MINNEAPOLIS NEWS.

OFFICE—No. 6 Washington Avenue, opposite Nicollet house. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 10 o'clock p. m.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBELETS.

Pence Opera house is vacant again.

The seats for the Thursby concert are fast going.

Profs. Leo Bair and Tonsly will lecture this evening.

The real estate transfers filed yesterday aggregated $31,073.70.

A Catholic fair will be held in Hunt's hall, beginning on the 20th.

Prof. J. S. Thompson will receive a benefit at the Union skating rink.

The regular meeting of the city council will be held to-morrow evening.

The physicians and surgeons will meet at May's parlors to-morrow evening.

For disorderly conduct, Major Snell, the dwarf, paid a fine of $5 and costs yesterday.

The Ames Zouaves will hold a regular drill meeting this evening, in their armory.

A County Horticultural society will be organized at Market hall on Saturday evening.

The executive committee arranging for the armory fair, will meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The special services of Westminster church are being continued through the present week.

Rev. J. H. Tuttle delivers his third illustrated lecture on "Rome" at the Church of the Redeemer to-day.

The Crusaders' T. A. society will hold its regular weekly meeting in Catholic Association hall this evening.

William Griswold, Jr., is charged with violating the hack ordinance, and will be given a hearing in the municipal court to-day.

During the month of January the thermometer had a range of 71 degrees—from 38 above to 33 below. The latter was the coldest of the year.

The insurance on Rose & Hicks' drug store burned Sunday, was $1,000, divided between the Citizens and the Rochester German companies.

Clara Morris will make her farewell appearance this evening in the character which has made her famous, "Mercy Merrick," in "The New Magdalen."

John Osp, who was taken to the city lockup on Sunday night while suffering from delirium tremens, was yesterday taken to the Sisters' hospital for treatment.

Luther C. White has filed an action against Fred P. Clark to recover $2,195.93 on a promissory note given on October 20, 1881, no part of which has yet been paid.

The following parties received marriage licenses yesterday: Hilaire Grenier and Philomena Thibeaudo; Harry S. Holcomb and Tessie J. Phillips; John W. Brinkman and Della H. Watrouse; C. W. Huse and L. E. Topleiff.

L. Crowe is under arrest for stealing about $150 worth of clothing, etc., from the room of Mr. Thompson, foreman of the Nicollet house barber shop. Special Johnny Hoye, of the Nicollet, worked the case up and made the arrest.

J. R. Corrigan, Esq., the county organizer of the Irish National league, is working energetically in the cause of Ireland, though in an undemonstrative and unostentatious way. Last Sunday he organized a branch of the league in the town of Corcoran, and he speaks highly of the people there for the patriotic spirit prevailing among them.

The case against Emanuel Green was called in the municipal court yesterday, but was continued until to-day. This is the case wherein Green, who owns a junk shop, purchased stolen goods, and immediately changed them, with the evident intent to avert identification. He was found guilty and judgment was arrested for the purpose of taking an appeal.

Henry G. Barto the youth who was arrested on the charge of committing a burglary at the Plymouth clothing store, was given an examination in the municipal court yesterday and was discharged. Judge Bailey held that, although the property, or a portion of it, had been satisfactorily identified, the state failed to prove that the defendant committed the burglary.

On Saturday evening Mayor Ames instructed the secretary of the members of the board of water commissioners to call a special meeting of the board to be held last evening for the purpose of considering the matter of the awarding of the contracts for the manufacturing of two 10,000,000 gallon capacity pumps, but as those notices were not served until yesterday morning, as the city charter requires two days' notice the meeting was not held. The matter which was to have been the object of the meeting will come up at the regular meeting Thursday night.

Rudolph Goets, formerly of Milwaukee, but now of this city, who challenges any man in America to skate him from 10 to 100 miles, has the following record:

10 miles, 43 minutes, 50 seconds.
20 " 1 hour, 31 minutes, 40 seconds.
30 miles, 2 hours, 28 minutes, 58 seconds.
40 miles, 3 hours, 27 minutes, 2 seconds.
50 miles, 4 hours, 23 minutes, 43½ seconds.

Annie Evans, and her two young daughters, together with a girl named Bertie Foster, were before Judge Bailey yesterday. The first was charged with keeping a house of ill fame, and was committed to the county jail for sixty days in default of the payment of a fine in $50 and costs. The others were charged with occupying apartments in a house of ill-fame, and each pleaded guilty. Lizzie being a mere child, thirteen years old, had sentence suspended, and she was taken to the Bethany home for reformation, while the other two paid fines in $13 50 each.

A schedule of liabilities in the matter of the assignment of J. M. Meacham & Co., the insolvent druggists at 1,020 Hennepin avenue, was filed yesterday, from which it appears the total liabilities amount to $2,523.86; the assets being $2,325.48. The principal creditors are Mary J. Meacham, Milwaukee, $1,2 7; Noyes Bros. & Cutler, St. Paul, $746.76; H. H. Sabin, Minneapolis, $237; A. Shire, Chicago, $228; C. H. Hawkins, Minneapolis, $325; R. J. Mendenhall, Minneapolis, $200; Winneke & Doerr, Minneapolis, $162, and Irondequist Wine company, Rochester, N. Y., $145.95.

Rifling Letters.

Loring S. Lane, one of the letter carriers of Minneapolis, was yesterday arrested by two United States detectives from Washington upon the charge of rifling the letters given him to deliver. The case was so thoroughly worked up that the young man's guilt was positively established, and after his arrest he made a full confession to the officers. He was taken to St. Paul for an examination before the United States commissioner.

The prisoner is a well known young man, who had enjoyed the unquestioned confidence of everybody. Until recently he had carried the Northeast side route. Later he had been transferred to a West side route. He is a member of a highly respectable family on the East side and is married.

MINNEAPOLIS PERSONALS.

Health Officer Cockburn is ill.

L. G. Linnott has left for Europe.

Col. Morrill has gone to New York.

C. B. White left for New York last evening.

D. Morrison and wife left yesterday for the south.

Hon. Loren Fletcher left yesterday for Jacksonville, Fla.

Officer Gustafson was yesterday presented by his wife with a twelve-pound baby of the masculine gender.

Col. P. M. Hennessey returned from Chicago yesterday, after closing a contract to build the Ryan hotel, St. Paul.

Mrs. Warren, a noted Philadelphia elocutionist, is in the city, and will give a private reading this evening at the residence of Dr. Abbott.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Abatements in Taxes—Appropriation of $8,000 for a Bridge Between Anoka and Champlin—Poor Farm Report.

A regular meeting of the board of county commissioners was held yesterday, with the following members present; Messrs. Chowen, Gilmore, Roberts, and Mr. Chairman (Austin).

Otto T. Olson presented his bond for $500, with two sureties, and the county treasurer's receipt for $100, and asked for a saloon license in the town of Medina. Laid on the table.

The settlement of the bastarday case of Bessie B. Johnson against Lee Roberts, as presented by the county attorney, was approved by the board.

TO BRIDGE THE RIVER.

A petition from the mayor of Anoka, the commissioners of Anoka county, and others, asking the board for an appropriation of $10,000 to aid in the building of a bridge across the Mississippi between Anoka and Champlin, was laid on the table.

The printing of the court calendar for the February term of the district court was let to the Tribune Job Printing company for $65.50.

REPORT OF POOR FARM.

The overseer of the Poor Farm presented the following report for January, the same being accepted and placed on file:

RECEIPTS.

Board of inmates	$285 29

EXPENDITURES.

Hired help	$73 00

INMATES.

Number on Jan. 1	60
Number received	17
Number cared for	77
Number discharged	3
Number died	2
Number on Feb. 1	72

On motion the board then adjourned until 2 p. m.

A NEW HIGHWAY.

At the afternoon session Commissioner Chowen, from the committee on roads, reported back the petition of Neil McNeil and others for the change of a highway, with the following resolution: That the petition be accepted and the chairman of the board authorized to appoint a committee to meet at the house of J. W. Johnson, in the town of Dayton, on Tuesday, Feb. 12, to view the highway proposed to be changed. Adopted, and Messrs. Chowen and Gilmore appointed as such committee.

Bills to the amount of $3,060.28 were reported correct and ordered paid.

On motion of Commissioner Gilmore the board appropriated the sum of $8,000 to assist in the building of the bridge across the Mississippi between Anoka and Champlin. The sum of $800 was allowed to George C. Howser for extra labor and material for the Hennepin county poor house.

TAXES ABATED.

Abatements of taxes as applied for were granted to the following parties:

Rueben Robinson, M. R. Boice, Hugh J. Hughes, C. C. Schultz, S. W. Turner, May J. Fabes, Louis Carr, Geo. L. Baker, Conrad Peters, C. B. Frazer, Wm. McCrory, Mary E. Boshart, W. B. Burnet, S. U. S. Fisher, Fred Schmidt, O. K. Earle, Patrick Barrett, Robert Jamison, Charlotte Harmon, N. D. Mitchell, Northern Pacific Railroad company, Esther Osmer, Peter A. Dague, C. W. Owens, Thomas McClary, W. E. Moore and $4,500 valuation abated on the application of D. W. Jones. The applications of eighteen others for abatements were not granted.

The sum of $100 (or as much thereof as may be necessary) was appropriated to purchase the stone for the bridge on Portland avenue extension.

On motion the meeting adjourned until Wednesday, February 20, at 10 o'clock a. m.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

A Memorial to Congress in Behalf of the Northern Pacific Company Respecting Forfeiting Land Grants—Miscellaneous Business.

The meeting of the board of trade was largely attended yesterday morning, and President Phelps occupied the chair.

A MEMORIAL.

The following presented by Capt. Whitney was adopted:

WHEREAS, This board of trade has greatly regretted to see the action that has been taken in the house of representatives, the object of which is the forfeiting of all land grants to all railroads, where all the conditions have not been fulfilled—this, it seems to this board, is not equitable or just, but that each case should stand on its own merits, and be considered and acted upon separately.

Further time was granted the committee on railroads.

George A. Pillsbury, from the committee on city affairs, reported in favor of appropriating the $300 for the Mississippi river improvement convention, explaining that the millers had contributed $100 and he was of the opinion that J. J. Hill and the water power company would make up the other $200.

The secretary was instructed to notify the improvement association that it could draw on the board for the amount.

The citizens of Del Rapids communicated the inadequate express facilities between Minneapolis and St. Paul and that place. Referred to the committee on jobbing trade.

A communication from the chamber of commerce of San Francisco explaining a memorial to congress asking an increase in the navy of the country, was referred to the committee on legislation.

The following new members were elected: F. C. Griswold, H. E. Fletcher, C. F. Hatch, B. F. Nelson, W. M. Tenney, C. E. Wales, Robert Hale, J. S. Bradstreet, A. C. Houghton, Frank Adams, W. K. Smith.

After the transaction of more routine business of no importance, and tendering thanks to Warner and Foote for a state map presented the board, adjourned.

CORSON'S CUISINE.

Economical and Fancy Cooking at Market Hall—A Special Course in Twelve Lessons—The Pupils Pay a Tuition Fee.

The special course of twelve lessons in economical and fancy cooking, for which a fee is charged, was opened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock by Miss Corson at Market hall to an attendance of about one hundred ladies. The first dish discussed was soup stock. Miss Corson gave directions for its preparation.

TURNIPS WITH GREEN PEAS.

The next on the programme was turnips with green peas, for which a recipe was given in a slow and measured tone, to enable the ladies to take it down.

The next article prepared was roast lamb, but as it was cut across, seasoned and broiled it obtained the dignified name of carbonade of lamb.

The lecturer made a distinction between baked and roasted meats, saying the former were prepared in an oven, and the latter before the fire.

LEMON JELLY.

In making lemon jelly always use the recipe that comes with the gelatine. If you have sufficient time soak the gelatine for an hour in a pint of cold water; with the gelatine, as you soak it, put the juice of three or four lemons so as to make a decidedly sour flavor; about half a pound of sugar—it makes no difference what kind—a blade of mace, a stick of cinnamon about an inch long; then pour a quart of water in the dish where you have the gelatine, and stir until it is entirely dissolved; then strain through a jelly bag usually of flannel; do not squeeze the jelly bag. After straining, put it in bowls or smooth tin moulds; dip them in cold water and let them get thoroughly cold; then it is ready to turn out. In regard to the use of the rind of the lemon, use only the thin grating, which put into your gelatine when cooking.

LETTUCE SALAD.

For lettuce salad the recipe is as follows. Wash the lettuce carefully in salted water; then dry it on a towel; mix in a cup three tablespoonful of salad, a salt spoonful of salt, one-fourth of a salt spoonful of pepper, and one tablespoonful of vinegar. These ingredients mixed makes what is called French salad dressing. Put this on the lettuce and the salad makes a fine dressing.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session opened at 2 o'clock with a smaller attendance than in the forenoon. The soup stock prepared during the morning lessons was first taken up and submitted to the critical examination of the "scholars." The first article in economical cooking taken up in the afternoon session was rice, and the Italian and American methods of cooking it were described and illustrated. The risotta, or rice, in Italy was made of salad oil, but here take a half cupful of drippings with a medium sized onion, and when the onion is browned place it in the drippings with the rice. Stir and then add hot water, first a half cupful add then gradually. The rice quickly absorbs the water; then season with teaspoonful of salt and a little pepper Serve as you would any dish of vegetables. To prepare roasted risotta put into a smooth, well buttered mould in the oven to bake the rice; turn the rice out on a platter, and the thing is done.

PIE CRUST.

A flaking pie crust for dumplings was next in order. The following receipe was given.

For one pound of flour use one half pound of butter; cook one-half the butter or lard if you choose; put half shortlings into the flour; then add a scanty teaspoonful of salt, and cold water enough to make a pastry that can be rolled out on a flour board to the thickness of half an inch; put the rest of the shortling in the thick slices on to the pastry; lap the edge of the pastry over the butter all round the edge on all sides about one inch; fold the pastry together when ready to roll out; fold it at least three times; the more it is rolled out the more flaky and tender it is. If the bottom of the oven gets too hot place a layer of sand about two inches thick on the bottom to moderate the heat.

She then turned her attention to baked peached dumplings, rewarmed meats, brown stew of beef and breakfast bacon, and kept the attention of her fair audience throughout.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

This forenoon Miss Corson will take up consomme; Julienne soup; sweet breads, with brown mushroom sauce; roast duck, with jelly sauce; orange salad and frosted silver, and in the afternoon the following plain dishes will be prepared and elucidated: Mock terrapin soup; calf's liver baked, potato salad, lemon dumplings.

THE COURTS.

District Court.

NEW CASES AND PAPERS FILED.

Luther C. White vs. Frederick P. Clark; complaint filed to recover $2,195.93 on a promissory note.

D. M. Osborne & Co. vs. Iver Ellefson; judgment roll filed and transcript issued.

Same vs. John Hanlon; judgment roll filed.

Same vs. D. A. Davis; same.

Mankato Linseed Oil company vs. R. P. Upton; same.

Kimball T. Morgan, administrator, vs. W. E. Chamberlain; complaint filed.

Minneapolis Mill Co. vs. Andrew K. Pederson et al.; same.

James D. Bayer vs. Simon R. Spates; return on appeal from justice court filed.

DECISIONS FILED.

Robert S. Innes vs. C. V. Whitten, et al.; demurrer sustained.

Lucy R. Barnett vs. Minnesota Linseed Oil company; judgment for defendant.

Geo. W. Hael vs. J. G. Woolley, county attorney; demurrer sustained.

John W. Powers and Hannah J. Moffitt vs. Fred. G. Harston; judgment entered for plaintiffs.

Probate Court.

[Before Judge Ueland.]

Estate of Geo. W. Smith, deceased; will admitted to probate and order for executor's bond made.

Estate of Alva McKee, deceased; order allowing final account and decree of distribution made.

Estate of Patrick O'Hern, deceased; letters issued to Peter Ollinger; order limiting time to pay debts made.

Estate of James M. Knight, deceased; order for letters made.

Estate of Delia S. Rankin, deceased; same.

Estate of James Malloney, deceased; petition to prove will filed; hearing March 3.

Municipal Court.

[Before Judge Bailey.]

Frank Shears, drunkenness; commited five days.

Major Snell, disorderly conduct; paid a fine in $5 and costs.

John Lewis, larceny; discharged.

John Murphy, found in a house of ill-fame; committed ten days.

Alfred Forrester, found in a house of ill-fame; paid a fine in $7 50.

Annie Evans, keeping a house of ill-fame; committed sixty days.

Agnes Evans, occupying apartments in a house of ill-fame; paid a fine in $13 50.

Lizzie Evans, occupying apartments in a house of ill-fame; sentence suspended and defendant taken to the Bethany home for reformation.

Bertie Foster, occupying apartments in a house of ill-fame; paid a fine in $13 50.

Emanuel Green, larceny; continued until this afternoon.

William Griswold, Jr., violating hack ordinance; continued until this morning at 9 o'clock.

Iver Astjornson, larceny; dismissed on the motion of the county attorney.

Henry G. Barto, larceny from the store; discharged.

Northern Pacific Preferred Stock.

During the recent raid in stock we purchased 100 shares Northern Pacific preferred stock which is convertible into land at bottom prices, and we will sell it out in small lots at reasonable prices.

S. H. WOOD & Co
Stock and Grain Brokers,
244 Hennepin Ave., Minneapolis.

CITY PASTORS

Sunday Papers Discussed.

The city pastors held their weekly meeting yesterday in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. rooms, with Rev. Dr. Hovey presiding. After devotional exercises and the reading of the minutes of last meeting, Dr. Sample spoke on Sunday newspapers, and said he had frequently refused church notices to representatives of morning papers for the reason that they were to be inserted in the Sunday issue. He dislikes to hear newsboys crying out papers on the Sabbath, sometimes at the very doors of the churches and some good Christians were so worldly minded as to read the secular news in the Sunday papers after they had read the religious intelligence.

At this point he was asked by one of the pastors whether it was worse to prepare the paper on Saturday for Sunday morning, or work all day on Sunday for the Monday morning issue. This was a "sticker," and several participated in the long discussion which followed. The matter was finally disposed of by the appointing of a committee consisting of Drs. Williams, Hovey and Stryker, to confer with the proprietors of newspapers in relation to the issuing of a Sunday edition.

A paper entitled "What God Demands of the Ministry," was then presented by Rev. R. A. Torrey, followed by the usual discussion of the points advanced by the author.

The Rev. Dr. Scudder was appointed to conduct religious services at the College hospital next Sunday afternoon. The paper for next meeting will be "Preaching needed by the times," by Rev. J. M. Bolt.

Rev. Dr. Wagner offered prayer and the meeting adjourned for one week.

The Owls of the Globe Depicted.

[Montiveideo Leader.]

An owlish set, indeed, must be the working force of the St. Paul Daily GLOBE, judging from their photographs lately sent out with their yearly calendar. There must be a dozen of them at least, each in charge of a separate department, and the grave way with which they stand guard over the affairs of the concern is enough to convince one that they have fully determined that so long as time shall last and the great moving globe shall circulate daily upon its own axis, (subject to the constitution of the United States,) so long shall the Daily GLOBE circulate among its ten thousand readers of the northwest, subject to—to—to circumstances. In the calendar, the Boss-Owl-of-the-lot is looking over the books at the beginning of the year, and, discovering that a large number of his political patrons and subscribers are considerably in arrears, he is "contemplating" a change of base, unless the Democracy quits sending its milionaires to congress, and proceeds at once to recognize and requite "true merit." The chief editor rests his pen a moment while he "anticipates" the raise of salary he would receive in case they did, while the society editor is in a state of "consternation" lest his relations to the latest scandal be found out and he ordered to march. "Tribulation" indeed attends the temperance editor, who has just discovered that so little interest is taken in his articles and, realizing that his occupation is gone he is meekly waiting to be called in out of the rain and sent to the stock room to wet down the papers. The smiles of the Spring Poet are as fresh, however, and his effusions as verdant, as the grasses and flowers with which he "decorates" himself and his theme, while the Summer Editor looks resigned as he gathers goblets of inspiration, down in the basement and fans his genius while he "refrigerates" through a straw. The Thunderer of the concern mounts to the highest pinnacle and with a bleached flag in one claw and a subscription list in the other, 'owls patriotically for public pap, patronage and glory, but the "sweat" comes later on when a cyclone sends the whole editorial force to the Mahtomedi camp meeting, leaving the foreman to get the paper out alone. With the fall nominations and the opening of the campaign the Political Editor has "expectations" of at least a nibble at the bait he throws out and the October elections and a good crop being sufficient of "realization" to make the management, and especially the Agricultural Editor, supremely happy. But the owlish look with which, later on, the entire force surveys that plate of "boiled crow," evinces the fact that they have bitten off more than they can "masticate," and we are not surprised to see, at the close of the year, in the decided look and clenched fists of the Boss Owl, evidence of a determination that one great and only impediment to the prosperity of the entire Globe—Democracy—shall no longer be a stumbling block in its pathway.

How Gen. Jennison Helped Out the Governor.

[Red Wing Republican.

Friend H. P. Hall, of the St. Paul GLOBE, like all good editors who like to publish laws and help make senators, has evidently been anxious to see a call of the state legislature, and in laying the matter before Gen. Jennison, has just as evidently presented the great difficulty that existed in the matter of raising funds to repair the state's prison. It seems that Gen. Jennison cut the Gordian knot and solved the economical problem for the economical representative of reform Democracy, in a way that was not to put the state to $60,000 or $80,000 expense for a special legislative session, by saying that he would loan the governor the money himself. Of course the editor of the Globe did not take into account the fact that the general was connected with a newspaper and printing office in this city, and hence able to shell out $20,000 or $30,000 upon a minute's notice, and the answer seems to have caused him to imagine some vain thing or wrong motive, and in the St. Paul GLOBE of Sunday morning the following appears: "Gen. Jennison says he will lend the state money to rebuild the state's prison, so that an extra session will not be necessary. It is shrewdly supposed that Gov. Hubbard does not want an extra session, lest it might interfere with his prerogative in appointing a senator in place of McMillan, in case the much courted vacancy should occur."

New Exchange.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—The New York naval stores and tobacco exchange were opened to-day.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Senator Hoar, from the committee on privileges and elections, reported a resolution authorizing the committee to work by sub-committees, and to sit whenever necessary in a meeting of investigation under the Sherman resolutions, which was agreed to.

The chair laid before the senate resolutions from the legislature of Ohio, transmitted by the governor, favoring a tariff for revenue, limited to the necessities of the government, economically administered, and so adjusted as to encourage industries at home and afford protection to labor, but not to create or foster monopolies.

Senator Hoar inquired whether the governor had given any explanation of the resolutions.

The chair, Edmunds, replied, it was not a parliamentary question, and that the governor, as the executive magistrate of the state of Ohio, had transmitted the resolutions in compliance with the resolution of the legislature of the state. The joint resolution was laid on the table.

Petitions from ex-soldiers of the Union army, praying for the enactment of various laws for the benefit of the soldiers, of the late war were presented by Logan Pendleton, Frye, Harrison and Lapham.

Senator Logan also presented a protest of citizens against the passage of the proposed bill of relief to Fitz John Porter. The petitions and protest were referred.

Senator Gibson, at his own request, was excused from further service on the committee on claims.

The following reports from committees were made:

By Senator Hoar, favorably, from the committee on judiciary on the original bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy.

By Senator Blair, favorably, from the committee on education and labor, a bill to establish a bureau of statistics on labor.

By Senator Groome, from the same committee, a bill to fix the hours of labor in government workshops at eight, and providing, in case of pressure of work, for the employment of extra men, rather than for the provision of over time work by the regular employes, and providing, also, for the keeping of statistics as to the comparison of wages and the amount of work done in the worakshops of a similar character, not in the control of the government, with a view to ascertaining the results in work under the eight hour plan, as compared with the ordinary plan, and relative to the cost of the two methods.

By Senator George, favorably, from the same committee, a bill to protect employes engaged in foreign and inter-state commerce.

By Senator Call, favorably, from the same committee, a joint resolution providing for the payment of wages for legal holidays to laborers in the government employ.

By Senator Pugh, from the committee on priviliges and elections, reported adversely to Senator Garland's bill relating to the credentials of United States sailors.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Senator Cameron, of Wis., to enable the people of Dakota to form a constitution.

By Senator Logan, to provide artificial limbs for ex-soldiers.

By Senator Maxey, to provide for the erection of a public building at Tyler, Texas.

By Senator Wilson, to prevent the publication of lottery advertisements in the territories and District of Columbia.

Senator Butler offered a resolution, directing the secretary of the treasury to transmit to the senate the testimony taken last summer, relating to the administration of the supervising architect's office by Supervising Architect Hill. Under objection, the resolution went over until to-morrow.

Senator Van Wyck offered the following:

Resolved, That the secretary of the interior inform the senate whether the Union Pacific Railroad company has issued new stock, or made any mortgage pledge, lease, running engagement or other traffic contract since March 3d, 1873. Agreed to.

The senate passed a joint resolution appropriating $25,000 for the relief of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and the Gulf Railroad company, as compensation for services rendered the United States, the land grant intended to cover such services not having been availed of by the company.

The senate resumed its consideration of the Mexican land grant titles bill, but without action, and the senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Mr. Hammond, who has been ill since the convening of congress, appeared at the bar of the house and took the oath of office.

The speaker announced the following committee appointments and changes, stating that where changes were made they were at the request of the members concerned: The rivers and harbors, Thomas in place of Chase; Mississippi levees, Chase in place of Thomas; naval affairs, G. D. Wise in place of Eaton; foreign affairs, Eaton in place of G. D. Wise; education, Rockwell in place of Millikin; expenditures on state department, Davis, of Illinois, in place of Price; liquor traffic, Price in place of Davis, of Illinois; District of Columbia, Worthington and Rockwell; expenditures department of justice, E. Crisp and Millikin.

Mr. Houk offered a resolution directing the committee on education to inquire into the working and management of agricultural colleges, in aid of which lands have been granted to the several states and territories, and recommend measures to secure to the industrial classes the benefits intended by the act of congress donating these lands. Referred.

Under the call of states the following bills were introduced and referred:

Mr. Henly introduced a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to the amount of money apportioned to be assessed upon states and territories under the act of congress of August 5, 1861.

Mr. Eaton, for the punishment of the officers of the United States for the illegal use of money or other things of value in election.

Mr. Belford, for authorizing a preliminary examination and survey of the passes between the affluents of the Upper Missouri and the Columbia rivers, for the purpose of ascertaining the practicability of uniting the rivers by a canal or otherwise, and appropriating $20,000 for the purpose. Also directing the attorney general to institute proceedings touching the mineral and mill sites, where a patent was fraudulently obtained.

Mr. Anderson, to prevent the sale of certain Pacific railroads before the United States bonds with interest shall have been fully paid. It provides that in case any Pacific railroads fail to pay the interest on the first mortgage bonds to which the bonds of the United States are second, and unpaid, the attorney general shall institute proper proceedings for the appointment of a receiver, who shall continue to manage or operate the road until all the principal and interest of the United States bonds are fully paid. The receiver shall pay out of the earnings and receipts the necessary expenses for operating and maintaining the road, interest on the first mortgage bonds, a sum equal to 10 per cent. of the whole amount of the United States bonds and subsequent liabilities and dividends of the company in proper order. He shall file reports of all business and accounts of road to the secretary of the interior, who shall transmit the same to congress. If the earnings and receipts shall not be sufficient to pay interest on the first mortgage bonds, the treasurer of the United States is authorized to pay the interest when due.

By Mr. Cox, of New York, declaring Good Friday a legal holiday.

By Mr. Hopkins, for the payment to employes of the government the salaries withheld in violation of the eight hour law.

By Mr. Cassidy, for the appropriation of $125,000 for the improvement of the navigation of the Colorado river.

By J. W. Hardy, for exempting Weiss beer and other beer, containing less than 2½ per cent. alcohol, from payment of the internal revenue tax.

By Mr. Weller, for the relief of the Lady Franklin Bay expedition. It recites that in consequence of a series of unwise attempts to explore the uninhabited and unproductive region toward the north pole, the lives of a number of soldiers, sailors, and other persons were in imminent peril That the previous attempts of the government to rescue persons similarly imperiled has only resulted in the greater loss of life and that persons in private life one better fitted to undertake such enterprises, for a rescue, than the United States soldiers and sailors, and authorizes the president to offer a reward of $100,000 to the master, owner and crew of any vessel or ship that will at any time during the year 1884 rescue and restore to any port of the United States Lieut. A. W. Greeley and his party, the reward to be paid in standard silver dollars.

Bills were introduced and referred for the erection of public buildings at Maysville, Ky., and East Saginaw, Mich.

Mr. Randall, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution providing that the rules of the house for the forty-sixth congress as amended by this house be the rules for the forty-eighth congress, until further orders. He explained that the effect of his resolution was to bring into effect the rules of the forty-sixth congress as amended by the present house. After offering many amendments the further consideration of the matter was postponed until Thursday.

Mr. Springer arising to a question of privilege, sent to the clerk's desk a memorial from Richard W. Webb, of New Mexico, presenting charges against Chief Justice Samuel B. Axtel, of the supreme court of New Mexico, and a resolution directing the committee on judiciary to inquire and ascertain whether the allegations contained in the memorial are true, and whether the conduct of the chief justice is such as to render him unfit to discharge the duties of his office and report to the house what action it will be advisable to take, either by impeachment or otherwise. After a short discussion as to whether the resolution presented was a question of privilege, it was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Ellis submitted a conference report on the bill making an appropriation for the relief of certain destitute Indians in Montana. Agreed to. As agreed upon in conference the committee appropriated $100,000 instead of $50,000. The house then adjourned.

STILLWATER GLOBULES.

W. H. McDonald, Esq., of Hudson, Wis., made the city a professional call yesterday.

The building on the west side of Main street, formerly occupied by John Oleson as a barber shop, is to be fitted up for a saloon.

The best butter is at present retailing for 25 cents per pound. This is a slight disappointment to those farmers who refused to sell last fall when the price ranged from 28 to 30 cents per pound wholesale.

Since the burning of the prison proper, a report has been current on the streets to the effect that the state was about to prohibit citizen labor in the penitentiary shops. By inquiry made yesterday of the prison officials it was ascertained that the rumor was entirely without foundation.

The alarm of fire early Sunday evening was for a burning chimney on a dwelling house, on Second street, south of the Fulton market. No damage resulted. The services in a South hill church, it is stated, were rather suddenly interrupted with by the alarm. As soon as the whistle was heard the greater part of the congregation hurried out of doors, fully impressed that the remaining shops in the prison yard were on fire, and that the signal for Co. K. to turn out had been given.

Another Meeting of the Prison Building Committee.

A meeting of the prison building committee was held yesterday afternoon. Warden Reed and A. M. Radcliff, architect, E. G. Buttes and Jno. De Laittre were in attendance. After reading the minutes of the previous meeting, the first business in order was to wait a proper length of time for the appearance of Messrs. Lutz & Alexander, or their representative, with the necessary bonds for the proper fulfilment of their recent contract with the state. Long before the meeting of the committee, it was whispered about the streets that this Wabashaw firm had concluded to take a back seat, or in other words, they had decided not to accept of the contract. The official announcement that the firm had declined to accept of the contract was made by Architect Radcliffe. The only course left for the committee to pursue was to award the contract to the next lowest bidder, which happened to be the Northwestern Manufacturing & Car company of this city, whose proposal of $23,500 was formally accepted.

The contract for building the workshop disposed of, the question of rebuilding the prison offices was taken up. In order to save time it was decided not to advertise for proposals, but to place the work directly under the supervision of Geo. W. Seymour, who is to furnish men and material. On the latter no commission is to be paid. Mr. Seymour is to receive 10 per cent. on all labor and material furnished, of which he is to return an itemized account, and to be held to a strict responsibility for the proper performance of the work. By adopting this plan it was thought the offices could be rebuilt much sooner than by any other method, and the personal supervision by Mr. Seymour may be accepted as a sure guarantee that the work will be performed in the best possible manner.

A Practical Proposal.

Somerville Journal: "Had a proposal from any of the fair sex since leap-year began, Jones?"

"I have, Brown; I had a proposal from the daughter of my boarding missus."

"Jiminy! you're in luck. How did she muster courage to make it, and what did you say?"

"Well, you see, she keeps the books for her mother, so she came to me the other day and proposed."

"Yes, yes, lucky dog! go on."

"She proposed that I pay up my arrears or git."

"Whew!"

"So I got."

ROBUST HEALTH

Is not always enjoyed by those who seem to possess it. The taint of corrupted blood may be secretly undermining the constitution. In time, the poison will certainly show its effects, and with all the more virulence the longer it has been allowed to permeate the system. Each pimple, sty, boil, skin disorder and sense of unnatural lassitude, or languor, is one of Nature's warnings of the consequences of neglect.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only remedy that can be relied upon, in all cases, to eradicate the taint of hereditary disease and the special corruptions of the blood. It is the only alterative that is sufficiently powerful to thoroughly cleanse the system of Scrofulous and Mercurial impurities and the pollution of Contagious Diseases. It also neutralizes the poisons left by Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever, and enables rapid recuperation from the enfeeblement and debility caused by these diseases.

Myriads of Cures

Achieved by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, in the past forty years, are attested, and there is no blood disease, at all possible of cure, that will not yield to it. Whatever the ailments of this class, and wherever found, from the scurvy of the Arctic circle to the "veldt-sores" of South Africa, this remedy has afforded health to the sufferers by whom it was employed. Druggists everywhere can cite numerous cases, within their personal knowledge, of remarkable cures wrought by it, where all other treatment had been unavailing. People will do well to

Trust Nothing Else

then AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Numerous crude mixtures are offered to the public as "blood purifiers," which only allure the patient with the pretense of many cheap doses, and with which it is folly to experiment while disease is steadily becoming more deep-seated and difficult of cure. Some of these mixtures do much lasting harm. Bear in mind that the only medicine that can radically purify the vitiated blood is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists; price $1, six bottles for $5.

One of Four.

There are only four nations in the world today that are paying their way. England generally manages to make ends meet and show a trifling surplus of $2,000,000 or $3,000,000 to be applied to the reduction of its enormous national debt; the United States, in spite of Congressional extravagance, puts by nearly fifty times as much, and Holland and Belgium keep about even. With these exceptions every nation in the civilized world shows an annual deficit of more or less millions.

LOST—One pair of gold spectacles, in red morocco case. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon leaving them at police headquarters. 36-38

LEGAL.

Receiver's Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF HENNEPIN—ss. District Court, Fourth Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition for a receiver of Amelia Hertogs, under the Insolvent Act.

To whom it may concern, take notice: That, at a special term of the above named court, held on the 2d day of February, A. D. 1884, at the Court House in the City of Minneapolis, in said County of Hennepin, upon petition of the St. Paul Knitting Works and others, said Amelia Hertogs was adjudged insolvent, and the undersigned was appointed receiver of her estate.

All creditors of said insolvent are hereby notified to file their claims with said receiver, duly verified, for allowance, within twenty days from the publication of this notice.

February 5, 1884.

J. W. COCHRAN, Receiver.
TORRANCE & FLETCHER, Attorneys for receiver. 36-37

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE COMIQUE.

219, 221, 223 First Ave. South.

W. W. BROWN.....Sole Proprietor.
JAMES WHEELER.....Manager.

WEEK OF JANUARY 28, 1884.

MORE NEW FACES!

Kittie Melville, Lillie Morris, Ella La Rue, Sam Murdy, Messrs. Hughes and Videcq, Tommy Heywood, Maggie Moore, Mabel Hamilton, Lottie Ward, Alice Celestelle, Lot de Laviere, Bessie Graham, May Horton, Mamie Yager, Maggie Hale, and the regular Stock Company.

Matinee Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Popular prices

DRUGGS.

HOFFLIN'S CORNS CURE

Will Cure

All kinds hard or soft corns, callouses and bunions causing no pain or soreness, dries instantly, will not soil anything, and never fails to effect a cure. Price, 25c; by mail, 30c. The genuine put up in yellow wrappers and manufactured only by Jos. R. Hoffin, druggist and dealer in all kinds of Patent Medicines, Roots, Herbs, Liquors, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, etc. Minneapolis, Minn.

MEDICAL.

PROF. A. J. DEXTER.

Endorsed by press and public; now located at Washington, D. C., for the winter. Office 510 8th street; residence Willard's hotel. Will return to Minneapolis in May. Magnetic Medical Salon will cure nearly all diseases; sent by mail or express. Send for Magnetic Journal; mailed free; containing names of hundreds cured. Prof. A. J. DEXTER, the World's Healer, Washington, D. C. 90

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