

Montana's Largest Grocery Store
September 23, 1901

Breakfast Foods

Our cereal department is stocked with a splendid variety of good things for breakfast—you may have a different dish each morning for a month and still leave some kinds untried: We quote a few of the most popular on.

Oat Foods

- Ivory Rolled Oats, 2 pound package... 1-3
Alma, or Quaker Oats, 2 pound package... 10
Acme Oat Flakes, 2 pound package... 12-1-2
H-O Oatmeal, 2 pound package... 16-2-3
Steel Cut Oatmeal—the old fashioned kind, 10 pound sack 60c; 2 pound package... 15

Wheat Foods

- Acme Wheat Flakes, 2 pound package... 10
Wheat Manna, 2 pound package... 10
Challenge Mush, 2 pound package... 10
Wheatine Flakes, 2 pound package... 12-1-2
Health Wheat Flakes, 2 pound package... 12-1-2
Ralston Breakfast Food, 2 pound package... 15
Franklin Mills Wheatlet, 2 pound package... 20
Cracked Wheat, 10 pound sack 40c; 2 pound package... 15
Battle Creek Hulled Wheat, 2 pound package... 20
Farina, 10 pound sack 40c; package... 10

Yuco

Yuco is one of the finest breakfast foods. A big snap that we are willing to share with you enables us to sell 3 fifteen cent packages for... 25c

- Ralston Barley Food package... 15
Battle Creek Granola, package... 15
Shredded Wheat Biscuits, package... 15
Grape-nuts, or brittle Bits, package... 15
H-O Breakfast Crisps, toasted, malted, flaked, wheat, no cooking, package... 10

Lutey Bros
Up to Date Grocery
74 W. Park Street. Phone 68

COPPER MINING QUOTATIONS

Table with 2 columns: Location/Share Type and Price. Includes entries for Boston, Mass., Sept. 23, Amalgamated, Anaconda, Parrot, Calumet & Hecla, Tamarack, Osceola, Utah Con.

Mrs. Harkness Dead. This afternoon W. T. Eitterman, day operator of the Associated Press in Butte, received a dispatch telling the news of the death of his sister, Mrs. M. O. Harkness, at Peoria, Ill.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BROWNFIELD-CANTY CARPET COMPANY.

In pursuance of the provisions of Section 451 of the Civil Code of Montana, the Brownfield-Canty Carpet company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the state of Montana, by its president and a majority of its directors, hereby file and publishes its annual report, to-wit: First. The amount of capital stock of the said corporation is the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00).

In testimony whereof, the said corporation has caused this report to be executed by its president and by its secretary and to be attested by a majority of the directors thereof, on this, the 20th day of September, 1901.

JAMES A. CANTY, President and Director. WM. BROWNFIELD, Secretary and Director. JAMES W. KEMPER, Director. Notary Public in and for Silver Bow County, State of Montana.

ANXIOUS TO SERVE

CITIZENS WILLING TO SIT AS JURYMEN IN CZOLGOSZ CASE.

ONLY A FEW ARE EXCUSED

Young Anarchist Will Be Accorded a Fair and Impartial Hearing, According to Law.

(By Associated Press.) Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 23.—The work of securing a jury to hear the case of Leon F. Czolgosz, the anarchist who shot and killed the late President McKinley, at the Buffalo exposition, is progressing so rapidly that it is not expected there will be any delay whatever.

Thus far only a few of the men called have been excused from service, are detailed on the first page of the Inter Mountain, and to the minds of the average laymen it seems that there is a desire, more or less pronounced, on the part of all patriotic citizens to sit as jurymen in the case, which will naturally be historical.

The examination and swearing in of the jurors was begun today, the prisoner standing as each was sworn. The first juror was summoned at 10:26. His name is Frederick V. Lauer, a plumber. He was examined briefly by the district attorney and counsel for the defense. No objection was made and Lauer was accepted.

Judge Garwood, a street railway foreman, was next summoned. One of the questions put to him by District Attorney Penny was: "Do you believe in the present form of government?" to which Garwood replied: "Yes."

Acquittal if Insane. Judge Lewis asked him if he would acquit a man if it was clearly proven that he was insane at the time the murder was committed.

Mr. Garwood replied that he would. After a few more questions from Judge Lewis, Garwood was accepted.

The third of the panel called to the bar was Josua Winner, a farmer of North Collins. He was objected to by the defense and excused.

Henry W. Wendt, a local manufacturer, when called, announced that he had formed no definite opinion on the case; his opinion would be governed by the evidence. He was sworn in.

Horatio W. Winspear, a farmer, was called. "Do you believe in capital punishment?" was asked by the district attorney. After hesitation, the spokesman replied: "Well, yes."

The questions asked by Mr. Lewis for the defense of nearly all of the jurors were particularly as to whether or not they were present in the Temple of Music at the time of the crime.

Winspear said he was not there; but while the defense were not opposed to his acceptance on the panel, he was challenged by the people.

George Kum, a baker, of Buffalo, born in Germany, but a citizen of this country for 25 years, was next called.

His opinion of the guilt of the prisoner, he said, was so firmly established that no evidence could change it, and he was excused.

John D. Elliott, a farmer, of Grand Island was opposed to capital punishment, and he was excused.

Excused by the Defense. He said in a reply to a question from Mr. Lewis, as to whether he had talked much about the case: "People have talked more to me about it than I have to them."

He had formed no definite opinion, but nevertheless he was excused by the defense.

Wallace A. Butler, a farmer of Sardinia, had formed a definite opinion, and said the evidence would have to be convincing to raise a reasonable doubt in his mind. Judge Lewis accepted Butler as competent, but he was excused by the court.

James S. Stygall, a plumber, after a brief examination, was accepted, making the fifth juror secured at 11:35.

Frank J. Litz, a clerk, and Michael McGioli, a carpenter, were excused because they had formed opinions.

William Loton, a farmer of Edon, was chosen as the sixth juror at 11:43.

Judicial Visitors Arrive. Judge Sheren of the superior court and Judge Hammond of the supreme court came into the court room just as Ban. Lang, a Buffalo grocer, was called.

They were introduced to Justice White and were given seats at the clerk's desk. Lang was excused on the ground that he had an interest in a corporation owning property, though he had none in his own right.

Walter E. Everett, a blacksmith, was satisfactory to both sides, and so was accepted as the seventh juror, just as the bells struck for noon.

After the acceptance of this juror Judge Lewis, on behalf of the defense, addressed the court, saying that, owing to the suddenness of their connection with the case and the fact that they had little time for preparation, he desired the sessions of the court to be as short as possible.

He believed the progress of the case would in no way be hindered or delayed by short hours. He suggested that court convene at 10 a. m. and close at 4 p. m.

Justice White expressed himself as being agreeable to this arrangement, believing the request to be a reasonable one. He therefore made the hours of the court to conform with Mr. Lewis' request.

Benjamin J. Rash, a bank cashier, was called to the stand at noon. After the usual questions from counsel on both sides he was accepted and took the eighth seat in the jury box.

The adjournment of the court until 2 o'clock was then announced. At the same time Czolgosz was handcuffed to the deputies and hurried from the court room back to the jail. For the first time since he came into the court room today, he spoke to one of his guards. "Get my hat," he said, and the officer passed it upon his head as he walked out.

ONE LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, \$15 at 235 North Washington.

REAR ADMIRAL SAMPSON LEAVES THE NAVY YARD



REAR ADMIRAL SAMPSON.

Health of the Noted Officer Too Poor to Permit Him to Longer Continue His Duties as Commandant at Boston.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Rear Admiral Sampson has requested the naval department to relieve him of his present duty as commandant of the Boston navy yard on Oct. 1, on account of the bad condition of his health. Secretary Long has granted the request.

RUSHING THE TRIAL

ALL POSSIBLE SPEED BEING MADE IN NAVAL ROW.

LOGS ARE TO BE PUT IN TYPE

Testimony of the Books of the Various Warships Will Be Perpetuated in Printed Form.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Sept. 23.—The members of the Schley court of inquiry found the accommodations of the tool shops at the navy yard somewhat improved when it met there at the usual hour of 11 o'clock today.

The long bare room which hitherto had been open from floor to roof had been completely transformed over Sunday by the addition of a ceiling of plain white cloth.

This had the effect, also, of improving the acoustics of the hall, so that the court and others had less difficulty than formerly in hearing the witnesses.

It was authoritatively stated today that the navy department has no intention, at present, of bringing Admiral Sampson to Washington as a witness or to participate in any other manner at the inquiry.

Captain Lemly presented the deck log books of the Brooklyn, Texas, Iowa, Castine, Marblehead, Massachusetts, Minneapolis, New Orleans, Oregon, St. Paul, Scorpion, Yale, Vixen, Eagle, Dupont, Hawk and Merrimac.

To Rush the Trial. "How about the New York?" asked Judge Wilson. "I want to expedite the proceedings."

"I have no objection," said Captain Lemly. "I too want to hasten the proceedings as much as possible."

Proceeding, Capt. Lemly said he had suggested such logs as he considered essential and that he would have printed the points considered pertinent.

He then indicated the time that he desired covered by the matter to be printed, but Admiral Schley's counsel objected and asked that the entire logs from the time that the fleet left Key West until the battle of Santiago be made available.

After an exchange of opinion on the part of the counsel the understanding was reached that such parts of the logs as either desired could be printed.

Captain Lemly also presented the steam logs of the Brooklyn, Texas, Massachusetts, Iowa and Marblehead. Admiral Schley's counsel asked to have the log of the Spanish ship Colon presented.

"Very well, if we can find a Spanish scholar to go through it and select the facts wanted," said Captain Lemly.

Schley a Good Scholar. "Admiral Schley is a good Spanish scholar and he can make such selections as we may desire," responded Mr. Raymond.

Commander Schroeder was recalled and asked if he desired to make any corrections in the official record of his testimony of Saturday.

"There is one omission from Admiral Schley's remarks on the Massachusetts, on the day of the bombardment of the Colon, which I overheard, which I would like to supply," he said.

"It is this. He said, when he came aboard, that Admiral Sampson would be there on the following day. He made that statement in connection with his remark that he was going in to sink the Colon."

Commander Schroeder was then asked concerning the coal supply of the Massachusetts, and when he replied that he had no information on that point, he was asked to read the log to secure this information.

Counsel for Admiral Schley objected, but the judge advocate's assistant, Mr. Hanna, insisted, saying that Admiral Schley's counsel were merely creating delay by their objections.

To Get All the Facts. "I propose to develop the facts in this case, and technical objections will not avail to prevent," he said.

The purpose of this inquiry was to develop what Lemly and Hanna considered an error in Admiral Higginson's testimony. He had said the Massachusetts could not have remained on blockade for more than 12 days, and then the vessel would be without coal and powerless to proceed to coal.

The objection to the question was not pressed, and upon reading the log Commander Schroeder said it showed that the Massachusetts had over 400 tons of coal aboard when it arrived at Santiago. Mr. Hanna—"Assuming that the Massachusetts, on blockade duty, would use 30 to 40 tons of coal per day, how long could the Massachusetts remain on blockade before Santiago with that supply of coal?"

"That would depend entirely upon the nature of the blockade and upon whether we would have to go some distance to replenish the coal supply."

Lieutenant Commander L. C. Helmer, who was navigator of the Texas during the Spanish war was next called. He said he had heard no guns fired when the squadron approached Cienfuegos.

No Effort Made. To his knowledge no effort was made to ascertain whether the Spanish fleet was in the harbor at that point, or to destroy the Spanish works there; nor had there been any effort to communicate with Cubans on shore, until Captain McCalla arrived on the Marblehead. He told how the fleet had proceeded from Cienfuegos to within 20 miles of Santiago.

"We had," he said, "good weather; a fresh wind and a sea that was moderate to rough."

None of the fighting ships had delayed the fleet, he said, but some of the smaller vessels had. The fleet was signalled that the rendezvous would be 25 miles south of Santiago.

Commander Helmer said that while the Texas was not in the engagement with the Colon, on May 31, he had seen some of the shots from the enemy that had fallen short.

SUIT BROUGHT FOR DAMAGES

Northern Pacific Express Company Sued For \$1,950—Alleged Express Wagon Ran Over Child.

In the district court today M. H. Burke, as the guardian of his son Michael, sued the Northern Pacific Express company for \$1,950 in damages, the damages having been suffered by the latter, according to the complaint.

The complaint says that the child, who is 7 years old, was playing on the street on East Park on May 24, and that an express wagon of the defendant ran over him. The wagon driver was a man named Hawthorne, the complaint alleges, and it is declared that Hawthorne could and did see the boy at a distance of 50 feet, but did not slacken the speed at which was driving, and so sent the wagon over the boy.

The complaint alleges that the child was of an age at which he lacked discretion and therefore did not know enough to get out of the way. The complaint says that the boy suffered great injury and pain and the plaintiff anxiety, the value of which set at \$1,950. Costs are also asked.

BUTTE CURRENT NOTES

Attorney Thomas C. McGrath is in Pony on business.

J. H. Leyson returned yesterday from a week's visit to Salt Lake.

Raymond Kelly left today for Salt Lake to attend All Hallows college.

It does not "melt in your mouth," nor burn up like chaff—the Harvard cigar. * Henry R. Bartlett of the Bee Hive store will leave for Chicago this evening.

New magazines, novels, books and weekly papers at the P. O. news stand.

J. B. Sullivan left today for Philadelphia via the Northern Pacific and Burlington route.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Richards will leave for San Francisco tomorrow. Mrs. Richards will visit relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs. John O'Rourke left this afternoon for California, where they expect to spend a few weeks recuperating.

T. S. Gray will leave tonight for New York. From there he will go to England to meet his wife, who is visiting that country.

Ernest Gehrman is the happy father of a girl, who is numbered among the late arrivals in Butte. Mr. Gehrman has in the recipient of many congratulations since his family was recruited by the latest arrival.

W. L. Darling of St. Paul, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific, arrived in the city yesterday in his private car and left today for the Ruby valley, in Madison county, through a branch of the line is being built.

Montana Transfer company, successors to Trull's Transfer, Freight promptly transferred from and to all depots. Especially well equipped for handling engines, boilers, safes, etc. Telephone 267. P. O. Box 763. W. J. Christie, manager.

If you have not tried a Harvard cigar there is a treat in store for you. It is because people have tried them that there is a million a week sold. The Harvard has the best Havana tobacco, and it is made by best American union labor, the best in the world. * P. J. McEvoy of Omaha, a dealer in horses, is in the city with a view to buying a few good trotters and runners. Yesterday visited Birch Creek, twenty miles from Dillon, and took an optical on two or three bands of colts that looked good to him.

A LARGE INCREASE

CENSUS OF SCHOOL CHILDREN SHOWS A TOTAL OF 16,894.

FEMALE OUTNUMBERS MALE

The Greatest Number of Both Sexes Found Between the Age of 6 and 14 Years—It Beats Last Year's Record by 1,200.

E. A. Whipps, who has had charge of the work of enumerating the children of school district No. 1, has completed the task and turned the result over to Clerk Richards of the school board. Mr. Whipps' figures show an increase of nearly 1,300 children over the number enumerated last year. The sexes are proportionately divided. The enumeration for this year shows the following: Male Female Total Total number of children under 6 years... 2,751 2,896 5,647 Total number between 6 and 14 years... 3,851 3,787 7,638 Total number between 14 and 18 years... 1,151 1,237 2,388 Total number between 18 and 21 years... 616 605 1,221 Total... 8,369 8,525 16,894 The census last year showed a total of about 15,700.

NICK ROMANO LOST HIS SUIT

He Valued the Services of His Daughter at \$10 Per Day—Had His Revolver Fixed.

Justice Nelson had an interesting civil trial before him this afternoon. The plaintiff was Nick Romano and the defendants, Baptiste Bianco and his wife. The amount involved was \$23.50, which Romano claimed was due him from the defendants for work performed for them by his little girl, a bright child about 14 years old. Romano and the girl told the court the work had been done, the latter stating that she had on various occasions acted as interpreter for Mrs. Bianco when she was in need of such services. She had also looked after some legal business for her.

On the other hand Bianco said he had done a lot of work for Romano. He had fixed Romano's doors, put his revolver in good shooting order and patched up a lot of things owned by Romano. He also stated that Romano had threatened to make him lose his job and burn his house and he answered he could do anything except burn the house.

Dominick Romanella testified that he had heard Romano say he would spend all the money he made prosecuting Bianco and if he could not get Bianco out any other way he would set fire to his house.

Romano denied the allegation and Attorney Gides, who represented the Blancos, said him he believed he was an anarchist.

At the conclusion of the case Justice Arnold gave the defendant judgment for his costs.

TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT

Demurrer in Pincus Gambling Case Was Argued Before Judge McClerman This Morning.

A demurrer in the gambling case of Jacob Pincus et al. was argued before Judge McClerman this morning. County Attorney Yancey represented the state and ex-Governor Smith the defendants. Governor Smith opened the arguments.

He read the gambling statute of 1900 to the court, and said that the information against the defendants did not allege that anything of value was gambled for by them. It did not allege that Pincus and the other had won or lost anything valuable, and in that was defective. The document said that checks were used.

Mr. Smith took the ground that checks do not always represent value and that any innocent person who used checks for counters in a social game would be liable to punishment under the form used in the information.

Mr. Yancey replied that the statute used the words "any representation of value," and that the word "checks" was all that was necessary in the indictment. If it had to be shown that money was directly gambled could use beans or matches to represent value and thus evade the law. Judge McClerman took the matter under advisement.

VIOLATED THE FISH LAW

Heavy Fines Imposed Upon Men Who Had Fish Dam in Big Hole.

Complaints were filed in Judge Nelson's court today charging two residents of Deer Lodge county, named Atwater and Irvin, with violations of the fish law, and this afternoon both men pleaded guilty and were heavily fined for their offense. The fines and the costs of the prosecution came to \$128.50.

The defendants were arrested on two charges, one, that of having a fish dam.



OVERHEARD AT FRED FERR LLS

Cholly—Gee whillikins! But that was a cholly snow snap yesterday afternoon.

Willy—Yes, I was caught in it; and if it had not been for an Apple Jack I got here at Ferrer's I believe I'd have caught my death of cold. Have you played the stock board this morning?

Cholly—No; but I am going to. I made a turn Saturday night. I prefer to play of evenings. There is more fun then, and the play is just the same as day time.

Willy—All right, but let's take a whirl now, after we get our Tux and Jerry. I just ordered two as I saw you coming in, another reef in that opera house sale, by buying Clark's bank judgment.

Willy—Yes, I was sorry to see Murray inclined to go on a Bender. G. B. K.—All set, gentlemen.

The Reason Estate Heaters Are the Best

—It is the only "Airtight" heater that is absolutely air-tight. The bottom (ash pit) is made of one piece, not like others with from two to six pieces, with the joining edges cemented and puttled, so that when the pit expands and contracts, the putty comes out, and leaves the ash pit far from being air tight. —The door is fitted just as the case of a fine gold watch. —When you come here we dissect an Estate Heater or Range, so that you may see every part of the stove, inside as well as outside, so that you may readily see why Estate Stoves are the best.

Estate Stoves The Cheapest

Because they pay for themselves in fuel saving in just one season. We want you to see these stoves and to let us show them to you, in their separate parts. You will quickly see why they are the best.

Remember, Please, That Now is the time to supply your houses with stoves, hardware, tinware, granite ware, portable bathtubs, table cutlery, pocket cutlery, razors, strops, shears, scissors, butchers' hardware.

Every Article Marked Down

As we are going to quit merchandising.

H. J. Blume 78 W. Park

in the Big Hole river, near Ralston, and the other, that of snaring fish with a trap. The defendants are said to live near Anaconda, and it is alleged, that they were capturing fish by the wholesale for their dam and their fish trap. They thought that they had the right to catch the fish as described, the ground on which they had the dam being private property. The one complaint charged them with obstructing the river with the dam. The complaints were sworn to by Deputy Game Warden Henry Avare.

Copper Stocks. There is considerable anxiety in Butte among copper shareholders about the slump in copper. They all took a tumble on Saturday. In apparent sympathy with Amalgamated, and it was supposed that the bottom had been reached. Today, however, the demoralization continues, Amalgamated going to \$3.50, according to the Inter Mountain's Boston report. Anaconda fell to \$28.15 and Parrot \$44. Utah fell off to \$24. Even Calumet & Hecla depreciated \$10. One Butte man who last week bought 1,000 Amalgamated at \$13 and put up a margin of \$20, felt safe Saturday, but today will have to protect his holdings, which fortunately, he is well able to do. The cause of the slump is variously accounted for, but a reaction is believed to be certain in a few days.

SLUMP IN COPPER

AMALGAMATED FALLS TO 95 3-4 IN THE NEW YORK MARKET.

HEAVY SELLING HURTS PRICE

Bonds Strong, But Nearly Every Other Security Takes a Drop of a Point or Two.

New York, Sept. 23.—The opening changes in the prices of stocks were insignificant, with two exceptions. Six thousand shares of Amalgamated copper sold at 101 and 100, compared with 100 3-4 on Saturday. Manhattan, on the other hand, rose 1 3-8 on large buying. The market was quiet and dealings small. Trading became unsettled on liquidation in Amalgamated Copper and heavy buying of Erie, Southern Railroad and Southern Pacific. Prices were mainly lower. Amalgamated Copper broke to 97 5-8 and Anaconda lost 4 3-8. Recoveries of from 1 to 2 points in the copper did not strengthen the general market. Union Pacific, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific and Atchafalaya reacted 1 and 2 points and other stocks became heavy in sympathy. Amalgamated Copper dropped to 95 3-4 and heavy liquidation developed in the general market. DeLinas can from 2 to 4 points in sugar. St. Paul, the Pacific and traction. Bonds were strong.