

TALKING ON TREATY

HOUSE RESUMED THE DEBATE ON PHILIPPINE BILL.

PARTY LINES NOT OBSERVED

Several Democratic Speeches Opposing the Passage of the Bill Were Made Today—Pass by Good Majority.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Dec. 18.—The house today resumed the debate on the bill to provide a temporary tariff for the Philippine Islands under an agreement that the bill should be voted on at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The attendance on the galleries did not indicate much public interest in the debate. Mr. Henry (Texas) was the first speaker.

He characterized the bill as oppressive and outrageous. Months instead of two days, he said, would not be too long for the discussion of a measure of vital interest to 10,000,000 people.

He dwelt upon the injustice of the double export and import tax on rice, sugar and tobacco, and charged that this double taxation was in the interest of the sugar and tobacco trusts.

Mr. Henry took issue with his Louisiana colleagues as to the effect of free trade with the Philippines upon the sugar industry of Louisiana.

He pointed out that Porto Rico last year produced more sugar for export than the Philippines and denied that free sugar from the islands would threaten the Louisiana industry with annihilation. The benefits from the sale of cotton and rice, he argued, would more than compensate for any injury to the sugar industry.

Should Get Rid of Islands.

Mr. Williams of Mississippi followed Mr. Henry. He said that as long as the Philippine archipelago was a part of the United States, and within its domain, it should be treated as part of the union with the same equality and uniformity enjoyed by the other territories.

But to avoid the embarrassments, hardships and difficulties of the situation, he believed we should get rid of the islands as soon as we could do so with honor to ourselves and benefit to the Filipinos.

Mr. Williams paid his respects to the supreme court, which, he said, arrived at its decision by a "shifting majority of one." There was no danger, he said, if the country proceeded along its present lines of becoming a "mother country" for peoples in the East.

It was more likely to become a "step-mother" country.

Hepburn Supports the Bill.

Mr. Hepburn of Iowa followed Mr. Williams. He supported the bill. He said the democrats offered nothing in the way of a bill to improve the present measure.

He declared the Filipinos were incapable of self-government, and in reply to a question by Mr. Shafroth as to the capability of the Cubans, said they also were not fit for self-government.

He said the democratic party forced the administration into a position where it was compelled to declare for the independence of Cuba.

This was greeted with democrat applause.

"You may applaud," said Mr. Hepburn, "but the time is not distant when you will acknowledge the wisdom of giving Cuba independence."

The "whips" on both sides of the house were actively at work preparing for the vote on the Philippine tariff bill, which was set for 4 p. m. This will be the first division of any importance since the new membership of the house assembled.

The republican majority at present is 37, as against 14 in the last house. Captain Tawney, the republican whip, said of the probable result of the vote:

"The bill will pass by a liberal majority, although there will be some breaks on both sides.

"On the republican side the loss will not exceed eight votes. This loss will be partially compensated by the gain of the Louisiana delegation of six votes.

The net result shows that the bill will pass without trouble."

The republican members who have announced opposition to the bill are McCall of Massachusetts, Littlefield of Maine and Crumacker of Indiana. The latter is absent and will be paired against the bill if possible.

Representative Warner of Illinois and three republican members of the Minnesota delegation are among those whose votes are doubtful and may be cast against the bill.

Chairman Ray of the house committee on judiciary today introduced an anti-anarchist measure which will probably be the basis of legislation on that subject in the house.

The measure is very elaborate and brings together features of the many propositions for dealing with the subject. It provides the death penalty for assaults on the president or other executive officers. It is made a felony to advise or to teach the overthrow of the government or any interference with government officers.

The death penalty also is provided for conspiracy in this country leading to the killing of a foreign king, emperor, president or other ruler.

IN THE SENATE.

But Little Business Transacted by Upper House.

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Dec. 18.—After the transaction of routine business in the senate, Mr. Platt of Connecticut offered a resolution suspending the rule providing for the appointment of members of the various senate committees by ballot.

The resolution was adopted. Mr. Platt then submitted another resolution appointing formally the committees for the Fifty-seventh congress.

A bill authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Arkansas river near Fort Gibson, Indian territory, was passed.

At 12:45 p. m. the senate went into executive session.
The senate at 2:30 p. m. adjourned.

Pleas Not Guilty.

(By Associated Press.)
London, Dec. 18.—Theodore and Laura Jackson (Ann Odella Diss Debar) pleaded not guilty when arraigned at the Old Bailey today to stand trial on the charges of immorality. The prisoners were not defended. There was a very large crowd in the court room and in the vicinity of the court when the solicitor general, Sir Edward Carson, opened the case, reviewing the points brought out in the hearings in the Marylebone court. Sir Edward Carson characterized the prisoners as a "hellish gang."

Blizzard in England.

(By Associated Press.)
London, Dec. 18.—A snow blizzard is raging today over practically the whole of Scotland, and parts of England and Wales. The roads and railroads are blocked. Many country districts are isolated, and in others work has been suspended on account of the weather. There have been several deaths from exposure, and numbers of minor shipwrecks have been reported.

Saved the Crew.

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Dec. 18.—The Panama Railway & Steamship company's steamer Advance, which arrived today from Colon, rescued and brought to port the captain and crew of the three-masted schooner Edward W. Young of Boston. The Young sailed from Georgetown, S. C., December 13, for New York, lumber laden, and was abandoned at sea.

LABOR CONFERENCE "DRAFTING A SCHEME."

Senator Hanna Was Elected Chairman of the Conference Between Capital and Labor.

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Dec. 18.—Charged with the task of drafting a scheme of plan and scope, the general committee appointed yesterday at the labor and capital conference, met today in private conference to take up its work.

Among those in attendance were Oscar Strauss, Charles M. Schwab, S. R. Coloway, Charles A. Moore, Cornelius N. Bliss, Lewis Nixon, J. J. McCook, R. M. Easley, Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell, Frank M. Sargent and James N. Duncan.

It was announced that a committee on plan and scope, on which Senator Hanna, Archbishop Ireland, Bishop Potter and Messrs. Gompers, Nixon, Mitchell, Coloway, Sargent, Bliss, Schwab and Strauss had been named, would present a preliminary report during the day, but all information as to the nature of the report was withheld pending its publication.

When the conference was called to order Senator Hanna was elected chairman.

FELKER SENTENCED

TEN YEARS IN STATE PRISON AT HARD LABOR.

MAXIMUM PENALTY IMPOSED

Man Who Killed His Brother-in-law and Tried to Break Jail Recently to Go to Deer Lodge Tomorrow.

Llewellyn L. Felker, convicted of manslaughter for the killing of his brother-in-law, J. V. Cunningham, and who led the attempt to break jail at the courthouse Saturday night, was sentenced to 10 years in state prison this morning. Judge Clancy passed sentence on Felker, and the sentencing of the man so soon after the effort to break jail was for the purpose of getting him into state prison in order to check him from any further attempts to escape from custody.

Gets Maximum Penalty.

He was given the maximum penalty of the law, Judge Clancy being of the opinion that it was deserved, and the court disregarded a recommendation to leniency presented by the jury which tried him and a plea for mercy by his counsel, Attorney Smith.

Felker, who is about 28 years old, and a stout, heavy-set young man, was dressed in a dark blue coat and grey trousers, and sat beside his attorney.

Before court opened, his mother and his sister, Mrs. Cunningham, wife of the man he killed, and the little son of Cunningham came into court and Felker rose and shook hands with all of them, not omitting the boy whose father he slew.

Judge Clancy opened the case with the remark:

"Well, Mr. Felker, I see you are in the court-room."

The remark sounded like irony, but it was merely a preliminary formality, though Felker would not have been there if he had not been caught sliding down the rope from the jail window.

The court next said:

"I warned you the other day that I would pass sentence on you, and proceeded to review the case, saying that Felker was informed against for murder on January 30, 1901, and that a verdict of manslaughter was brought in by the jury that tried him on March 4th.

Delay in Sentence.

Judge Clancy said he had delayed passing sentence to give Felker time to prepare a statement on motion for a new trial and a bill of exceptions, and that that had brought the case down to this point.

"Well, I hear from the sheriff's office that you are trying to break jail," Judge Clancy said.

"I believe it is best to pass sentence on you and send you down to the state prison where they can hold you better. Have you got anything to say against sentence being passed?"

Attorney Smith reminded the court that the jury recommended Felker to

mercy, and said that the latter had been in jail quite a while.

Judge Clancy then said:
"Well, the statute of Montana provides that manslaughter shall be punished by imprisonment not to exceed 10 years. Well, I sat in this case, and the jury hadn't a bit of reason to ask mercy. I have no respect for it. Therefore I'll sentence you to 10 years in state prison at hard labor."

When he was done Felker said in a high voice, "Thank you, your honor," and he was taken out.

He will be taken down to state prison tomorrow, as Sheriff Furey is anxious to be rid of him.

Snowing in Nebraska.

(By Associated Press.)
Omaha, Dec. 18.—Snow began falling in this city and over a great part of the state early today. It has reached a depth of five inches, and the local weather forecaster predicts a continued fall tonight. Trains from the West are from 30 minutes to two hours late.

Consolidates Tobacco Interests.

(By Associated Press.)
Berlin, Dec. 18.—The Kielnes Journal says President Duke of the American Tobacco company has acquired the Jasmazi Cigarette company of Dresden and the factory of Kyriazi Brothers of Berlin. Two other Dresden concerns, Lafrme and Sullina will be amalgamated and then absorbed by the American Tobacco company. Mr. Duke, who has been spending several days in Berlin, has gone to St. Petersburg for the purpose of buying cigarette factories there.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

MR. CALDERHEAD HAS PREPARED SOME INSURANCE STATISTICS.

AS TO FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

Increased Revenue From Insurance Tax Is Much Larger Than Last Year—A Detailed Statement Is Made.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)

Helena, Dec. 18.—State Auditor J. H. Calderhead, who expresses the functions of insurance commissioner, has completed a report of the monies received by him from insurance companies doing business in this state.

The total revenue derived by the state from licenses and taxes imposed upon insurance companies is \$53,750.77, for the fiscal year, which closed with the first of this month. Last year the total receipts amounted to \$38,072.52.

The increase, however, in the revenue received this year by the state from this source is much larger than appears on the face of the figures. Several of the largest insurance companies delayed making their report until after the fiscal year closed. These returns are not, therefore, included in the record of the year's business.

Thus far this month Mr. Calderhead has collected \$750 from insurance companies and before the close of the year much more will be paid in. The records should show an actual increase of revenue from fire and life companies of about \$10,000 as compared with a year ago.

Statement in Detail.

The \$53,750.77 received from insurance companies was received in items as follows:
Admission fees.....\$ 4,800.00
Annual statements..... 3,150.00
Agents' certificates..... 9,175.00
Building and Loan associations..... 120.00
Miscellaneous..... 3.00
Licenses..... 46,544.77

Total.....\$53,750.77

State Auditor Calderhead has not filed his annual report with Governor Toole, but will do so within a short time.

Mr. Calderhead will depart from the custom of his predecessors in office of making the report merely a tabular statement of the business of the department, but will make a number of important recommendations to Governor Toole with the suggestion that legislation be secured that will carry into effect the changes proposed.

Mr. Calderhead will ask that in the future all fraternal societies be placed under state supervision. He believes that the legitimate societies are all well regulated by state laws, but that the old line and fire companies are in Montana. Some time ago he received the draft of a bill that is proposed by the legislative committee of the Associated Fraternities Society of America, an organization that represents in its membership nearly all of the fraternal insurance organizations in the country.

Wants Commission Appointed.

At the last session of the legislature a bill was introduced to create the office of insurance commissioner, but it was regarded as a measure that had for its chief object the creation of an office and was defeated.

It is not likely that Mr. Calderhead will recommend that be relieved of the duties of insurance commissioner, but he will propose that the fraternal companies of which there are many in Montana be placed under state supervision.

"There is but little doubt that fraternal societies should be obliged to report to the state annually as well as the straight insurance companies," said Mr. Calderhead. "From the information I have on the subject I am satisfied that the fraternal benefit societies would welcome such a change to their existing laws. It would not only protect the people, but would give the societies protection from the odium that is often cast upon them by the operations of societies that are organized solely for the purpose of supporting high salaried lodge officers. 'Nearly all of the Eastern states, and many of the Western states, require fraternal societies to report annually to the insurance commissioners and thus all irresponsible wild-cat concerns are weeded out and only the companies that are organized for legitimate purposes are allowed to live.'"

FOUND MURDERED

BODY OF JAMES R. HAYS FOUND BURIED.

LARGE HOLE IN BACK OF HEAD

Evidently the Secretary of the Pacific Lumber Company of Salt Lake Was Murdered and Robbed.

(By Associated Press.)

Salt Lake City, Dec. 18.—The body of James R. Hay, secretary of the Pacific Lumber company, was found this morning buried in a shallow trench along side the Rio Grande tracks near Sixth East and Thirteenth streets.

Monday night Hay called at the home of Peter Mortenson, a contractor, living at 2210 Walnut avenue, and collected \$200 which Mortenson owed the Pacific Lumber company and which late in the afternoon Hay had refused to accept, not caring to leave that amount in the office safe over night.

He gave a receipt to Mortenson for the money and left the latter's house, with the remark that he was going to take the money to Manager G. E. Romney of the lumber company. Since that time nothing has been seen or heard of Hay until his body was found this morning.

The money was gone and in the back of Hay's head was a great jagged wound. It is the theory of the police that some one saw Hay receive the money from Mortenson, followed him when he left the house and murdered him, then burying the body in the trench.

He was about 31 years old, prominent in Mormon church work, and was implicitly trusted by his employers. He came to Salt Lake from Australia several years ago.

DERAILED AT STUART.

Freight Train Causes Trouble by Leaving the Track.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)
Stuart, Dec. 18.—A Northern Pacific freight train was wrecked here shortly before noon today, greatly interfering with traffic on the main line.

Half a dozen loaded cars of coal were derailed and piled up so fast the Butte, Anaconda & Pacific stub could not be gotten out of the yards.

Fortunately the engine was on the Anaconda side of the track at the time, and went on to Anaconda without the balance of the train. Spreading of rails is attributed as the cause. The freight derailed was west bound.

The Northern Pacific passenger from Missoula went by the way of Anaconda this afternoon.

SHOT AT KELLNER

DEER LODGE COUNTY COMMISSIONER IN DANGER.

FORMER PEACEFUL CITIZEN

Harry Webster, Who Did the Shooting, Will Have a Preliminary Examination This Evening.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)

Anaconda, Dec. 18.—Harry Webster, formerly employed at the converters, but more recently came from the Jackson hole county in Wyoming, was arrested early this morning by Officer Gordon for drawing a revolver and shooting at William Kellner, chairman of the board of county commissioners, in a room owned by the latter at 23 East Third street.

The trouble arose when Mr. Kellner asked Webster to pay a bill that he owed him.

Webster, it is said, had been drinking. He grew very angry and announced that he would get a gun and "fix" Kellner. He then hit the piano, but soon returned with a revolver to make good his threat.

When he drew the weapon he was seized by a bystander, M. W. Mackey, but not soon enough to prevent, it is alleged, his firing once at Mr. Kellner, who was in the other end of the room. Luckily the bullet flew wide of the mark.

Dr. Battender, Patrick Marren, at once ran to the assistance of Mackey and took the revolver away from Webster, when Police Officer Gordon was called and conducted Webster to the city jail. He will have a preliminary hearing this evening. Webster is well known around Anaconda, owing to the length of his previous residence in the city. It is evident that Webster's stay in Jackson Hole put into the same time ideas, as he was always known as a peaceful, law-abiding citizen during the time he lived in Anaconda.

EQUITY LAND SUIT WILL SOON ADJOURN

Case Will Probably Go Over Until February 1 When It Will Reopen in Butte.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)

Helena, Dec. 18.—The hearing of the government equity suit against Senator W. A. Clark to set aside his title to a large amount of land on the West Side, located principally in Missoula county, will be suspended Friday or Saturday for the time being.

F. A. Maynard and Zeveloy, agents of the interior department, expect to leave Sunday for the East to spend the holidays. The taking of testimony will probably be resumed in Butte about February 1, and will require a month or two to complete.

The examination of Chauncey L. Griswold was completed in Butte last week,

but he was on the stand and cross-examined yesterday afternoon and this morning.

Upon cross-examination he admitted that he had perjured himself in swearing on previous occasions that there was no contract existing between himself or Mr. Cobban and the persons who filed on the land, for the sale of the land after it had been proved up.

Chas. B. Sperry was placed on the stand and would not admit that there was an understanding between himself and Mr. Cobban regarding the final disposition of the land upon which he filed. He stated that he received from Mr. Cobban \$125 for expenses and that later Mr. Cobban paid \$400 to the Helena land office when final proof was made by him.

John Mortaugh testified that R. M. Cobban paid him \$100 the day he presented final proof to the land office. He further testified that he talked with Griswold regarding the land he located at Clearwater. The witness' wife is one of those indicted for perjury by the last grand jury.

WILL ADJOURN COURT.

Judge Knowles Will Rest Until After Holidays.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)
Helena, Dec. 18.—Owing to the length of time it has taken to try the Lee and Garvin cattle stealing case, Judge Hiram Knowles of the federal court has decided to set all the cases on the calendar over until after the holidays.

The cases will be taken up in the order in which they now stand on the calendar. There are three cases remaining to be tried as a part of the business of the November term of court. The personal injury suit of Mary Freebury against the Northern Pacific Railroad company and the case of the government against the Mullin Fuel company.

The defendant in the last named case is charged with cutting timber to the value of \$20,000, from the public domain. The government is suing to recover the amount of the trespass.

BLACKLEG VACCINE

MONTANA CATTLE MEN MAY SECURE IT FREE.

NEED A LARGE APPROPRIATION

State Veterinarian Knowles Says That Every Effort Is Being Made to Stamp Out the Disease.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)

Helena, Dec. 18.—The government distribution of blackleg vaccine in Montana during the last year has amounted to more than 100,000 doses. In addition to this a large amount of vaccine has been supplied Montana cattlemen by the manufacturing chemists.

An estimate is made by Dr. M. E. Knowles, state veterinarian, that 75 per cent of the calves in Montana are vaccinated and a comparatively small number of the cattle of the state have not been submitted to the test, which makes them immune from the ravages of blackleg.

While many stockmen have availed themselves of the government offer of free vaccine, the largest outfits have purchased their vaccine from the manufacturing chemists.

The government only furnishes what is known as the single dose vaccine, and many cattlemen prefer to be on the safe side, and therefore purchase the double dose vaccine.

Manufacture vaccine at Home.

A plan has been projected which looks to the manufacture by the state of its own vaccine for distribution among the stockmen. To make the scheme practical it will be necessary for the legislature to make quite an appropriation to purchase the necessary apparatus for its manufacture. It would also require the services of a number of people.

The matter has been discussed by a number of cattlemen, but no action has been taken officially by the Montana Stock association, although it is believed that stockmen generally are heartily in favor of the plan.

Each year the government distribution of vaccine in the Western cattle states has steadily increased. The demand for vaccine in Montana has been larger than in other cattle states with the possible exception of Texas.

"Cattlemen are rapidly appreciating the necessity for vaccination and there are but few cattle in Montana that have not been vaccinated," said Dr. M. E. Knowles, discussing the matter today. "Each year has seen a greater amount of vaccine used and of necessity less loss from blackleg."

"Montana stockmen are embracing every opportunity to improve and protect their herds. For a time there was a prejudice against vaccination, but its necessity has become well established and it will be but a short time until every head of stock in the state will have been vaccinated.

May Secure Vaccine Free.

"The loss from blackleg this year has been comparatively small, indeed, insignificant. This is due very largely to the fact that great numbers of the cattle in Montana have been made immune from the disease, and that everywhere the stockmen are pursuing the most intelligent and up to date methods.

"I have just ordered from the government 25,000 doses of vaccine that will arrive in Helena within a short time. Cattlemen who have stock may secure the vaccine free of charge by writing me."

MARCONI WAITING

INVENTOR FEARS COMPLICATIONS WITH CABLE CO.

SIGNAL FROM NOVA SCOTIA

It Is Believed That the Wireless System Can Be Put Into Immediate Commercial Use.

(By Associated Press.)

St. Johns, N. F., Dec. 18.—Marconi is today awaiting a cable message from London announcing the result of the negotiations between his agents and the Anglo-American Cable company.

The inventor fears the latter will insist that he must not engage in commercial business here until after the expiration of the company's monopoly. Marconi is not disposed to agree to such a condition, believing he can perfect the means for signalling between Cornwall and Nova Scotia within a few months.

He has now practically decided to visit Nova Scotia on Sunday, but this does not necessarily mean he will abandon Newfoundland on account of the Anglo-American company.

Superintendent Mackey of the Anglo-American company in this province, denies that he protested to Governor Boyce against the latter visiting the Marconi station.

It is certain, however, that the cabinet met yesterday morning, prior to visiting Signal Hill, and discussed whether to go there or not.

The premier, Sir Robert Bond, says the government is decided to support Marconi, while his work is experimental on the ground that its scientific value should be ascertained in the interest of the whole world, without taking sides in the controversy.

BIG HATTED MEN SWARTHY INDIANS

Early Day of Montana Called to Mind by Those Attending the Lee-Garvin Cattle Case.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)

Helena, Dec. 18.—The appearance of the United States court during the trial of the Lee and Garvin cattle stealing case reminds one of the early days of Montana. In the audience and in the adjoining rooms are gathered in groups numbers of big hatted men, and swartthy Indians with beaded moccasins and broad sombreros.

The cowboy and Indian witnesses trade tobacco and stories. Two score witnesses have been in attendance upon the court during the trial.

From the progress that has been made with the trial thus far it is quite certain that it will drag through a part of next week and perhaps continue for the entire week.

Somewhat of a sensational feature developed late yesterday afternoon when Harley Piper, a witness for the government, testified that Lee threatened to kill him if he testified against him.

Piper testified that he met Lee soon after he testified for the grand jury and that Lee told him that it would be well for him if he testified against him.

Otherwise the testimony thus far in the case has been given largely by brand experts who have declared that the brands known as the mashed O and mashed pumpkin brands were placed on the cattle after they were branded by the government.

Several other witnesses were examined during the day regarding the brands and testified as to seeing the cattle with the changed brands after they had been driven from Garvin's basin to the reservation.

WAS BADLY FROZEN.

Shepherd Enger Will Lose Several Fingers.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)

Helena, Dec. 18.—As the result of his efforts to control his band of sheep in a snow storm, Peter Enger, a shepherd in the employ of the Huntley ranch near Toston, is at St. Peter's hospital with his hands badly frozen.

He will lose several fingers. An effort was made to save Enger's fingers by the other employees of the ranch by rubbing snow on them but his digits were too badly frozen and he was brought to Helena on the first train.

The weather in the vicinity of Helena has been quite mild although there has been frequent falls of snow during the last two days.

Helena School District Bonds.

(Special to Inter Mountain.)

Helena, Dec. 18.—Final arrangements have been made by the Helena school board for the delivery of \$250,000 worth of refunding bonds to Parson Leach & Co. through the Hanover National bank of New York. The bonds draw 4 1/2 per cent interest. The district will save in the neighborhood of \$300,000 annually through the sale of the refunding bonds at a lower rate of interest. The Helena school board will this year have funds sufficient to run the school for