

From Sunday's Edition

The following matter on this page appeared in Sunday's edition. The reason for this publication is because our regular mail rate of subscription does not include the Sunday issue, and comparatively few in the country care to pay extra for the Sunday edition, which lies in the St. Paul postoffice and goes out in the same mail with the Monday paper.

LIVELY DEALINGS.

The Chicago Markets Show a Good Deal of Animation.

FLUCTUATIONS IN VALUES.

The Grains in General Close Lower But Pork Products firmer.

GOOD TRADING ON WALL STREET.

A Fair Demand for Investment Stocks—Villards the Weakest.

CHICAGO.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] Chicago, Nov. 10.—The produce market opened only fairly strong, but generally felt an improvement after the first hour. Foreign advices were quiet and easy. In wheat there was only a fair degree of activity and the feeling was generally weak, December closing about 1/2¢ lower than at 1 o'clock yesterday, January 1/4¢ lower and May 1/4¢ lower. The market opened at yesterday's closing figures, and was quiet and easy for a time, selling off at 1/4¢, but then firmed up and advanced 1/4¢ over the lowest point previously touched, but there were few sellers at the advance and prices began to weaken, and when a correction of the visible supply was telegraphed, showing the stock in sight to be about half a million bushels more than previously reported, the market became quite heavy and fell off about 1/4¢, then changed slightly, closing rather weak. Rumors of a heavy failure in London of a financial agent may also have had some effect. Foreign advices quoted an easier feeling. Receipts at some points show a slight increase, and this is used by the bears, but the undertone is quite strong for all that, and winter wheat markets stand up well. We close 3c below the extreme bulge.

Corn was fairly active and opened stronger, selling up sharply during the early part of the session, but about 3/4¢ of the advance was subsequently lost, but at 1 o'clock yesterday, December 1/2¢ higher, or, year 1/2¢ higher, January 1/4¢ higher, and May 1/4¢ higher. The receipts continue light, and the demand was brisk for a time, shorts, speculators and shippers all buying, and there was a general advance of 1/4¢ at the opening, but finally became easy, largely in sympathy with the weakness in wheat, and fell off 1/4¢, changed slightly, and closed rather weak. Foreign advices quoted an easier feeling and receipts were larger. There is a large concentration of December and the gloomy report from corn districts has made a good many local dealers bullish on May corn. Corn is not high and the demand is remarkably good.

In oats the speculative market ruled quiet and dull. There was not much change in prices. A tolerably steady feeling was maintained for future deliveries on account of strength in other markets. There was little doing, and but few operators gave the market any attention. Car lots of No. 2, which sell only to make up round lots, were a shade easier, and not many offered. There was a good supply of sample lots. The early trade was quite satisfactory, but it finally dragged.

Rye was dull, a round, lot of No. 2 in special location was sold for shipment at the same as paid yesterday. Speculative trading was light, futures were about 1/4¢ lower, and bids for car lots were in consequence reduced. The offerings were mainly of rejected. Demand light.

The speculative demand for No. 2 barley was improved. Fair sales were made for future delivery. The feeling was quite strong and December delivery sold for a little more than quoted yesterday. November was quoted nominally a little better and January was unchanged. Cash No. 2 was unchanged, but very quiet, with no offering to speak of. Sample lots were quiet. No improvement could be noticed in the consumptive demand. Fine bright, especially Scotch barley, was moderate sale, but stained and light body grain was dull.

The market for flour was quiet and trading light, yet the feeling was one of firmness and fully previous prices quotable and obtainable for the better family and bakers' brands. Shippers and exporters were also looking about, and were packing up considerable good and sound stock, and were bidding for all the lower grades. Rye flour was firm. Bran and all millstuffs were holding steady.

Only a moderate business was transacted in the market for provisions. The offerings on speculative account were rather free at times, and the demand only fair. The receipts of hogs were large and prices ruled easier, which had some influence on the market for product early. Toward noon the market was stronger and prices ruled higher on all the leading articles, but during the latter part of the session the feeling was easier, and a part of the advance was lost. The shipping demand was fair, but the restrictions placed on the trade in the way of suitable offerings tends to check business to some extent. Foreign advices were without material change, and reports from the eastern markets exhibited considerable steadiness. The receipts of product were moderate, and the shipments quite liberal of all kinds. The packing interest is in favor of lower prices, and nobody in particular in favor of higher prices now.

Only a fair business was transacted in the market for mork pork. The demand was moderately active and the offerings of the deferred deliveries rather free. The market opened comparatively steady at the closing figures of yesterday, and gradually improved 10¢/15¢. Later the feeling was easier and prices receded 10¢/15¢, and closed steady. The demand for shipment was moderate.

A fair business was reported in the lard market, and the feeling was comparatively steady. Speculators traded moderately

and the shipping demand was fair. Prices on the whole range showed very little change, rather favoring buyers.

Trade was moderate in the market for short rib sides, the offerings being somewhat limited and no particular urgency in the demand. Prices averaged a trifle higher, with trading mainly in the longer deliveries. The shipping demand was fair.

Receipts of hogs for the week just closed were a little larger than the most liberal estimates made on Saturday last, and exceeded the corresponding week last year some 28,000 head. The quality of hogs has not been very good—in fact medium would seem the better grading, and the great bulk have come from the northern edge of the corn belt, or from sections where the corn was badly injured by the frosts of some weeks ago, fully one-half of the total supply coming over the Chicago & Northwestern and Milwaukee & St. Paul railroads.

A liberal per cent of the arrivals were of half fat young hogs, which seemed to be sent to market simply because the owners were short of feed. Besides this the hogs were generally soft, indicating that feeders were feeding the lower grades of pork corn as well as cornshucks and other half grain food.

A leading exporter says that there is no export demand for our spring wheat, recent limits being 6¢/9¢ per bushel, too low to permit operations. The markets on the other side of the Atlantic are strong, chiefly because they cannot be flooded with fresh shipments of American wheat while our prices retain their present level, and the strength here enables holders there to sell what they have on the spot at better figures than they could otherwise have obtained. Stocks abroad are not only heavy but the receipts of foreign wheat are beyond the current consumption of both home and foreign material. It is very difficult in the case of corn. That cereal was weak in Liverpool yesterday because quoted lower by New York. The current consumption of corn in Europe is so large as to present an accumulation of stocks and the weakenings there recently reported have been simply due to a misunderstanding of the position here, it having been persistently misrepresented by advices from this side.

A French letter says that even if the embargo on American meats were removed it would make little difference to the continental demand for our hog product before next summer, as native hogs are very plentiful and will be drawn on first before foreign material is required.

NEW YORK.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] New York, Nov. 10.—The market opened active with large transactions in leading stocks. The action of the trunk line presidents gave strength to the Vanderbilts, and Lake Shore was especially active. It is said that there is a bear pool in Oregon Transcontinental and that the big bears are selling Northern Pacific preferred again quietly. Some of the latter was sold to-day at 62 1/2, seller sixty. This kept the Villards weak, and they did not gain as other stocks did. There was a steady advance on the whole list throughout the day. The bank statement was favorable, and helped to sustain prices. The talk up town last night was bullish on stocks, and it was generally thought the market was going higher. The brokers nevertheless admit there is a great deal of manipulation going on and much laundry work is still in progress, but it probably means higher prices by and by, and in the meantime stocks are a good purchase, at least on every reaction. Conservatives say the hardening prices may be slow, but they believe the period of anxiety is passed, and there is a rainbow of hope in the future. They also argue that the professional bears have stopped selling for the moment, and if the bull forces were only combined and had a good leader there would be a steady and constant hardening of values.

Joe Mills says the bulls were not organized or working in accord, and that Vanderbilt and D. O. Mills would not pull along with Gould. In any event he says West Shore bonds will go to 90 if it is true that the Grand Trunk endorses them, as this guarantee is as good as that of the New York Central.

It is rumored that Gould goes to the southwest to-day or to-morrow.

Condors backers were large buyers of Pacific Mail, Missouri Pacific and Western Union yesterday. Morgan is bullish upon the general market except Missouri Pacific.

C. P. Huntington told his friends the other day that the consummation of a deal that had about been completed in the interest of the Southern and Central Pacific railroads which would result in putting up Central Pacific stock upon its merits twenty cents per share. Coal road people say there is no trouble in the trade.

The clique in Canada Pacific have set aside \$50,000 as a press fund to assist the marketing of the stock here. A London cable this morning says dispatches have been received there from Canada that the government has assigned the 3 per cent. guarantee on this stock, which may be increased to 5 per cent., and that this will secure the completion of the road.

The bulls are in full possession of the market. The bears seem to be doing nothing except in the Villards, and a strong opening on Monday is expected.

A SENSATIONAL SUIT.

Heirs Suing for Money Wrongfully Withheld from Them.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] MILWAUKEE, Nov. 10.—A very sensational suit has been instituted against the mother superior of Notre Dame convent, in this city, by William, Madge, Ed. and August, Walter, Ella, and Nettie Schydenbach, Caroline Staps, and Otilie J. Rice and Henry Lowe, all heirs of Charles Joseph Thomas Scrandenbach, a Catholic priest, who resided prior to his death in Grant county. In the complaint it is alleged that the priest, who died last August, left property of the value of about \$125,000 which he amassed by tax title, speculations, foreclosures of mortgages, close monetary investments and a penurious disposition, but when his relatives above named tendered their services, Mary B. A. Schoenbach, who acted as housekeeper kept them at a distance, and that her control and influence became absolute. The complaint is quite large and gives some sensational glimpses into the inner life of the priesthood. The matter will be bitterly fought, and Catholics and others will anxiously await the outcome.

THE CRIMINAL BUDGET.

IN THE ZORA BURNS MURDER, CARPENTER ADMITTED TO BAIL.

Murderous Assault—Burglar Shot—Fugitive Several Lynchings—True Bill Against the Murderers of the Ward Brothers.

TOO FAMILIAR.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] MEMPHIS, Nov. 10.—Thursday night John Bell's wife attended a prayer meeting at Hickory Hill church, five miles south. While she was standing in front of the door a young man, Alf. Norman, rode up and greeting her familiarly, asked if Bell had returned. She replied that she did not know. He said he would like to see her, but did not like to do it if her husband was about. The words were hardly out of his mouth when he appeared, and raising a shot gun and exclaiming "yes I'll cut you off," he fired and Norman's horse taking fright, bore him up the road when his rider fell bleeding to the ground, the horse striking him several times afterwards. He was picked up by friends and found to be badly wounded. It will be fatal. Bell escaped in the darkness.

ZORA BURNS MURDER.

LINCOLN, Ill., Nov. 10.—The preliminary examination of Owen A. Carpenter for the murder of Zora Burns, concluded this morning, and immediately upon the conclusion of the closing speech for the prosecution, Carpenter was released to secure bond for his reappearance when wanted. A crowd followed to his home, but he acted in a quiet, orderly manner. The justice before whom Carpenter had his hearing summed up the case by stating that while the prosecution had shown "probable cause," evidence had not been such as would warrant him in denying the accused an opportunity to give bail. The prisoner's bond was placed at \$10,000 for his appearance the next term of court, and the sureties offered were approved by the court. The father of the murdered girl created a sensation by making a hostile demonstration against the accused, but was restrained by the police.

ST. LOUIS COURT RECORDS.

St. Louis, Nov. 10.—Florence White, a reporter of the Post-Dispatch, appeared in the criminal court to-day to answer a citation for contempt with regard to the abstraction of the short hand notes of the grand jury testimony. The circuit attorney asked for a withdrawal of role, as there was no contempt and White was dismissed. Indictments are still pending against Henry W. Moore, managing editor of the Post-Dispatch, and White for the abstraction of court records.

LYNCHING.

MOUNT MOURNE, N. C., Nov. 10.—A party of sixty-five negroes captured Lawrence White, colored, and hanged him. A few days before White killed a colored man named Frazer. White was under arrest when captured by the lynchers.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—W. W. Gillis was arrested yesterday on a requisition from Clifton Springs, N. Y., on a charge of forging Mark A. John's promissory note.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 10.—H. M. Choate, paying teller of the Seaboard bank, New York, finding a burglar in his residence last night, fired and killed the intruder, and then surrendered to the authorities. He was released in nominal bail and attended business as usual this afternoon.

LOTTERY AGENTS IN TROUBLE.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—The federal grand jury has returned indictments against Frederick Kelly, Frank Moore, J. A. Parks and H. H. Shapley for using the mails in the interest of lotteries. Erby represented Henry College lottery and Moore the Louisville State lottery and Shapley the Little Havana. All gave bail, except Shapley, who went to jail.

BAVARIAN HANGED.

SOMERSET, Ky., Nov. 10.—James Truxtill, charged with brutal outrage on Mrs. Coons, a married woman, near Ohio, was arrested several days ago and privately taken to be identified by his victim. This was some time yesterday. This morning Truxtill's body was found hanging from the Cincinnati Southern railroad bridge over the Cumberland river. He had been taken from the officers and then disposed of by the mob.

A SUICIDE.

St. Louis, Nov. 10.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Hannah Donagan, missing since October 13, was closed up to-day when her husband identified a body taken from the river as that of his wife. She had left her home slightly under the influence of liquor.

CAPLERS OVER-STOCKING THE MARKET.

BOSTON, Nov. 10.—The committee appointed to investigate the official connection of John B. Paige and Joel M. Haven with the Railroad railroad during sixteen years when they were respectively president and treasurer, have made a report, which shows, in substance, an immediate deficiency of \$45,000 cash; that stock was over-issued for \$239,000 at par value, which was \$40,000 above the market, and that during the sixteen years there were disbursements amounting to upward of \$250,000 for which no proper vouchers can be found. An effort will be made to secure an indictment incriminating the officers.

THE DANVILLE RIOTS.

DANVILLE, Va., Nov. 10.—A large meeting of the citizens this morning adopted resolutions in view of the gross misstatements concerning the riot on the 3d inst., being circulated through a portion of the press, providing for a committee of forty to inquire into all the facts and prepare for publication a true and full statement of the causes and circumstances leading to it, and also a statement of the conduct of the white people from the occurrence of the riot to the closing of the polls on the 6th inst. Resolutions were also passed thanking the people of Virginia, North Carolina and Maryland who in public meeting expressed sympathy for the white people of Danville under the circumstances.

DISCHARGED.

POCONONTSIE, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Wardens Bosch, of Sing Sing prison, and the customs officer, Vanassel, have been discharged from arrest, as no evidence whatever was given that they were engaged in bribery at the polls.

ARRESTED FOR STEALING MONEY.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 10.—Clyde L. Simkins, a letter carrier, since 1875, was arrested to-day by Postoffice Inspector J. E. Brown, charged with stealing money from letters. His route lies in the central part of the city, giving a good opportunity for theft. The proof was found on him.

BURGLAR KILLED.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 10.—A New York broker named Showtelle killed a burglar in his house early this morning.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

ALGONA, Ia., Nov. 10.—While G. Mills, of Wright county, was closing the store of Owen & Meyer last night, he was fired upon by two masked men, with the evident

intention of robbing him. Five bullets pierced his body, one entering his lungs, another lodging in his thigh, two others broke both arms. At last accounts the excitement over the event was intense. A posse is in search for the assailants.

TO BE HANGED.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 10.—The chancellor denies the writ of error in the case of Chisholm, sentenced to be hanged on November 22 for wife murderer.

THE NEGRO UPRIISING.

PETERSBURG, Nov. 10.—Information to-day is to the effect that there is not a conflict between the whites and blacks at Southampton, but that white families throughout the country are greatly alarmed. The whites are arming themselves.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 10.—The investigation into the reported trouble among the negroes in Southampton county, develops nothing in the rumor.

STABBED AT A WAKE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 10.—James Burns was stabbed at a wake on Saturday night, died to-day. Conway, who stabbed him in a drunken frolic, is in jail.

THE ACCIDENT CHAPTER.

THE STOCK YARDS AT EAST LIBERTY BURNED LAST NIGHT.

Destructive Fire at Pittsburgh—Collision at Sea—Railway Smashup—Major Fires.

THE STOCK YARDS BURNING AT EAST LIBERTY.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 11, 12:30 a. m.—At half past twelve o'clock this morning fire broke out in the East Liberty stock yards, where all stock shipped from the west and southern pens company's lines, is fed and watered before being shipped east. At this time the fire is spreading rapidly and the prospects are that the whole place will be destroyed. The loss will exceed a quarter of a million of dollars and the insurance is only nominal. The stock yards are owned by E. Price, leased by a private corporation, of which O. H. Alderton is president. Nothing is known concerning the origin of the fire. The Exchange building adjoining the stock yards, one of the largest in the city, is also burning.

LATEL—REPORTS FROM EAST LIBERTY AT 1:40 O'CLOCK SAY THE FIRE UNDER CONTROL.

It originated in the hay barn which is totally destroyed. The Eastern Exchange building is not much damaged. The loss may not exceed \$50,000.

HEAVY FIRE IN PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 10.—The tannery of James Gallery & Co., on the Allegheny river, and a row of brick dwelling houses belonging to the same firm, were destroyed by fire this evening. The fire was discovered shortly before 11 o'clock. It broke out in the centre of the tannery building and spread so rapidly that a number of men in the picking department escaped with difficulty. Of the dwelling houses, eight were totally destroyed and eight badly damaged. Loss, \$125,000; insurance, \$75,000, in home and foreign companies. The building was heated by steam and the origin of the fire is a mystery.

ANOTHER RAILWAY SMASHUP.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Nov. 10.—A train of freight cars on the Troy & Greenfield Railroad, bound west, took the east bound track at Zoar station to-day, and stopped to let the passenger train bound west pass. While standing, with engine derailed, a construction train rushed into the depot and into the freight train with terrible force. The engine derailed was lifted from the track and fell on the other engine, and several cars piled promiscuously about the engine. The brakeman of the construction train jumped and was severely injured. The engineer and fireman jumped and escaped injury. Damages heavy.

DIED FROM INJURIES.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Andrew Shinkise, A. Polock and Jno. Krous, employed on the building destroyed by the gale on Friday night, died during the night, making six victims. The others injured are recovering.

KILLED BY THE CARS.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 10.—Three children of George E. Barnes, proprietor of the Sageowata house, this city, while driving, were killed by a freight train.

TRAIN THROWN FROM THE TRACK BY A COW.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 10.—The passenger train on the Salem & Lowell road was derailed by a cow this morning and the locomotive and entire train went off the track. The engine was turned upon its side and wrecked. Engineer Clement is probably fatally injured. None of the forty passengers were injured more seriously than by a shaking up.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 10.—An engine and three passenger cars running from Lowell to Salem, on the Lowell road, and having among other passengers thirty school girls, went over a steep embankment at Chelsea crossing into a swamp. Assistance was sent from several points. It is not known how many are killed or injured.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 10.—A stationary engine used for hoisting freight at the Cairo & St. Louis narrow gauge depot blew up at 11 o'clock. The engineer and another were slightly hurt. The boiler was blown 300 yards by the force of the explosion. No other serious damage.

FIRE.

LAMPARA, Nov. 10.—The greater part of the business portion of Bluffton burned this afternoon. Small insurance. R. Brodd loses \$14,000. J. J. Mahony \$8,000, and others smaller amounts. Inceudary.

"Magnificent promise sometimes end in paltry performances." A magnificent exception to this is found in Kidney-Wort which invariably performs even more cures than it promises. Here is a single instance. "Mother has recovered," wrote an Illinois girl to her Eastern relatives. "She took Kidney-Wort for a long time but without any good. So when she heard of the virtues of Kidney-Wort she got a box and it has completely cured her liver complaint."

Evacuation Day.

New York, Nov. 10.—The joint committee on the celebration of Evacuation day have perfected arrangements for the affair. It is intended to secure Madison Square garden for the use of the visiting dignitaries. They determined to give the right of line in the veteran column to the veterans of 1812, and tender them lunch in Washington's old headquarters, Broad street. The procession forms up town on Fifth avenue and the president and governors of the different states and visiting dignitaries will occupy carriages. The status of Washington will be unveiled and a parade of steamboats take place off the battery.

"Make your old things look like new by using the Diamond Dyes, and you will be happy in the fashionable colors for 10 cents."

Ocean Steamships.

New York, Nov. 10.—Arrived: Gen. Werder, Bremen. QUEBEK, Nov. 10.—Arrived: Lake Manitoba, Liverpool. BOSTON, Nov. 10.—Arrived: Scandianav, Glasgow. DARTMOUTH, Eng., Nov. 10.—Arrived: Wellsfield, New Orleans.

LUTHER'S BIRTHDAY.

IT IS BEING CELEBRATED THROUGHOUT CHRISTIANITY.

Full Particulars of the Celebration Yesterday From All Points—Congratulatory Telegrams Sent—The Unveiling of the Statue of Luther at Eisenach—Immense Enthusiasm at Berlin—Luther's Hymns Sung Everywhere.

In Europe.

ESSEN, Nov. 10.—The Lutheran celebration was attended by splendid weather. The church bells rang at an early hour. Thirty thousand visitors were in the city. Luther's pulpit, in St. Andrew's church, was decorated with laurel. The clergy, minister of worship, and the municipal authorities entered the church in procession when the hallelujah chorus was sung. Assistant Chaplain Frommel preached a sermon. At noon the ceremony of unveiling the memorial in the market place commenced, the choir singing the hymn "Gott feste burg ist unser Gott." Burgomaster Martin recounted the origin of the memorial. Subsequently, the covering of the statue was removed, all heads being bared, and the choir chanting the hymn "Lobe den herrn den maechtigen Koenig." Hundreds of banners which had been held aloft before the memorial was unveiled, and Doctor Koegel, the emperor's chaplain, delivered an address. He described the life and works of Luther, and concluded by invoking a blessing on the assembled multitude. The memorial was then formally given into the custody of the town, being accepted by the burgomaster. A fanfare of the organ and the beating of kettle drums announced the approach of the Historic procession, in which the inhabitants of Eisenach and many people from the neighboring estates on horseback took part, presenting a brilliant spectacle. A telegram was received from the German prince, Frederick William, expressing regret at his absence, and another from Prof. Mack, of Prague, who sent greetings in the name of his colleagues of the German university at Prague. At the official banquet this afternoon, Herr Von Gessler proposed the health of the Emperor William, and Superintendent Roth read a telegram from Earl Shaftsbury, saying the Protestants of England united in commemoration of the great German. In the evening a Te Deum was sung opposite the memorial. The town was brilliantly illuminated. The statue is nine feet high and weighs about fifty hundred weight.

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—The festival in celebration of the 400th anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther opened this morning by the gathering of 8,000 school children, who, in fifty-three divisions and accompanied by bands of music, marched to the various churches and attended religious services in honor of the great reformer, whose bust was placed before the altar in each edifice. The emperor and crown prince and officials of the imperial university, all city officials and clergy proceeded from the town hall to the church in a great procession. The streets were packed with people.

At Hamburg the festival was celebrated by the unveiling of a colossal bust of the reformer and a popular fête.

Bremen the market square was transformed into a grand festival for the demonstrations.

At Leipzig a great monument bearing the states of Luther and Melancthon was unveiled in front of St. John's church at Erfurt, where Luther first entered the Augustinian monastery.

At Eisenach, where Luther was confined for ten months in the castle of Wartburg and Northhausen, the corner stones of a monument were laid.

At Worms, where Luther was brought before the diet, a new hall was opened in his honor. The attendant ceremonies were conducted with great splendor and were attended by immense crowds of people.

New York, Nov. 10.—Exercises commemorative of the birthday of Luther were held in many schools attached to the Lutheran churches of this city. Hymns were sung and addresses made.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—A meeting in celebration of Luther's birth, was held in Exeter hall to-day, and papers upon the life of the great reformer were read by the Dean of Chester and Professor Slough-ton. A portrait of Luther, crowned with laurel, was exhibited. Lord Shaftsbury, who presided, sent a congratulatory telegram to the emperor of Germany, upon his championship of the principles advocated by Luther, which was as conspicuous as his leadership was to victory and freedom.

Rev. Mr. Spurgeon was the principal speaker at the meeting in Exeter hall to-day. The archbishop of York will deliver a sermon on Luther at Westminster abbey on Sunday. The meeting by 132 to 92 decided to adopt an address to the Emperor William of Germany, in connection with Luther's birthday. Services were also held in the Staffordshire potteries district.

At Creve members of all religious denominations formed in procession and sang and played music, with bands of music, to the town hall square, where they united in singing the anthem "Old Hundred." At Nottingham many residences and streets were decorated.

LEEDS, Oct. 10.—The 400th anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther was celebrated by a public meeting at Albert hall, Edward Baines, who formerly represented the borough of Leeds in parliament, presided. The anniversary of Luther's birth was celebrated throughout Denmark. Seven thousand copies of a memorial treatise upon Luther's life were distributed to the pupils of the commercial schools. Special church services on Sunday.

ROME, Nov. 10.—Religious services in honor of Martin Luther were held to-day in the chapel of the German embassy, and presided by a majority of the German residents.

In America.

READING, Pa., Nov. 10.—The jubilee commemorating the birthday of Martin Luther, and for which extensive preparations had been made, has been abandoned on account of rain this morning. Forty thousand children were to participate.

PANORAMA, N. J., Nov. 10.—The College and Theological Seminary, Princeton, celebrated Luther's birthday anniversary in the large Presbyterian church, Rev. Drs. McCosh, Green, Seibert, Paxton, Cuyler and Dean Murry officiated. The addresses were eloquent and the music grand.

New York, Nov. 10.—The 400th anniversary of the birthday of Luther was celebrated to-night by a gathering in Steinway hall. Appropriate hymns were sung and passages of scriptures were read. A memorial oration was delivered by Rev. Dr. James W. Sess, Philadelphia, who gave a biographical sketch of Luther and his works. The Organmen celebrated the event by assembling in Lyric hall, where, after Luther hymns had been sung, a lecture was delivered by Rev. Wm. Lloyd on the "Life and work of Luther."

The congregation of the German Evangelical Lutheran Emanuel church, began a week's celebration of the anniversary Sunday. Services were celebrated and a sermon preached by the Rev. A. E. Frey, of Brooklyn, in Brooklyn a celebration in St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, music and addresses, appropriate to the occasion were made by Revs. J. C. Zimmerman, G. T. Dehringer, Henry J. Van-dyke, Dr. Peck and Rev. Dr. Thomas.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher made an address on "Luther and our civil liberty."

Toronto, Nov. 10.—The Luther anniversary was celebrated this afternoon by a large and distinguished gathering. Addresses appropriate to the occasion were delivered by the leading clergymen of the different denominations. Special sermons will be preached in all Protestant churches to-morrow. On Monday night a musical festival.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10.—A grand Luther matinee in the Academy of Music was thronged. Instrumental music was given by the Germania orchestra, and vocal music by a chorus which included nearly 1,000 school children. After devotional services there were addresses in Swedish, German and English.

St. Louis, Nov. 10.—The services commemorative of the 400th anniversary of Martin Luther's birthday, held at various Lutheran and other churches to-day, were largely attended. The principal ceremonies were held at the Baptist church, under the auspices of the Evangelical alliance, which was participated in by most of the Protestant clergy in the city, and drew together an immense crowd. The music given by a consolidation of all the leading choirs of the city was very fine. The celebration continued to-night in several churches and special services will be held in a number of churches to-morrow and nearly every day and night next week.

WASHINGTON.

THE NEW STANDARD OF TIME TO GO INTO EFFECT NEXT WEEK.

How It Will Affect Watches—The Rate of Postage—Speaker Keifer Wants a Compensatory Vote—Departmental Notes in General.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.] Washington, Nov. 10.—After the 18th of this month, said Col. Thompson, the railway mail superintendent, the new time standard will go into effect. Time tables for the mail trains have already been printed. The national observatory will also commence on the 18th and reckon time on the new basis. Under the present system of reckoning time the difference in time between points west of the given meridian is figured by minutes and seconds. The new system reckons by hours. To illustrate: There is in round numbers five hours difference in time between New York and San Francisco. Well, the space between is divided into four separate meridians. The first meridian the time is the same, or perhaps more properly speaking, the clocks will be set alike and people will go by it. It will make an hour's difference between Washington and Pittsburg, when the actual difference is only about 13 minutes. Boston and Washington will have the same time. If the meridian runs through the south and north sides in Chicago, when it is 8 o'clock on the south side it will be only 7 o'clock on the west side. Under the present system most every railroad has different time by which its trains are run. Accidents frequently happen on this account. Train dispatchers and conductors forget the slight variations. At 12 o'clock midnight, on the 18th inst., we will have the new reckoning. One o'clock will mean 1 o'clock in the morning, but what we now call 1 p. m. will be called 13 o'clock, and so on up to midnight which will be called 24 o'clock. Railroad men are all confident that it will work.

ARTHUR