

lain of the Fourth regiment of Minnesota volunteers. He was succeeded by Rev. S. J. Hawley for one year, and Rev. J. F. Dalley for three years; Rev. J. L. White succeeded him. In June, 1872, the Rev. C. M. Terry became the pastor. About this time steps were taken and pledges given for the erection of a new church. Lots were secured on the corner of Wabashaw street and Summit avenue, and the building finished in March, 1873. The dedicatory services were held June 19, 1873. The cost of the grounds and buildings amounted to about \$33,000. Mr. Terry resigned Aug. 26, 1877, on account of failing health, and was succeeded by Rev. Dr. Dana, of Park church, Norwich, Conn., who was installed May 9, 1878, and has remained to the present time. The membership of the church is large, the debt has been paid and the work is progressing favorably.

PACIFIC CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
The church building of this society is situated on Acker street, just across Mississippi street bridge, and is a handsomely constructed building, which was commenced last spring and is about ready for occupancy. This society was formerly a mission of Plymouth church, but formed themselves into an independent body during the past spring, and called the Rev. C. A. Conant to be their pastor, which call he accepted and entered immediately upon his duties. The original members numbered twenty-five, which number has since been increased to thirty-five. The deacons are Wm. Fassett and Wm. Nicols. The new church cost about \$8,000, and will seat 300 people. The society consists of Americans, Scotch and other nationalities, drawn mostly from the railroad shops in the vicinity. The field is a large and important one.

Another church has been organized by the congregationalists on Dayton's bluff, which yet has no church edifice. Preaching is had each Sunday, being supplied by resident and Minneapolis clergymen.

Lutheran.

TRINITY CHURCH.
This is a German Evangelical Lutheran church, the first to organize in St. Paul. Its beginning dates back to 1855, when the Rev. F. Wier preached his first sermon in the court house, and continued to do so until 1857. He was succeeded by Rev. C. F. Hyer, who held services in a school house on Foot street, his audience consisting of about thirty people. On the 1st of January, 1858, a church was organized. In February, 1863, a lot was bought at the corner of Teuth and Wabashaw, and the church was completed and the dedicatory services were held Oct. 18, 1863. It is built of stone, is 50x80 feet, with a seating capacity for about 500 people. May 4, 1862, Rev. G. Fichtmann became pastor. He was succeeded in October, 1867, by Rev. J. H. Sicker. In 1871 the society had become so large that it was deemed best to devote what was to be done, and St. John's church was formed. In 1876 Rev. O. Spehr became pastor of Trinity church, and he was succeeded in 1879 by Rev. M. Tirmenstein, who still holds that office. There is a parochial school connected with the church, with about 200 pupils in attendance.

ZION CHURCH, LUTHERAN.
The church building of this society is located at the corner of Ninth and Rosabel streets. The organization of the society was in December, 1863, with thirteen members. A lot was bought in 1864, and a pastor's residence erected the next spring. In October of the same year a frame church 24x40 was completed. The society has grown steadily, and now consists of about 200 members. In 1880 the church was enlarged and a spire added. The Rev. E. Rolf has been pastor of the church for the past eighteen years. The building is now 24x74, with a seating capacity for 250 persons, and cost about \$2,500. A very flourishing parochial school is connected with the church.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, LUTHERAN.
This is a German Evangelical Lutheran church, and was organized in 1872, with about 150 members who withdrew from Trinity church. The church building is situated on Eighth street, between Locast and Willis streets. The corner stone was laid in June, 1872, and the building was finished in that year. It is constructed of stone foundation, and frame superstructure, with tower and spire. The size is 40x80 feet, and cost about \$7,000. It has a seating capacity for about 500 persons. The present membership of the church is about 400. The first pastor was W. Streigut, who served from 1872 to 1880, when the present pastor, O. Hoyer, was installed. There is a large day and Sunday school connected with this church. Their property is valued at about \$15,000.

IMMANUEL GERMAN EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH.
This church is situated on Caroline street, corner Hall avenue, West St. Paul. The society was organized in 1872, with seven members, which number has greatly increased since. The church building was erected in 1873, and cost about \$10,000. It was first in charge of J. H. Sicker, of Trinity church. In 1876 Rev. E. Achilles was elected pastor. At present Rev. O. Hoyer, pastor of St. John's, has charge.

FIRST SWEDISH CHURCH, LUTHERAN.
This is an evangelical Lutheran church. The first services in the Swedish language were held March 25, 1854, at the house of F. Moberg, John Swanson read a sermon. After that services were held at the same place until the arrival of Rev. Erlend Carlson. May 6, 1854, he organized the congregation and rented a school house on Fourth street in which to hold services. There was at that time about forty members. Services were afterwards held in the Washington school house and in Martin Nelson's house. The congregation was incorporated in 1858. About 1861 Rev. E. Norelin was pastor for a short time. In 1867 a church was built at the corner of Stillwater and Woodward avenues, which has since been enlarged to 28x80 feet, and has a tower seventy feet high. Rev. J. Aurland became pastor in 1871, and was succeeded in 1877 by Rev. A. P. Morten, who is still in charge. The congregation now numbers about 800. It is contemplated building a larger church as the present one is inadequate for the large congregation.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN MISSION.
The church building of this congregation is located at the corner of Bradley and Partridge streets, and the society was organized April 1, 1874. Rev. A. Ledman was the first pastor, then came Rev. A. Sundberg who served two years. The present pastor is Rev. John F. Soderstrom, who took charge in 1877, and by his efforts the church has grown to considerable proportions, having a membership of over seven hundred families.

NORWEGIAN LUTHERAN CHURCH.
This society was organized and incorporated Dec. 20, 1869, and first located on Mt. Airy street and afterwards moved to the corner of Canada and Thirtieth streets. The original members numbered fifty and this has been augmented to 250. A new church has been built during the past year with a seating capacity for 500 persons, at a cost of \$5,000. The first pastor was Rev. O. A. Normann and the present Rev. Wm. H. Peterson.

Emanuel Church.

The name of this society is the Emanuel Church Evangelical association, and was

organized in 1856 by Rev. A. Farnutzer with twenty members. They built a little church the following year at the corner of Pine and Eleventh streets, with a seating capacity for 200 persons. The church was dedicated Oct. 11, 1857, by the Rev. A. Blank, presiding elder of the Milwaukee district. A spire was added to the church in 1875. The congregation own a parsonage in the rear of the church. They also have a mission chapel on Goodrich avenue. The present membership is something over 100. The following parties have served the church: A. Farnutzer, A. Huelster, J. Hammett, O. Rayatz, L. von Wald, H. E. Linse, A. Strohmeier, C. Brill, A. Stoetzel, A. Knebel, E. J. Hillscier, H. Bunde, and A. Huelster, the present pastor. The value of the church property is about \$7,000.

Sons of Jacob.
This is a Jewish congregation, of orthodox belief, worshipping according to ancient rite, believing in the unity of the Godhead. The society was organized March 20, 1875, with twelve members, and worshipped for some time at 223 Robert street, Rev. J. D. Fridman officiating. On the 13th of August, 1879, the Jacob's house, corner Minnesota and Eleventh streets, was bought and paid for. It had a seating capacity for 140 persons. Their present site is on College avenue, between Wabashaw and St. Peter streets. The rabbi is Rev. J. D. Fridman.

Unitarian Church.
The Unitarian society of St. Paul has started three different times. The first Dec. 11, 1858, when services were held in Pollock & Donaldson's block on Robert street, at which meeting thirty-four persons attended. The Rev. F. R. Newell, then a merchant of the city, preached and continued the services until the next October. Again in 1865 services were held in the court house for a few Sundays. At that time the Universalists organized a society under Rev. Herman Bisbee, and the Unitarians discontinued their services until February 1872, when they began holding meetings again in Kauff's hall with Rev. J. R. Effinger as pastor. The first board of trustees consisted of W. L. Ames, Joseph S. Sewell, W. H. Kelley, Daniel McCaine, Edward Sawyer and H. P. Grant, secretary and treasurer. The society thrived from this on. They obtained the small church on Temperance street, which they occupied until just vacated. On March 10, 1873, the society was incorporated. In the fall of 1875 they moved to the unused Universalist church, corner of Exchange and Wabashaw streets. In the following spring Mr. Effinger resigned on account of failing health, and Rev. J. W. Parrot preached for a few months. In March, 1877, Rev. W. C. Gannett became the pastor, which position he still holds. Feb. 5, 1881, the articles of incorporation were amended, and the building of a new church was undertaken on ground for this structure was broken in June of that year on Wabashaw street at the head of Summit avenue. The building was inclosed and the lower story used for services in January, 1882. The church is now finished, with the exception of furnishings for the main audience room, which it is hoped will be done during the coming two months. The building is 40x80 feet, with a very attractive exterior, the lower story containing a club room, class room, kitchen and dress room, with commodious stage in the club room. The main floor contains the main audience room, a large parlor and the pastor's study. The cost of the lot and building to the present time is about \$21,000, of which \$5,000 was contributed by friends in the East. There is now but \$3,000 unpaid. The present membership is about 160 persons. The present board of trustees is as follows: Edward Sawyer, chairman, J. S. Sewell, John D. Laddler, Channing Senary, Everett H. Bailey, treasurer, O. P. Whitcomb and Daniel McCaine.

Swedenborgian Church.
The New Jerusalem church, by which name this society is known, was formed June 1, 1873, with eighteen members. Lectures had been given the year before by Rev. Edward C. Mitchell, then of Minneapolis, in the lecture room of the Young Men's Christian association. There are now about twenty-five members. The society continued to hold services in the Y. M. C. A. lecture room until 1876, when they purchased the old red brick Methodist church on Market street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, and fitted it up for their use. It was dedicated July 16, 1876. Rev. E. C. Mitchell officiating. Mr. Mitchell served both this and the Minneapolis church, until May 1, 1880, when he took charge of the St. Paul church alone. He has remained with them since.

Western Seaman's Friend Society.
A society was formed about forty years ago, in Cleveland, Ohio, for the purpose of reaching the seamen of the lakes. It was extended to the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and in 1873 a branch was organized in St. Paul on April 1 of that year with Mr. Robt. Smith as chaplain. He preached upon the streets and along the river from St. Paul to Winona and between St. Paul and Duluth during the summer time, and in the winter engaged in evangelistic work, preaching mostly in the rural districts. About three years ago the society secured a chapel at the foot of Jackson street and the chaplain confined himself exclusively to Bethel mission work, which is sustained by voluntary contributions by business men and the church collection throughout the state. The work reaches sailors, river men, lumbermen and railroad men and all who have no church home. The work is endorsed by the churches and is doing much good.

The Bad & Worthless
are never initiated or comforted. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy intended is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to circulate in the market. The state and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their staff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others and nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended Hop Bitters, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name, are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Beware of them. Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch of cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.

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THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate convened at the usual hour and proceeded at once to business. The general feeling is that unflagging industry is now required to make up for the time consumed in the election of a United States senator, which now having been so happily achieved will leave the track clear for the transaction of the regular legislative business of the session. But before they get right down to business they wanted to put in a day having a big jollification at Stillwater over the election of Senator Sabin, so they accepted the invitation extended by Senator Castle in behalf of the big hearted and broad gauge citizens of that city. Those members of the legislature who are acquainted with Stillwater and know the style of her citizens predict an immense time. In anticipation of an "I won't go home till morning" time the legislature adjourned till Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

Liquor Report.
Senate met at 10 o'clock and was called to order by the president. Devotional exercises by the chaplain. Roll called and journal read and approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED.
By Senator Peck—To authorize the attorney general to proceed against delinquent corporations.

By Senator Peck—To provide for conducting the election of school district or other local officers.

By Senator Van Hoesen—Relating to poor persons who are town charges in Douglas county.

By Senator Van Hoesen—Amending the charter of the village of Evansdale, Douglas county. Passed under suspended rules.

By Senator Pillsbury—To appropriate \$12,551.05 to pay the unpaid expenses incurred in the impeachment trial of E. St. Julien Cook.

By Senator Billson—Amending section 119, chapter 8, of the general statutes of 1878, relating to the duties of county commissioners.

LIQUOR LICENSES.
The president announced Senators Trax, Rice, Wheat, Houlton and Doran as the special committee to whom are referred the bills introduced by Senator Rice, relating to licenses.

ST. PAUL HIGH SCHOOL.
Senator C. D. Gillilan reported back with a favorable recommendation the house bill authorizing the board of education of the city of St. Paul to issue \$50,000 in bonds for the purpose of finishing and furnishing the high school building, and on his motion the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

SENATE BILLS PASSED.
For the preservation of the health of female employes.

Amending the general statutes relating to the incorporating of villages.

Amending section 2 of chapter 46 of the general laws of 1878, relating to the division of land and homestead.

Amending section 309 of chapter 66 of the general statutes of 1878, relating to civil actions.

Authorizing the state treasurer to transfer certain moneys from the forestry fund to the sinking fund.

Amending section 159 of chapter 65 of the general statutes of 1878, relating to appeals from justices' courts.

Punishing willful violations of duty on the part of railroad employes.

Amending section 15 of chapter 17 of the general statutes of 1878 relating to bastards.

Authorizing the amendment of the articles of certain corporations and legalizing their acts.

Amending section 175 of chapter 8, of the general laws of 1878, relating to the recording of the bonds of registers of deeds.

Amending section 11, of chapter 61, of the general statutes of 1878, relating to the record of marriage certificates.

Amending section 169 of chapter 63 of the general statutes of 1878, relating to civil actions.

Amending section 12, of chapter 58, of the general statutes of 1878, relating to the distribution and partition of real estate.

Amending sections 1 and 5, of chapter 55, of the laws of 1873, relating to compensation for improvements made by bona fide occupants of real estate.

Amending section 237, of chapter 66, of the general statutes of 1878, relating to civil actions.

Legalizing the organization of Cook county.

Amending section 224, of chapter 10, of the general statutes of 1878, relating to villages.

Amending section 1, of chapter 90, of the general statutes of 1878, relating to liens.

Changing the time for making the official reports of certain state officers and the officers of state institutions.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED.
Memorial to congress, praying that Big Stone lake be included in the reservoir system of the United States.

Amending section 14 of chapter 67 of the general statutes of 1878, relating to costs.

Authorizing the state treasurer to borrow temporarily \$200,000 for the use of the general revenue fund.

Amending the general statutes relating to the printing and distribution of state laws and documents.

Amending the general statutes of 1878 relating to the filing of chattel mortgages. Relating to counter claims and offsets. To prevent the setting of fire to woods and prairies.

THE RECEPTION AT STILLWATER.
Senator Castle, in behalf of the citizens of Stillwater, extended an invitation to the members of the senate, the house of representatives, the state officers, the legislative officers, the judges of the supreme court and the legislative reporters of the daily newspapers, to attend a reception to be given in honor of the election of their distinguished townsman to the office of United States senator, to be given on Monday next. The senator stated that a special train would be provided to convey the invited guests from this city to Stillwater, and that it would leave the union depot at 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon, and would be at their disposal to return when they desired.

extending the invitation, it was announced that a special train leaving the union depot at 2 p. m. would convey the state officials, members and officers of the state legislature and other guests, to Stillwater and return.

Mr. Bohland's bill introduced Friday amending the health law, requires that houses containing diphtheria and small-pox shall be posted, the existing law, only requiring posting in cases of scarlatina. The bill introduced a few days since to license the sale of liquors upon dining room cars, was indefinitely postponed upon the report of the temperance committee, of which Mr. Collins is chairman.

Mr. Merriam introduced a bill yesterday amending the general law relating to banking associations, requiring quarterly reports of such institutions to be made to the state auditor, setting forth in detail the affairs of the bank, which reports are to be published in some paper of general circulation.

Mr. Robleter's bill for the reorganization of the State National Guard having passed the house, the bill introduced by Mr. Cole, proposing to make cadet organizations at educational institutions beneficiaries of the state to a limited extent, was indefinitely postponed yesterday upon the report of the military committee.

The house yesterday added two more committee clerkships—one each for the finance and railroad committees. Mr. Brown, of Blue Earth, entered a mild protest in the form of a statement that it appeared to him as if money was being voted away recklessly to give places to applicants for petty positions. The soundness of the protest was partly acknowledged by the mover of the resolution, Mr. Collins, but still he stated the clerks were absolutely needed for the proper performance of the work of the committees, and the clerks were ordered, the resolution receiving only four negative votes. Mr. Brown also raised a warning cry against extravagance in the multiplication of offices, increase of clerical force and of salaries to officials, when the bill to increase the contingent of the public examiner for clerks, etc., from \$1,500 to \$3,300, was reached in committee of the whole, and at his suggestion the bill was withheld to allow further examination into its merits.

Gen. John B. Sanborn's 15 per cent. claim amounting to \$5,580 for successfully prosecuting a land claim of the state against the United States was endorsed by the house yesterday which passed the bill making the appropriation.

Routine Report.
Called to order at 10 a. m. by the speaker. Devotional exercises by the chaplain and reading of journal.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.
R. W. Jacklin, Democrat, Le Sueur, sent up and had read a communication explaining that he was unable to be present Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of the present week, by the existing storm, thereby preventing his voting for United States senator, and that had been present he should have voted for Hon. D. M. Sabin. At his request the communication was made part of the record.

MORE CLERKS.
A resolution introduced by Mr. Collins was adopted authorizing the appointment of a clerk each for the finance and railroad committees.

Mr. Gregory announced a reception by the chamber of commerce and citizens of Stillwater, at the Opera house, that city, Monday afternoon, and extended an invitation to the members and clerks of the house to attend, a special train leaving St. Paul at 2 o'clock being secured for the trip. On motion of Mr. Child, of Jackson, the invitation was accepted.

NEW BILLS.
By Mr. Dyer, of Olmsted—To amend the general statutes of 1878, relating to cartways, roads and bridges.

By Mr. Van Dyke—To reimburse the county of Douglas for the extraordinary expenses incurred in suppressing the small-pox. It appropriates \$700.

By Mr. Baker, accompanied by petition—Authorizing the commissioners of the county of Norman to issue bonds in \$10,000 to pay existing indebtedness. Passed under suspension of the rules.

By Mr. Cole—Appropriating \$600 for the expenses of the lunacy commissioners for the year 1882-3.

By Mr. Sampson—Appropriating \$1,000 for a bridge across the Minnesota river, between the counties of Chippewa and Lac qui Parle.

By Mr. Wells—Authorizing the commissioners of Big Stone county to issue bonds to fund its floating debt; the bonds so issued not to exceed in the aggregate \$12,000. Passed under suspension of the rules.

By Mr. Merriam, of Ramsey—Amending the general statutes of 1878, relating to liens.

By Mr. Greer—To change the boundary of the Lanesboro school district, Fillmore county. Passed under suspension of the rules.

By Mr. Dilly—To prevent the destruction of fish in Prairie lake in Dakota county. Passed under suspension of the rules.

SENATE BILLS PASSED.
For the issue of bonds to fund the floating debt of Polk county.

Relating to the punishment of the crime of larceny.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED.
Joint resolution appropriating \$5,580 to pay the claim of Gen. John B. Sanborn for services as agent of the state in prosecuting a claim against the United States to a successful termination.

Amending the general statutes of 1874 relating to insurance.

Amending the general statutes of 1878, relating to lien dockets in United States courts affecting real estate.

Authorizing the drainage of a lake in Douglas county.

GENERAL ORDERS.
In committee of the whole, Mr. Cole in the chair, Mr. Collins moved that ten bills on general orders, named, be recommended to pass. Mr. Child, of Jackson, objected, and upon a vote the motion of Mr. Collins was lost.

There were eighteen bills on general orders, twelve of which were recommended for passage without discussion, further time asked to five; and the others, the bill proposing the death penalty for a carnal assault upon a child of ten years; referred to the judiciary committee.

The only other bill actually antagonized was that introduced by Mr. Merriam to increase the contingent fund of the public examiner for clerk hire, etc., from \$1,500 to \$3,300, which gave Mr. Brown, of Mankato, an opportunity to again call attention to steady increase of officers and officers' salaries, and general extravagance in the expenditure of public funds.

When the committee rose, upon motion of Mr. Collins, adjourned to Tuesday, at 11 o'clock a. m.

LADY BEAUTIFIERS.—Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks, and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France or beautifiers of the world, while in poor health and nothing will give you such clear, good, healthy, strength and beauty as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof.



WOMAN CAN HEALTH OF WOMAN SYMPATHIZE WITH IS THE HOPE OF WOMAN. THE RACE.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, including Leucorrhoea, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Bleeding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.

Physicians use it freely. For all weaknesses of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the kidneys it is the Greatest Remedy in the World.

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