A Large Amount of Business Disposad of-The Appropriations for State Institutions Passed by the Senate--A Large Number of Local Measures Indefinitely Postponed -- The House Cleans Up a Large Quanti y of Miscellaneous Business--Discussing the State Institutions Bill in Committee of the Whole--It Is Recommended for Pas-

SENATE.

After the chaplain had fervently prayed to the Almighty Ruler of the Universe that the work of the senate might be "pretty well done," the ghastly honesty of the reverend gentleman not permitting him to express the thought that even with divine interposition excellence was expected, the senate proceeded with the regular order, the first thing being to order the electric lights prepared for use for the coming evening sessions.

Senator Clark, from the railroad committee, in reporting, said that it was impossible to get that committee together for onsultation upon the various bills relating to railroads, and desired that they be referred to committee of the whole, where they would have a fair hearing.

Senator Sergeant moved to modify the motion by making railroad legislation the special order for this evening at 7:30. Soon after the adoption of this motion,

a batch of railroad bills were reported back by other members of the committee with amendments or recommendations for indefinite postponement, and were re-

ferred to the special order. A number of bills providing for the incorporation and granting of special powers to villages were reported back with the recommendation of the judiciary committee that they be indefinitely postponed on the ground that it was special legislation and unconstitutional, while another batch of a somewhat similar character was recommended for consideration by committee of the whole, the judiciary committee being divided upon them. The attorney general and the minority of the judiciary committee were of the opinion that additional powers may be granted to existing incorporated towns, cities and villages. while the majority of the committee hold that all such additional powers and privi-

leges are inhibited. Senator C. D. Gilfillan, who has been a great sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism, and who has been confined to his home for some time, made his appearance in the senate. The senator moves about with difficulty yet, but is inclined to do his duty as far as possible during the busy days at the close of the session.

Quite a tilt took place between Senators Wilson and O'Brien when the appropriation bill for state institutions was considered. Senator Wilson has a great antipathy to the state reform school, and opposed the appropriation for that institution vigorously, and Senator O'Brien championed the cause of the institution and the friendless little fellows there, with equal zeal and ability. The sum asked for was granted.

When the house bill came before the senate appropriating \$8,000 to pay the city of St. Paul for the use of the market house for a state capitol for two years, Senator Griggs asked to have the bill referred to the Ramsey county delegation, but upon the information being communidefeat the attempt of the state to remunerate the city for the use of the building, the senate concluded to refer the bill to the committee on claims.

At a meeting of the railroad committee. held at the capitol last evening, a majority of the committee voted to report back the house bill proposing to transfer the swamp land grant from the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway company to the Dulnth & Iron Range Railway company, for indefinite postponement. A grand bear fight is predicted over this bill.

reach the immense accumulation of bills four years. Yours respectfully,
on general orders.
William J. Hahn, on general orders.

Routine Report.

Senate met at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by the president. Devotional exercises by the chaplain.

Roll called and journal read and ap On motion of Senator Rice the senate

decided to order the chamber lighted by electric light the rest of the session. Senator Christensen offered a petition of citizens of Renville county, asking for

\$500 to aid in the construction of a bridge. BILLS INTRODUCED. By Senator Van Hoesen-To regulate the

catching of fish in Douglas county. Passed under suspended rules. By Senator Langdon-Amending section

328, chapter 66, general statutes of 1878, relating the commission of waste on mortgaged property.

HOUSE BILLS INDEFINITELY POSTPONED.

Relating to larceny from dwellings; relating to manufacturing corporations; re lating to the powers and duties of public examiner; relating to town plats; relating to burdocks; relating to jurors in justice courts; amending general statutes relating to costs; relating to the adoption of children; for the protection of livery and sale stable keepers; relating to offenses against morality and decency; relating to the con-veyence of land; to legalize foreclosure of mortgages by executors; relating to sum-

monses in justices courts. SENATE BILLS INDEFINITELY POSTPONED. To provide forms for conveyance of real property; to appropriate money for the compensation of the clerk of the supreme court; to protect the rights of omen; extending the limits of Fairmont,

Martin county. BRIDGE MONEY.

The secretary made a long and detailed report of the amount of money appropriated by the senate for bridge building, and the counties to which it was appropriated, in accordance with the motion made by Senater Wheat on Saturday.

SMALL-POX BILLS

were reported back with the recommendation that they go to the finance committee. The recommendation was so modified on motion of Senator Doran as to send

TELEGRAPH AND SLEEPING CAR TAXATION. Senator Rice, from the committee on taxes and tax laws, reported a substitute Duluth. for senate the 369, relating to the taxation of sleeping car companies and telegraph companies. This bill leaves out telegraph | walks. Passed under suspended rules. companies that are already taxed, and pro-

The substitute was adopted.

BILLS INTRODUCED. By Senator Waite-Amending section 3 chapter 90, general laws of 1876, relating to the inspection of mineral oils. Reduces fees of inspector about one-half. Read a second time and referred to committee of the whole.

charter of the village of Le Roy, Mower county, relating to taxes. Passed under suspended rules. By Senator J. B. Gilfillan-Amending the statutes of 1878, relating to the sale o liquors near the University of Minnesota.

By Senator Hollister-Amending the

Forbids the sale of liquor within one mile. Passed under suspended rules. By Senator Clement-Regulating the salaries and fees of officers of Rice county. Passed under suspended rules.

By Senator Castle-To establish a board of public works in and for the city of Stillwater. Passed under suspended rules. SENATE BILLS PASSED.

Amending the charter of Winnebago City, Faribault county.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED.

Authorizing St. Paul to issue \$7,000 in bonds for widening and extending Da kota avenue.

Confirming city ordinances relative to the St. Paul Street railway.

Regulating the fees and salaries of the officers of Ramsey county.

SENATORIAL TENURE.

The following opinion of the attorney general was transmitted to the senate and read for its information. To the Honorable, the Senate of the State

of Minnesota: I have the honor to acknwledge the receipt of the following resolu-

Resolved, "That the attorney general of the state be and is hereby requested to furnish his opinion for the use of the senate. upon the question as to the length of the term of the senators elected at the last general election in 1882."

The terms of the senators elected in 1882 is fixed by the amendment to the constitution adopted in 1877. By this amendment the terms of the senators was to be same as heretofore prescribed until the general election in 1878, at which time an entire new election of such officers was to be had. It then goes on to provide that "the senators chosen at such elections by districts designated by odd numbers" should hold fo two years, and those designated by even numbers for four years, and thereafter senators shall be chosen for four years, except that there shall be an entire new election after each apportionment.

It will be seen by this amendment that it is only such senators as are chosen by odd numbered districts at the election of 1878, who are to hold for two years. Thereafter there is to be no difference in the term. All hold for four years. The language of this amendment is too plain to admit of doubt. The legislature posing and the people adopting this amendment must be deemed to have meant just what the langage used clearly im-

"Where a law is plain and unambiguous whether it be expressed in general or limited terms, the legislature should be intended to mean what they have plainly expressed and consequently no room is left Possible and even profor construction. bable meanings when one is plainly de-clared in the instruments itself the courts are not at liberty to search for elsewhere.' Carley's Constitutional Limitations, 68-69, "We are not at liberty to presume that the framers of the constitution or the people who adopted it did not understand the force of language" says Mr. Justice Bronson in People vs. Purdy, 2 Hill, 35.

Mr. Justice Johnson in Newell vs. Ped ple, 74-79, expresses the same idea in this language: Whether we are considering an agreement between parties, a statute or constitution with a view to its interpreta tion the thing which we are to seek is the thought which it expresses. To ascertain this, the first visit in all cases is to the cated to the senate by Senator Rice that natural significence of the words employed the Ramsey county delegation desired to in the order of grammatical arrangements in which the framers of the instrument have placed them. If thus regarded, the words embody a definitite meaning which involves no absurdity and contradiction between ent parts of the same writing, then that meaning apparent on the face of the instrument is the one which alone we are at liberty to say was intended to be conveyed. In such a case there is no room for contradiction. That which the words declare is the meaning of the instrument, and neither words nor legislation have a right to add or take away from that meaning I am therefore clearly of the opinion that An evening session which lasted until 11 the senators elected in 1882, whether from o'clock close the calendar, but did not odd or even numbered districts, hold for

Attorney General.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Senator Sergeant offered a resolution asking the clerk to keep an account of the time messengers were absent from the senate and that a proportionate amount be deducted from their salaries. Notice of debate given.

IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE, Senator Wilson in the chair, and took under consideration the bill appropriating money for the support of the several state institutions, which was passed by items, the item for insurance at the reform school having been stricken out and the item appropriating \$5,629.34 for making good the losses by fire at the reform school was also stricken out, that amount having been provided for by separate bill, after which it was recommended to pass. The bill appropriating money for purchase of land for insane hospitals was recommended to pass. The bill appropriating money for rebuilding at the reform school was then

recommended for passage. CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The senate refused to concur in the house amendments providing for the removal of county seats, and Senators Van Hoesen, Compton and Crosby were appointed a committee of conference on th part of the senate.

SENATE BILLS PASSED. Appropriating money for the state normal schools, repairs, etc., \$12,000.

Appropriating money for the support of the state institutions for the years 1883 and 1884. Aggregates, \$936,722.25. Appropriating money for the hospitals

for the insane. To establish clerkships in the office of the state auditor and appropriating money

to pay his salary.
Appropriating \$7,629.34 for replacing losses by fire and repairs at the state reform school. Amending the charter of the village of

Duluth. Two bills.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Senator Truax-To regulate the catching of fish in Round and Prairie lakes, Dakota county. Passed under suspended rules.

By Senator Billson-Authorizing the commissioners of St. Louis county to issue bonds for a court house. Passed under

By Senator Billson-Repealing the act oreating a special fire department for Duluth. Passed under suspended rules. By Senator Lawrence-Amending the charter of the city of Lake City as to side-

By Senator Lawrence-Amendatory

suspended rules.

By Senator Lawrence—Amendatory the charter of Lake City relating to pol tax. Passed under suspended rules.

By Senator Clement—For the relief W. H. Dyke in the amount of \$8,000, fo certain claims against the state.

By Senator Wilson-Authorizing Wino na to appoint a water commissioner Passed under suspended rules. By Senator Castle-Creating a board of inspectors for steam boilers. Three in

spectors shall be appointed who shall inpect all boilers not inspected by the United States inspector.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED. Amending the charter of the village of Wykoff, Fillmore county.

MORE PAGES WANTED. Senator Sergeant offered a resolution providing for the appointment of two additional pages for the remainder of the

session. Senator Doran gave notice of debate.

Recess till 7:30. EVENING SESSION.

Senator Langdon offered a resolution authorizing the secretary of the senate to draw his certificate in favor of the committee of arrangements for the amount of the funeral expenses of the late Senato McLaughlin. Adopted.

Senator Wilson, from the judiciary com mittee, introduced a memorial asking tha a law be enacted by congress relating to docketing of judgments rendered by Uni ed States courts in Minnesota, conform atory to the laws of this state relating real estate. Passed under suspended rules.

SPNATE BILL LOST

Relating to the terms of office of mem ber of the legislature. HOUSE BILLS PASSED.

Relating to banks and banking. Re-organizing the State Agricultural sonety, and appropriating money thereto. Amending the act creating the office of

district attorney for the Twelfth judicial district. Providing for the assignment of the estates of deceased persons in certain

cases Authorizing Big Stone county to issue

Authorizing Norman county to issue bonds. Appropriating money to build bridges across the Rum river, Isanti

county. Amending the statutes of 1878, relating to insurance. Extending the time for constructing the Princeton & Anoka railroad.

Changing the boundaries of certain chool districts in Le Sueur county. SENATE BILLS PASSED. Amending the statutes relating of the

printing of the report of the State Horticultural seciety. Appropriating \$5,000 for the purchase of 1,000 copies of the statutes of 1878,

with supplements. Legalizing conveyances defectively acknowledged. Regulating the salaries of auditors and reasurers where unorganized counties are

attached. Authorizing the state auditor to draw his varrant for the payment of a bridge in Renville county.

Requiring public funds to be deposited

banks by town and county treasurers. Requiring town clerks to send to county ditors records of births and deaths. Amending the statutes relating to the

duties of county auditors. Fixing the fees of clerks of courts in ertain cases. Amending the statutes relating to pro ceedings supplemental to execution.

Amending the statutes of 1878 relating

the one-mill school tax. Amending the statutes relating to the ecord of deeds of trust and railroad mort-

Amending the statutes relating to the fees for recording chattel mortgages. Relating to larceny from railroad cars. Amending the statutes of 1878 relating to the foreclosure of mortgages.

Amending the statutes relating to the me of meeting of the normal board. 'Amending the statutes providing for the corporation of Masonic bodies. Adjourned till 9 o'clock.

THE HOUSE.

The house was slow in getting a quorum yesterday, it being 9:15 before a was secured, and when it uorum did get down to business there was a gen-eral lack of interest shown, members as a by law, adding to the general lack of interest shown, members as a rule seeming to be more interested in following up and looking after matters in which they were personally interested, than in expediting the general business. So marked was this lack of attention during the call of the roll upon the passage of bills, that absenhad frequently to be called to save a bill, and finally en two occasions calls of the house had to be resorted to to get a sufficient number of members in their seats to do business.

Upon resolution Mrs. M. A. Hamilton was appointed assistant to the enrolling clerk for the balance of the session, at \$5

per day. The house waived its prohibition against the introduction of new bills to allow them to come in. Among them was one by Mr. Hartley changing the boundary lines of the counties of Crow Wing, Morrison and Cass counties. The bill provides for transferring from Crow Wing a strip some two miles in depth on the south, to Morrison county, and the northwest Grner of Morrison county of about equal territory to Crow Wing, and of something over seven sections of the southwest corner of Cass county to Crow Wing. These proposed changes together with those already proposed in reference to the boundaries of Wadens, and that setting aside sixteen sections of Cass county north of Wadena for the new county of Hubbard, operates to straighten out the boundary lines and more nearly equalize the territory of the several counties, and also, it is understood, better accommodate the people residing in the territory affected.

When the bill providing for a uniform system of indexing county resords (introduced at the instance of the public examiner) was reached, Mr. Hicks, of Hennepin, followed by Jas. Smith, Jr., of Ramsey. asked to have their counties excepted from the provisions of the bill, stating as a reason that their counties were now operating under a very similar law. Instantly representatives of other counties began to scent trouble, and to ask to have their counties excepted also, until finally a friend of the measure moved to lay the bill on the table, which was done.

Routine Report.

It was 9:15 when a quorum was secured and business proceeded with in the regular

INDEFINITELY POSTPONED. House bill amending the statutes of 1878 relating to roadways and bridges. Mr. Daniels' bill.

House bill amending the statutes of 1878

vides for the taxation of sleeping cars only. | the charter of Lake City. Passed under relating to attachments. Judiciary com-

mittee House bill relating to the jurisdiction of probate courts.

Senater bill amending the statutes of

1878, relating to actions concerning real

Senate bill amending the statutes of

1878, relating to the organization of coun-

Senate bill to amend section 138, chap

ter-general laws of 1878, relating to plat-

House bill relating to the marriage of

House bill amending the statutes of 1878

House bill amending the statutes of 1878

House bill authorizing town meetings.

House bill relating to sale of real estate

House bill amending statutes of 1878

relating to appraisement and collection of

ANNA J. BAZILLE.

Attorney General Hahn, to whom had

been referred the bills making appropria

tions in favor of Anna J. Bazille, widow

of Charles Bazille, in consideration of the

grant to the state of Capitol square, and to

ohn Bowlan, for injuries received while the

lasting was in progress for the basement

of the new capitol. asking his opinion if waiving its sovereignty, the state was

iable, reported to the contrary. After

the communication of the attorney gener

al had been read Mr. Turrell moved to re

fer the two bills to the committee of the

whole, in which he was supported by Mr.

Grimshaw, and it was opposed by Messrs.

Brown and Randall. Upon a viva voce

vote the Bazille bill was indefinitely post-

poned and the Bowlan bill placed on gen-

PRIERED OUT.

tee of investigation of the temperance com-

mittee was discharged without compensa

tion as the speaker remarked, whereupon

Mr. Collins, chairman of the committee,

reported the bill back without recommen

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Frank-To repeal the special

laws relating to the town of Taopi, Mower

By Mr. Hartley-To change the boun-

dary lines of Crow Wing, Morrison and

By Mr, Hartley-To amend the charter

SENATE BILS PASSED.

Authorizing the issue of \$50,000 for the

Amending and consolidating the acts of

Authorizing the city of Red Wing to is

Relating to the compensation of the

Relating to cattle running at large in

own of Camp Lake, Swift county.

Authorizing the lowering of the waters

Relating to the treasurer of Nicollet

Creating special school district No. 1 in

HOUSE BILLS PASSED.

Appropriating \$600 for bridge in Isanti

Setting a side certain territory in Le Su

ur county to be incorporated as Elysian.

Appropriating \$1,000 for bridges in

Grant county.

Appropriating \$600 for a bridge in Trav-

Appropriating \$400 for a bridge over

Amending the act relating to the organi-

Appropriating \$300 for a bridge over

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

Upon motion of Mr. Collins the general

appropriation bill was taken from general

orders and reported to the house to be

considered in committee of the whole, and

put upon its passage. Several amend-

ments were offered by the chairmain of the

finance committee and adopted, supplying

troduced, providing for the payment of an

some items omitted when the bill was in-

additional clerk for the superintendent of

eraltotal some\$3,000 for each year covered

by the bill as heretofore given in the

GLOBE, which were adopted. The bill was

then read in sections and the different

items concurred in, and the bill recom

mended to pass, and the committee rose,

and upon the bill being put upon its pas-

sage Mr. Child moved that item 34 in sec

tion 3, appropriating \$10,000 for wolf bounties in 1885, be stricken out, but the

amendment was lost, and the roll called

upon the passage of the bill and it was

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Upon being called to order for the af-

terneon session the order of bills in third

Appropriating \$300 for a bridge over

Incorporating the village of Croquet,

Carlton county.

Relating to the salary of the judge of

Authorizing the commissioners of Ram

sey county to issue \$5,000 certificates of

indebtedness for the improvement of Bald

Authorizing the commissioners of Hen-

nepin county to issue \$10,000 bonds for a

bridge across the Mississippi river oppo-

Authorizing the village of Glencoe to is-

sue \$4,000 bonds for water works.

1878, relating to title in real estate.

Making liens upon real property.

county commissioners.

To amend sec. 125, ch. 66, gen.

Amending statues of 1878 relating

To detach certain territory from the

county of Cass and attach the same to the

ounty of Wadena.
Authorizing school dictrict clerks to sub-

scribe for the Minnesota Journal of Edu-

Relating to commitments to the insane

Amending the statutes relating to money

Amending the statutes of 1878 relating

Providing for the levying of taxes for

state government for the years 1883 and

To drain sloughs or mud lakes in Meek-

Fixing the salary of the clerk of the sec

Amending the statutes of 1878 relat-

ing to scarlet fever, dipatheria and small-

Relating to terms of court in Wadena

Relating to terms of court in Lincoln

er county.

To enable fire underwriters to incorpo

bonds of county treasurers.

rate under the laws of the state.

retary of state at \$1,200.

reading was proceeded with as follows:

Recess until 3 o'clock.

Crow river, Wright county.

probate of Crow Wing county.

Eagle road.

site Anoka.

hospital.

pany.

deposited in banks.

zation of a school district in Cass coun-

ne Des Moines river, Murray county.

ncorporation of the city of St. Paul.

sue bonds for water works, etc.

reasurer of Renville county.

of lakes in Waseca county.

Upon motion of Mr. Hicks, his commit

to other than their own members.

obtained by fraud.

property.

ting lands.

f wards.

eral orders.

county.

county.

county.

county.

Sibley county.

Cass counties.

of the city of Brainerd.

St. Paul workhouse.

female guardians.

relating to homesteads.

etc., to be held in villages.

elating to statistics.

Relating to the fees of officers of Goodcounty. House bills declaring void notes, etc.

Relating to the fees of officers of Rice

Amending the act incorporating the village of Waterville, Le Seuur county. House bill amending the statutes of Amending the charter of the village of 1878, authorizing building associations and other likeorganizations to loan money

Glencoe, McLeod county.

Reducing the toll for sluiceage on Snake iver from ten to six cents.

Recess until 7:30. EVENING SESSION.

Upon assembling for the evening session Mr. Gregory moved the appointment of a committee on conference on the senate bill relating to the relocation of county seats. that body having disagreed to the house amendments. The motion prevailed and the speaker appointed Messrs. Gregory, James Smith, Jr., and Snow as the conference committee on the part of the house.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED. Amending the charter of Marine Mills.

Washington county. To change the name of certain lakes in Washington county. Relating to catching fish in Hennepin

ounty. Appropriating \$1,800 for a bridge across

Snake river, Chisago county. Authorizing St. Cloud to issue \$15,000 oonds for depot grounds.

Relating to beasts running at large in

he town of Lakeland, Washington coun-HOUSE BILLS LOST.

Reducing the rate of interest on sales of

public lands from 7 to 5 per cent. COMMITMENT OF INEBBIATES.

Upon motion of Mr. J. E. Child sepate file No. 4, relating to commitment of inebriates under guardianship to the insane asylum at Rochester, defeated a few days since, the vote reconsidered and the bill aid on the table, was taken from the table and put upon its passage, the vote result ing, yeas 66, nays 6, so the bill passed.

APPROPRIATION BILLS. In accordance with the motion of Mr. Collins the house took up and considered the several bills making appropriations to the different state institutions as in com mittee of the whole, Mr. Mer. in the chair. riam The first bill considered was senate file No. 270 appropriating \$60,000 for an ditional building for the school for the blind and the imbeciles at Faribault. Mr. Buck explained the Lecessities for the appropriation, and it was recommended for

passage without opposition. Next was the senate bill appropriating \$12,531.05 for the unpaid expenses of the impeachment trial of E. St. Julien Cox. Recommended to pass without discussion

The senate bill authorizing the Minne sota hospital for the insane, to expend \$8,000 at St. Peter and \$10,000 at Roches ter, in the purchase of additional land. was favorably reported.

THE STATE PRISON. The next bill was that making appropriations for the state prison, \$18,000 for 1883, \$45,000 for 1884, and \$30,000 annually for eight years thereafter.

Mr. Hicks moved to amend by inserting two years instead of eight years, where the latter figure appears. Mr. Rahilly supported the bill as it came

from the senate. Mr. James Smith, Jr., said the appropriations asked for would meet the necessities of the state for years, and be the means also of putting an end to the agitation for a second prison. He knew the commissioners who were to expend the money. and their character for integrity and busi ness sagacity was a guarantee the money would be honestly expended. Mr. Grimshaw opposed the amendment as did Mr. Cole, who spoke very earnestly in favor of the bill as a matter of economy and true business policy. Mr. Sabin read from the report of the commissioners in favor of the policy embodied in the bill. One of the strongest arguments in favor of the bill, he said, was that it would put an end, for years to come, of the scheme for a second state prison, the agitation of cutting down appropriations for the present institution, at a cost in squandered money of at least \$75,000. embodied in the present bill provides a system for the enlargement of the insti tution until the capacity of the grounds is reached and it is made self sustaining Speaker Fletcher also spoke in favor of econof the state prison ring. If it were true

the bill as a matter of omy. He had heard there was such a ring, he thought it must be well heeled by this time, and in his opinion it would be better to stand by it instead of by starting another prison to be fattened at the public expense.

Mr. Sabin in answer to some statements made by Mr. Hicks in reference to the arbitration setlement between the contractors and the state, said that in discussing questions he had never felt it necessary to dip down into the cess pools of abuse, or indulge in dirty, malicious and unfounded insinuations in which the gentleman from Hennepin seemed to delight. and he should not therefore attempt to answer him after his style. But he would, dignity or no dignity, make an explanation personal to himself. He came to Minneota he said for his health. Soon after his arrival, he visited the state prison by request of parties who desired him to become nterested in the labor control. After looking over the institution he decided not to go into it, and returned to St. Paul with the intention of embarking in the lumber business at Minneapolis. Later, however, by the most liberal offers of those associated in the prison contract, he was induced to become associated in it. There were then some forty occupants in the prison. Under the contract the state promised to furnish buildings and facilities for employ ing the convict labor, which it did not do. In the meantime the prison was rapidly filling up and temporary structures had to be supplied by the contractors. Then came the hard times and the products of the prison labor could find no market At the same time Mr. Donnelly who was in the legislature, raised the ery -which has since been a sort of night mare with many honest and well-meaning people—of a state prison ring, and this, too, at a time when, if their centract had not been in force, the state could not have let the labor at five cents a day. With the state refusing to fulfill its part of the agreement, and the manufactured stock under the contract accumulating in their hands, a demand of release was made upon the inspectors which was refused. The contractors then refused to pay the state under the contract, and the inspectors commenced suit agains the bondsmen. The lower court decided against them and an appeal was taken to the supreme court, which decided that the contract, not having been lived up to by the state, was not binding upon the contractors. In the meantime arbitration had been proposed and authorized by the legislature, by which a commission was authorized, Gen. Sibley being chosen to represent the state. The contractors chose Mr. J. W. Johnson, of Hennepin, and they two selecting Gen. L. F. Hubbard, present Amending the statutes of 1875 relating to the Minnesota Central Railroad com-This commission, extensive examination, made the settlement to which the gentleman from Hennepin (Hicks) so sneeringly alludes. That commission never

in to enable them to utilize the labor, which the state agreed to do, the awards were very greatly below the actual value. Such, Mr. Sabin said, was a simple statement of the controversy between the state and the prison contractors, in which, the gentleman from Hennepin (Hicks), by his manner and insinuations, would have people think the contractors had endesvored to defraud the state. The records most conclusively bore him out, he said, in all the statements he had made, and he defied any one to show to the contrary. In concluding he said he would stake his reputation on the statement that the present contract was one of the best for the state in the Union, and that under it, with 500 inmates in the prison—the lowest number with which such an institution could be made self-supporting, as experience had demonstrated - the prison would cease to be a burden upon the taxpayers.

After remarks by Mr. Boardman in favor of the bill, Mr. Hicks' amendment upon division was rejected, 26 yeas to 46 nays. Mr. J. E. Child offered an amendment striking out a paragraph in the first section of the bill, so that the appropriation asked for shall be devoted to enlarging the prison proper and building walls and not applied to building additional shop room. Lost.

Mr. Hicks offered another amendment to the effect that nothing in the bill should be construed to bind future legislatures in either diminishing or cutting off this appro-

Mr. Sabin said that, was it not for sending the bill back to the senate at this late

day, there would be no objection to the amendment. Mr. Jas. Smith, Jr., said the amendment

was unnecessary, as the law secured that right in future legislation.

The amendment, like the others, was rejected, and the bill was then recommended to pass just as it came from the senate. The bills making appropriations for enlarging insane asylum buildings, for the reform school and for support of the various state institutions, the items of which

have already been given in the GLOBE, were recommended to pass. The bridge bills on general orders, fortyfour in number, were recommended in a bunch to pass. The committee then rose, and Mr. Jas. Smith, Jr., moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. Hicks excepted the senate bill making appropriation for the state prison. The report without the exception was adopted

Mr. Hicks re-offered his amendment substituting 2 for 8, and called for the yeas and nays. Mr. Jas. Smith. Jr. moved the adoption

of the report of the committee, to which Mr. Hicks moved his amendment to the last section, that nothing in the bill shall be considered binding upon future legislatures, and called for the yeas and nays, resulting: Yeas, 16; nays, 46. Mr. Child reoffered his amendment offered in committee, which was rejected and

the report was then adopted. Upon motion of Mr. Jas. Smith, Jr., the state appropriation bills were made the special order at 9:30 this morning.

Adjourned to 9 a. m. Bishop's Appointments.

FARIBAULT, Feb. 21, 1883. Dear Brethren: I send you the appointments for my spring visitation. I may be absent from the diocese until after Easter:

St. Paul-Ch. Good Shepherd, Sun. Apr. 8, 10:30 a. m. Carist Church, '.
Sn. Paul's Church, Mo. 7:30 Tuesday, Wednesday, Moorhead, Thursday, 12 7:30 Breck'nr 'ge, F. day, L'tchfield, Sunday, ·· 13 7:30 7:30 Willmar, Monday. Rrow is V'l'v, Thursday 19 7:30 Sunday, 22 3:00 p. m. Varsaw. Wednesday. 25 7:30 Mankato, 7:30 " St. Peter, Shakoree, Friday, " 27 7:00 p. m. Friday,

Holy Trin'y, Sunday, St. Paul's, Sunday, 29 3:30 29 7:30 Has ings, Red Wing, 30 7:30 Red Wing, Tuesday, M Lake City, Wednesday, St. John Evangelist, St. Paul, May May 4 7:30 p. m. Friday.

Frontenac. 6 10:30 a. m. 6 2:00 a. m. Stockton, 7:30 Cannon Falls, Tuesday, Northfield, Wednesday, 7:30 7:30 Thursday, Whitsunday, Earibault. 13, 10:30 a. m 3:80 p. imway Ch'l, Whitsunday, Monday, Cannon City, Tuesday, Thursday, Farmington, 7:30 Stillwater, Friday, Minreapolis, 20, 10:30 a. Monday, 22, 7:30 23, 7:30 Granite Falls. 24, 7:30 Appleton, Thursday, 25, 7:30 27, 29, 2:00 Friday, Sunday, Tuesday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Pine Island. 29, 7:30 30, 7:30 St. Charles, Thu sday, 31, 7:30 Blue Earth Blue Earth, Friday, June, 1, 7:30 "
Since the last council I have visited White Earth, Ridgewood, Detroit, Rose

Mount, Castle Rock, Stanton, St. Peter, Redwood Falls, Grand Marias, Janesville, Elysian, Waterville, Cordova, Le Sueur, Henderson, Belle Plaine, Shakopee, Worth ington, Windom, Slayton, Heron Lake, Madelis, Kenyon, Fergus Falls, Alexandria, Lake Reno, Glenwood, Sauk Center, Melrose, Wild Rice, Pembina Indian settlement, Red Lake, Cass Lake, Lake Winnebegoshish, Leech Lake, Basswood Grove, Point Douglas, Rochester, Chatfield, Fair mount, Rush City, North Branch, Elk River, Anoka, Cannon Falls, Lake City, Crookston, St. Vincent, Moorhead, Sauk Rapids, St. Cloud, Rushford, Caledonia, Houston, Brownsville, Waseca, Albert Lea. I had expected to visit some of these places again before council, but the severity of the winter and the state of my health have compelled me to postpone much work which I desired to do. I purpose, God willing, to complete the visitation after council. Brethren, pray for us. "It is towards the evening and the day is far spent." With much love and praying

God to bless you, your friend and brother,

Bishop of Minnesota.

H. B. WHIPPLE.

Committee on Public Buildings. The committee on public buildings, of the city council, held a meeting last evening and wrestled with the proposition of the gentleman from Chicago, in regard to renting market hall for a skating rink. His proposition was to pay \$600 for the use of the hall with the privilege of putting down a new floor, the cost of the same to be deducted from the rent. When the committee came to consider the proposition the floor part of it was found to troublesome, and the committee came to the conclusion that if any floor is put down there the city will put it down, instead of allowing some else to. There is a differ ence of opinion also in regard to what wood the floor shall be made of. The Chicago gentleman, who makes the proposition, wants the wood to be oak, while the committee wants either yellow pine or oak. allowed the contractors one dollar for the damages sustained through the failure of The committee will consider the state to fulfill its part of the agree- further and will probably submit a propoment, and no allowance for machinery put sition to the Chicago gentleman.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The Propos tion to Extend the City Limits Withdrawn-The Improvement of the Mississippi - County Roads - Sympathy With Hamline University-Bridging the River.

the chair, held a regular meeting yester-

The board of directors of the chamber of commerce, with Gen. A. T. Averill in

BETWEEN THE CITIES.

day morning.

The resolution offered by Mr. McClung, last week, in regard to asking the legislature to extend the jurisdiction of St. Paul and Minneapolis over the territory lying between the two cities, was taken up and briefly discussed. Mr.Mc-Clung, of course, argued in favor of it. It was opposed by Mr. Oppenheim who thought the object of the resolution might be secured through a plat commission. Mr. McClung finally withdrew the resolu-

THE MISSISSIPPI.

The following offered by Mr. McClung last week was adopted:

Resolved, That the improvement of the Mississippi river is a work of national importance, and a delay or postponement of the work will cost the people more money than the most lavish expenditure for its improvement. This chamber of commerce therefore respectfully requests our representatives in congress, whatever may be done with the river and harbor bill, to that the most liberal provision is made for the Mississippi river.

OPEN THE BOADS.

Mr. D. R. Noyes called attention to a circular from the citizens of Mayville, Dakota, asking the assistance of the chamber in inducing the officers of the St. Paul & Manitoba line to open that road through to Mayville. On motion of Mr. Noyes it was determined to ask the road to furnish the relief needed.

HAMLINE UNIVERSITY. The following offered by Mr. Quinby was adopted:

WHEREAS, the Hamline university of Minnesota has recently suffered a very serious loss by the burning of its main college building at College Place; and

WHEREAS, This state and the entire Northwest is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of this institute of learning, which has already done so much for the people, and promises even greater results for the future, therefore, Resolved, That the chamber of com-

merce of St. Paul earnestly sympathizes with the friends of the university in its recent misfortune, and heartily recommends its interests, and particularly the efforts of the board of trustees to rebuild, to the favorable consideration of the business men of St. Paul, trusting that they will assist in the good work, and that there shall shortly arise from the ashes of the fallen building even a more beautiful and substantial structure than was the one now in ruins.

BRIDGING THE MISSISSIPPI. The following were offered by Mr. Mc-

Clung: Resolved. That it is the desire of this chamber that the common council should be authorized to negotiate with any railroad company or other corporation or persons, for the construction of one or more

bridges across the Mississippi river at St. Paul to be used jointly as a wagon and railroad bridge, the style and description of the bridge to be decided by the negotiating parties, and the cost to be borne jointly -provided that not more than \$100,000 of the bonds voted for a bridge at St. Paul shall be used for any one bridge.

Resolved, That our delegation in the leg-

lature be requested to secure such legislation as above described. Mr. McClung, Mr. Noves and Mr. Coch-

ran favored the resolutions, and on a vote being taken they were adopted. OPENING THE ROADS AGAIN. Dr. Day offered a resolution, the substance of which is that the committee on

transportation visit all the railroad companies, and urge that they endeavor to open up their lines at the earliest practicable moment. This concluding the business of the chamber, it adjourned.

> THE COURTS. District Court. REGULAR TERM.

| Before Judge Wilkin.] At a former day of this court. John P. Chinn, against whom there were too indictments for gambling, plead guilty to one of them. When the other was called yesterday he plead against it a former conviction, but this after argument was not allowed and the court ordered the case to stand for trial. Against this decision an appeal will be taken to the supreme

Frank Carver, charged with larceny, was sentenced to one year and seven months at Stillwater. John Lamson, larceny: sentenced to

one year and seven months at Stillwater. Joseph Blummer, larceny; two years and seven months at Stillwater. Joseph Sweeney, charged with assault; even months in Ramsey county jail. In the case of Daniel Egan, administrator, against the St. Paul & Manitoba adminis-

road; verdict for the defendant. [Before Judge McGrorty.] Estate of Mathias Huser, deceased; rder made discharging administrator.

and adjudged insane. Municipal Court. | Before Judge Barr.]

Insanity of Joseph Reiling; examined

Thomas Bates, vagrant; thirty days in orkhonse. John McGrath, vagrant; sixty days in orkhouse.

H. Brodstedner, vagrant; sent out of John Williams, vagrant; sixty days in

Hugh McQueen, vagrant; sixty days in workhouse. Tim Murphy, drunk and disorderly; fined \$5; paid.

Matthew Donahue, drunk and disorderly; sixty days in the workhouse. Charles Swanson, drunk; five days in the workhouse.

Maggie Shorven, larceny; dismissed. Mrs. Owens, disorderly; continued to Feb. 28. R. McClure, larceny; continued to

John Keogh, disorderly; continued to Feb. 27. Margaret Gundorf, larceny; continued to Feb. 27.
A. J. Phelps, swindling; continued to

> Wigwam Roller Skating Rink.

** "Men condemn in others what they pracice themselves." Those who practice the use of Kidney-Wort never condemn its use by others, but commend it to all affected with piles, dys pepsia, constipation and all other diseases resulting from a disordered state of the kidneys, liver

Wigwam

Foller Skating Rink.