

THE BUTTE INTER MOUNTAIN.

VOL. XXI, NO. 8

Clear Weather Sunday.

BUTTE, MONTANA, SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 29, 1901.

Generally Fair To

PRICE FIVE CENTS

RUSH FOR HOME BY YOUNG SOLDIERS

All of the Regiments Remaining at the Presidio, California, to Be Mustered Out Sunday.

Railroad Companies Preparing to Sell the Largest Number of Tickets in Their History.

Men Returning from the Philippines Are to Be Given Special Trains.

(By Associated Press.) San Francisco, June 29.—It is the intention of the military authorities to muster out all the remaining regiments at the Presidio Sunday, when it is expected there will be another big rush of soldiers for points east, south and north.

Each Southern Pacific ticket office expects to sell on Sunday the largest number of overland tickets ever sold in its history in one day.

Four thousand soldiers are expected to purchase tickets to the east and south, and a special staff of clerks has been ordered to be on hand for the occasion.

The sub-treasury will be opened specially for the soldiers at 10:30 a. m. and tickets will be sold from noon until midnight.

Special trains will await the soldiers at Oakland mole and they will be able to start east as late as 11 p. m.

This is the first time soldiers have received their money and left for the east on the same day.

GENERAL MILES WOULD GIVE THE CUBANS A CHANCE

Army Officer Recommends That the Military Force on the Island Be Materially Cut Down.

Washington, June 29.—Cuba, having

accepted the Platt amendment, Gen. Miles has officially recommended to Secretary Root that one-half of the American force now policing the island be withdrawn, and that the work be turned over to the Cubans, in order that they may be prepared to accept full responsibility for preserving order.

It is Gen. Miles' belief that such a step would settle beyond doubt the capacity of the Cubans for self government. If any disturbances occur these troops can promptly re-occupy the island. There are now less than five thousand men on the island.

Notwithstanding the argument made by Gen. Miles, it is not believed the president and Secretary Root will deem it advisable to reduce the American force in Cuba until next spring, when a gradual withdrawal of troops will begin. The moment the Cuban government assumes control the last American regiment will leave the island.

THROUGH TRAINS REACH HOME

Embargo on the Great Northern by Reason of Damaged Track Is Lifted.

(By Associated Press.) St. Paul, Minn., June 29.—The first through train from the Pacific coast over the Great Northern railway since Tuesday afternoon arrived here at 5:15 p. m. yesterday, delayed 50 hours by a cloudburst that cut the main line in a dozen places between Williston, N. D., and Gladstone, Mont., Tuesday night. A second coast train, due Thursday afternoon, arrived at 9:20 o'clock at night, and that due yesterday afternoon will reach this city late this afternoon. Both trains were crowded and brought an immense amount of delayed mail.

J. B. Haggin Buys Horses.

(By Associated Press.) New York, June 29.—The owner of Kater Color and several other horses recently sold by C. Littlefield, Jr., is J. B. Haggin. Davey Johnson, a bookmaker, bought the horses at the sale, but it has become known that J. B. Haggin was the purchaser, and that he will race them in his name and under his colors in the future. Kater Color brought \$23,000. He was a star of the sale and was bred by Mr. Haggin.

FOURNIER FIRST IN AUTO RACE

Great Crowd Cheers the Winner of the Contest That Ended in Berlin Today.

Girardot Reaches the Post Second, Arriving at 12:08, Amid Much Applause.

Brazier Comes in Third, While De Knyff Reaches the Goal 20 Minutes Later.

(By Associated Press.) Berlin, June 29.—Fournier was the first of the automobile racers to reach here. He reached Berlin at 11:38 this morning and was tremendously cheered by a big crowd.

Girardot passed the winning post at the West End second, arriving at 12:08 p. m.

Frazier was third at 12:25 p. m., and De Knyff was fourth at 12:28 p. m.

Bank Statement for the Week.

(By Associated Press.) New York, June 29.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today, shows: Loans \$892,381,300, decrease \$10,374,000; deposits, \$971,382,000, decrease \$11,462,000; circulation, \$30,535,800, decrease \$351,700; legal tenders \$79,018,100, decrease \$7,400; specie, \$172,311,600, decrease \$985,300; reserves \$251,328,700, decrease \$992,700; reserve required \$242,865,500, decrease \$2,865,500; surplus \$8,844,200, increase \$1,872,850.

MINNESOTA SWEEP BY FIERCE TORNADO THAT CAUSES WRECK

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Farm Property Is Destroyed and Many People Hurt.

(By Associated Press.) St. Paul, June 29.—Heavy storms are reported all over this section, and the property loss will run into the thousands, while a number of persons have been injured and many head of live stock killed.

The worst storm was that which passed through the district south of New Richmond, Wis. It was a tornado and did much damage to farm property, although no lives were lost.

On a small scale it resembled the tornado which swept over and destroyed the greater portion of New Richmond two years ago.

Many farmers report the loss of buildings, windmills, live stock, machinery, etc., and the loss here will be heavy.

In some cases the buildings were crushed down, and in others swept away by the wind, while flood damage was elsewhere reported. A rainfall of nearly four inches is reported there. A tornado is also reported to have caused much loss about Star Prairie, north of New Richmond. Hector reports all crops destroyed by hail.

TWO MEN DIE IN A MINE FIRE

Shaft House of the Crescent Copper Organization in Wyoming Destroyed by Flame.

(By Associated Press.) Grand Encampment, Wyo., June 29.—The shaft house of the Crescent Copper company mine has been totally destroyed by fire. A. R. Coombs, formerly of Laramie, and Charles Booker of Loveland, Colorado, in endeavoring to extinguish the flames, were smothered. The fire burned fiercely and did its work in a short time. The efforts of the other mine workers were unavailing to rescue the two men. The loss is not stated.

GRAB BAG GAMES IN DANGER

Police of Anaconda Instructed to Make No Distinction Between Church Fairs and Regular Gambling.

(Special to Inter Mountain.) Anaconda, June 29.—The police department of Anaconda will soon with the county officials in the work of suppressing gambling in the Smelter City. This morning Chief Taylor issued instructions to his men to "pull" every place in town where gambling was found to exist.

City Attorney Sawyer says the chief's instructions are far reaching and will apply to the high-five parties where prizes are given or church grab bag games, just as much as to the gambling games played over the green cloth.

Every gambling place in town was closed today.

PIANO IS SEIZED FOR TAXES

Assessor at Helena Makes a Raid Upon the Residence of Smelter Superintendent Norton.

(Special to Inter Mountain.) Helena, Mont., June 29.—County Assessor Marden yesterday seized for personal property tax a piano belonging to W. W. Norton, superintendent of the East Helena Smelting works, and carted it to his office in the court house.

Mr. Norton was away at the time. Had he been present there might have been trouble, for he has several times refused to make a return on his personal property.

He will have a hearing today before a justice in a suit by the county for \$100 damages, as provided by law for refusal to make a return.

Finns Coming to America In Search of More Liberty

(By Associated Press.) Washington, June 29.—The latest in a series of aggressions upon Finland by Russia may cut some figure in the Russian-American tariff dispute. The czar's government has, it is reported, taken steps to secure control of the Finnish custom houses, with the evident purpose of making the tariff uniform with Russia's. This is merely one step more in the Russification of Finland, but its immediate effect will be to include Finland in the tariff controversy.

At present, as Finland has control of her own tariff, she is not opposed to the United States in consequence of Rus-

sia's dispute with this country. The American trade with Finland is considerable. The Finns get practically all their agricultural machinery from the United States, and agriculture is one of the principal industries.

There is a general movement among Finns of the upper classes for immigration to the United States, in view of the lessening of their liberties. The Finns who are now coming over are largely of the well-to-do class. A Finnish colony in Michigan induced Senator McMillan of that state to present in congress a petition asking the United States to protest to Russia against the threatened extinction of Finland.

Chinese Claims for Damages Run Far Ahead of the Estimates

(By Associated Press.) Honolulu, June 22, via San Francisco, June 29.—The number of claims that will be presented to the court of commissioners to adjudicate the claims of the damages resulting from the great fire that destroyed Chinatown as a result of the burning of plague infected buildings by the board of health about a year ago is now estimated at \$1,000,000.

The total amount of the claims will probably reach \$5,000,000, while the appropriation for such claims is only \$1,500,000.

The Japanese consul has 2,000 claims of his countrymen, the Chinese consul has over 3,000 claims of Chinamen, and there are many individual claims.

The house of representatives has passed and sent to the senate the salaries appropriation bill, cutting the governor's estimates for the period of two years by about \$150,000. The current expenses bill has been taken up and heavy cuts are being made in all departments.

The senate's views differ in many respects, however, and it is thought that the legislature may fail to pass any appropriation bill at all.

Over half of the time for the extra session has passed and the houses have not yet reached the stage of conference committees.

The grand jury called to investigate the charges of bribery in the legislature

has made its report to Circuit Judge Gear. The jury reports that it has found no evidence that there was any bribery of members of the legislature.

The work of registering Chinese at the office of the collector of internal revenue has been completed, and the total number of certificates issued is close to 29,000. This is 2,000 more than the total number of Chinese in the islands, as shown by the last census.

Blow to Sunday Closing.

Kansas City, June 29.—Sunday closing advocates have received a knock-out blow in a ruling handed down by Judge John W. Henry of the circuit court, who decided that the board of police commissioners has no right to revoke a saloon license unless it is shown that the place is a disorderly house within the meaning of the law.

Pioneer Mason Passes Away.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, June 29.—T. S. Parvin, for 50 years grand secretary of the Iowa Masonic grand lodge, died yesterday. He was one of the most widely known Masons in the country.

Royal Wine Is Sold.

London, June 29.—The sale of the surplus wine from the royal cellars has been concluded. The total proceeds from the sale amount to £18,457.

WOMEN DEPUTY SHERIFFS SAVE CHILDREN

(By Associated Press.) New York, June 29.—The women's anti-vice committee of New York, at a mass meeting at Prohibition Park, Staten Island, believing, it declared, that any attempt to segregate or regulate vice is pernicious in principle and mischievous in practice, pledged itself by resolution "to the support of principle without regard to parties or individuals."

Mrs. Anna M. Jackson, first vice-chairman, in her opening address spoke strongly on the proposition for the regulation of the social evil and urged the women to work strenuously against it. Reports of the various sub-committees showed what had already been done and what it is proposed to do.

By far the greatest of these was Mrs. Mary C. Annable's account of the services in child saving of the eighty-two unsalaried deputy sheriffs appointed in 1900 by the Kings county W. C. T. U., who had the consent of the sheriff for the experiment. She showed statistics in support of her statement that child vice had been reduced one half.

The present effort of the union to obtain a probationary court similar to the Chicago children's court promises success. Both projects will be taken up by

WESTERN RAILROAD MEN ANXIOUS

(By Associated Press.) San Francisco, June 29.—There is a persistent rumor to the effect that the accounting offices of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Oregon Railway and Navigation company and the Oregon Short Line are to be consolidated. No authentic information of Mr. Harriman's intentions is obtainable at this time, but if the accounting offices are to be consolidated there is no one here who is aware of the fact.

Local officials of the Southern Pacific are inclined to the belief the scheme of organization applied to the traffic department of the Harriman lines will be extended to the other departments.

The approaching conference at Omaha at which three accounting officers from this city will be present might be considered a necessary preliminary to that end. However, this is a speculation on the part of railway officials.

The Union Pacific accounting officers who will be present at the meeting are General Auditor Erastus Young, Freight

Auditor H. J. Sterling and Auditor of Passenger Accounts F. B. South.

It is expected William Mahl, controller of the Southern Pacific, with headquarters in New York, will also be present, and that some of the accounting officers of the O. R. & N. Co., and the Oregon Short Line will likewise be at the gathering. The conference is called for Monday.

Noted Picture for New York.

London, June 29.—J. Pierpont Morgan's friends say he intends to present the famous Gainsborough portrait of the Duchess of Devonshire, for which he paid \$25,000, to the New York library.

Brigadier General Ludlow Ill.

Kashington, June 29.—The secretary of war has telegraphed Brig. Gen. Ludlow permission to come to Washington for medical examination and treatment. Gen. Ludlow has just arrived at San Francisco from the Philippines, suffering from tuberculosis.

Churches to Push Religious Work In Cuba

HOUSES FOR WORSHIP WILL BE ERECTED BY NEARLY EVERY DENOMINATION IN NEAR FUTURE.

(By Associated Press.) New York, June 29.—It is the intention of several mission boards in Havana this city to begin religious work in Havana this fall.

The Presbyterian Board of Home Missions is one of them, and the Congregationalists and Episcopalians will enlarge work already begun there. All intend to build churches.

Jose Eugenio Marx, a prominent business man of Havana, especially interested in the religious development of Redaño district of that city, has just sailed for Hamburg after several conferences with mission boards here. He suggested that a stone church, erected in Havana 25 years ago, as a place for Protestant worship, be used by some one of the denominations. Owing to complications under Spanish rule this building

was never used. The building cost \$75,000.

Mr. Marx, speaking of church conditions in Havana said: "It is a mistake to assume that Protestant effort in Cuba means of necessity injury to Catholic interest there. Conditions in Cuba are about the same as they are here. The Catholic church under the progress against tremendous odds, I am not in the councils of either the Catholic or Protestant church, but am in a position to know a good deal about both."

"When the overthrow of Spanish rule cost out \$250,000 of the Catholic church's income, ready money came from Europe to tide matters over. Just now an effort is being made to pay some of that money back, and the effort is being crowned with success."

POLICE AND HORSEMEN MAY LASH AT TRACK OVER POOL SELLING

LOCAL SPORTING MAN SAYS TROUBLE WILL FOLLOW IF AUTHORITIES TRY TO RUN THINGS.

MAYOR DECLARES THAT IF HE HAS THE POWER HE WILL STOP ALL BOOK MAKING.

OFFICERS AWAITING ORDERS AT HEADQUARTERS IN READINESS FOR WHATEVER MAY COME.

"If it is true, as I believe, that Butte City has the authority to stop gambling at the race track, the city officials will stop all book making, pool selling and other public gambling there, as they have done within the city limits."

Such was the statement made by Mayor Davey at his office this afternoon, when asked whether the chief of police had any intention of interfering with betting at the meet now being held by the Montana Jockey club.

"Permission was asked of me last evening for the privilege of book-making at the Butte hotel stock rooms," added the mayor, "but I informed the men who had approached me on the subject that the city ordinances were prohibitory, and therefore the police department would have to interfere and stop book-making, should any be attempted. I don't believe anything further was done, and so far as I know no books were made."

"We are determined to enforce the ordinances against all such gambling, and provided our power covers the race track, we will put a stop to pool-selling at that place if any exists. I believe the city has such power."

"We will do nothing today regarding the matter, but by Monday we will know just how far our authority extends and will act accordingly. If we have the authority you may be sure we will be determined."

The book makers learned today that an attempt would be made to interfere with their work at the track, and they were greatly excited over the statement. A local gambler stated that should the city authorities attempt to run things at the race track trouble would surely ensue.

The city detective and captain of the police department were stationed at the city hall this afternoon, awaiting orders regarding the matter.

They had been informed by the chief of police that their services might be required at the race track and to be in readiness to accompany the patrol wagon to that place should the mayor decide to take action today.

Nations Desert Russia In Building Viatka Road

(By Associated Press.) St. Petersburg, June 29.—The determination of the government to construct the much talked of Viatka railway, which is to connect St. Petersburg directly with the Siberian railway, seems to have been reached as a last resort.

The concession was offered, with more or less official sanction, to several American capitalistic groups. Owing to the sparseness and poverty of the population in the provinces to be traversed the interest aroused was never more than lukewarm.

One group, represented, it is said, by Mr. Crane of Chicago, made a conditional offer. It would discuss matters pro-

vided two-thirds of the roadbed, bridge and rolling stock and other materials might be imported from the United States. This condition could not be considered. The idle Russian manufacturers would have protested most strongly.

The talk of another foreign loan—this time it is a German loan—is somewhat misleading, for the reason that the minister of finance pledged his word to the Rothschilds, when the last loan was made, not to further engage Russian credit at present. This precludes the issuance of guaranteed railroad bonds.

The French loan is proving insufficient. The Viatka road will probably only be surveyed this year.

Slight Break to the Heat Wave Felt In Several Eastern Cities

(By Associated Press.) Chicago, June 29.—A thunderstorm during the early hours today broke the heat wave that has prevailed nearly a week, and has resulted in many deaths and prostrations. At 9 a. m. the temperature was 74, with moderate north-west breeze.

Kansas City, Mo., June 29.—A refreshing shower in Kansas City and vicinity early today brought the temperature down, but at 9 o'clock the thermometer registered 74 and the indications are that the day will be exceedingly hot, with cooler weather tonight.

Cleveland, O., June 29.—Intense heat again prevailed today, the mercury registering 85 during the early hours of the morning. Storm signals have been ordered up at all lower lake ports. Dangerous thunderstorms are expected.

Detroit, Mich., June 29.—It is about eight degrees cooler in Detroit today than it has been during the past week. Forecaster Gonner predicts a cooling thunderstorm for this afternoon or tonight.

New York, June 29.—The weather bureau thermometer registered 80 degrees at 9 o'clock. The percentage of humidity at the same time was 58. At the

same time yesterday the temperature was 80 degrees and the humidity 62 per cent. The official register at 10 o'clock was 84 degrees with the humidity 63 per cent. On the street at the same time the temperature was 84.

Louisville, Ky., June 29.—The thermometer reached 92 at 9:30 a. m. and the weather forecaster said 98 would probably be reached this afternoon.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 29.—At 9:30 o'clock this morning the mercury registered 78 degrees, two degrees hotter than yesterday at the same time.

St. Louis, Mo., June 29.—The intense heat of the past week continues, with no indications of breaking. The mercury at 10 o'clock registered 91 degrees and was rising.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 29.—The thermometer at the bureau at 10 o'clock this morning registered 78 degrees with a 23-mile-an-hour breeze blowing directly from the lake.

Boston, June 29.—No break in the hot wave came today. At 10 a. m. the thermometer stood at 80.

Rochester, N. Y., June 29.—At 10 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 88 and was going up steadily.

KEROSENE DRIVES FEVER OUT OF CUBA

(By Associated Press.) New York, June 29.—"Yellow fever has been combated with such vigor that not a single death has been reported as resulting from it this year," said Col. J. B. Hickey, until a few days ago assistant adjutant general on the staff of Gen. Wood.

Continuing, he said: "The reason that yellow fever has been so successfully overcome is because of the efficient sanitary methods employed by the United States health officials. Havana itself has been revolutionized as regards its sanitary conditions."

Recent experiments have proved that yellow fever was to a great degree transmitted by mosquitoes bred in the tropical swamps and the cesspools; drastic means were employed to kill these insects. As the people of New Jersey have found out, kerosene oil or petroleum is a powerful exterminator of mosquitoes.

"Accordingly, the streets and sewers in Havana and other cities on the island were sprinkled with kerosene, with the most satisfactory results. True, the time of greatest infection from yellow fever is later in the year, between July and October, but I feel a surd that this year will end with no deaths from this scourge."

This means in many ways the salvation of Cuba, for if the danger of yellow fever is eliminated thousands of Americans who now hold back will settle in the island.

America to Organize a Forestry Bureau Modeled After That of Germany

(By Associated Press.) Washington, June 29.—Secretary Hitchcock announced after the cabinet meeting yesterday that he is preparing to organize a forestry bureau, in the interior department, to carry out an extensive system of re-forestation, somewhat on the plan successfully pursued in Germany.

It was too early to go into details, he said, but the president and his colleagues were satisfied with the practicability of the scheme and impressed with the results which could be achieved in restoring the rapidly disappearing woodland of the country.

Secretary Wilson reported on the work of his department at the cabinet meeting likewise. Afterwards he said: "I told my associates what we are doing. Now, this country sells \$30,000,000 worth of tobacco and buys \$15,000,000 of high priced varieties. We have to pay \$5,000,000 for Sumatra wrappers. Our department is teaching the American people how to produce that in the United States.

"We took the gold medal at the Paris exposition for the finest Sumatra tobacco per year, mostly Cuban. We are conducting experiments now in this line of production, with the result that we have to see most of the filler tobacco produced in the United States.

"For some of the very finest varieties we may have to go to the tropics, to Porto Rico, Hawaii or the Philippines, but it will be only a question of time when the United States will produce all the tobacco it wants.

"We have been importing wheats to

improve our own crops in the United States. American-made macaroni has been thought inferior to the imported; the reason for this was that we did not have suitable macaroni wheats. We have corrected this so that 100,000 bushels were grown in this country this year solely for the macaroni mills. It will be only a few years before we make all our own macaroni.

"The agricultural department is now sending a man to the rice growing countries of the east. A scientist who has already returned from Japan has brought specimens of rice so much more suitable for the Gulf coast than that which we formerly had that we are now producing most of the rice that we need, and shall soon produce all that we use. The broken rice we are already sending to Porto

Rico.

"There will be over 40 beet sugar factories in operation this year. They have thrown out the imported machinery already, both in field and factory, and are using American inventions that are so much superior that we expect a great development in the business.

"The sugar men have borrowed an idea from the oil companies. At one of the oldest factories in the United States, in Utah, they have built three mills around the factory, one of them 25 miles away, from which they run the juice from the factories a pipes to the central station.

Eastern capitalists are rapidly developing the beet sugar industry in the arid states through irrigation. In the Arkansas valley, for instance, \$1,000,000 factories have been put up."