent national sovereignty. Subsequently, he clouded a fine reputation, as Bob Ingersoll is doing, by his infidel speculations, and, especially by his coarse and blasphemous work, entitled the "Age of Reason." This led to the perpetration of the following epitaphic pasquinade, which might also be a warning to Bob Ingersoll, whose grose inconsistencies and unsound ethics destroy all true respect for him:

"Here lies Tom Paine, who wrote in liberty's defense,
But in his "Age of Reason," lost his "Common Sense."

PERSONAL.

W. G. Wheeler, of the Corbin banking company, New York, is in the city.

Gen. T. N. Waul, U. S. A. of Galveston, Texas, is registered at the Metropolitan.

Col. L. L. Baxter, of Carver, was shaking hands with his St. Paul friends yesterday.

C. S. Torkelson, Esq., secretary of the Fargo fair and racing association, after spending two weeks in attendance upon the state, fair, Minneapolis exposition, and the Hastings and other local fairs, arranging for attractions for the great exposition to be given at Fargo next week, commencing with Tuesday, left for home last evening. It is hardly necessary to say that Mr. Torkelson has met with brilliant success.

Gen. C. P. Adams, of Hastings, the Democratic candidate for congress in the Third district, passed through the city yesterday on his way home from a professional visit to the end of the Northern Pacific road. He left home on Friday night and arrived in St. Paul yesterday morning, making one of the quickest trips for the distance on record. If he can get over his district with the same celerity and success, he is certain to clean out Major Strait.

The Court at Princeton.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

PRINCETON, Minn., Sept. 13.—The district court convened here to-day, and is represented by lawyers from abroad, but most cases are being settled between the parties outside of court. There is still a case that promises to be exciting—the case of Murdock Campbell for the murder of young Toylor, August 19th last. The grand jury has not found an indictment, but is expected to at the opening of court to-morrow. It will probably be wilful murder.

Later—The grand jury found an indictment against Campbell for murder, and the prisoner was arraigned this morning and a motion was made by counsel for a change of venue, claiming that the pisoner could not have a fair, impartial trial in this county, but the motion was overruled. Cambell pleaded not guilty, and is to be taken to Stearns county jail to await his trial the 25th of Octber next.

Ladies' Day.

Mr. C. Jones, who is selling his magnificent stock of jewelry at auction has arranged a sale entirely for the benefit of ladies at 2:30 this afternoon. If the ladies who read his advertisement on the eighth page of to-day's paper will attend this sale they will find novelties and bargains in the jewelry line never before offered. Remember the number, 424 Jackson street.

Canada Excursion.

Stop up to the ticket counter and tell the ticket agent you want your ticket between here and Chicago so you can see the beautiful scenery along by Lake Pepin and the shores of the beautiful Mississippi. Ticket should read over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Excursion starts September 19.

Heavy Failure.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 13.—Thomas J. Cox, owner of the Union and Eagle planing mills failed to-day for $90,000. About $75,000 is owing to local creditors and the rest in Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati.

Ladies, Don't Forget

The sale of elegant jewelry arranged especially for you at 424 Jackson street, near Seventh, this afternoon at 2:30.

A. H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

HASTINGS TO THE FRONT.

SUCCESS OF THE UNION INDUSTRIAL FAIR.

Splendid Show and Large Attendance—A Fine Exhibition by the Side-Wheelers and a "Horse Race" by the Trotters—Reception of and Responsive Speeches by Gov. Hubbard, Senator Windom and Gen. Baker.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

HASTINGS, Sept. 13.—The second day of the annual exposition of the Hastings Union Industrial Exposition was ushered in under most favorable circumstances, the day, climatically considered, being perfect—and old fashioned Minnesota Indian summer day—a genial sun drifting down to the earth through an atmosphere of fleeting clouds, and a breeze as soothing as the kisses of a dove, but at the same time full of life and vitality. With such surroundings, it was natural to expect a good attendance, and the expectation was fully realized, the grounds, while not at any time being overcrowded, presenting an animated scene from 10 a. m. until the curtain dropped on the last act at 6:30 p. m. Up to the calling of the races at 2 p. m. the attractions were floral hall and the most excellent showing of stock, as mentioned in the GLOBE of yesterday. In both departments the exhibits had been materially augmented, every bit of available space in both being occupied.

The Races.

At the time the races were called, 2 p. m., the grand stand was well filled, while the fence on either side for a considerable distance was occupied by spectators in carriages and on foot. The racing events of the day were the 2:29 trotting and the 2:30 pacing class. The judges for the day were Capt. Bart Atkins, St. Paul, starter, and E. J. Blood, Red Wing, and Major Van Vliet, Lake City, with P. Nelson, Red Wing, and J. C. McCoy, Hasting, as timers.

Under invitation of president Norrish, Gov. Hubbard, U. S. Senator Windom, Gen. A. J. Baker, railroad commissoner, Gen. Le Duc, ex-U. S. commissioner of agriculture, Bruno Beaupre, Esq., St. Paul; Capt. Ara Barton, Faribault; Capt. James Phelps, Minneapolis, and several other gentlemen were given seats in the judges' stand, their appearance being hailed with applause.

THE PACERS.

Promptly on time Capt. Atkins called up the first race of the day, the 2:30 pacers, at the same time giving notice to the starters in the 2:29 trotting race to have their horses ready to sandwich between the pacing heats. For the pacing race the starters were Frankie B, b. g., entered by Geo. Smith; Black Frank, blk. g., by Sam. White, and Gray Dnn, gr. g. by P. Langdon. The race was won in three straight heats by Frankie B. Beyond the fact that it was a good exhibition of the side wheel style of going. The only interest attaching to this race centered in the removal of Jerome McKinney from the sulky of Black Frank, on the supposition he was not driving to win, and the substitution of Ed. Johnson. While the change made no difference in the result, the finish in the heat was exciting, both horses being under the whip down the stretch, and Frankie having only a head the best of it as she passed under the wire.

SUMMARY.

Frankie, b. v. g., Geo. Smith	1	1	1
Black Frank, vlbg., Sam White	2	2	2
Gray Dan, gr. g. P. Langdon	3	3	3

Time, 2:31, 2:35¼, 2:36¾.

THE 2:29 RACE.

The next race was the 2:29 class, purse $250, in which the entries were Flora Bell, entered by J. C. Oswald; Lucy N. by Geo. P. Smith and Clumsey Fred by J. N. Law, the horses going in the order named. The two races were sandwiched. In the pool selling Flora Bell sold favorite at two to one for the field, and with Flora Bell barred Clumsey Fred sold as choice at times at $10 to $6 and $8, and for Lucy N. and others Lucy N. selling choice at about the same proportion.

First Heat—An excellent send off was secured on the third effort. Flora Bell took the lead with Lucy N. on her wheel, Clumsey Fred unsettled. The half was finished in the same position, as to the two leaders, Clumsey Fred seven lengths back going the last half. Jerome sent Lucy N. along for all she would bear, but Smithy had Flora Belle well in hand and she finished first by good square trotting in 2:35¼. Lucy N. never left her feet, but Clumsey Fred was unsettled from start to finish.

Second Heat—When sent off, Flora Belle and Lucy N. were head and head, Clumsey Fred a length back, all level and going finely. Flora Belle and Lucy N. trotted as a double team around the first turn, when Lucy began gradually to draw ahead, capturing the pole at the quarter, and opening a gap of three lengths at the half, which she increased to six lengths at the three-quarters, which she held to the finish, though Smithy sent Flora ror all she could do. Clumsey Fred was never dangerous being several lengths behind all the way around. Time 2:35¼.

Third Heat—All away in the second effort Clumsey Fred taking the pole and carrying Lucy N. to a break at the eighth, requiring Lucy to be pulled almost to a stop. Clumsey Fred opening up a lead of six lengths while Flora Belle got a good lead for second place. At the half there was no material change of position, but Lucy having got fairly settled McKinney sent her along, and she soon overhauled and passed Flora, and made play for Clumsy Fred., closing up to within a length at the entering of the home stretch. Coming down the stretch McKinney encouraged the little mare to her utmost, but Clumsy Fred. was on his good behavior, and as he can do when so inclined, trotted fast, and held his advantage to the finish. Time, 2:35½.

Fourth Heat—A good send off on the second effort. Flora Belle showed slightly in the lead at the turn, but made a little bob and was passed by Clumsy Fred. and Lucy N. At the half Clumsy Fred. had a lead of a good length of Lucy N., Flora Belle two lengths back of Lucy. Around the last half, the only change was in Lucy N getting her head on the wheel of Clumsy Fred, while Flora Belle had dropped back a couple of lengths. Time 2:35.

Fifth Heat—Sent off on the third trial Flora Belle had a lead of an open length and took the pole on the turn, but broke in the effort, and was passed in turn by Clumsy Fred and Lucy N, the latter passing the half on Clumsey Fred's wheel. Along the second half Jerome sent Fred under the encouragement of the rein and whip, got on even terms with him on entering the home and fairly outfooted the big horse home, winning the heat with Clumsey Fred on her wheel, in 2:34½, both the leading horses trotting the full mile without a skip.

Sixth Heat—A good send off on the second effort. By a bobble at the first turn Clumsey Fred took the pole, and the first half was trotted in this position, only a length separating the three as they passed under the wire on the hrst half, and all level. Going away for the second half Smithy sent Flora Bell, and on the first turn she had got on even terms with Lucy N., and down the stretch, and passed her at the quarter post, and at the head of the home stretch was on even terms with Clumsey Fred, and by good square work she outfooted him on the stretch, and passed under the wire in the lead of Clumsey Fred, by a length, in 2:37.

When the heat was finished the sun had sunk behind the western horizon and the shades of night were creeping over the grounds, and the judges very properly postponed the conclusion of the race until 10 a. m. to-day, though a vigorous demand was made for another heat by both the backers of Clumsy Fred and Lucy N.

SUMMARY.

Flora Belle	1	2	3	3	3	1
Lucy N.	3	3	1	1	2	3
Clumsy Fred	2	1	2	2	2	1

Time, 2:35¼, 2:36¼, 2:35, 2:35½, 2:34½, 2:37.

The Speeches.

At the conclusion of the third heat in the 2:29 class, President Norrish, announced from the judges' stand that at the conclusion of the race, Gov. Hubbard, U. S. Senator Windom and Gen. Baker, guests of the association for the day, would briefly address the audience from the front door of floral hall. Owing, however, to the long continuance of the race, as above set forth, it was found necessary to inaugurate the speaking before the races were concluded, thus dividing the interest, and though not fully understood, to the credit of the audience be it said, that much the larger proportion left the race for the speaking.

GOV. HUBBARD.

The first speaker introduced by President Norrish was Gov. Hubbard, who, in response to the very complimentary terms in which he was introduced, spoke substantially as follows:

Fellow Citizens of Dakota County: I came here to-day for the purpose of examining your very fine exhibit; of meeting you in a friendly way and not to make a speech. Indeed, it was expressly understood between Mr. Norrish and myself, when I accepted his cordial invitation to attend your fair, that I would not be asked to do anything of the kind. I was much pleased to receive your invitation to be here; rather think I should have come without one, for I have been so long a close neighbor of Hastings and Dakota county, that I feel privileged to drop in on you at any time without formal notice. I attended your fair last year and I witnessed then as I have to-day an exhibit of the products of the farm such as only a first-class agricultural county could produce. It is very gratifying to visit the fairs of our state this year, and see the evidence and receive, the assurance as we do, that our farmers have been well rewarded for their labor in an abundant harvest. We will know that fact means prosperity to every business interest throughout the state. As soon as it became assured that the harvest of this year was satisfactory, every industry and enterprise in our midst received an impetus, and pushed ahead with fresh confidence in the future. It is a most assuring fact especially illustrated in the exhibits of all our fairs, that our agriculture and the methods of our farming have become progressive, and have greatly improved in common with other industries in our midst. Our agriculture has left the rut in which in some sections it had nearly worn itself out, and has placed itself upon a common sense basis. Our farmers in the older counties have diversified their products. That phrase though much hacknied, old and very familiar, has but lately impressed us with its full significance. At the state fair the other day, I witnessed an exhibition of dairy products, and a display of stock, that I believe could compete successfully for premiums or otherwise, with the exhibts of any of the New England states. We seem to have finally realized that our soil and climate have capabilities beyond the growing of a single crop, and that we can raise successfully all the products of a temperate climate. We have a better opinion of our state, its resources, and the possibilities of its future, than we had a few years ago. We were modest then, both in our pretensions and expectations. In the early days of our state, when we old settlers used to take those tedious wintry stage rides along this river, we thought if we lived to see a railroad penetrate this country our comfort and our prosperity would be complete. We have more than realized our early ambition in that respect, as in most others. Indeed, in all matters of material development, we have passed far beyond the goal for which we were striving a few years ago and we already see a future for our vigorous young commonwealth, that shall place it alongside of the foremost states of the Union in population, wealth and all the elements of progress and prosperity.

The governor's remarks were received with earnest attention and hearty applause.

SENATOR WINDOM.

The applause following the conclusion of the governor's remarks having subsided, President Norris in a few happy remarks introduced Senator Windom, who said that he had been more than pleased with the development which he had witnessed in the state exhibited by the fairs he had visited. The state fair was specially alluded to. He spoke of the influence of the Centennial exhibition, as on a larger scale embodying the results of our great industry and progress; state fairs and county fairs do the same thing in a more subordinate, and yet a more usefulway. The general prosperity of our state was dwelt upon. He spoke of the general results of the national prosperity as reflected in the national credit, which had been able to borrow fifty millions in a single day at 3½ per cent. interest; and to borrow seven hundred millions of dollars in a very short space of time at the same rate payable at the pleasure of the government in one year or five hundred years. The credit of no nation could compare with ours. He made excellent observations touching practical matters of progress which he instanced in an admirable manner.

GEN. BAKER.

The next and last speaker was Gen. H. A. Baker, state railroad commissioner, who was introduced in most complimentary terms by President Norrish, in response to which and the enthusiastic applause with which he was received, Gen. Baker spoke in his usual trappy style. The points of which the reporter caught are as follows:

As he had observed the vast wealth of production which covered the state, the general marked prosperity and culture, he was proud that he was a citizen of Minnesota. Many of us here present had come to the northwest in an early day, when there was no abounding promise of the splendid results we now so joyously behold. But the curtain has been lifted and the sun of prosperity has burst upon our people. There is no such miracle in the growth of empire as that which Minnesota presents to the world. While enjoying an hour this morning in the elegant library of my friend Gen. Le Due, I picked up a volume of that splendid work, "Buckle's History of Civilization." And that great philosopher, in summing up the forces which make a powerful people and state, enumerated food, soil, climate and a grand and picturesque physical country, together with a people of high race characteristics, as essential in great national development. It occurred to me at once how these essential conditions of the brilliant philosopher were all fulfilled in the character of our own state. No people are as well fed as the people of this country. Plenty abounds in every home. It is not like a banquet of Lucullus, for the patrician few, but the whole people are perpetually at a feast of rich and healthful abundance. As to climate, ours is full of electricity and ozone, which carry vigor and freshening life to the energies of our people. Free from malaria the roses of health characterize our people. As to soil, no country is more fertile. Its luxuriance is a constant marvel, and each developing year exhibits new possibilities. As to a vast and pituresque country, on what continent will you find our equal. The eagle in its flight does not look down upon a land so beautiful, so rich, so diversified, so embellished by the hand of nature, If there is inspiration in the physical grandeur of a country, that inspiration is ours. See the grand possibilities which belong to these conditions; belong to us. We embody them all in their greatest perfection. As to race, where is there such a people as is this nation producing? The Scandinavian, the German from the Rhine, the Russian, the Frenchman, the Celt and the Englishman, blue blood, the Pilgrim and the Cavalier,—all these unite and commingle to enrich the blood of the American race. It is the mingling of the best blood of all nations. Such a people are full of energy and abounding in lofty purposes. No limit can be placed to their possibilities in such a land as this. Shuf up such a people in the very heart of perdition, and in sixty days they would organize a rebellion and cut their way out, and "go west." Minnesota proudly embodies the high essentials of the great philosopher of civilization. We may be justly proud of our commonwealth. It should enlist our devotion. We should renew our vows of loyalty to it. Some of us have given our state the energies of our manhood, and none of us can find a better home anywhere on God's broad earth. Let us be content to share the fortunes of such a state while we live, and be happy if our bones rest in her generous bosom when we die.

FINALE FOR THE DAY.

The speeches and the races concluded about the same time, and the well-satisfied throng betook themselves to their respective destinations, the "Flying Dutchman" taking a goodly number to St. Paul, from which city there was a liberal attendance.

The fair continues Thursday and Friday, and as the best events of the racing programme are yet to come, and the weather is most promising, large and well pleased crowds are to be expected.

CITY GLOBULES.

The High school board will hold a meeting at the capitol on Friday next.

William Delany had $24 abstracted from his money drawer Tuesday night.

The Northern Pacific road is now bringing 150 cars of wheat daily to St, Paul.

Mr. Saynor has disposed of his interest in the International hotel to A M. Guild.

Mr. Fairchild yesterday sold at auction block 96, on Dayton's bluff, at good figures.

To-day Fanny Witherspoon trots in the great Beacon park race at Boston, in the $10,000 purse race.

Forty-eight cars of Montana cattle arrived in St. Paul yesterday over the Northern Pacific road.

The city authorities propose to enforce the cow ordinance. People must not keep more than one cow at the same time.

Two soldiers from Fort Snelling took Charles Derring to Stillwater yesterday. He is sentenced to seven years.

The old planking at the upper elevator extending from Third street to the elevator is being torn up and replaced. It was badly decayed.

The first rehearsal of the season of the Bethoven singing society will be held this evening in Presley's block on east Third street.

At last we are to have a depot at the foot of Chestnut street, and men were sent yesterday to Dresbach to get out the stone.

A temperance convention is to be held at the court house in St. Paul at 12 o'clock m. to-day to nominate a candidate for congress against Mr. Washburn.

The Firemen's State Life association paid $402 to Mrs. B. Nocton, of Minneapolis, the mother of R. Nocton, of that city, who died a short time ago.

In the U. S. circuit court yesterday the only business transacted was the argument in the case of E. K. Ware vs. Charles Grube which was argued and submitted, when the court adjourned until 10 a. m. to-day.

Hereafter the letter carriers will collect the mail from the boxes in the business portions of the city every fifteen minutes after 4:30 p. m. until 6:45 p. m. of each day. This will insure all letters and other mail matter leaving for their destination by the night trains.

St. Paul will soon be able to boast of another large wholesale house. Mr. G. Heinemann, of the retiring dry goods firm of Esterley & Heinemann, associates himself with a large eastern house. and to go into the wholesale toy business, is the latest. Certainly a good field in Minnesota

Mr. J. J. Smith is in trouble. He came down from the upper country Tuesday and stopped at the St. James, on the corner of 3d and Cedar streets. He had three other men in company with him, and all four occupied one room. About 12 or 1 o'clock, Mr. Smith woke up, saw his pants on the floor and found one of the men, together with $200 he had in his pockets, gone. The police were notified yesterday, but the chance of getting the money is very poor as the gentleman who took the money had plenty of time and opportunity to leave the city.

The full dress assembly of the Emmett Light Artillery at Market Hall last evening was one of the finest social events of the season. Fully 150 couple were present, and until far in the early hours of the morning the festivities were kept up. Everything passed off without a single incident to mar the pleasure of the occasion. A large number of members of the different companies of the first battallion were present in fall uniform, and the Grand March, at 9, p. m., which opened the ball, was imposing both in numbers and appearance.

A Wedding in Prospect.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 13.—G. S. Richards, of Marr & Richards, left to-day for St. Paul to relieve Louis Marr, who has charge of their St. Paul branch. Mr. Marr will return to Milwaukee and will soon wed Miss Hermine Hanteck, daughter of the well known Chestnut street dry goods merchant.

Hours of sale, from now on, from 8 a. m to 6 p. m. ESTERLEY & HEINEMANN.

Cincinnati's accomplished aeronaut, Mr. James Hayden, says St. Jacobs Oil is the best medicine ever put up, and has done him immense service in curing his rheumatism.

POLITICAL.

THE ERA OF CONTINUOUS PRESSING UPON THE PEOPLE.

The New Hampshire Democrats Nominate Candidates and Declare Themselves—The South Carolina Republicans Fuse With the Greenbackers—Congressional Nominations.

Legislative Nominations.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

LITTLE FALLS, Minn., September 13.—At the Republican district convention held here to-day, Hon. C. B. Buckman, was nominated for state senator, and H. H. Crowell, of Todd, G. G. Hartley, of Crow Wing, and J. D. Sadley, of Mille Lac, for the house.

The New York Governorship.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The *Evening Journal* classifies the delegates already chosen to the Republican state convention estimating 21 for Cornell in Kings county, as follows: Cornell 130; Folger 124; Wordsworth 40; Wood 13; Starin 8; Robinson 6; doubtful 5. Total, 326. Apportioning the remaining 170 delegates, according to best information the *Journal* says the first ballot at Saratoga will stand about as follows: Cornell, 183; Folger, 177; Wadsworth, 56, with complimentary votes for Wood, Starin, Robinson and Carpenter, ranging from 10 to 20.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 13.—The Democratic convention of the Second district nominated J. D. Horsley for congress.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 13.—The national greenback labor party in the state convention declared against fusion with either of the present parties, and favored a general railroad law. Jno. F. Woodbury was nominated for governor, and Lafayette Moore, Wendell, Pela and John E. Norwood for rail road commissioners. Lafayette Chesley was nominated for congress in the First district and Geo Carpenter in the Second district.

New Hampshire Democrats.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 13.—The Democratic state convention assembled this morning. S. Hutchins, of Laconia, was chosen president, and after some brief remarks a ballot was taken, which resulted in the nomination of Martin V. B. Edgerly for governor

Thomas C. Gray, Alden B. Smith and Hy. A. Emerson were nominated for railroad commissioners, and the following resolutions adopted.

We demand a thorough and radical reform in state expenditures, equal taxation of all property, individual and corporate; the passage and strict enforcement of the anti-bribery bill of General Marston, defeated by the last Republican legislature. We denounce the present system of blackmailing office holders, government clerks and employes practiced by the Republicans. We affirm our unalterable opposition to all monopolies, both in state and nation. We demand complete reform in the civil service. We believe the present tariff system unequal and oppressive, and demand its immediate revision. We recognize the growing evil of intemperance, and view with alarm the sale of spirituous liquors in all the cities and larger towns of the state, and we charge the Republican party with cowardly and designedly evading the enforcement of the prohibition law. We recommend applying the surplus revenue of the government to the payment of the public debt, instead of squandering it in wasteful and extravagant expenditures of such doubtful constitutionality as the river and harbor bill lately passed over the president's veto. The resolutions further demand the abolishment of the 800 supervising election officers appointed by the Republicans, and charge the Republican party with the practice of wholesale bribery at elections, which have become a grand auction, the offices going to the highest bidder. Adjourned.

Illinois Republican Committee.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—The Republican state central committee, had a full meeting at the Grand Pacific to-day. Blaine was at the hotel, but did not appear at the meeting, being obliged to go by the noon train to Kansas City. The meeting has not yet assumed a wider scope than a state affair. The congressional nominees from all parts of the state are present, and have been giving reports of the condition of affairs in their districts. A great deal of enthusiasm is manifested.

South Carolina Republicans.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 13.—In the Republican state convention to-day, the committee appointed to confer with the Greenback committee as to the terms upon which they could unite on the support of a state ticket, reported that they had held a conference and recommended that the convention should endorse the state ticket of the Greenback party, and stated that the committee of that party had given assurances that they would secure a free ballot and fair count. The proposition provoked a long and bitter discussion, and the following substitute of Congressman Mackey was adopted:

Resolved that the convention of the Union Republican party of South Carolina. while repudiating the financial principles advocated by the Greenback party, and reaffirming the principles of the Union Republican party, do recommend that at the next general election the voters of the state in the interest of a free ballot and fair count, cast their ballots as Republicans for the state ticket nominated by the Greenback-Labor convention on the 6th inst.

A resolution was adopted, recommending that the Republicans support R. S. Cash, Independent candidate lor congress in the Fifth district. E. W. Mackey was re-elected chairman of the state executive committee. Adjourned.

The Anti-Monopolists.

SARATOGA, Sept. 13.—The anti-monopoly state convention met this afternoon. One hundred and fifty delegates were in attendance. Gen. Henry E. Tremaine was elected temporary chairman, and returned thanks for honor conferred. The convention hall was entirely bare of decorations, and the gallery was occupied by about a dozen spectators, including two ladies. Two American flags were draped from the back of the stage, across which was stretched a piece of calico upon which was printed the following: "The prosperity of our government depends upon maintainence of the people's rights against grasping centralization of corporate wealth!" Many resolutions were read and referred to the committee on resolutions. One warned the Democrats if their Wall street candidate secured a nomination the party will meet the condemnation of the anti-monopoly party, while if the republican party re-nominate Cornell, his support would be in harmony with anti-monopoly principles. The resolutions were received with mingled cheers and hisses. After the recess Patrick H. Cowen was chosen permanent chairman.

General Bragg's District.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 13.—The situation at West Bend is unchanged. The Bragg men moved, after 1463 ballots, for twenty secret ballots, which was carried after a heated discussion, and the adoption of an amendment proposed by Delaney men that fifteen votes be required for a nomination. The secret ballots were taken in the afternoon but did not change the result, and the convention adjourned until to-morrow forenoon.

Maine.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 13.—The *Advertiser's* estimate, with the latest returns, makes the house of representatives as follows: Republicans 102; fusion 48. Last year Republicans 84; fusion 67.

Ben Hill's Successor.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 13.—Governor Colquitt is thinking of appointing B. H. Hill to fill the unexpired term of his late father in the U. S. senate. Mr. Hill to-night prepared a letter to the governor declining the prospective appointment, and stating that the office is beyond his aspirations.

Congressional Nominations.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 13.—The trades assembly has tendered N. S. Murphy the nomination for Congress. The organization controls 6,000 votes, and it is probable he will accept.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—Geo. R. Davis was nominated by the Republicans of the Third congressional convention to-day for a third term.

OTTAWA, Ill., Sept. 13.—The Republicans of the Eighth district re-nominated Wm. Cullan by acclamation.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 13.—It is stated that J. T. Crisp was announced as a candidate for congress from this district. Col. Crisp has not announced his candidacy. His friends, however, do not say that he will not be a candidate.

OSHKOSH, Wis., Sept. 13.—The Republican convention of the Sixth congressional district met here at noon and nominated Richard Guenther, present member, by acclamation, amid deafening cheers. Mr. Guenpther apeared and accepted the nomination in a short speech.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Sept. 13.—The Democrats of the Sixth district nominated W. F. Bailey for congress.

LANSING, Mich., Sept. 13.—The Democrat-Greenback-Fusion state committee met the candidate for governor, J. W. Begole, yesterday, and after consultation on the method of the campaign, filled the vacancy on the state ticket by nominating L. S. Connan as state auditor.

BAY CITY, Mich., Sept. 13.—The Democrats of the Tenth district nominated Andrew C. Maxwell to congress.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 13.—The Republican convention of the First congressional district to-day split on the admission of certain delegates, and considerable bitterness was shown. Col. James Atkins was unanimously nominated, it is claimed, by thirty-six bonafide votes. The bolters nominated Tomlinson F. Jenkenson, collector of the port. The nominations will be left to the decision of the national executive committee.

BATON ROUGE, Sept. 13.—The Republican convention of the Sixth district nominated Louis J. Sauer for congress on the first ballot. Sauer is appraiser of merchandise. Another Republican convention for this district will assemble at Red River Landing Sept. 18. for the purpose of consulting with the Democratic leaders.

MONMOUTH, Ill., Sept. 13.—The Democratic congressional convention of the Eleventh district nominated Wm. H. Neece.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Sept. 13.—The Democratic congressional convention of the Eighth district was held this afternoon and fused with the Greenback convention. The conference committees recommending Chas. J. Willets, of Gratiot, as a candidate for representative in congress, the nomination was made unanimous.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 13.—The Prohibitionsits of the second district met at Fond du Lac to-day and nominated E.W. Chapin, of Waukesha, on the first ballot for congress.

A Republican convention was called for to-day also at Fond du Lac, organized and after settling the question of credentials adopted a resolution to adjourn for two weeks and then nominate a straight Republican for congress. This was done to take advantage of the West Bend convention, and the wording of the resolution excludes the endorsement of Bragg by the Republican convention.

THE CRIMINAL DOCKET

PROBABLE SUICIDE.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The dead body of John R. Morris, city treasurer of Long Island City, was found this morning floating in Hallets Cave. Morris left his bed at 2 o'clock this morning, telling his wife os suffered pain and would take a walk for relief. It is thought he jumped off the town dock. The supposition is that the condion of municipal affair had so worred him as to unsettle his mind.

MURDER AND ROBBERY.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

ROCKPORT, IND., Sept. 13.—John Niehanas was murdered this morning by masked robbers. The assassins called their victim, a substantial farmer, to the door of his residence, and there attacked and despatched him. They then attempted to kill his