TELEGRAMS

REPORTED FOR THE POST.

Tariff Bill Held Over.

The President Favors the One Term, etc.

New Orleans Democracy.

Moses Y. Beach, Dead.

Confirmation of Judges.

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Emanuel Leutze Dead.

Another Veto and Passover.

Commission Appointed to Examine Montana Volunteer Claims.

The 14th Article Becomes a Part of the Constitution.

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The Mississippi Election.

Appropriation Bills Passed.

Funding Bill Substitute passes the House; A Synopsis of its Terms.

The Millican Riots.

The Revolutionists Capture Carraccas.

The American Colony at Jaffa Dwindling.

Cholera at New York.

Philadelphia, July 18.—The gas strikers succeeded in accomplishing their object, the trustees having complied with their demands, and the city will have gas to-night.

Washington, July 18—Senate.—A long discussion arose upon the bill to authorize the construction of bridges across the Ohio river. The debate was on the clause regulating 500 feet of a span. Some of the Senators arguing such a length was impracticable and dangerous. Finally Converse insisted on the special order to bring up the bill to protect the rights of American citizens abroad, which was taken up.

Sumner made a lengthy speech against the bill.

Washington, July 18—House.—Dawes reported back from committee, the elections of the 5 representatives from Louisiana, and 2 from South Carolina, who were then sworn in.

The speaker presented a communicaton from the Governor of South Carolina, transmitting a joint resolution of the Legislature ratifying the 14th amendment to the constitution.

Moorhead made a statement in reference to the tariff bill. He said if it passed the House it probably could not get through the Senate this session. The speaker said the tariff bill was now among the unused business in committee of the whole. When the House went into committee at the commencement of the next session, it would be the first business in order.

Moorhead said with that statement he was willing to leave the bill where it is and therefore gave notice he would not call it up again this session.

The House went into committee of the whole on the funding bill.

A great number of amendments were offered, some adopted and some rejected, when the committee rose, and Boutwell offered his substitute for the whole bill which has once been rejected in committee.

The substitute provides for 2 classes of bonds, one at 5 per cent interest for citizens of the United States, the other at 4 per cent. payable in United States, or at London, Paris or Frankfort. The bill amendments and substitute were ordered printed. The vote will be taken Monday morning. Evening session dispensed with.

Washington, July 18.—The President today sent to both Houses a message recommending the amendments to the constitution providing for the election of the President by direct vote, and confirming the present officers to one term, and proscribing who shall accept the duties of the executive office in case of vacancy by death of both President and Vice President. This he says should not be left to be fixed by law. He thinks the succession ought to be vested in the hands of some of the executive department and not in the President of the Senate or speaker of the House or Chief Justice, each of whom might be instrumental in producing a vacancy by impeachment.

Johnson also recommends that Senators be chosen by direct vote of the people and a limitation of the tenure of Judicicial office to a term of years. The message was referred to committee on Judiciary.

New Orleans, July 19.—A Mass Democratic ratification meeting, probably the largest ever held in Louisiana, was held in Lafayette Square last night. Several Catholic clergymen and two colored representatives of the colored Democratic class were on the stand. A large number of negroes were in the procession. A resolution was adopted endorsing the nominations and platform of the New York Convention. They pledge the cordial support of the Louisiana Democracy, and declare slavery dead beyond the power of any man to resuscitate it; condemning the present constitution of the State, and express alarm at the course of the Legislature now in session; returning thanks to President Johnson, and also expressing feelings of kindness towards the negro people of the State and City, and referring to the recent election of Mississippi, as an instance of what can be done by a proper course toward the negro population. The resolutions were adopted in commendation of the course pursued by the United States officers and soldiers toward citizens during the late administration of the military authorities. Later accounts from Millican represent the riot not ended. The negroes have sent a defiant reply to orders to disperse. But a small force of soldiers are at the scene.

New York, July 19.—Moses Y. Beach, veteran editor of the *Sun*, died at Wallingford, Conn., to-day.

Southampton, July 19.—Farragut's squadron sailed to-day. The Franklin flag ship has gone to Gibralter with Admiral Farragut aboard, the other vessels in different directions.

Washington, July 18.—The Senate has confirmed F. J. Bowers for Chief Justice of Idaho; H. L. Warren for Chief Justice, and H. Knowles for Associate Justice of Montana, S. Day for Surveyor General of California. The Senate rejected H. A Smythe for Minister to Austria; B. F. Bainbridge for Inspector of the Land Office at Visala, California and Thos. J. Hawley for Postmaster at San Francisco. The President has issued a proclamation announcing the ratification of the 14th amendment to the constitution by South Carolina and Louisiana.

London, July 19.—A popular demonstration took place to-day in favor of the Parliamentary measures for abolition of the Irish church establishment. The procession carrying banners and wearing green ribbons proceeded to Hyde Park, where a mass meeting was organized. After being addressed by several speakers, resolutions strongly protesting against the rejection by the House of Lords of the Irish church appointments, and the suspension bill was adopted. About 20,000 persons were present. The meeting and proceedings were orderly. No interference on the part of the police.

New York, July 20.—A fatal case of cholera was reported yesterday. John S. Spencer was killed by strichnine given by mistake yesterday for Seidlitz powder.

It has just publicly transpired that the safe of the Importers & Traders' Bank was robbed about the 4th or 5th of July of $80,000 in cash and bonds, no clue to the robbers.

Charleston, July 19.—A fatal distemper or dry murrain is prevailing among the cattle throughout Georgia. Numbers of fine milch cows have died of the disease.

Chicago July 21.—The Senate sat until after mid-night last night discussing Wilson's substitute for the House bill reducing the army to the ordinary peace establishment. The principal discussion was on the clause of the bill providing for the issuance of arms to State authorities in the Southern States. Vickers moved to amend that the arms are not to be distributed till January 1st, nor until the President shall deem it necessary for the prevention of disturbances in the Southern States; rejected. Several other amendments were rejected, and the bill passed by a strict party vote.

London, July 20.—Lord Napier for himself and the officers and men of the Abyssinian expedition made his acknowledgments to both houses of Parliament for the vote of thanks.

Vienna, July 20.—Baron Van Lieberte late Minister to Hamburg, is appointed Minister plenipotentiary to the United States.

Chicago, July 21.—A Time's special says the Senate in Executive session yesterday considered the Sandwich Island treaty, but did not reach a vote. Sumner made a powerful speech in support of the treaty arguing its benefit to the Pacific States. Fessenden opposed the ratification on the ground that sugar rice etc., would be imported free of duty and would reduce the revenue and injure the production of the Southern States without commensurate return. Secretary Seward has issued a formal announcement that the resolutions of the Legislatures of Ohio and New Jersey must remain in full force and effect and that the 14th amendment has been duly ratified and become a part of the constitution. The President yesterday nominated Rob't Muller Register of lands for Belmont, Nevada; J. G. Riddle Receiver of Public Monies at Belmont, Nevada; O. H. Burnham, Assessor of Internal revenue in the 2d district of California, and Charles N. Felton treasurer of the Branch Mint at San Francisco.

Reports from Fort Larnard, Arkansas river, say 12,000 or 15,000 Indians congregated there to receive annuities. Col. Wyncoop withheld arms and amunition on account of recent depredations by the Cheyennes. The Indians became enraged, and declared they would fight them, and were ready for war again. The meeting broke up in great confusion. The same evening the Kiowas attacked a train and robbed it of supplies and provisions.

Gen. Sully arrived at Ft. Harker with 600 cavalry. He told the Indians he preferred peace but was ready for war. This awed them somewhat but they are still sullen and discontented. Wyncoop deprecates the course pursued by the government and says the Indians of this agency are peacably inclined, but hostilities are likely to break out at any time.

Washington, July 20.—Emanuel Leutze, the celebrated Painter, died yesterday of appoplexy superinduced by heat.

The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations. John S. Dawson of Pennsylvania, minister to Russia; William S. Rosecrans, minister to Spain; John A. McClernand, of Illinois, minister to Mexico; Henry M. Watts of Pennsylvania, minister to Austria; Wm. S. Wells, for Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; C. C. Cox, of Maryland, for commissioner of pensions; Elisha Foote of New York, commissioner of Patents and Ed Cooper for temporary commissioner of Internal revenue.

The President sent his veto of the electoral college bill which was passed over his veto in both Houses by a strict party vote. The veto reiterates his hitherto expressed objections to the reconstruction acts.

Some fears are expressed that the President will veto the tax bill.

Washington, July 20—Senate.—The bill relating to the rights of American citizens abroad was taken up. The question was on striking out the clause authorizing the President to make reprisals by suspending commercial relations. A debate of some length ensued when the bill was laid aside without action.

The President's veto message was received during the debate, and the bill passed over the veto 35 to 8.

The President's message transmitting the ratification and resolutions of Louisiana and South Carolina was received and referred to the Judiciary committee. Also the message enclosing the correspondence of the department of State, with Vanvalkenburg, minister to Japan, relative to the suppression of the Coolie trade. Several other executive communications were received and referred.

A resolution offered appointing a commissioner to examine the claims of Montana for furnishing volunteers for the late Indian war, and a resolution of sympathy with the Cretans expressing the hope they would secure their independence were adopted.

The committee on elections reported back the credentials of Israel Last of North Carolina, and C. C. Bowen of South Carolina, who were sworn in.

The recent robberies of the Importers and Traders Bank was a very mysterious affair. The money was secured in a burglar proof safe, with a combination lock requiring five persons, each knowing only the respective parts of its secret operations, to open it. Over $50,000 in gold was taken and the lock apparently not tampered with.

Chicago, July 21.—Three men were arrested for the attempted express robbery near Seymour, Indiana, by running off with engine and a portion of the train. They were being conveyed from Cincinnati to Brownsville, Indiana, last night under a strong guard to be placed in jail. When the train reached a point 2 miles from Seymour it was stopped by a mob of 200 men who overpowered the guard, seized the three prisoners and hung them. This vicinity has been long infested by a gang of robbers and murderers, and the citizens are determined to exterminate them.

Washington, July 21—Senate.—The Senate joint committee on library, discharged the further consideration on the subject of international copyright.

A concurrent resolution was adopted declaring that three fourths of the States, including Ohio and New Jersey, having ratified the 14th amendment, it has become a part of the Constitution. The resolution was referred for paying the Senators of Arkansas, Florida etc., compensation from the commencement of the 40th Congress. A debate arising, it went over.

The bill for the protection of American citizens abroad was made a special order for the session to-night.

The committee of conference on the Indian appropriation bill made a report which was adopted.

The Senate went into executive session and then took a recess.

Washington, July 21—House.—Wilson from judiciary committee reported a resolution which was adopted, allowing representatives from the late rebel States pay from date of their election.

Dawes from committee on elections reported the credentials of the Alabama representatives. The Democrats opposed the report which was adopted 134 to 36.

The five representatives of Alabama were then sworn in.

The report of the conference committee on the bill to supply temporary vacancies in the executive department was adopted.

Washington, July 21—Senate.—The concurrent resolution declaring the 14th amendment ratified was received and concurred in. During the proceedings a dispatch was received from Gen. Bullock, announcing the ratification of the amendment by the Georgia legislature.

House resumed consideration of the funding bill.

Boutwell concluded his speech in favor of his Substitute. The debate was continned by other members.

Washington, July 21.—Gen. Gillem has admitted the report in regard to the condition of Mississippi under the reconstruction laws. He states the result of the late election for the constitution 36,860, against it 56,231. In regard to alleged fraud Gillem says he is satisfied the election was as fair and free from intimidation or fraud as possible under existing circumstances. He says he finds it almost impossible to find qualified persons to fill the civil offices, and recommends a modification of the law.

The President to-day nominated Warren L. Lockhart, register at Carson City, Nevada, and Stephen J. Chadwick receiver at Roseburg, Oregon.

New York, July 22.—Report from Syria states that the Adams colony at Jaffa has dwindled to less than 20 persons. Adams and wife has gone to England to secure recruits. There was one case of cholera in this city yesterday and one at Brooklyn.

New Orleans July 22—At the suggestion of Gov. Warmouth, a joint resolution passed the Senate calling on the commanding Gen. for troops to repress lawlessness in the northwestern parishes. A memorial was received from Franklin parish, stating that at least 50 murders has occurred in that vicinity lately.

Montgomery, July 22.—Gen. G. E. Spencer, register in bankruptcy, received a majority of votes in both Houses to-day, for Senator for the long term. No choice was made for the short term.

Havanna, July 22.—The revolutionists captured the City of Caraccas. They carried the outer works by storm June 23d; the place finally surrendered on the 25th.

House, 22d—Evening Session.—The Conference Committee on the Indian appropriation bill and the deficiency appropriation bill made their reports, both of which were agreed to. The House the proceeded to consider the Funding bill.

Boutwell's substitute was rejected 66 to 72. The bill finally passed.

The first section fixes the lowest denomination of bonds at fifty dollars; the 2d provides for only one class of bonds, running five years and bearing 03.65-100 per cent. interest; the 3d provides that the income from bonds shall never be liable to taxation. The section legalizing gold contracts was stricken out. The sales of bonds are required to be made by advertising for proposals.

Senate; Evening Session.—A joint resolution passed, authorizing the payment of the full amount of subsidy, $500,000, to the Pacific Mail Company for Chinese and Japanese service.

A joint resolution of sympathy with the Cretans passed.

The balance of the session was consumed in the consideration of a bill authorizing bridges over the Ohio, which was considerably modified and then passed

New Orleans, July 22.—Later advices from Millican confirm the reports of serious disturbances. It is not known whether they have been quelled. The telegraph is interrupted, and no advices received since the 18th.

Marseilles, July 22.—The Prince Napoleon has arrived at Malta, en route home. The Cretan exiles presented an address, expressing the hope that the Prince would not abandon their cause. The Prince replied with much reserve.

Berlin, July 22.—The Grand Duchy of Hessee, has signified a desire to join the other German States in the naturalization treaty with the United States.

St. Louis, July 22.—The difficulty with the engineers on the Pacific R. R. is not yet adjusted.

Considerable excitement resulted last night, by a freight train being thrown from the track by the displacement of a switch. It badly damaged the engine and two stock cars. It is supposed the switch was opened by disaffected men, but the engineers positively deny this, and attribute the accident to ignorance or intemperance of the new men employed. A good deal of apprehension is felt by the traveling community.

Omaha, July 22.—Trains are now running 700 miles over the Union Pacific road. 660 miles have been accepted, and 20,000 men are at work.

Chicago, July 22.—Republican specials say the Indian Appropriation Bill, places the disbursement of all the principal sums in the hands of Gen. Sherman, which is a heavy blow at the speculators ring.

Bro. George D. Watt invited us to call and see his silk worms at work, and the sight was a very interesting one. He has about 10,000 worms, and to feed them he has to collect daily two bushels of mulberry leaves, full and pressed down. So says the Deseret *News*. It is understood Wells Fargo & Co., have contracted for the silk for whip crackers.

The eighth quarterly statement of the Rocky Mount'n National Bank of Central Colorado, J. H. Goodspeed Cashier, shows $191,032 03 of cash on hand, individual deposits of $181,028 62, and a surplus fund of $32,750 67. The capital of the bank is $50,000.—*Denver News.*

INKLINGS.

Fanny Fern is fifty.

70,000 Chinamen in the United States.

Seventy stores to rent in Omaha.

The Prince Salm Salm has a piece of Maximilian's heart in a bottle.

Constantinople has 300 bathing establishments for the people.

"Match'em" cigars are the favorites east. That's our brand.

America is being "*Weeded* out." Thurlow has gone to Europe.

There are 11.000 journeymen printers in Germany.

Scissor-ink-tum is the latest name for a column like this.

Niagara Blondin is in London, still a ropist.

Burying alive is still practiced in India.

Senator Norton is to wed a Baltimore belle.

Ex-Confederate General Forrest lost $500,000 by the war.

Reverdy Johnson will have the honor of escorting Mrs. Lincoln to Europe.

The perfumer of the world—The centre of the earth.

Oregon pig iron is being shipped to San Francisco.

General Grant's eldest son, Frederick, is a cadet at West Point.

No stone marks the grave of Hon. Joshua R Giddings.

Kansas expects 100,000 immigrants this year.

There are over one hundred newsdealers in New York and vicinity.

Pittsburg is building a $400,000 City Hall.

Quite a pretty bouquet can be bought in New York for $50.

Matilda Heron has played Camille nearly a thousand times—too many.

The oldest cup on record—the hiccup.

To cure a fast young man—bridal him.

The Maryland oyster trade employs 850 vessels and 3,000 canoes.

It is stated that Forney has lost money on his book of European travels.

Timothie Trimm, editor of the Paris *Petit Jarnal*, has made $100,000 by writing ditorials.

There are 9,000 Jews and six synagogues in Chicago. They pay annually $60,000 for religious purposes.

Richard Williams, has inherited the neat sum of £250,000 from a deceased brother in London.

There are fifty breweries in St. Louis, which make annually 200,000 barrels of beer.

Prince Alfred's visit cost the Australians a million and a half dollars, and doctor's bill.

The Paris ballet girls all want to come to America. Let them come. America can *bare* them.

Last year the number of contributing visitors to Bunker Hill were 26,358, and and the receipts $5,132.

On the 1st of January there was 152,500 miles of railway finished on the globe, and 102,061 in Europe.

Burlingame's salary is $40,000 per annum, with $110,000 for traveling and incidental expenses.

Never cross a bridge before you come to it: this will save half the troubles of life.

Horse's bridles are now made diamond shape instead of square and ornamented with siver.

Senator Henderson, with his new bride, is sipping the sweets of the honeymoon at Cape May.

Ex-Attorney General Stanbury has resumd the practice of law in Cincinnati.

The number of petitions filed in bankruptcy in New York city during the year ending on the 1st of June, was 1,633.

Graite, flint, spar, bones and glass are the material of porcelain ware. There is no manufactory of porcelain in this cuntry.

One of ex-President Buchanan's heirs was Mrs. Dunham, of Meadville, Pennsylvania. Her husband died the same day that Mr. Buchanan died.

The locusts in Tennessee have the letter "N" "W" clearly designated on their wings, which the natives ominously believe signifies "Nother war."

The La Crosse *Democrat's* New York branch office is directly under the *Sun* editorial rooms. It is the worst institution under the *Sun*.

Jean Paul beautifully says that the Infinite has sowed his name in the heavens in burning stars, but on the earth he has sown his name in tender flowers.

A double white camelia, with 1,500 expanded flowers, and as many buds still to open, was exhibited at a floral show in Ghent.

An indisposed young gentleman attended a party in Albany, Maine, and forty splendid cases of measles among the guests is the result.

Eminent Berlin physicians, it is said, concur in the opinion that both Bismark and King William will die very soon and very suddenly.

Ms. Langdon, sister of William B. Astor, of New York, has begun a suit against her brother for the recovery of property valued at several millions.

The scholars in a Minneapolis school thought the water in their well tasted querly for a few days, and so instituted an investigation, which brought to light a dead baby.

John W. Forney is trying to sell the Washington *Chronicle*, and is said to contemplate a removal to the Pacific coast. He was offered the Baltimore *American* newspaper for $200,000.

I. O. Perin, the irrepressible ex-Know Nothing, has been nominated for Chief Justice of Utah. E. O. P. is the supposed original of Walt Whitman's "Barbaric Yawp."

Gen. Sherman has adopted a son of the famous scout and Indian hunter, Kit Carson, and will send him to Notre Dame University, at South Bend, Ind. The General is doing as he was done by.

There are now in the country about 6,400,000 spindles, which cost $25 each, or $160,000,000. The capital used to work them is not less than $12.50 a spindle, which is $90,000,000 more—making $250,000,000.

Madame Ristori acted 340 times in America.

A Make-shift—A sewing machine.

Question—A pump handle.

Reno, Pa., is totally dead and its railroad torn up.

4,500 people visited Shakspeare's birth place last year.

New Orleans claims the most miles of street railway of any city in the world.

Lace ruffles on shirt fronts are again coming into vogue.

A solid salt bed 500 hundred feet thick, has been found near Berlin, Prussia,

Powder—What woman loads herself with to make a ball go off well.

Boston is to have a skating rink containing 30,000 square feet.

A boat club of women is being formed in Detroit.

Providence is to have a hundred thousand dollar opera house.

Charleston expects to export 50,000 bushels of peaches this season.

Garibaldi thinks of visiting England and the United States next fall.

Over 4,000 lawyers and a murder a day in this city.—N. Y. Tribune. Too much law, too little rope.

Sidney Howard Gay has transferred himself from the New York Tribune to its Chicago namesake.

Mack of the Cincinnati Enquirer, reports that he gets $15,000 worth of stock in the concern, and $4,000 a year.

An anti-low-neck-dress-and-embroidered-gaiter society has been formed in Paris. Its oaths are solemn.

A firm in West Brookfield, Massashusetts, who manufacture condensed milk, have received an order from China for 128,000 cans.

Senator Conness has appointed Mr. Harrison, an intelligent black man, Clerk of the Senate Committee on Mines, of which he is Chairman.

The remains of Lieutenant McKenzie, who was killed in a fight on the island of Formonsa, are to be removed to Chicago for interment.

The city of Paris contains about 2,000,000 of inhabitants, living in 50,000 houses. London has 3,000,000 of people and about 360,000 houses.

Mrs. Emma Molloy, wife of the editor of the South Bend (Indiana) Union, is announced as having become connected with that paper in an editorial capacity.

From the Athens, Ga., papers, we learn that the silver pitcher of the Athens Wheat Club was given to Mr. E. Bancroft, who raised forty three bushels and forty-three pounds of wheat upon one acre.

During the 43 years that the American Tract Society has been in existence, it has issued 22,877,379 volumes; 200,000,000 tracts; 100,0000,000 periodicals in 141 different languages and dialects.

The first Japanese child born outside of Japan for the last ten centuries was born lately in London. Mr. and Mrs. Hamaikari Sadakichi, members of an acrobatic troupe, are the parents.

A Rhinoceros lately arrived in New York is only four years old, and is not expected to attain his full growth for twenty years yet. His daily ration consists of two bushels of corn, one bushel of potatoes, and three hundred pounds of hay, and he drinks fifteen to twenty buckets of water.

POLITICAL.

So, boys! a final bumper,
While we all in chorus chant—
For next President we nominate
Our own Ulysses Grant·
And if asked what State he hails from,
This our sole reply shall be,
"From near Appomattox Court House,
With its famous apple tree."
For 'twas there that our Ulysses
That Lee gave up the fight—
Now, boys, "To Grant for President,
And God defend the right!"
—*Miles O'Reilly.*

Cheyenne floats a Grant and Colfax flag.

Iowa Democrats put three editors on their electoral ticket.

500 papers had the name of Pendleton at their head—500 heads sore.

Poor old Parker Pillsbury is drivelling away in the revolution in defense of the modern Democratic party.

The nomination of John Covode for Congress in the 23d district of Pennsylvania, is considered certain.

The Republican Executive Committee of Louisiana, claim that the State will give Grant and Colfax 25,000 majority.

Andrew Johnson's contribution toward the inflation of the currency the last year or two, is his pardon of over a hundred counterfeiters.

Robert J. Walker was elected to draft the financial plank in the New York platform. R. J. W. is a bond-man.

The Columbia (S. C.) Phœnix has improved upon the old copperhead slang-whang, "This is a white man's government," by adding "And decent negroes may come in."

The New York Tribune elegantly remarks that "Governor Seymour is a cool, wily, ingenious master of the art of squirting oratoric vitriol upon those who do not wear his uniform."

A late careful canvass of congressional prospects in Ohio makes twelve districts reasonably safe for the Republicans, four for the Democrats and three doubtful.

The Alta Californian, after a careful review of previous elections in that State, comes to the conclusion that there is a reliable majority of at least 15,000 for Grant and Colfax.

Gerrit Smith says: "I expect to vote for Grant and Colfax. I like them both; and, in the main, I like the platform on which they stand."

It is reported that "Sunset" Cox will be the Democratic candidate for Congress in the 6th district of New York, to succeed Thomas E. Stewart, and that John Morrissey will be renominated from the 5th.

A Chicago correspondent writes, that though Joseph Medill, the founder and proprietor of the Chicago Tribune, still holds more than 40 shares of the stock, he has practically severed his editorial connection with that paper. Not agreeing with Horace White who has the editorial management, on free trade or impeachment, a breach has grown up between the two which is considered beyond all healing.

General Grant is supported by every illustrious soldier in the Union—Sherman, Meade, Phil. Sheridan, Sickles, George H. Thomas, Hooker, Pleasonton, McDowell, Canby, Emory, Scofield, Mower, Ord, Halleck, Kilpatrick, Logan, Rawlings, and a host of volunteer Generals, many of whom have heretofore been Democrats. Gen. Hancock is the only really prominent officer who seems willing to train with the Anti-war Democracy.

Intelligence to Camp Harney to June 22d, reports the killing of 16 and capturing of 22 more Indians, under the chief, E. D. Gant, near Stein's Mountain, a few days before, and the subsequent surrender of 100 other savages of the same tribe.—*Idaho World.*

Three burglars robbed Mr. Coult's house in Salt Lake, July 11th. Mr. Coult was absent, and his wife compelled to silence by the presentation of a "navy." The burglars became frightened and fled only securing $30.

Judge Allen A. Bradford is the Republican nominee of Colorado for Delegate to Congress. He represented the Territory once before and is said to be "a tower of straight" to the ticket.

Legal Notices.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICE.
No. 9.

THIS is to give notice, that on the 26th day of June, A. D., 1868, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Richard Fisher, of Springville, in the county of Jefferson, and Territory of Montana, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the City Hall, in the City of Virginia, county of Madison, and Territory of Montana, before Theo. Muffly, Register, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. NEIL HOWIE.
U. S. Marshal (as Messenger) for the District of Montana Territory.
WM. CHUMASERO, Helena, M. T., att'y for Petitioner. jy10-w3w

BANKRUPTCY NOTICE.
No. 8.

THIS is to give notice, that on the 25th day of June A. D. 1868 a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of George Church and John A. McCune, of the county of Madison, and Territory of Montana, who have been adjudged Bankrupts on their own petitions, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of their estates, will be held at a court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the City Hall, in the City of Virginia, county of Madison, and Territory of Montana, before Theo. Muffly, Register, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
NEIL HOWIE.
U. S. Marshal (as Messenger) for the District of Montana Territory.
By J. J. HULL, Deputy.
DAVID COWAN, Virginia City, M. T., att'y for Petitioners. jy10-w3w

BANKRUPTCY NOTICE.
Case No. 2.

In the Supreme Court of the Territory of Montana. } In Bankruptcy.
In the Matter of Benjamin Levy, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Benjamin Levy, of Helena, in the county of Lewis and Clarke, and Territory of Montana, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own Petition, by the Supreme Court of said Territory.
Helena M. T., May 15th, A. D. 1868.
WILLIAM B. JUDD,
Assignee, etc.

The United States, } S. S.
Territory of Montana. }

I hereby designate the "Weekly Montana POST" as the newspaper in which the above notice shall be published by the said William B. Judd, Assignee of the estate of Benjamin Levy, Bankrupt aforesaid, according to law.
Given under my hand at Virginia City, on this 15th day of May A. D. 1868.
THEO. MUFFLY,
3twn200 Register in Bankruptcy.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between George Perry, Louis Bruckman and Henry Wyttenbach, under the firm name, George Perry & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
All accounts against and due the firm will be settled by George Perry and Louis Bruckman, who will continue the business under the same firm as before.
GEORGE PERRY,
LOUIS BRUCKMAN,
HENRY WITTENBACH.
Lincoln Gulch, May 23, 1868. d25-2t-wtf.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
HELENA, M. T., July 3, 1868.

THE Public are hereby notified that CHARLES W. SEARS, is in no manner authorized to act for us, or either of us, and is in no way connected with this office. O. B. O'BANNON,
Register.
GEO. MCLEAN,
jy3d1&w2 Receiver.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

Supreme Court of Montana Territory, } In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of Jasper B. Chapin, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

No. 21.

To Whom it May Concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as the Assignee of Jasper B. Chapin, of Virginia City, in the county of Madison and Territory of Montana, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by said court.
Given under my hand at Virginia City, county and Territory aforesaid, on this 8th day of July, A. D. 1868.
THOMAS C. STEVENS, Assignee.

The United States of America, } SS.
Territory of Montana, }

I hereby designate the Montana POST, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the town of Helena, in the county of Lewis and Clarke, and the Montana Democrat, a newspaper printed in Virginia City, in the county of Madison, and Territory of Montana, as the newspapers in which the above notice shall be published by Thomas C. Stevens, assignee of the estate of Jasper B. Chapin, bankrupt aforesaid, according to law.
Given under my hand, at Virginia City, in said Territory, this 8th day of July, A. D. 1868.
THEO. MUFFLY,
jy15w3t Register in Bankruptcy.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

Supreme Court of Montana Territory, } In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of Asel Stanley, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

No. 12.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Asel Stanley, of Madison County, Montana Territory, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the said Supreme Court.
Given under my hand this 11th day of July, A. D., 1868.
E. H. COMBS,
Assignee, &c.,

The United States of America, }
Territory of Montana, SS., }

I hereby designate The Weekly Montana POST, a newspaper printed and published in Helena, in the County of Lewis & Clark, and Territory of Montana, as the newspaper in which the above notice shall be published, by the said E. H. Combs, Assignee of the Estate of Asel Stanley, Bankrupt aforesaid, according to law.
Given under my hand at Virginia City, M. T., on this 11th day of July, A. D., 1868.
THEO. MUFFLY,
jy24,wy3t. Register in Bankruptcy.

Proposals for Fresh Beef.

OFFICE ACTING COMMIS'Y OF SUBSISTENCE,
FORT SHAW, M. T., July 15, 1868.

SEALED Proposals, (in Duplicate) will be received at this office until 12 M., on Saturday August 15th, 1868, for furnishing net Beef on the block, for Fort Shaw, M. T., from the 1st day of September 1868, to the 31st day of August 1869.

The following regulations must be observed, viz: The beef to be of good and wholesome quality, with equal portions of fore and hind quarters Necks, shanks and kidney fat to be excluded.

The necks of the Cattle slaughtered for Beef under this contract, shall be cut off at the fourth vertebral joint, and the breast trimmed down.

The shanks of the forequarters shall be cut off four inches above the knee joint, and of the hindquarters from six to eight inches above the gambrel or hock joint.

The Contractor will be required to weigh and issue the Beef on the order of the Post Commisary.

Bidders will state the price per pound net.

Each copy of each proposal must have pasted at its head, a copy of this advertisement.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids that may be offered.

Payment to be made in such funds as the United States may furnish for that purpose.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids. No bid will be considered, unless accompanied by a written guarantee of at least two responsible parties, that the Bidder will sign the contract and give sufficient security for its fulfillment, if the award is made in his favor.

Contracts to be subject to the approval of the Post Commander, Commanding officer District of Montana. Commanding officer department of Dakota, and the Commisary General of Subsistence U. S. Army.

Proposals to be enclosed in an envelope and endorsed, "Proposals for Fresh Beef," and addressed to the undersigned. WILLIAM KAPUS,
2nd Lieut. R. Q'r M 13th U. S. Infantry,
jy15-dtd Acting Commissary of Subsistence