THE MONTANA POST.

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VOL. 2—NO. 9.] CITY OF VIRGINIA, MONTANA TERRITORY, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1865. [WHOLE NO. 61.

THE MONTANA POST.

D. W. Tilton & Co.

D. W. TILTON. BEN. R. DITTES.

PUBLISHERS & PROPRIETORS.

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Deputy Sheriffs—H. L. Crawford, James Williams, J. B. Caven.
Treasurer—Henry G. Caryle.
Recorder—F. G. Heldt.
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W. F. Sanders,

ATTORNEY AT LAW and Solicitor in Chancery, Virginia City, Montana Territory. 3-1y*

SAM. WORD. JAS. G. SPRATT.

Word & Spratt,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Virginia City, Montana Territory. Will practice in all the Courts of said Territory. Special attention given to the Collection of Claims. 4

John R. Gilbert,

ASSISTANT ASSESSOR U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE, for the First Division of the Collection District of Montana, embracing Madison County. Office, first door east of City Drug Store.
Virginia City, April 27, 1865. 36-88*

L. W. Frary,

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTIST. Office up stairs, in Pfouts & Russell's Stone Building. All dental operations performed in the best possible manner. Single teeth and complete setts inserted in the highest style of art. Ladies and gentlemen will find every arrangement for their convenience. 8

John S. Lewis, N. B. Hale, D. M. Gillett.

Lewis, Hale & Co.,

JEWELRY MANUFACTURERS. Every description of Jewelry made to order from the Native Gold, and warranted. Particular attention paid to repairing Fine Watches. Also, Engraving done to order. Sign of the Gold Watch, Jackson Street, Virginia City, M. T.
February 25, 1865. 1-13*

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WALLACE STREET, one door below Nolan & Co.'s Bank. Gold and Silver, and Ores of every description Assayed. I guarantee my assays, and will pay any difference which may arise between them and the U. S. Mint. 5 D. GILBERT.

Assay Office.

THE UNDERSIGNED are now prepared to assay correctly in small or large quantities the ores of Montana. Silver, Gold, Copper, Lead, Antimony, or Bismuth. Office No. 2, of Content's Block, corner of Wallace and Jackson Streets, Virginia. W. Y. LOVELL. & CO. 18-tf

Justus Cooke,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER. Particular attention given to the sale of Live Stock and Real Estate, sales of Stocks of Goods in Store. Office at the Elephant Corral, Virginia City, M. T. 4-16*

J. A. Gray,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Virginia City, M. T., first door below Content's corner. Liberal advances made on Consignments Stock and Goods of all kinds disposed of by Public or Private Sale 47-59*

Jefferson House,

Corner of Wallace and Van Buren Streets, Virginia City.

W. H. PILES, begs to inform the public that he has opened this house for boarders, and will furnish meals to transient customers. His table will be supplied with the best that the market affords. Special attention will be paid to the comfort of his guests. Good clean beds. 6-18*

Drs. Crepin & Justice.

OFFICE ON WALLACE STREET, Next door to City Drug Store. 8

Ira B. Maupin, M. D.

OFFICE Eagle Drug Store, Helena, M. T. 4-16*

F. V. P. Moore,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Wallace street, one door east of Clayton & Hale's Drug Store. 4-16*

ALLEN & MILLARD,

BANKERS,

VIRGINIA CITY AND HELENA, M. T.

DEALERS IN

Coin, Gold Dust, Treasury Notes, and Foreign and Domestic Exchange.

B. F. ALLEN, Des Moines, Iowa. J. H. MILLARD, Virginia City, M. T.
4-16*

Idaho Hotel.

Wallace Street, Virginia City, M. T.,

J. M. CASTNER, Proprietor.

THIS Popular Hotel, which forms part of Castner's Building, has been enlarged and refitted in a style to meet the demands of the Public. Its larder is well supplied, and its tables furnished with the best the market affords.

The Idaho Billiard Hall,

carried on by HULL & CASTNER, contains four First Class Billiard Tables, where the lovers of the game can always be accommodated. The old friends of J. J. Hull and J. M. Castner, can always find them at the Idaho.

Those having Territorial funds to deposit, should call at the Idaho, where the office of the Treasurer is situated. 12*

Metropolitan Market,

Wallace St., Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

SHOUMAKER & CO., PROPRIETORS.

THIS MARKET has been fitted up regardless of expense, and will be supplied with Meats of all kinds, Poultry, Fish, Game, Sausages, Head Cheese, Puddings of all descriptions, etc. Every article sold will be of the the best quality obtainable in the country, and all orders of their customers will be promptly and punctually attended to. 6-3m

Hosmer and Hauser,

CLAIM AGENTS, have established an agency for the purchase and sale of Gold and Silver Quartz Claims in different parts of the Territory. One of the partners will attend in person, to the introduction and sale of Lodes in New York, Philadelphia and other Eastern cities, and the other to obtaining the same in this city. Arrangements will be made early in the Spring, for expressing goods to the New York Office, and for procuring reliable assays at the office in this city. Office at the Post Office, and at S. T. Hauser & Co.'s Bank, on Wallace Street. 14*

Montana Billiard Saloon.

ADAM KLESER and George Williams, Proprietors. Billiard Tables furnished with all the most approved apparatus required for the enjoyment of the game. Pure liquors and choice cigars always on hand. Open from 7 A. M., to 12 P. M.. 7-tf

Iron and Steel Turning.

MACHINERY Repaired, Billiard Balls turned, &c.—Every description of Gun work performed, in good style. Ammunition of all kinds kept constantly on hand. Powder Lead, Caps, Navy and Dragoon Balls. Shot, and Cartridges. ALEXANDER KEMP.
6 Gun Shop, Wallace St., Virginia City.

Occidental Billiard Hall.

ROCKFELLOW & DENNEE'S BUILDING, Jackson Street, Virginia City. The finest tables in town. The bar supplied with the best of Liquors and Cigars.
16* JOHN H. MING.

George Secord,

SADDLER & HARNESS MAKER. Constantly on hand and manufacturing from the best material, all styles of Saddles, Bridles, Single and Double Harness, or anything else made in a first class saddler shop. 1-26*

Joseph Marion,

HAY SCALES STORE, Wallace Street, Virginia City. Commission Merchant. Cash advanced on consignments. Assortment of Miners' Outfitting Goods. Provisions, Vegetables, etc., etc. 15*

E. M. Davis M. D.

OFFICE, Main Street, Helena, Montana Territory, nearly opposite the City Drug Store. 7-tf

James N. Williams,

FASHIONABLE Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon, Bridge Street, Helena, Montana Territory. 6-18*

H. S. GILBERT. CHRISTIAN RICHTER.

Virginia Brewery.

WE HAVE constantly on hand a large supply of
LAGER BEER,
MALT,
HOPS,
BREWERY
FIXTURES,
BEER KEGS, ETC.

☞ All orders in our line of business will be promptly attended to. 11*

CABINET SHOP,

WALLACE ST., VIRGINIA CITY,

(Three doors above the Post Office.)

MESSRS. CLARK & MITCHELL,

Beg to thank the inhabitants of Virginia City, for their patronage, and to inform them that they are now ready to supply and fill all calls in the following line:

Manufacturing and repairing all kinds of furniture, turning, contracting for building, counters, shelving,

Building and Repairing

Saw and Grist Mills, Setting Engines and Boilers, Quartz Mills, Wheat Fans.

For reference in the machinery department, call on Noble & Co., Indian Creek, Spencer, Harrison & Co., Granite Gulch, House & Co., South Meadow Creek.
August 26th, 1865. v2-n1-3m*

Higgins, Travis & Co.,

Wallace Street, Virginia City, and Helena M. T.

LIVERY AND SALE

STABLES.

ELEGANT vehicles, and well trained horses for the Saddle, Buggy or Carriage, constantly on hand.

A First Class Turn-out Guaranteed.

THE VIRGINIA CORRAL IS IN CONNECTION WITH THIS ESTABLISHMENT. 42-54*

Denver Meat Market,

Nevada City, - - - - M. T.

ALEXANDER METZEL

TAKES pleasure to announce to the public, that he keeps the best stocked Meat Market in Nevada City, where there will always be found the best cuts of

FRESH PORK,
BEEF, VEAL,
MUTTON, LAMB,
SAUSAGE MEAT, and
SAUSAGES OF ALL KINDS.

He also, receives constantly Game, Fish and Fowl of the season. Try him. 34-46*

For a Good Article Of

CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, MINERS' BOOTS, ETC., GO TO

M. HELLMAN & CO.'S,

Wallace Street, Virginia City.

The quality and finish of every article guaranteed. A choice lot of Cigars for sale. 10*

NEW GOODS. 1865. NEW GOODS.

JOHN HOW,

JUST RECEIVED *via* the Missouri River and Fort Benton, a large Stock of

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

—AND—

Groceries.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Tinware,

SADDLES AND BRIDLES,

LEATHER,

Saddlery Hardware,

—AND—

Shoe Findings.

—ALSO—

SCYTHES AND SNATHS,

GRAIN CRADLES,

HAY FORKS,

HOES AND PLOUGHS,

MINERS' TOOLS,

WINDOW GLASS AND PUTTY,

Which we offer for sale at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

And to which we respectfully call the attention of the Citizens of Montana.

Storage & Commission.

Having built a Commodious Stone Warehouse, we are prepared to receive Merchandise and Produce, for sale on Commission or on Storage, and respectfully solicit Consignments.

Store and Warehouse corner of Jackson and Idaho Streets, Virginia City, M. T.

48-60*

CITY BAKERY.

J. OLIVER, Proprietor.

WALLACE STREET, VIRGINIA CITY.

BREAD, Pies and Crackers of the best quality, and in great variety, for sale by

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Choice

WINES and **LIQUORS**

of all kinds.

THE FINEST BRANDS OF CIGARS ALWAYS ON HAND.

CONFECTIONERY TO ORDER.

A commodious Saloon for the accommodation of guests, and good music provided for their entertainment. 48-50*

H. J. BRENDLINGER. F. F. STONE.

H. J. BRENDLINGER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFFS AND

FANCY GOODS,

Three Doors below Kiskadden's Stone Block,

Virginia City, M. T. 3-3m*

HIGGINS TRAVIS & CO.,

Wallace Street, Virginia City, and Helena, M. T.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS.

STORAGE FOR GOODS. Liberal advances made on Consignments. Stock and Goods of all kinds disposed of daily by

PUBLIC AUCTION

—OR—

Private Sale.

Strict Attention paid to the Sale of Goods.

42-54*

SALE OF DRY GOODS.

J. SANDS, whose store is situated two doors above Gurney & Co.'s, Wallace street, having determined to return to the States, in about two months, will dispose of his entire Stock of Dry Goods at Eastern Cost. He has in his stock, some very fine Black Cloaks, and a general assortment of all articles in his line. Now is the time for bargains. 5-2m

TELEGRAPHIC.

New York, Oct. 3.

Texas advices say that large quantities of land have been purchased by Polish agents, for the purpose of introducing a colony of Polish emigrants. The first party is expected in December.

The Herald's Washington special says: Of the 37 forts comprising the Washington line of defenses south of the Potomac, but eleven have an armament now, and they will probably be dismantled before the 1st of next January.

Philadelphia, Oct. 4.

It is established beyond a doubt that in convention with distinguished Illinoisians, a few days since, Gen. Grant declared that the Government will vindicate the Monroe Doctrine at an early day, and that Maximilian must leave Mexico. It will be, he says, less expensive to rid Mexico of the presence of the enemy than to guard our borders against him. It is his opinion that it will require no call for troops, but with the present army, he can spare enough to give efficiency to the forces of Mexico.

The news from the interior of Turkey is very discouraging. It would appear that 100,000 refugees, who fled from the cholera in Constantinople, had carried the disease with them into the provinces. It is now not only in the seaports, but in the interior, that the ravages of the epidemic had commenced.

Washington, Oct. 3.

Authentic information has been received here that Duke Gwin and Gov. Clark, late of Missouri, have been arrested and committed to Ft. Jackson.

Washington, Oct. 5.

Minister Clay has transmitted to the State Department an official copy of the conditions stipulated between the Russian Telegraph Department and Hiram Sibley, for the establishment of telegraphic communication between Russia and America. The exclusive right is granted to the latter, plenipotentiary of the American W. U. Telegraph Company, for thirty-three years from the day the line shall be opened. The Russian Government is to grant a further term, as it may judge convenient, in order to encourage the undertaking. The Government allows forty per cent. on the nett proceeds of dispatches transmitted by it over lines to and from America, and in order to contribute as much as possible to the success of the present undertaking, the minister of public utility will adopt the measures necessary for securing the company's telegraph from being maliciously injured by the local population, but at the same time the Government refuses to take upon itself any responsibility for such injuries of any nature whatsoever. The company is allowed to import material free of duty.

New York, Oct. 5.

The Central Council of the Fenian Brotherhood, in this city, [illegible] a special general congress of the entire organization in the United States, to meet at Philadelphia, on Monday, the 16th of the present month.

Cairo, Oct. 8.

A Jackson, Miss., dispatch of the 5th, says that Humphrey's majority for Governor will probably reach 10,000. G. L. Potter, the anti-negro testimony candidate as Judge of the Court of Appeals in the Jackson District, has a majority of 3,000.

Farther Point, Oct. 9.

The French Government is preparing to evacuate Rome.

New York, Oct. 9.

Mayor Macbeth and the Common Council of Charleston, S. C., have been restored, and the Mayor is to have jurisdiction over the whites. The negroes are turned over to the Provost-Marshal. The militia is to be organized and to take the oath of allegiance. The 15th will be the day of election of the State officials.

In North Carolina, the popular feeling is entirely against secession, and the obnoxious ordinance is declared null and void from the beginning.

Good news from Georgia generally. The civil authorities are satisfied and, only one ticket was run at the late election. Complaints are made that the negroes are so lazy as to threaten a failure of the crops next season.

Fifty thousand American tourists, it is said, are spending $100,000,000 in gold per year in Europe.

This morning the counsel for Ketchum announced that he would put in a plea of guilty to the indictments charging his client with forgery. As matters affecting his late firm and their creditors are still pending, and his explanations and testimony are still required by those interested, it is desirable to defer the plea to as late a day in the present term as practicable. This arrangement was agreed to.

A special dispatch to the Post, from Washington, says that the Navy department has ordered the ex-rebel ram Stonewall, now at Havana, to be brought to one of our navy yards.

The steamship China, from Queenstown on the 1st, has arrived.

The Fenian prisoners were brought before the police magistrates, including the editor and proprietor of the *Irish News*. Mr. Barry, counsel for the crown, made a long speech and said that within the last fortnight, £3,500 had arrived from America, to be expended in revolutionizing Ireland, and by that day's mail the Government had intercepted a letter for one of the prisoners named Lapper, containing a draft for £415, on the banking house of Rothschild; also several other letters which contained bills of exchange.

The making of pikes had been extensively carried on. One of the prisoners had made two thousand of these murderous weapons. Numerous revolvers and breastplates were found in the possession of the prisoners connected with the *Irish People* newspaper. He quoted an incendiary paragraph, urging the employment of force, from a number of that paper, which was about to be issued when seized.

Mr. Barry concluded his speech by asserting that the Fenians were powerful, both in Ireland and America, and trusted that this affair would end forever such hopeless conspiracies.

Evidence was then given against the prisoners. Some of them were identified as having been connected with the suppressed Fenian organ.

The investigation was still pending when the steamer sailed, and would probably last several days.

Biographical Sketch of Brevet Major-General Meagher.

Thomas Francis Meagher was born on the 3d of August, 1825, at Waterford—one of the oldest and most renowned cities of Ireland. His father was the senior member of a great commercial firm, in the Newfoundland trade, and T. F. Meagher is often humorously claimed to be one of the oldest representatives of the "Codfish aristocracy." His grandfather and father had no less than seven ships engaged in that trade.

At eleven years of age he was sent to the Jesuit College, Clongoes' Wood, County Kildare, Ireland. For five years he remained there, and then went to Stonyhurst College, the celebrated seminary of the English Jesuits in Lancashire, within forty-five miles of Liverpool. Here he devoted himself to the routine of studies prescribed, and made himself popular by his hearty identification with the adventures of his fellow students. He was, in a word, a favorite with them; but was as wild as he was brilliant. At the close of the collegiate course at Stonyhurst, he carried off, notwithstanding his wildness, the silver medal for rhetoric, and was acknowledged as the foremost orator of that school of rhetoric and eloquence.

He left Stonyhurst at an eventful moment so far as his native country was concerned. His disposition and tastes were to be an officer in the British army. Some of the best men from Ireland were in that army, as for instance, Wellington, Harding, Gough, Sale and many others. It was a question between him and the liberty of his country. His father was at this time Mayor of Waterford. O'Connell had raised what was recognized as the flag of Irish nationality, and Thomas Francis Meagher, flinging aside his prospects as an officer in the British service, boldly and irrevocably threw himself into the ranks and fortunes of the cause of Irish nationality—as it was magnificently presented to him by the eloquence of that great Irish patriot. The poetry and earnest action of the movement was embodied in what was then called "Young Ireland"—the intellectual party which proceeded not so much upon the historic wrongs that had been inflicted upon Ireland, as from a thorough conviction that its faculties and resources were such as could make it a great and independent nation. Thomas Francis Meagher identified himself with this party, and accepted the fortunes of it.

In the abortive attempt of 1848, he therefore exposed himself to the power of the British Government; and, after feeble and futile efforts among the mountains of Tipperary, he was arrested and transported for life, (never again to see his native land), which sentence still holds good. Coming to America as he did, with an honest and chivalrous renunciation of his parole, he arrived in New York on the evening of the 27th of June, 1852. Immediately upon his arrival citizens of all parties, creeds and ranks, from the highest to the lowest. The Common Council of New York presented him with a most complimentary address, and invited him to a public procession and the hospitalities of the city. This he respectfully declined in a most eloquent letter, alleging as his principal reason for doing so, that the comrades who had shared the dangers and misfortunes of the attempt to free his native land were still in captivity, and that it would be unworthy of him, while they were in exile, to accept any ovation.

For the first three years of his residence in the United States, he devoted himself to lecturing on various subjects of public interest, visiting, on the invitation of the literary societies of those places, all the great cities of the Union. He was thus enabled to become personally acquainted with the leading citizens and most distinguished men, not only of New York, but of Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, St. Louis, Richmond and Petersburg, Va., Wilmington, N. C., Mobile, New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Vicksburg, Natchez, etc., etc. At Baton Rouge, he was the guest of the Governor of Louisiana, and at Jackson he enjoyed the hospitality of the Governor of Mississippi. In these places and in several others, he was voted the Legislative Halls to speak in, and was publicly entertained.

Early in 1856, General Meagher started the *Irish News*, a weekly paper devoted to the illustration of Irish interests, and advocating the broad principles of citizenship, from which he has never swerved; but, desirous of having a more active field for the exercise of his talents, he resigned the editorship, and with it, the ownership, of the *News*, early in 1858, and betook himself to Central America, which he extensively explored, and the results of his observations in which appeared in the most charming and brilliant illustrated articles, at different times, in *Harper's Monthly Magazine*.

It was immediately on his return from his last visit to Central America that the war occasioned by the rebellion of the South broke out. Though warmly attached to the South from personal associations of the most cordial character, and strongly repugnant to coercive measures against a section of the country in which he had formed many cordial friendships, and which he greatly admired, he saw and felt that it was his duty to sustain the authority of the United States, and upon mature deliberation, he determined to support it in the field.

The famous Irish regiment of New York, the old 69th, under the command of the late General Michael Corcoran, having proceeded to the seat of war, he undertook to raise a company for it, and, early in May, 1861, joined it. He left New York for Washington at the head of as splendid a body of young Irishmen as the Union army of that time could boast of. In the disastrous battle of Bull's Run, on the 21st of the July following, he participated, with the gallant 69th, in the perils and glories which his regiment encountered and won on that day.

A few days after that battle, the regiment having served out its time, he returned with it to New York; but he felt that his term of service had not yet expired. He applied to the Secretary of War for authority to raise that Irish Brigade, the impetuous gallantry of which shone so conspicuously in every battle of the war, in which the army of the Potomac was engaged, and the history of which has become a splendid portion of the more comprehensive history of the nation. On taking command of this noble body of troops, he was commissioned as Brigadier-General.

We have not room, in this rapid sketch, to give anything like a detailed account of the honorable and noble exploits of the Irish Brigade. Suffice it to say that at Gaines's Hill, dashing up magnificently to the rescue of the right wing of McClellan's army, it repeated the memorable achievement of its grand prototype—the renowned Irish Brigade of France—at Fontenoy. In the battles of the retreat to James River, it fought with the most heroic energy and fidelity in the rear guard of the army; whilst at Antietam, it so signalized itself that Gen. McClellan, in his report of that battle, speaks of it in terms of the heartiest acknowledgment. Its conduct at Fredericksburg, in advancing against the impregnable heights which overlook that city, and where it left hundreds dead upon the field, at a point the nearest to the enemy's lines that any of the Union troops had reached—extorted, in an almost extravagant measure, the praise of even such an inveterate foe of the Irish race as the London *Times*. Then came Chancellorsville, where it swept with headlong alacrity to the extreme front, as Stonewall Jackson's men were crowding and crushing down upon Hooker's position, and where it held its ground under a blinding fire, until the rest of the Union army had fallen back, and formed its second line of defense.

Finding, after this battle, that his noble little brigade, as he affectionately called it, was reduced to a mere handful, he felt it his duty to resign his commission, with the hope that his doing so might convince the Government at Washington that, being so exhausted, it might justly be spared a little time from the labors and sacrifices of the field, to enable it to revive and renew its strength.

On the death of General Corcoran, however, the War Department renewed his commission, and the next thing we hear of him is at Chattanooga, in command of the District of the Eutawa, which he held in a masterly way during Hood's invasion of Tennessee, and until after that General was driven back, in an utter route, into Alabama. General Meagher was then ordered to take a division of seven thousand western troops to unite with General Sherman, in North Carolina. This he did, and this ended, for the time, his service in the army of the United States.

The week of the Grand Reviews at the city of Washington, on the termination of the war, he was placed on the list of Brevets by President Johnson himself, in acknowledgement of his gallant and devoted services in defense of the national cause. Major-General Meagher was not only distinguished by his bold bravery in action, but by his affectionate devotion to his men, who dearly loved him, as well as by his humanity and tenderness to the prisoners who fell to his charge. It has been said of him, and truly, that he never ordered his men to go into any danger that he was not the first to lead the way, and the last to come out. His treatment of the enemy who, when wounded or otherwise captured, fell into his hands, was a striking contrast of his Irish heart, that not of the Southern soldiers, to his disparagement. The interview on the picket line with General Roger A. Pryor, of Virginia, under a flag of truce, the day after the battle of Antietam, marked as it was by the manliest frankness and the heartiest friendliness, on both sides, testifies to this.

The rest is well known, and he is now amongst us, with this record, to help us with his administrative energy, quick discernment and fertility of resource, to build up our young Territory into one of the most powerful, as it must be one of the most opulent, States of the Union.

WITH all the boasted ability of the Yankee nation, for superiority in monetary transactions, our English cousins over the water seem to have a clearer view of the future advantages of our western Territories than these same shrewd calculators of America. It is a humiliating fact that some of the best paying enterprises in our country are owned, directed and controlled entirely by English capitalists residing in England.—*Denver News.*

DISTINGUISHED MEXICAN.—General Gaspar Sanchez Ocboa, who arrived from the west the other day, is reported on his way to New York, to attend to negotiations now pending in that city for a loan to enable him to commence a campaign against Maximilian. He originally intended to go via the Isthmus, but was apprehensive that the French commander at Acapulco would take him prisoner.—*Daily Telegraph.*

ON TUESDAY, the 8th inst., says the Sacramento *Union*, one of the Buislay family ascended upwards of a mile, performing feats on the trapeze or horizontal bar—his only support—attached by a cord to a Montgolfier or heated air balloon. The æronaut descended in safety. There are ten of the family, who all in turn ascended by this most perilous method, and without basket or car of any kind.

WE learn from the *News* that they have warm times in Denver. Mr. Stanton, of the *Gazette*, walked out of jail, and defied any force to arrest him. Having been retaken, his trial for resisting the officers was to have come off on the 3d. We should like to see a gentleman try his hand at such a joke in Virginia. Whew! Wouldn't a pair of hands fly up in a hurry!

A THOROUGH investigation is being made of the facts connected with the issue of the forged $100 compound interest notes. They are so like the genuine as to be nearly undistinguishable, from their face supposed to have been electrotyped from the originals, in some way unknown to the authorities.

LINOLEUM, or artificial India rubber, is the subject of a new patent taken out in England. It is made from linseed oil, converted by some chemical action into a jelly, quite like rubber, and is said to be impervious to acids and water.

THE Thirteenth Missouri Cavalry arrived in Denver on the 2d inst., under the command of Col. A. A. King.

GENERAL UPTON, the new Commander of the District, was to leave Denver, says the *News*, on the 8th inst.

THE delivery of bogus telegrams and getting pay therefor, is getting to be a serious evil in New York.

COTTON has been successfully and largely grown in Soufhern Illinois. It is the short staple variety, and yields 250 lbs to the acre.