TELEGRAMS

REPORTED FOR THE POST.

Montana Legislature

The Governor Vetoes the Foreign Miner's License.

Donnegan's Capital Bill Swamped.

Bills and Memorials offered.

The Helena-Bozeman Road Bill in the Council.

High Court of Divorce.

Town Site Act Amended.

The Oregon Criminal Chase.

Helena-Bozeman Road Bill Lost.

Another Capitol Bill.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Biennial Session Apportionment.

Instructing the Secretary in his duty.

Ellis' Insane Asylum Postponed.

School Bill passes the House.

[Special dispatch to the MONTANA POST.]

Virginia City, Jan. 11.—COUNCIL, A. M.—A communication was received from the Governor, returning H B No 11, An act to regulate and license foreign miners, without approval. He says the act declares that "the mineral lands of the public domain shall be free to all citizens of the United States, and to those who have declared their intention to become such." The effect of this bill would be to grant the privilege to a class of foreigners already excluded by the act of Congress referred to. Believing it impolitic and unwise to enact laws conflicting with the laws of the United States, he respectfully returns the bill for future consideration, as provided by the organic act.

P. M.—Davis introduced C B No 39, An act to amend an act concerning forcible entry and detainer. Referred.

The act for the relief of Addison Smith, of Deer Lodge County, passed. Recess till 7 a. m.

HOUSE A. M.—McLaughlin from special committee on H B No 66, to change the seat of Government reported adversely to the passage of the bill. The bill was then indefinitely postponed.

Sweeney introduced H B No 70, an act to define the boundary lines of the counties of Montana. Rules suspended and bill passed.

H B No. 35, an act supplementary to the act to provide for funding the debt of Montana, passed.

Donnegan introduced H B No 71, an act to provide for the conveyance of mining claims. Referred.

Higley introduced H B No 72, an act to change the county seat of Jefferson county. Referred to select committee two; Higley and Stewart.

C J R No 7, appropriating money to Davis & Thoroughman, passed.

H B No 68, an act concerning the duties of County Treasurers, passed.

H B No 25, an act for the relief of Wm. M. Couch was indefinitely postponed.

H J R No 4, appropriating money to Wm. M. Stafford. Read and referred.

C B No 5, an act concerning licenses was passed.

Stapleton introduced H B No 73, amending an act securing liens to mechanics and others was referred.

McLaughlin introduced H B No 74, an act requiring the county commissioners of Deer Lodge county to pay D. P. Newcomer for services rendered in Deer Lodge county was referred to a special committee, Hicks, Kerly, McLaughlin and Strickland.

The Governor has approved H B No 26, an act to legalize the district records of Jefferson county; also H B No 36, an act to regulate appeals from Probate to District courts of Montana; also H B No 46, an act to repeal an act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors to soldiers; also H J M No 2, asking Congress for an appropriation to pay the military debt also H J M No 3, asking a reconsideration of the treaty with the Crow Indians.

Stapleton introduced H J R No 5, to pay Wm. Y. Lovell for service rendered. Referred. Recess till 7 p. m.

House, 7:45 p. m.—In committee of the whole, discussing the school law. No action will be taken to-night.

Council.—H B No 30, an act appropriating $15,000 to build a road from Helena to Fozeman. Mr. Dance is speaking and will probably occupy the whole session.

Virginia City, Jan. 20.—Council.—Afternoon Session.—Dance, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported H B No 12, an act to provide for the compensation of Wm. Berkin, and recommended its passage. The report was laid on the table for the present, and the Governor called on for information.

Cullen and Bagg, special committee on divorces reported C B's 29 and 30, divorcing John Richards, jr., and Louisa Richards, and Wm. Hamilton and Ann Hamilton, and recommended their passage. The whole subject of divorces was made the special order for 7 o'clock in the evening.

C B No 26, an act amending the act in relation to the pre-emption of town sites upon the public land and the disposal of trusts. Passed.

C J R No 8, relative to the payment of J. B. Caven, was passed. Violent opposition to this bill was made by some of the members. The service which Caven performed was in going to Oregon after the prisoners Bagg, Mullan and Sullivan, which was said to have been without authority of law, and therefore the Governor himself should pay the bill.

Bagg gave notice of the introduction of a bill making it a criminal offense for an officer to act contrary to law.

The Governor has approved of C B No 4, an act concerning the drawing of jurors in Deer Lodge and Madison counties; also C B No 34, an act conferring authority on Probate Judges to issue writs of injunction, quo warranto and mandamus in certain cases; also C B No 35, an act authorizing the repeal of an act to incorporate the city of Virginia; also C J R No 6, authorizing $500 to be drawn in favor of John How; also C J R No 7, authorizing the Auditor to draw a warrant in favor of Davis & Thoroughman for $500.

H B No 30, appropriating $15,000 to lay out and establish a road from Helena to Bozeman City, was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Davis gave notice that he would introduce a bill to repeal the act locating the seat of government, and to re-locate the same.

H J M No 6, asking Congress to change the Organic act of Montana, passed.

House, a. m.—Mr. Estis introduced H J M No 7, asking Congress to construct a wagon road from Box Elder on the U. P. R. R., to Helena M. T. Rules suspended and bill passed.

McLaughlin introduced H B No 74, an act to declare the old road leading from Gallagher's ferry on the Missouri river, to Helena, a public highway. Rules suspended and bill passed.

H B No 75, an act requiring the county commissioners of Deer Lodge county to pay D. P. Newcomer, for services rendered, was passed.

H B No 60, An act to authorize the Territorial Librarian to send for books and provide for paying freight on the same passed.

C B No 22, an act authorizing the county commissioners of Deer Lodge county to levy a special tax for certain purposes, was lost.

H B No 69, an act amending an act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors to soldiers, passed.

H B No 71, an act to provide for the conveyance of mining claims, substitute reported and bill passed.

H J R No 5, appropriating money to Wm. M. Stafford, was indefinitely postposed.

H B No 67, an act amending an act creating the office of District attorney in each judicial district, passed.

Hicks introduced H B No 78, an act authorizing the levying of a special tax in Deer Lodge county. Rules suspended and bill passed.

Virginia City, M. T., Jan. 13—Council, a. m.—H J R No 3, appropriating money to pay Thos. B. Wade, passed.

H B No No 63, an act amending an act concerning fugitives, passed.

H B No 68, an act amending an act defining the duties of county Treasurer, and the payment of county warrants passed.

C B No 42, an act amending an act defining the Council and Representative districts of the Territory, and apportioning the members of the Legislative assembly, passed. This bill declares that the session of the Legislature shall hereafter be biennial unless an extraordinary session should be called by the Governor.

Council, p. m.—H B No 79, an act creating certain offices, passed.

H J R No 5, for the relief of Amy Lovell, passed.

H B No 69, an act relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors to Indians was indefinitely postponed.

Adjourned.

House, a. m.—Comly introduced H B No 79, an act to provide for the publication of the laws passed by the 5th Legislature. Referred to select committee, McLaughlin, Stapleton, Stewart, Lowry and Comly.

Stapleton introduced H B No 80, an act to amend an act to regulate proceedings in civil cases. Rules suspended and bill passed.

On motion of McLaughlin, a committee of four was appointed to report what general laws passed at this Legislature are necessary to be printed and to determine the cost of such printing.

Stapleton offered a resolution that the Governor have the laws printed at the expense of the general government; also one by Stewart that, they be published in the Gazette and Democrat, and that Hon. John P. Bruce inform the House the probable cost of such printing.

H B No 45, an act to make the sheriff of Gallatin county ex-officio Treasurer of said county, passed.

H B No 73, an act amending an act securing liens to mechanics and others, passed.

H B No 47, an act to establish a hospital and insane asylum, was indefinitely postponed.

H B No 72, an act to authorize the citizens of Jefferson county to change the county seat passed.

Lowry introduced H B No 81, an act to authorize the county commissioners of Choteau county to establish a system of wharfage at Benton. Rules suspended and bill passed.

H B No 64, an act to establish a common school system, passed.

Adjourned.

The Legislature gives a soiree to-night in the Council chamber.

The New York Election Frauds.

New York, Jan. 11.—It is stated that the Congressional investigation committee have a pile of testimony sufficient to hang, politically, many prominent politicians here. They have evidence to prove that not less than thirty thousand fraudulent votes were cast in this city by repeaters alone. The business was reduced to a science, and had it not received such a sudden check by Marshall Murray, there is ho doubt it would have become of general application in all large cities. Several witnesses testify that they voted from nine to thirty times, each. These witnesses testify because those who employed them will not pay them according to agreement. The commission has summoned nearly four hundred witnesses upon one question—using fraudulent naturalization papers. These papers were offered by hundreds and thousands.

Repealing the Tenure of Office Act.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Butler's bill to repeal the Tenure of Office Act has been introduced by Washburne, of Indiana, and is being put through under the previous question, by a large majority.

New York Investigations.

New York, Jan. 10.—Among the witnesses said to have been examined before the Congressional Committee investigating the election frauds were Wm. M. Tweed, Judge Hoffman and others.

Judge Busteed expresses his conviction that the Committee of Judiciary will dismiss the charges against him as unfounded.

Sheriff O'Brien publishes a card in the World relative to his arrest of witnesses before the Congressional committee. He says he asked permission to arrest these men and take them to the Sixth Ward Station house, as he knew them to be thieves, which permission the committee accorded; whereupon he took three men. He accuses Marshal Murray of bringing thieves to swear away respectable men's characters.

Forcible Robbery.

Memphis, Jan. 10.—The Appeals Selma Ark. correspondent of the 8th says, on Friday night Patterson's command entered the town and completely gutted the stores. The list of losses given amount in the aggregate to near $7,000. On the same night they robbed two stores in Monticello. The towns of Hamburg, Ashley county, and Warren, Brandley county, have shared a like fate.

Railroad Items.

Salt Lake, January 11.—James McCabe was shot dead by a man named Crooks, in the Overland Saloon at Echo City, last night. Crooks has not been found yet.

The Central Pacific railroad track was 487 miles from Sacramento, this morning.

More Light.

San Francisco, Jan. 11. —The Board of Underwriters and Chamber of Commerce have adopted a memorial to the Light House Board at Washington, asking immediate action toward locating light-houses and fog signals on points New Year, Ruyes and Arenas and Pigeon Points. The memorial shows within the radius which would be illuminated by the erection of light-houses on either Pigeon Point or Point New Year, that nine vessels were wrecked and a million and a quarter of dollars of property destroyed. Fifty-one lives were known to be lost during the same period. Twelve vessels went ashore at points Arenas and Ruyes, involving a loss of over $825,000.

The Sutro Tunnel.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The Supreme Court to-day issued a peremptory mandamus to the District of Columbia Supreme Court to restore James H Bradley to the right to practice in that court.

Ashley, of Nevada, introduced a bill in the House to loan $5,000,000 in six per cent. bonds of the United States for the construction of the proposed Sutro Tunnel in the Comstock lode in Nevada.

Madrid, Jan. 11.—Additional troops to be sent to Cuba will be sent from Cadiz shortly.

Fearful Accident.

A terrible accident occurred this morning on the Pan Handle road. The heavy rains having washed the earth from beneath the track, leaving hundreds of ties without foundation. The sleeping car was detached from the train and hurled over an embankment 60 feet high. Seven persons were in the car. Three were instantly killed and three others seriously wounded.

Congressional.

Reconstruction of the Mullen Road.

Territorial Election Bill.

An Expression for Cuba.

Tenure of Office—Wells, Fargo & Co.—Suffrage.

Springing the Railroad Question.

H. V. Miller presented his credentials as Senator elect of Georgia. Referred to Committee on Credentials.

Morton introduced a bill to provide for the construction of a wagon road for military and other purposes through Dacotah, Montana and Washington Territories. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

The Senate went into consideration of the bill for the relief of Sue Murphy.

In the House, under a call of the States, a large number of bills and resolutions were introduced for reference only. Among them is a bill to aid the administration of justice in the State of Virginia. Several bills for the removal of civil and political disabilities and a bill to protect the rights of actual settlers on public lands, a bill to preserve the purity of elections in the Territories, and concerning the boundaries of Minnesota, Nevada, Nebraska, Colorado, Montana and Wyoming, and a bill for the acknowledgment of the independence of Cuba, or securing its annexation to the United States without purchase. It recites that Spain, having thrown off its own Government, has no right to inflict a government on the people of Cuba contrary to their wishes; that it is the duty of the United States to acknowledge the independence of the government now successfully established in Cuba by the people thereof, or to take measures for the annexation of the Island to the United States as the people of Cuba may indicate, providing no payment be made to the dethroned Queen or any other person arrogating the right to dispose of contract or the Island contrary to the wishes of the people thereof.

The vote on repealing the tenure of office bill was 121 yeas to 47 nays.

Ely moved to suspend the rules in order to offer a resolution for the appointment of a select committee on Wells, Fargo & Co.'s mail contract, requesting the suspension of any payment thereon for thirty days. The House refused to suspend the rules—yeas 85, nays 74—not two-thirds voting in the affirmative.

Boutwell, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, providing that the right of suffrage shall not be abridged by the United States to any citizen in any State on account of race or color, nor the right of holding office as elector for President or Representative in Congress or State Legislature.

Washington, Jan. 12—House.—Butler introduced a bill to authorize the issue of national currency and assure its stability and elasticity and lessen the interest on the public debt, and reduce the rate of interest. Butler supported the bill in a lengthy speech. The bill was referred to committee of Ways and Means.

Dames presented the credentials of J. M. Casement, as delegate from Wyoming Territory. Washburne of Illinois objected to his admission and the credentials were referred to the committee on elections.

Ashley, of Ohio, introduced a bill providing a temporary government for Alaska; also a bill in relation to the election of Delegates from that Territory. Referred to the Committee on Territories.

The bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers, sailors and mariners who served in the late war for the Union, was considered. Washburne, of Indiana, supported the bill, saying $50,000,000 would cover the amount needed. On his motion, the bill was re-committed. Washburne, of Illinois, moved to lay the motion on the table. Negatived, and further consideration of the motion postponed three weeks.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Senate.—Frelinghuysen presented memorials signed by several well known capitalists, setting forth that the proposed subsidies to the Northern Pacific and Eastern Division Pacific Railroad amount, besides the land grants, to $125,000,000, and offering to construct either or both roads for a subsidy of $15,000 per mile, in addition to the land grants. This is a saving to the Government of $75,000,000. They offer to give bonds, endorsed by capitalists representing $100,000,000.

Several bills were introduced and referred, including one incorporating a Railroad from Little Rock, Arkansas, to the terminus of the National Pacific Railroad on the Rio Grande. The bill grants twenty alternate sections of land on each side of the road, and $16,000 per mile in Government currency, and the bonds secured by second mortgage.

The Sue Murphy claim was debated till 4 o,clock, and the Senate adjourned.

Washington, Dec. 13—House.—The House resumed consideration of the resolution extending protection of the United States to Hayti and San Domingo. Banks, in reply to the question, said such protection had been asked by those authorized to speak for the government of San Domingo.

Butler of Mass., offered a substitute to the effect that the President be authorized to extend this protection over other islands of the Antilles to such an extent as he may deem expedient, and not inconsistent with the laws of nations, whenever any of them or their people shall desire such protection.

Spaulding offered an amendment to extend protection to any Islands in the Atlantic of Pacific Oceans, which lie nearer the coast of the United States than any foreign government.

Robinson offerred an amendment to include Ireland in the protection, affirming the time would come when that country would be annexed to the United States. After debate the whole subject was tabled.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Senate.—Sumner presented the petition of Mason Loomis, of the District of Columbia, praying for an appropriation of $50,000, to enable him to complete the demonstration of an alleged new mode of telegraphing, which dispenses with the use of wire. Referred.

Buckalew introduced a bill to enfitle electors of Representatives in Congress to cast votes equal to the whole number of Representatives to be chosen from the State, giving them the option of one candidate or distributing them. Referred.

The Sue Murphy claim was discussed at length without action.

A concurrent resolution to give the rotunda for the inauguration ball was discussed and lost.

Adjourned.

A dispatch from General Sherman reports that Colonel Evans captured a Comanche village. No Indians killed. Col. G. A. Forsythe, who recently distinguished himself in an Indian engagement, has been brevetted Brigadier General.

Additional House.—Farnsworth, from P. O. Committee, reported a bill to restrict and restrain the franking privilege. Washburne, of Illinois, wanted the bill passed at once, but the House would not consent.

The bill to provide for a ship canal around Niagara Falls came up as the special order, but by consent of Van Horne, who had the floor, it went over till to-morrow.

Adjourned.

The Revolutionist Prophesies.

New York, Jan. 12.—The Herald correspondent publishes an account of another interview with Gen. Blair, in which the General reiterates his formerly expressed opinion that Grant will make a Dictator or Emperor of himself before he leaves the White House.

The Congressional Committee investigating the election frauds are still in session in this city. The Committee claims to have obtained overwhelming evidence of repeating and the use of false naturalization papers.

It is now generally understood Grant will appoint Moses H. Grinnell, Collector of this port.

Concerning Supreme Judges.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Sherman introduced a bill in the Senate yesterday providing for his retirement upon his own written application of any Judge of the Supreme Court who attains the age of 70, upon a life pension, equal in amount to his full salary, but if any Judge shall, for one year after the passage of this bill on arriving at the age of 70 continue to hold office, the President shall nominate and appoint an additional Judge, who shall perform the same duties and receive the same compensation as a Judge acting in the said Court.

Appointment of A. J. Simmons.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The President today nominated A. J. Simmons for Collector of Internal Revenue for Montana.

Maine Senatorship.

Augusta, Jan. 13.—The Senatorial question has assumed a new aspect. Percy, member of the House, declared he threw a blank vote in the caucus unintentionally. This leaves Hamlin with a clear majority of Republicans in the Legislature. Morril's friends now claim that Hamlin, not having been declared elected by the caucus, they are not bound to support him, and intimate that they will not. A movement is on foot to bring forward a good man as a compromise candidate. Hamlin's friends claimed he was clearly the choice of the party, and fairly nominated, and if any member or his party refuses to vote for him he becomes a bolter.

General News.

Albany, Jan. 12.—The ice in the river above the city broke up yesterday. The water is rising slowly and no heavy inundation is anticipated, but owing to the remarkably strong current, which set in from the east side of the river, very serious damage is being done to property. Several large buildings are almost ruined. The property lost, together with that in danger, is valued at over half a million.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Gov. Palmer was inaugurated yesterday at Springfield. The inaugural message is brief. The Governor denounces the attempts by Congress to charter Railroad Corporations in States, or in other ways to exercise doubtful powers which can only properly be exercised by State Legislatures.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The President sent to Congress to-day the copy of eight rules agreed upon between the Chinese Government and Ministers of the United States and other foreign powers for conducting proceedings in joint tribunal in cases of confiscation and fines for breeches of the revenue laws in China. Secretary Seward urges Congress to approve the rules, which promise to be highly beneficial to commerce in the East.

St. Louis, Jan 12.—A prize fight between Allen and Davis came off to-day on Charleston Island, a few miles above the city. A steamboat load of roughs went to the scene of combat. Allen won the fight in 43 rounds. Davis was badly punched.

Gov. McClurg was inaugurated to-day. The message has not yet reached here.

The Kansas Legislature organized to-day. The Governor's message will be read to-morrow.

Savannah, Jan. 12.—Removals from office under the 14th amendment continue rapidly. About 100 have been removed within the last three weeks.

The Radical legislative caucus at Jefferson City, to-night, nominated Carl Schurz for U. S. Senator, on the 1st ballot, Shurz receiving 60 and Sloan 40 votes.

Trenton, Jan. 13.—The Democratic caucus of the Legislature nominated John P. Stockton for U. S. Senator.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Mr. Evarts has issued instructions to District Attorneys directing that all suits for the crime of treason be discountenanced.

Cuba.

Havana, Jan. 12.—It is reported on good authority that the commission which left yesterday to meet the rebel chiefs at Bayome were fully empowered to concede pardon and political rights on the basis that Cuba is to continue under the flag of Spain. The rebels are closely pressing the siege of the Univetas garrison, and have turned one of the churches into a fortress. With the assistance of the Spanish vessels of war in the harbor, they are confident of holding out until reinforcements arrive. A detachment was sent to their relief by land, but they were defeated by the insurgents. The latter have no artillery, but are well supplied with Spencer rifles, which they use with effect. Transports with fifteen hundred troops from Cadiz arrived here to-day.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

PASSED BY THE

Fortieth Congress.

OFFICIAL.

PUBLIC—No. 100.

AN ACT making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes:

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, namely:

For the pay of superintendent of Indian affairs and of Indian agents, one hundred and thirteen thousand five hundred and fifty dollars, as follows:

INDIAN AGENTS.

county Iowa, one for the Indians in the State of Nevada: *Provided,* That it shall be the duty of the President to dispense with the services of such Indian agents herein mentioned, as may be practicable; and where it is practicable, he shall require the same person to perform the duties of two agencies for one salatary.

For pay of sub-agents, six thousand dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent of central superintendency, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent of Indian affairs in California, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For temporary clerks to superintendents of Indian affairs, five thousand dollars.

For pay of Interpreters, twenty thousand four hundred dollars.

For buildings at agencies and repairs thereof, five thousand dollars.

For contingencies of the Indian department, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes:

ASSINABOINES.

For second of twenty payments to be made during the pleasure of Congress, to be expended at the discretion of the President, in such articles goods and provisions as he may from time to time determine, ten thousand dollars of which may be expended in the purchase of stock, animals, and agricultural implements, instructing in agricultural and mechanical pursuits, in employing mechanics, in educating their children, providing necessary and proper medicines and medical attendance, care for and support of their aged, infirm and sick, fo their helpless orpians and in any other respect to promote their civilization, comfort and improvement, and also for pay of head chief, thirty thousand dollars

ARICKAREES, GROS VENTRES AND MANDANS.

For second payment, to be made during the pleasure of Congress, to be expended in such goods, provisions, and other articles as the President may from time to time determine, five thousand of which may be expended in the purchase of stock animals, and agricultural implements, in instructing in agricultural and mechanical pursuits, in employing mechanics, educating their children, providing medicines and medical attendance care for and support of the aged, sick and infirm, fo the helpless orphans of said Indians, and in any other respect to promote their civilization, comfort and improvement, and also for pay of head chief, soldier chiefs, second chief, and Pierre Gavneaux for his services to the Arickarees, forty thousand dollars.

APACHES, KIOWAS AND COMANCHES.

For the first of tqirty instalments provided to (be) expended under the tenth article of the treaty of October twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, concluded at Medicine Lodge creek in Kansas, with the Kiowas and Comanches, and under the third article of the treaty of the same date, made with the Apaches, the amount herein appropriated to be in lieu of the third of forty instalments, to be paid to the Kiowas and Comanches under the fifth article of the treaty of October eighteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and in lieu of the second article of the treaty with the Apaches of October seventeenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, fifty-six thousand dollars; or so much thereof as may be needed to comply with the requirements of said treaties.

For the construction of an agency building, according to the fourth article of said treaty, three thousand dollars

For the construction of a warehouse and storeroom for the use of said agent, fifteen hundred dollars.

For the building of a residence of a physician to said Indians, three thousand dollars.

For the salary of a physician, fifteen hundred dollars.

CALAPOOIAS, MOLALLA AND CLACKANAS INDIANS, OF WILLAMETTE VALLEY.

For fourth of five instalments of the third series of annuity for beneficial objects, per second article treaty twenty-second January, eighteen hundred and fifty five, six thousand five hundred dollars.

CHAYENNES AND ARAPAHOES.

For the first of thirty instalments provided to be expended under the tenth article of the treaty of October twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, concluded at Medicine Lodge creek, in Kansas, the amount to be in lieu of the third of forty instalments stipulated to be paid under the terms of the treaty of October fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, forty thousand dollars; or so much thereof as may be necessary to furnish the articles named in said first-named treaty.

For the construction of an agency building according to the fourth article of said treaty, three thousand dollars.

For the construction of a warehouse and storeroom for the use of said agent, fifteen hundred dollars.

For the building of a residence of a physician to said Indians, three thousand dollars.

For the salary of a physician, fifteen hundred dollars.

For transportation of goods, and so forth, to the Kiowas, Comanches, Apaches, Cheyennes and Arapahoes, twelve thousand dollars.

CHASTA, SCOTON AND UMPQUA INDIANS.

For fourteenth of fifteen instalments of annuity to be expended as directed by the President, per third article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand dollars.

For fourteen of fifteen instalments for the pay of a farmer, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, seven hundred dollars

For fourteenth of fifteen instalments for pay of teachers and purchase of books and stationery, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, twelve hundred dollars.

CHIPPEWAS OF SAGINAW, SWAN CREEK, AND BLACK RIVER.

For this amount to be placed to the credit of the educational fund of the Chippewas of Saginaw, Swan Creek and Black river, per fourth article treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, twenty thousand dollars

CHIPPEWAS OF LAKE SUPERIOR.

For fourteenth of twenty instalments in coin, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand dollars.

For fourteenth of twenty instalments in goods, household furniture, and cooking utensils, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, eight thousand dollars.

For fourteenth of twenty instalments for agricultural implements and cattle, carpenters' and other tools, and building materials, per fourth article thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For fourteenth of twenty instalments for moral and educational purposes, three hundred dollars of which to be paid to the Grand Portage band yearly, to enable them to maintain a school at their village, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For fourteenth of twenty instalments for six smiths and assistants, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand and forty dollars.

For fourteenth of twenty instalments for the support of six smiths' shops, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for the seventh smith and assistant, and support of shops per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty four, one thousand one sixty dollars.

For insurance transportation and necessary cost of delivery of annuities and drovisions for Chippewas of Lake Superior, three thousand dollars

For the support of a smith and shop, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, and third article treaty April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, six hundred dollars.

For the support of two farmers, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, and third article treaty April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, six hundred dollars.

For the Chippewas of Lake Superior, to be expended in the purchase of twine for nets, kettles for making sugar, guns and ammunition, provisions and cattle, for blankets, cloth, and so forth, as estimated by the agent of said Indians, six thousand dollars.

BOIS FORT BAND OF CHIPPEWAS.

For third of twenty instalments, for the support of one blacksmith and assistant, and for tools, iron and steel, and other articles necessary for the blacksmith shop, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For third of twenty instalments, for the support of one school-teacher, and for necessary books and stationery, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, eight hundred collars.

For third of twenty instalments, for the instruction of the Indians in farming, and purchase of seeds, tools, and so forth, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, eight hundred dollars.

For third of twenty instalments of annuity in money, to be paid per capita, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six three thousand five hundred dollars.

For third of twenty instalments of annuity in provisions, ammunition and tobacco, as per third article treaty of April seventh eighteen hundred and sixty six, one thousand dollars.

For third of twenty instalments of annuity in goods and other articles, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, six thousand five hundred dollars

For transportation and necessary cost of delivery of annuity goods and provisions, per sixth article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six one thousand five hundred dollars.

CHIPPEWAS OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

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