LATE MINNEAPOLIS NEWS.

MINNEAPOLIS ELECTION.

The Republicans Make a Tolerably Clean Sweep—The Park Improvement Voted.

Yesterday was probably one of the quietest elections ever held in Minneapolis and the result on the whole is scored a victory for the Republicans. The Waterloo was in the First ward, where John T. Lee, the regular Democratic nominee for alderman, was defeated by Comstock, Republican. Mr. Lee was practically slaughtered in the house of his friends. Up to yesterday Democrats who control large followings were supposed to be laboring for his election when in reality they were setting a trap for his downfall, and last night were rejoicing in their success. There was no more deserving candidate on the entire city ticket than Mr. Lee and it certainly is greatly to the loss of the First ward that he is defeated.

For judge of the municipal court Mr. Bailey, the Republican candidate, was elected, while Stephen Mahoney, Democrat, carried away the special judgeship.

T. J. Buxton, the time honored city treasurer, was re-elected with his usual big majority. Buck never gets left.

Only three Democratic aldermen were favored with majorities: Hashow in the Third, Walsh in the Sixth and Noremberg in the Seventh, although Ed. Clement polled well in the Fourth and only lacked a few votes.

The Prohibitionists elected one alderman, Albert Lawrence in the Eighth ward, but otherwise polled an insignificant vote. The park system went through kiting and Bill King was probably the happiest man the city contained at midnight, but it is reported he went home sober before daybreak. He called on Nettleton, of the *Tribune*, at 11 o'clock and invited him down to take a drink with him, but the general declined. There were too many spectators.

The new city council will stand nine Democrats to thirteen Republicans, but with the mayor's veto a check will be made upon any improper measure.

The following are the returns in detail:

JUDGE MUNICIPAL COURT.

Ward and Precinct.	Bailey.	Ankony	Wolch.
First ward—First precinct	832	218	0
Second precinct	135	412	7
Third precinct	165	168	27
Second ward—First precinct	244	103	24
Second precinct	349	78	39
Third ward—First precinct	115	211	34
Second precinct	198	274	28
Third precinct	71	223	34
Fourth ward—First precinct	74	278	23
Second precinct	161	201	87
Third precinct	434	116	35
Fourth precinct	201	191	23
Fifth ward—First precinct	192	305	47
Second precinct	256	71	63
Third precinct	163	43	56
Fourth precinct	119	236	40
Sixth ward—First precinct	249	210	36
Second precinct	267	190	73
Third precinct	151	285	34
Fourth precinct	247	167	37
Seventh ward—First precinct	103	54	17
Second precinct	140	162	67
Eighth ward	184	53	61

SPECIAL JUDGE.

Ward and Precinct.	Dunn.	Mahoney.	Randolph.
First ward—First precinct	83	218	..
Second precinct	92	432	7
Third precinct	143	149	25
Second ward—First precinct	197	151	23
Second precinct	233	189	39
Third ward—First precinct	112	214	33
Second precinct	139	269	29
Third precinct	99	216	34
Fourth ward—First precinct	72	281	22
Second precinct	172	201	71
Third precinct	477	99	38
Fourth precinct	193	195	19
Fifth ward—First precinct	186	306	46
Second precinct	255	60	69
Third precinct	167	37	57
Fourth precinct	172	295	10
Sixth ward—First precinct	281	320	35
Second precinct	284	182	66
Third precinct	156	278	34
Fourth precinct	286	125	39
Seventh ward—First precinct	100	56	17
Second precinct	150	148	67
Eighth ward	189	47	61

TREASURER.

Ward and Precinct.	Rosser	Buxton	Hoyt.
First ward—First precinct	91	203	..
Second precinct	124	432	7
Third precinct	126	171	26
Second ward—First precinct	209	149	20
Second precinct	310	114	43
Third ward—First precinct	88	234	38
Second precinct	175	298	28
Third precinct	88	228	30
Fourth ward—First precinct	63	289	24
Second precinct	155	281	74
Third precinct	376	163	54
Fourth precinct	172	217	95
Fifth ward—First precinct	176	319	53
Second precinct	207	102	72
Third precinct	141	43	78
Fourth precinct	159	244	42
Sixth ward—First precinct	185	369	34
Second precinct	256	194	79
Third precinct	121	313	34
Fourth precinct	214	209	39
Seventh ward—First precinct	96	57	19
Second precinct	132	165	70
Eighth ward	169	66	61

PARK SYSTEM.

	Yes.	No.
First ward:		
First precinct	144	127
Second precinct	71	21
Third precinct	178	171
Second ward:		
First precinct	241	119
Second precinct	363	93
Third ward:		
First precinct	175	223
Second ward	173	323
Third ward	140	200
Fourth ward:		
First precinct	125	235
Second precinct	364	74
Third precinct	462	31
Fouth ward	313	89
Fifth ward:		
First precinct	377	144
Second precinct	334	53
Third precinct	203	49
Fourth precinct	268	136
Sixth ward:		
First precinct	223	345
Second precinct	255	259
Third precinct	95	368
Fourth precinct	227	207
Seventh ward:		
First precinct	125	42
Second precinct	215	125
Eighth ward	258	58
Total	5,357	3,923

Majority, yes, 1,434.

Aldermen.

FIRST WARD.

First Precinct:

J. J. Lee, D 185
Comstock, R 117

Second Precinct:

Comstock 328
Lee 229

Third Precinct:

Lee 140
Comstock 142

Whole number of votes cast 1,141
Comstock 587
Lee 554

Comstock's plurality 33

SECOND WARD.

First precinct:

Johnson, R 165
Barrows, Ind 190

Second precinct:

Johnson 339
Barrows 125

Whole number of votes cast 819
Johnson 504
Barrows 315

Johnson's plurality 189

THIRD WARD.

First Precinct:

Leighton, R 175
Hashow, D 295
Higgins, P 28

Second Precinct:

Leighton 175
Hashow 273
Higgins 28

Third Precinct:

Leighton 92
Hashow 215
Higgins 30

Whole number of votes cast 1,312
Hashan's plurality 528

FOURTH WARD.

First Precinct:

Greenleaf, R 74
Clement, D 274
Williams, P 23

Second Precinct:

Greenleaf 183
Clement 192
Williams 75

Third Precinct:

Greenleaf 439
Clement 98
Williams 41

Fourth Precinct:

Greenleaf 177
Clement 213
Williams 25

Whole number of votes cast 1,815
Greenleaf 873
Clement 777

Greenleaf's plurality 96

FIFTH WARD.

First Precinct:

Pillsbury, R 236
McDermott, D 300

Second Precinct:

Pillsbury 349
McDermott 44

Third Precinct:

Pillsbury 224
McDermott 38

Fourth Precinct:

Pillsbury 227
McDermott 219

Pillsbury's majority 495

SIXTH WARD.

First Precinct:

Appleby, R 189
Walsh, D 365
Marble, P 34

Second Precinct:

Appleby 265
Walsh 201
Marble 65

Third Precinct:

Appleby 146
Walsh 297
Marble 26

Fourth Precinct:

Appleby 276
Walsh 153
Marble 26

Walsh's majority over Appleby 104

SEVENTH WARD.

First Precinct:

Terrill, R 96
Roberts, R 104
Noremberg, D 62
Siverling, D 49
Eaton, P 1

Second Precinct:

Terrill 123
Roberts 120
Noremberg 170
Siverling 103
Eaton 77

Whole number of votes cast 905
Terrill 219
Roberts 224
Noremberg 232
Siverling 152
Noremberg's plurality 13
Roberts' plurality 71

EIGHTH WARD.

Lawrence, R 199
Channell, R 247
Russell, D 97
Keith, D 47

Total 590

Lawrence and Channell are elected.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

For members of the board of education Prof. S. Oftedal and J. W. Johnson, the Democratic nominees, were elected by overwhelming majorities.

The Opera Concert Last Night.

The second concert of the Grand Opera festival given last night was of a character which wrought the audience into a mood for encores with even the opening orchestral number, and kept them at that high pitch during the entire evening. The "Heavens are Telling" was grandly given by the chorus. The orchestra and a trio consisting of Miss Butler, Messrs. Barnes and McWade, and Mlle. Mantey charmed the audience by the richness and power of her violin playing, and Mr. Sternberg's piano solo was given an encore. The Lohengrin number, in which Madame Hauk appeared assisted by Sali Montegriffo, Gottschalk, Hall and the Mendelssohn chorus was magnificently sung. Hauk charmed the audience by the sweetness of her singing, and Hall sang the music of the Herald with stirring effect. Messrs. Montegriffo and Hall were each recalled after their solos. The Oberlin Glee club shared in and helped arouse the enthusiasm of the audience, they receiving double encores twice during the evening. This afternoon both clubs and the opera artists, with Litta at the head, will appear at the matinee and this evening the first opera performance takes place.

Labor Troubles.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—It has been arranged that Mundell's shoemakers return to work at old rates for four weeks. If business is not then improved a 10 per cent. reduction in wages takes place, or the 800 men will be discharged.

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers, 1 fee.

Bill Nye's Recipes.

To remove oils, varnishes, resins, tar, oyster soup, current jelly and other selections from the bill of fare, use benzine, soap and chloroform cautiously with whitewash-brush and garden hose. Then hang on wood-pile to remove the pungent effluvia of the benzine.

To clean ceilings that have been smeared by kerosene lamps or the fragrance from fried salt pork, remove the ceiling, wash thoroughly with borax, turpentine and rain-water, then hang on the clothes-line to dry. After, pulverize and spread over the pie-plant bed for spring wear.

To remove starch and roughness from flat-irons, hold the iron on a grindstone for twenty moments or so, then wipe off carefully with a rag. To make this effective the grindstone should be in motion while the iron is applied. Should the iron still stick to the goods when in use spit on it.

To soften water for household purposes, put in an ounce of quick-lime in a certain quantity of water. If it is not sufficient, use less water or more quick-lime. Should the immediate lime continue to remain deliberate, lay the water down on a stone and pound it with a base-ball club.—*Laramie Boomerang.*

HORRORS OF A DAY.

A Jealous Husband Kills His Wife and Himself at Washington, D. C.

NECK OF PRIZE FIGHTER BROKEN.

St. Louis Furnishes Two Murders With a Woman in Them as Usual.

HORRIBLE MURDER AND SUICIDE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—Frederick Defronville, a former member of the signal corps, to-night shot and killed his wife and then killed himself, at his wife's home in East Washington. Defronville and his wife separated about eight months since, the woman refusing to live with him on account of his intemperate habits. Mrs. Defronville, who was a Dane, has been employed as a translator in the agricultural department, and lived alone. This evening Defronville went to the house and demanded admittance. Being refused he started to break in the door, when his wife sent a man who was in the house through the back entrance for a policeman. Before he returned Defronville had broken in the door and killed his wife and himself. No one witnessed the tragedy, but when the neighbors were alarmed by the pistol shots and entered the house, they found Mrs. Defronville dead, shot through the brain, and her murderer lying dead beside her, with the revolver in his hand. The motive of the deed is supposed to have been the jealousy of Defronville, and his wife's refusal to live with him.

SHOT IN A QUARREL OVER A WANTON.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.—Just before 2 o'clock this morning a bloody tragedy was enacted at the house of Mrs. Theresa Prettyman, 1125 Paine street. Albert or Burt Wing shot and killed Joe Glenn, a clerk in a dry goods store, in the presence of Essie Davis, a woman of the town. Wing and the woman came here a short time ago from Greenville, Ky., and Davis became an inmate of the house of Mattie Roberts. Here she made the acquaintance of Glenn. The latter yesterday engaged a room at Prettyman's, and late in the evening, with Glenn and Davis, went there. Wing had became jealous of Glenn, who divided the woman's affections with him, and went to the house and found them together. He upbraided Glenn for his treachery, and suddenly pulled a revolver and shot him twice in the head, killing him almost instantly. Wing rushed from the house but was soon arrested. The Davis woman was also lodged in the calaboose. Wing claims the shooting was done in self defense and that Glenn drew a revolver, that a struggle ensued for its possession and that he secured it and fired. But the woman says Wing shot Glenn deliberately. The whole party lived at Owensboro, Ky. The real name of the woman is said to be Mary Eaves.

Albert Wing is a young brother of Hon. E. Ramsey Wing, who was United States minister to Ecuador under Grant's administration. Joe Glenn was the son of a tobacconist of Carrollton, Ky., and Mary Eaves, alias Davis, is the daughter of Judge Eaves of that place. She is a Mrs. Ringa, but has left her husband and two children. She now confirms the story of the shooting as told by Wing.

THE TEWKSBURY ALMSHOUSE HORROR.

BOSTON, April 3.—The investigation of the management of the Tewksbury almshouse, was resumed this morning. Miss Fanning testified that she got so much a piece for transporting boxes, the contents of which she did not know. She took up the business after the death of a brother who was previously engaged in it. Thos. March, Jr., paid for this work. The latter thought it would be inconvenient to have the work done by any one else. Gov. Butler examined the witness very sharply and endeavored to make her acknowledge she knew what was transported, but the witness would not acknowledge that she had been paid as late as last November, and that there have been boxes transported since.

Mrs. Charlotte A. Thomas, of Andover, in charge of certain departments of the almshouse, testified:

Dr. Pease, a female doctor who treated the patients, evidently did not know the business. Three patients lost their lives under her treatment. The investigation adjourned until to-morrow.

HARMONIZED.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The suit begun by Joseph P. Haverstick and George C. Kabbe, against Dr. R. W. Amidon, to recover money taken by the latter, at the request of Mrs. Ubler, after the shooting of W. H. Haverstick, has been discontinued, the parties contesting having settled their difficulties.

DIVORCED FROM A FALSE WIFE.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.—Rush H. Tevis was to-day granted a decree of divorce from his wife, Kate R. Tevis, with custody of a four-year-old daughter. The suit was not opposed. It arose out of the shooting of Frank T. Iglehart by Tevis as he was leaving a notorious establishment in company with the latter's wife, Iglehart was wounded in the arm and until recently was an inmate of a hospital here. All parties are highly connected.

TO BE LET OFF.

MILWAUKEE, April 3.—General Thomas Reynolds, late pension agent at Madison, who fraudulently obtained $5,000, will escape punishment. The United States attorney at Madison having received a letter from Attorney General Brewster, authorizing him to enter a *nolle prosequi*, when the case comes up, provided Reynolds returns the amount taken. He was accused of collecting pensions of widows who had been dead some years.

NECK BROKEN IN A PRIZE FIGHT.

DUBOIS, Pa., April 3.—In a prize fight here last evening between Mike McLaughlin and Martin Linksy, miners, six rounds were fought. In the last round both men clinched and fell, Linksy breaking his neck in the fall, which resulted in instantaneous death. McLaughlin gave himself up to the authorities. The participants in the fight were not over eighteen years of age.

SENTENCED TO EIGHTEEN YEARS.

PETERSBURG, April 3.—The second trial of Isaac Booth, indicted for the murder of his infant child, resulted in conviction, the jury fixing the punishment at eighteen years in the penitentiary. Booth at the conclusion of the first trial was sentenced to be hanged.

GOES TO FRANKFORT.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 3.—Gov. Blackburn, having declined to interfere with the pardon of David Ferguson, he will be taken to the state prison at Frankfort tomorrow, to begin a service of five years' imprisonment.

A SHOOTING FRUSTRATED.

CINCINNATI, O., April 3.—A sensation was created in the rooms of the Duckworth Democratic club this morning, by an effort of Mayor Means to shoot John Brady, the county jailer. Both are members of the club and had spent the night at the rooms, hearing the election returns. Early this morning Mayor Means, who had been drinking, made threats going to insult Brady, who was up stairs. Means went up stairs and friends got Brady down stairs. Means followed, when men seized him, but he finally drew a revolver. Brady, seeing this, drew his, and demanded that Means be taken away. This was done and bloodshed prevented. Brady and Means have not been on good terms for two years.

SHOT FOR FIFTY CENTS.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky., April 3.—Scott Oliver shot and killed John Walton at 3:30 o'clock this morning in John South's saloon, on account of a trifling dispute over cards. Oliver was holding the stakes for Walton and Callender; who having a misdeal asked for their money, fifty cents. Oliver declined to return it and without any warning fired. The ball entered the left temple, producing death in one hour. Walton was originally from Sandusky, O., and is a German, forty years old. Oliver was raised here, and is twenty-two years of age.

KILLED WITH A KNIFE.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.—Between seven and eight o'clock this evening, as Wm. Luding, said to be lately from Chicago, was walking down Poplar street, near River, he got into an altercation with two or three men about moving some coal from the sidewalk, when a man supposed to be Tom McDonough, alias Windy Tom, notorious among river men, whipped out a knife and plunged it into Luding's neck, killing him. McDonough escaped, but Mike Kennedy, another of the party, was arrested.

THE MARKETS YESTERDAY

CHICAGO.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

CHICAGO, April 3.—This being election day, the board of trade, call and open board rooms were closed, and nothing of a legitimate character was done in grain or provisions. The receipts of grain, as indicated by the inspectors in store, were 6 cars of winter and 58 cars of spring wheat, 402 cars of corn, including 198 cars of No. 2 and 9 cars of high mixed, 43 cars of oats, 15 cars of rye and 22 cars of barley.

NEW YORK.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

NEW YORK, April 3.—The attraction on Wall street to-day was Northwestern common. It opened at 134½ and advanced with hardly a reaction to 136¾. It was very active and brightened up the situation considerably. The preferred did even better, selling at 154, though the business centered in the common. Rochester Pittsburg occupied the second place with a rise to 227⅞. During the afternoon Northwestern was purchased in large amounts and touched 138¼. One report attributed the improvement to a statement that the surplus in the hands of the treasurer was about $5,000,000 and would warrant the payment of something extra in the way of a dividend. St. Paul was firm and sold at par. President Mitchell is credited with being a bull on the property. The result of the Missouri Pacific meeting was a re-election of the old board. Oregon Transcontinental and Delaware & Lackawanna, with the stocks mentioned above, were the favorites all day, though nearly all look much better than they did last evening. The close was decidedly buoyant, quite a contrast from that of yesterday. Money loaned at 10 per cent. It is stated on very good authority that Lee, Higgerson & Co. sold 20,000 shares of Oregon Transcontinental last Thursday and Friday. It is assumed that such a sale would not have been made without good reason therefor. Bulls on the property say that the statement of the assets of the Oregon Transcontinental, soon to be made public, will show holdings of Oregon Navigation, Northern Pacific common, Northern Pacific preferred and Transcontinental, amounting in par value to about $57,000,000.

How Colors Harmonize With Traits of Character.

Purity and guilelessness can best be represented by white, and its stainless snowy atmosphere always gives a sense of coolness also to the eye of the beholder. Blue, again, is a color of innocence, and is apt to give an individual an air of delicacy and refinement, while the pale greens are scarcely inferior in the same effect; but the rose-color is one of the hues of coquetry, is an expansive blooming color, and renders one, we know not how or why, much easier of approach than any of the colder colors do. Then there are few colors which wrap such an impression of dignity and majesty about one as purple does, especially the purple that inclines to violet, whether because of its royal and churchy association or of anything inherent, as the way in which it retires into shadow rather than obtrudes even while maintaining its integrity in still self-assertion. One who wears red, on the other hand, may wish to express haughtiness or pride, anger or a species of defiance, but certainly nothing of shrinking modesty or of cold repose. And yellow, to conclude, may express a sunny serenity and generosity of nature carried even to its highest power. It is true that yellow, under certain circumstances, confesses injurious luxury of character, and expresses exactly the opposite attributes to those which render white and blue appropriate. Perhaps some of us remember a striking picture that was shown in the centennial exhibition some years ago, where, through the opening door of a convent, with its black and white robed nuns, and out of the wild storm, a beautiful woman implores shelter; she is clad in brilliant yellow, and one feels the strength of the picture in the contrast between innocence and guilt, the sin of the world seeking sanctuary, symbolized by the yellow gown of beauty, the black and white of innocence and self-sacrifice.—*Harper's Bazar.*

The Mississippi River Landscape.

The Mississippi is not a picturesque stream below Cairo. There is a sameness all along. The river is always yellow, muddy, running swiftly, swirling around bars, eating away, wherever the current strikes, into the sandy, shelving bank. Cottonwood, cedar and willows stand up in the background of the dingy river landscape. Occasionally in the river are seen long, sandy shoals, covered with wild geese. These have sentinels posted out, so that they are very difficult to be approached by sportsmen. They are, however, very poor eating. A wild goose, arrived at the age of 2 years, can be boiled indefinitely without being reduced to an eatable condition. There are millions of ducks on the river, but they are very poor eating. They have a rank, coarse, fishy flavor.

Languages in India.

The number of spoken languages in India is said to be 243, and, including dialects, 549. Translations of the Bible, or part of it, exist in about seventy or eighty of these languages and dialects, but those who have a Christian literature are much fewer. Some half a dozen of the leading tongues—Urdu, Hindoo, Bengali, Mahrati, Tamil and Telugu—possess a number of Christian volumes of all sorts, the result of half a century or more of labor, but the rest are very destitute, and a most formidable undertaking it will be to make them anything else. The English language ought to be simplified and then made the one medium of communication in all the East. The rapidity with which its use is growing in India under the present system of education in that tongue in both Government and mission schools is almost startling. In the last twenty-two years the Madras University alone has examined about 25,000 candidates for the matriculation examination, all of them possessing a fair knowledge of English. As many as 8,000 or 10,000 candidates go up now annually for this examination in three great universities of India, and English is the chief language used. This stream of influence year by year is telling very strongly upon the country, more so than many suspect. The *Indian Mirror*, a native paper, said the other day:

"Foreigners can hardly realize the extent to which the English language is spoken and written by the educated classes in India, almost superseding in some instances the use of the vernaculars. When educated Hindoos meet they talk English; when they write letters to each other, they show a decided preference for the English."

Paris Oysters.

It always made me mad to see a Frenchman sit down to a plate of raw French oysters—for when he did so he did it with an air which seemed to declare that of all countries none save France could raise an oyster, and none save Frenchmen knew how to eat an oyster. Yet the poor creatures, in all their self-conceit, sat thus before a plate of thin, coppery bivalves with naught of condiment before them, save salt, pepper and vinegar. And I was obliged to gaze on all this ignorant pomposity, as to the oyster, with visions before my eyes of the palatial oyster saloons in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, where human culinary skill has reached its highest flight in dealing with the oyster; and the "roast," "pan roast," "fried," "fried in crumbs," "fried in batter," "plain stew," "box stew," "Boston stew" and "broil," all attest to the range and scope of American ingenuity in dealing with the king of bivalves. And to regard these conceited Frenchmen looking as if they had reached the acme of human perfection in dealing with the oyster, when entirely ignorant of America's triumph in oyster cooking, and I unable to beat the vestige of an idea into their vainglorious brains! —*Paris letter.*

Don't Use Big Words.

In promulgating your esoteric cogitations, or articulating superficial sentimentalities and philosophical or psychological observations, beware of platitudinous ponderosity. Let your conversation possess a clarified conciseness, compacted comprehensibleness, coalescent consistency and a concatenated cogency. Eschew all conglomerations of flatulent garrulity, jejune babblement and asinine affectations. Let your extemporaneous descantings and unpremeditated expatiations have intelligibility and veracious vivacity, without rhodomontade or thrasonical bombast. Sedulously avoid an polysyllabic profundity, pompous prolixity, psittaceous vacuity, ventriloquial verbosity and vaniloquent vapidity. Shun double entendres, prurient jocosity and pestiferous profanity, obscurant or apparent. In other words, talk plainly, naturally, sensibly, truthfully, purely. And don't use big words.

Postage Stamps.

The number of different kinds of postage stamps which have been hitherto issued all over the world is estimated, in round numbers, at 6,000. Among them are to be found the effigies of five Emperors, eighteen Kings, three Queens, one Grand Duke, six Princes and a large number of Presidents, etc. Some of the stamps bear coats of arms and other emblems, as crowns, the papal keys, and tiara, anchors, eagles, lions, horses, stars, serpents, railway trains, horsemen, messengers, etc. The collection preserved in the museum of the Berlin postoffice included, on July 1, 1879, 4,498 specimens of different postage stamps. Of these 2,462 were from Europe, 441 from Asia, 251 from Africa, 1,143 from America and 201 from Australia.

Space in the Universe.

The nearest of the fixed stars is twenty trillions (20,000,000,000,000) of miles distant from us. The next in distance is four times farther removed. If we attempt to fix an average distance for the surrounding group of fixed stars nearest our system, we could not safely give it a radius of less than four hundred trillions of miles. Yet what does this involve? Light, which reaches us from the sun in eight and a half minutes, would take seventy years in its journey across this vast domain of space. If the volume of space included within our solar system were occupied with one huge sphere of 5,600,000,000 miles diameter, even such a mighty mass would be but as a floating feather in the marvelous spread of empty space surrounding. This space would contain twenty-seven hundred trillions of such spheres, and would contain the material contents of our solar system a number of times indicated by the figure 5 with twenty-two ciphers annexed.—*Philadelphia American.*

Schubert's Poverty.

Schubert, the great musical composer, was like Mozart, unable to sell his compositions for anything like remunerative prices. He often depended upon his brother for a roll, some apples, or a few pennies. Within a year of his death he hadn't money enough to buy his dinner, and was forced to sell one of his great works for less than $5, and his songs at 20 cents each. The estimated value of his whole effects at death amounted to less than $10. He ought to have written "Captain Jinks," or "Grandfather's Clock." Then he could could have had a white stone front in Vienna.

Given Away.

We cannot help noticing the liberal offer made to all invalids and sufferers by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. You are requested to call at Lambie & Bethune's drug store and get a trial bottle *free of cost* if you are suffering with consumption, severe coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, hay fever, loss of voice, hoarseness, or any affection of the throat or lungs. It will positively cure you.

FIVE CENTS A LINE

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by a young man to clerk in clothing store. Have had some experience. Good reference given. Address G. B. L., this office. 92-99

WANTED—By a colored man who has had experience, employment as coachman in a private family. Address Thos. C. Dyson, 413 Robert street, St. Paul. 93-99

WANTED—Situation by a young man willing to do any kind of honorable work, and is a good penman. Good reference given. Address G. B. L., this office. 93-99

YOUNG MAN wants a position as a clerk in store. Age 20 years. Address G. H., at this office. 93-99

A YOUNG MAN, well recommended, having two years experience, wishes a position in the dry goods business. Address "Dry Goods," GLOBE office. 91-97

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A PLACE TO DO chores and go to school. Addres J. B., Globe office. 90-96

YOUNG MAN, GOOD PENMAN AND mathematician, desires situation. Address A. Y., Globe office. 90-96

ENGINEER and machinist wants a situation. Good reference given. A. T. W., Oconomowoc, Waukesha, county, Wis. 88-94

WANTED—A situation in a private family to take care of horses and carriage. Address Thos. Douglas, Minneapolis. 88-94

WANTED—A situation by a competent German girl to do general housework in a small American family without children. Apply at 145 West Third street, up stairs. 87-94

SITUATIONS OFFERED.

WANTED—A lady office assistant and secretary. Inc. Beecher, Ingersoll block. 94-95

WANTED—An experienced dress maker, to sew in family, for 4 weeks. Inquire at 349 Franklin street. 94-100

WANTED—A good female cook, to cook night orders. Highest wages paid. Apply at the Boston Restaurant, Minneapolis.

WANTED—A first rate girl for general housework. 169 Western avenue, corner Selby avenue. 93-99

WANTED—Good girl for general housework, good wages paid. 513 Stillwater street. 93-99

WANTED—A good girl to do housework, at 183 Pleasant avenue. 93-99

WANTED—Cook and second girl. Apply immediately. St. Luke's Hospital, 105 East Eighth street. 93-99

WANTED—An experienced press boy to feed cylinder presses. Good wages and steady employment. At Cunningham's, 325 Wabashaw street. 93*

WANTED—2 feed boys. Steenstra & Glenn, job printers, 317 Wabashaw street. 93*

WANTED—12 or 15 carpenters to work on frame work. Apply at Rheaume & St. Pierre, No. 60 East Seventh street. 93-96

WANTED.—A strong girl to do washing, ironing and scrubbing. Apply at St. Luke's Hospital, 105 East Eighth street. 91-97

CARPENTERS—First class men at corner of Otsego and Mount Ida streets, one block north of Lincoln school. 91-97

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in private family. 400 Fort street, cor. McBoal 90-96

WANTED—50 girls to sew on steam power machine. Good pay and steady work given to good operators. Apply in m'f'g dept. Lindeke, Warner & Schurmeier, cor. Fourth and Sibley streets. 91-97

FOR SALE.

AMERICAN Arbor Vitæ.

FOR SALE—Room molding, at a bargain, and put up promptly. C. Thomas, 326 Wabashaw street. 90-96

EVERGREENS—Ten varieties.

TREES, shrubs and vines.

FRUIT, shade and ornamental trees.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—First-class dwelling of thirteen rooms, with bath room and all modern improvements, and heated with furnace; lot 60x180 to alley; also one vacant lot adjoining, same size with nice shade trees. No. 69 (old) Summit avenue; now occupied by Reuben Warner. For further particulars inquire of owner. H. D. Gates, No. 75 (old) Summit avenue. 72*

RED CEDAR, clipped; finest in the state.

FOR SALE—A very neat one-story cottage, 5 rooms, on Cedar street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, with all modern improvements. Inquire of L. G. Rinehard, 20 East Third street. 89*

GOOSEBERRY, barberry, raspberry; all varieties.

LIST your property for sale and orders for purchases with Geo. H. Hazzard, Real Estate and Loan Agent, 170 East Third street, St. Paul. 30*

150 000 NURSERY grown shade trees, Evergreens and shrubbery, at Summit Park Nursery. Dr. Bryant, 157½ East Third street.

LOTS at $150 each, or will sell for $10 cash and $5 per month for 3 years without interest. R. F. Marvin. *86

TO RENT

FOR RENT—Store No. 157 and 161 West Seventh street, Seven corners. Apply to B. F. Zahm, at the store. 89*

FOR RENT—Store and basement, No. 395 Fort street, Clark's block. 76*

TO LEASE—Business lot at foot of Mississippi street, 567 Broadway. 61*

Rooms.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. Apply M. Walsh, 580 Park avenue. 94-96

A PLEASANT furnished front room to rent, first floor, 22 East Ninth street. 94-95

A FURNISHED room for rent, No. 451 St. Peter street. 94-96

CHOICE OFFICES for rent, up-stairs, corner Third and Robert sts., over Boston One-Price Clothing Store. Inquire of Secretary Chamber of Commerce. 26*

Houses.

FOR RENT—A house of 4 rooms and a barn. Enquire 48 University avenue. 94-96

WANTED—To rent or sell a furnished house, one of the finest sites in the United States, of ten rooms, for rent or sale; terms easy—rent $50 per month; price $5,000. No. 37 Union street. 92-94

WANTED—Tenants for six small stores in the Wigwam Roller Skating Rink, St. Paul. Ready March 1st, 1883. R. F. Glasgow, Manager, 128 East Third street. 54*

FINANCIAL.

WILL loan upon or buy Life Ins. Policies L. P. Van Norman, 360 Jackson. 89

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—ss—In Probate Court, Special Term, April 3, 1883.

In the matter of the estate of A. Eliza Wright, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Benjamin F. Wright, of said county, representing, among other things, that A. Eliza Wright, late of said county, on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1883, at St. Paul, in said county, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before the judge of this court on Thursday the 26th day of April, A. D. 1883, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the DAILY GLOBE, a newspaper printed and published at St. Paul in said county.

By the Court, WM. B. M'GRORTY
[L. S.] Judge of Probate.
Attest: FRANK ROBERT, JR., Clerk.
apr4-wed-4w

FIVE CENTS A LINE

NICOLAY'S AUCTIONS.

A. H. NICOLAY, real estate auctioneer—Thirty years' experience in New York city, and known to possess greater ability and knowledge of the real estate auction business than any other auctioneer in the country, having been honored with (and made) the most important and successful real estate auction sales in many of the leading cities in the United States. Real estate sold at auction in the city, suburbs and elsewhere. Mr. Nicolay also gives his personal attention to auction sales of first-class household furniture at private residences and stores of owners. Works of art, jewelry, choice farm stock and general merchandise on favorable terms.

☞Only first-class merchandise sales receive attention. Removed from 34 to the spacious premises No. 70 East Third street, second door above the Pioneer Press office.

A LARGE real estate auction sale of valuable business and residence property in lower town, embracing the best portions of the city. An important auction sale will take place soon as maps and hand-bills are ready for distribution, I will give due notice of the time of sale. I take this occasion to return my most grateful acknowledgements to the many substantial friends (in this city, that have known me personally for nearly thirty years), and a generous public for the very liberal patronage extended to me, and trust that by close application and strict attention to my business to continue to merit their encomiums, good will and approbation, pledging my long business experience in real estate auction sales, to which I have been educated from a boy seventeen years of age, as a guarantee to give entire satisfaction, never forgetting in the management of my business the essential qualities that constitute a true gentleman. All orders always receive my prompt and personal attention.

I have the honor of remaining the public's most obedient servant,

A. H. NICOLAY,
Real Estate Auctioneer and Agent.
Removed from 34 to 70 East Third street, ground floor. 91-97

KAVANAGH'S AUCTIONS

PARTIES having Real Estate or Personal property to dispose of by auction, will do well to list the same with one who, although not having the requisite thirty years' experience in New York city to enable him, upon the glories of a past reputation, to limit his efforts to only lines of very elegant household furniture, first class merchandise, fine art, jewelry, etc, is able to bring such sales to a more successful issue than more pretentious veterans in the business. One who does not entrust his business to incompetent help, but brings to bear upon all consignments the benefits of a practical experience of a man whose business career has thus far been passed in St. Paul. For particulars see another column. P. T. KAVANAGH, Auctioneer. 99-95

BOOTS AND SHOES at auction. I will sell at public auction, beginning on Monday, April 9, at 10 o'clock a. m., at No. 213 West Third street, near the 7 corners, the entire stock of boots and shoes belonging to M. Froelich, Esq., who is retiring from business. Mr. Froelich's stock is well known to our citizens, and consists of the best class of Eastern made goods, together with sewed and pegged work made in the shop, all of which will be sold to the public by single pairs. P. T. KAVANAGH, Auctioneer. 91-99

ASSIGNEE'S STOCK—$23,500 worth of dry goods, men and boys' fine clothing, gents' furnishing goods, hats, caps, boots, shoes, etc., etc., at auction! I will sell at auction, commencing on Wednesday, April 4th, at 10 o'clock a.