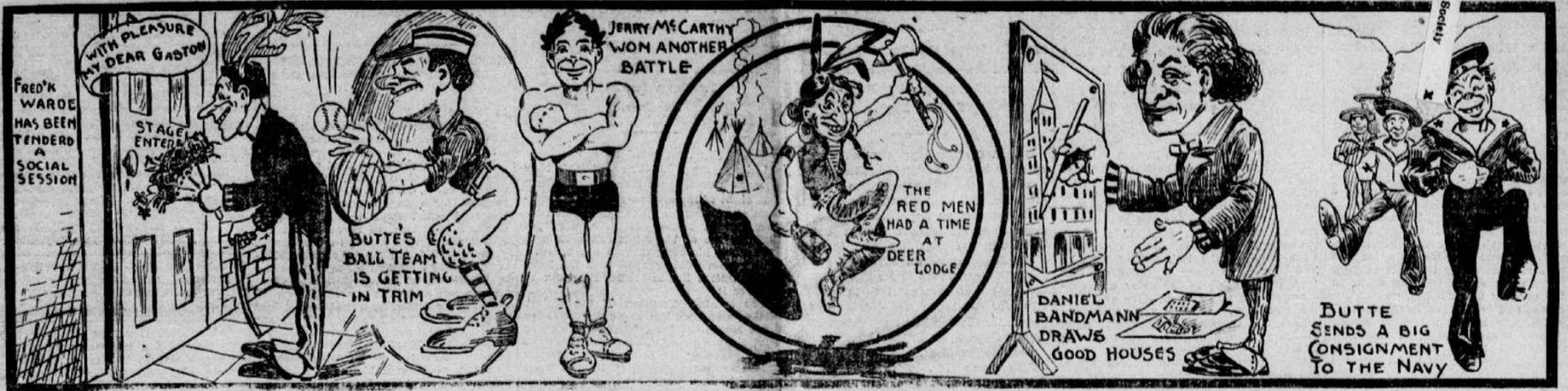


# BUTTE INTER MOUNTAIN

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BUTTE, MONTANA, SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 12, 1902.

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EVENTS OF THE WEEK TOLD IN BLACK AND WHITE BY THE INTER MOUNTAIN ARTIST

## BRUSSELS RIOTERS ARE OVERAWED BY SOLDIERS FOR THE PRESENT

STRIKE CONTINUES TO SPREAD—FEARED THAT ARMY CANNOT BE DEPENDENT UPON.

### SOCIALISTS AMONG TROOPS

Government Will Not Yield to the Revolutionary Movement—Essential That Parliament Should Not Be Influenced by the Mob—All of the Industrial Enterprises About to Close Down.

(By Associated Press.) Brussels, April 12.—The rioters have been temporarily awed by the overpowering display of armed force. Up to noon today no further disturbances had occurred here. The number of police, gendarmes and soldiers at the disposal of the authorities appears sufficient to cope with disturbances so long as the troops remain loyal. The strike continues to spread in the central coal districts. Elsewhere the socialist leaders are trying to keep the men at work until Monday or Tuesday, when they contemplate an important move. Perhaps the most significant event of yesterday was the open rupture in the chamber of deputies between the socialists and the liberal factions, heretofore associated with the former, with the object of forcing the government to grant

universal suffrage. This split notably strengthens the government's hands in the present crisis, as the coalition of the moderate parties promises to last as long as the incipient revolution continues. The police, gendarmes and civil guards who are regarded as thoroughly trustworthy, are being utilized, as far as possible, in dealing with those who take part in demonstrations, but not in riots. The demonstrators are mostly composed of earnest socialists, while the rioters are more closely allied with anarchism. Socialist Soldiers. Regarding the troops there is no doubt that they are leavened with socialism. Many men in the ranks do not hesitate to expound the doctrine, and there is some apprehension as to their loyalty when the acute stage of the agitation is reached with the beginning of the general strike next week. The government has taken the most comprehensive measures not to be taken by surprise, and is firmly resolved not to yield to the revolutionary movement, holding that in order to deal properly with questions of the revision of the constitution and universal suffrage it is essential that parliament be not influenced by the mob. In consequence of the receipt of a letter threatening to blow up the Falence works at La Louviere unless work there is stopped, the manager has shut down the factory and ordered the 1,200 employees, who include 500 women, to immediately leave the premises. A dispatch from Mons announces that preparatory to a general strike at the Bonnage coal mines, April 14, the men from several of the pits have already brought their tools to the surface.

## MEETING OF CABINET TO PASS BUDGET

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN ISSUES A LETTER DENYING RECENT REPORTS OF FRICTION.

### SOME MORE PEACE RUMORS

Irish Question Was Presumably Not Discussed for the Reason That Earl Cadogan Was Not Present at Council.

(By Associated Press.) London, April 12.—Both the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, and the colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, attended the cabinet council, held at the foreign office at noon today, prior to the meeting of the ministers. Representatives of the Bank of England had a conference with the chancellor of the exchequer, indicating that the budget was a prominent subject of discussion by the ministers, especially as to the best means of issuing a war loan. In consequence of the prominence given by the afternoon papers to the report that a cabinet crisis had occurred owing to a breach between Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach on the method of raising war funds, Mr. Chamberlain today issued a signed statement, saying that the report was pure invention and absolutely untrue. Languid Interest. Notwithstanding the sensation and diverse rumors evoked by the unexpected summoning of the cabinet, public interest, as displayed in Downing street, was of an exceedingly languid type. All the ministers were present, with the exception of the lord lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Cadogan, from which it was inferred that the question of the immediate adoption of a more stringent policy towards the United Irish league did not occupy the foremost place at today's council. Among the many peace rumors this morning the most interesting is to the effect that the Boers have intimated that they are willing to come into the British empire as junior partners, to give up their flag and become part of an African confederation, with a flag of its own, with a supreme court and with practically an American constitution.

## SUMMING UP WALLER CASE BY KINGSBURY

HE SAID THAT MAJOR WALLER WAS ACTING UNDER MILITARY NOT MARTIAL LAW.

### FOR THE RAFFLE OF DEATH

Referred to Private Davis as Judge and High Executioner—Court Has Made No Decision as Yet.

(By Associated Press.) Manila, April 12.—The judge advocate, Major Henry P. Kingsbury, replied today to the summing up before the court martial yesterday of Captain Arthur T. Waller, representing Major Lyttleton T. W. Waller, who is being tried for executing natives of Samar without trial. Major Kingsbury made an eloquent address. He contended that Major Waller was under military and not martial law and that there was nothing in the conduct of the men who were shot deserving of such punishment. The judge advocate blamed Major Waller himself for the disasters which befell the marines and accused him of abandoning the ten helpless comrades, whose bones were now bleaching on the banks of Lamanga, to die of hunger. The judge advocate's denunciation of the methods by which the prisoners, who were to be shot were chosen, was dramatic. "They were lined up," he said, "for the raffle of death, at the sole will and pleasure of Private Davis, a marine, who was judge and prosecutor." Waller Ambitious. He referred to Davis' testimony in terms of withering scorn, accusing Major Waller of listening to the dictates of ambition and not to the dictates of duty, asserted that the natives, according to the evidence, acted in many instances in a highly commendable manner, and declared that their faithfulness and not their treachery had been disclosed before the court. Captain Marix requested permission to make a short reply. He protested strongly against criticism of the way in which Major Waller had conducted the campaign, which, he said, was outside the case, and again insisted that martial law ruled by the mere nature of the conditions. The court deliberated more than half an hour. No decision was announced.

## MR. KRUGER GIVES OUT THE PEACE TERMS WHICH WILL BE ACCEPTABLE

### INCENDIARY FIRE

BELIEVED THAT ANARCHISTS STARTED SEVERAL OF THEM.

### FIREMEN DOING GOOD WORK

Police Have No Clue as to Who Is the Cause But the Parish Priest Believes It Is the Reds.

(By Associated Press.) Chicago, April 12.—The fifth supposed incendiary fire in South Chicago, within 24 hours, destroyed St. Patrick's Catholic church at Ninety-fifth street and Commercial avenue early this morning, spread to neighboring buildings and, despite the efforts of the firemen, threatened for a time to devastate a large portion of the district. The loss on the church, which was destroyed, is \$25,000. The convent adjoining was considerably damaged. The loss on the surrounding property is \$10,000. Father Vanderlaar, the parish priest, expressed the belief that anarchists started the fire. The seventh incendiary fire in South Chicago broke out at 4 o'clock this morning in E. E. Kendall's feed store, Ninety-first street and South Chicago avenue. The building was a three-story

INDEPENDENCE NOT A CARDINAL PRINCIPLE BUT MUST AGREE AS TO GOVERNMENT.

### PROPERTY MUST BE RESTORED

Full Recognition of All State Debts Contracted Before the War Is Insisted Upon—Want Two Friendly Powers to Superintend the Carrying Out of the Agreement if One Is Made.

(By Associated Press.) Edinburgh, April 12.—The Evening News of this city, whose editors are in close touch with Mr. Kruger, declares on the highest authority that the Boers are prepared to accept the following conditions: They will not make absolute independence a cardinal feature, if they can come to a satisfactory agreement as to future international government. The banishment and confiscation of property proclamation must be cancelled and confiscated property must be restored to its owners with remuneration for private stock and property destroyed or taken by the British. Full recognition of state debts contracted before and after hostilities and up to the date of the annexation proclamation published by Lord Roberts. The language question is to be mutually agreed upon. Amnesty for the Cape rebels. The release of all political prisoners. A date to be fixed when all prisoners of war will be returned to South Africa. The offers of one or two friendly powers to be accepted to superintend the carrying out of the terms of peace.

## NO STRIKES THIS SUMMER

(By Associated Press.) Youngstown, O., April 12.—A special to the Telegram this morning from Wheeling says: At a conference of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and officials of the Republic Iron & Steel company the scale for the year beginning July 1, 1902, was signed. It is that of last year.

It affects about 25,000 workers in the bar iron mills of the country. This is the first time that a scale was ever signed before the convention. That body will ratify the action of the committee. The agreement means that there will be no strike or shut-down this summer. The American Sheet Steel company and the American Tin Plate company have been granted the same consideration.

### CASE WAS DISMISSED.

Bull Dog Shows Up in Court in Defense of His Master.

(Special to Inter Mountain.) Helena, April 12.—A handsome bull terrier came into department 2 of the district court yesterday and, by making friends with the jurors, seemed to do his best to get his master, T. L. Matthews, out of a peck of trouble, which Mr. Bow-wow was responsible for. One day Mail Carrier Henry L. Grussemeyer came to the Matthews home to leave some mail. He alleges that the bull terrier attacked him, inflicting divers painful injuries. Therefore he brought suit for damages. In court the dog exhibited anything but a fierce disposition. The case was dismissed without prejudice, because of failure to give the defense due notice of the taking of a deposition.

### Union Carpenters Strike.

(By Associated Press.) St. Joseph, Mo., April 12.—The strike of the union carpenters, which began here two weeks ago, will be declared off today. The Missouri state board of mediation and arbitration recommended that the carpenters shall receive 35 cents per hour, an increase of five cents. This action will be ratified by both the contending parties.

### ON WAY TO ASSINIBOINE.

Military Prisoners Who Will Do Time at Northern Post.

(Special to Inter Mountain.) Helena, April 12.—Sergeant Hunt of Fort Keogh arrived in Helena today with seven military prisoners, whom he temporarily lodged in the city jail. They are on the way to Fort Assiniboine, where they will serve sentences of from six months to five years for desertion, insubordination and other crimes. The sergeant refused to give names. Fort Snelling prison accommodations are overtaxed, and it is the intention of the war department to enlarge the capacity of Fort Assiniboine.

### British Steamer Stranded.

London, April 12.—The British steamer Kinross Castle, homeward bound from the Cape of Good Hope, with 350 passengers on board, stranded off Brightston, Isle of Wight, at 3 o'clock this morning. The sea is calm, but the vessel's position is somewhat dangerous. The passengers and mails are being landed by tugs.

## MOTIONS FILED AND ARGUED IN MONTANA SUPREME COURT

(Special to Inter Mountain.) Helena, April 12.—Two motions were filed in the supreme court this morning in the case of the Colusa-Parrot Mining company vs. A. W. Barnard and the Butte Water company. March 5 appellant was granted an injunction pending appeal by which respondent was restrained from shutting off the waters of Black Tail Deer creek from the Colusa-Parrot Reduction works. Respondent this morning asked the court to vacate and set aside that order.

### INDIANA BANK ROBBED.

(By Associated Press.) Lacey, Ind., April 12.—Six men broke into the Commercial bank here early today, drilled a hole in the safe and touched off some nitro glycerine. The explosion awoke citizens who appeared before the robbers could gain entrance to the money vaults. Many shots were exchanged, but the robbers got away. The damage caused by the explosion is \$12,000.

### May Invade Turkey.

Vienna, April 12.—The Neue Freie Presse today publishes a dispatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, announcing that a proclamation has been issued by M. Sarajoff, the Macedonian leader, calling on the Macedonians in Bulgaria to join in a general uprising April 27. Bands collecting on the Turkish frontier are to co-operate and invade Turkey at different points.

## RAILWAY MERGER IN ST. PAUL

(By Associated Press.) St. Paul, April 12.—The first movement of the various interests concerned in the railway merger as against the suit instituted by the state of Minnesota in the Ramsey district court has been taken by President Hill's attorneys. They have served notice upon Attorney General Douglas of a motion to vacate service in the summons and complaint of the state of Minnesota against the Northern Securities company and against President J. J. Hill, of that corporation, and of the Great Northern road. The motion will come before the Ramsey district court for argument one week

from today. It will be heard at a special term of court. Which judge will preside has yet to be determined. The motion of the railways will be based on the claim that the Northern Securities company is a New Jersey corporation and as such is outside the jurisdiction of the Minnesota courts. It will also be argued that James J. Hill's residence in this state is merely personal and as such he is not amenable to the laws in the case as he would be under normal conditions. The argument on next Saturday will not affect the main question, as stated in the bill of complaint filed by the attorney general.

brick, the upper floors being occupied as dwellings. Nicholas Schroeder's saloon, a two-story frame building, was burned. Fire also attacked the rear of the Calumet theater, The St. Charles hotel, three stories, containing 80 guests, and a flat building, owned by P. P. Finerty, across the street, were endangered. The loss by this last fire will probably exceed \$50,000.

Fired His Revolver. (Special to Inter Mountain.) Anaconda, April 12.—A man named Campbell was arrested this morning for firing a revolver promiscuously near the brewery. But for the timely interference of Charles Campbell, employed at the brickyard, someone might have been hurt.

## CONTROVERSY BETWEEN COAL MINER AND STATE INSPECTOR

(Special to Inter Mountain.) Helena, April 12.—Alex Fairgrievies, the well-known labor leader of Red Lodge, is here today to consult with Coal Mine Inspector Welsh concerning the coal miners' strike in the Rocky Fork mine. Mr. Fairgrievies says that the demands of Welsh and the company that the men

shall walk up and down the slopes of the mine is not in accordance with the state law, which empowers the state inspector to specify how many men shall be carried in one trip. This Mr. Welsh has refused to do. Mr. Fairgrievies intimates that the company desired a strike for purposes of its own. He says that the miners will not give in.

## REPORT OF UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE, AT HELENA

(Special to Inter Mountain.) Helena, April 12.—The report of the United States assay office of Helena for the month of March makes an interesting showing, indicating a large increase of receipts over the corresponding months of last year. The figures are as follows: March, 1902—Received from Montana..... \$100,658.41 Received from Canada..... 25,160.08 Received from other states... 19,843.89 The above amount from Montana was

divided among the counties of the state as follows: Fergus ..... \$21,209.76 Lewis & Clarke..... 40,561.07 Park ..... 27,861.85 The report for March, 1901, was as follows: Total, \$123,614. Montana's share of this, \$65,363.28. This shows an increase for the month of March, 1902, of \$21,637.88. One reason of this increase is that Fergus county did not begin reporting to the Helena assay office until April, 1901, and many of its mines did not begin to produce until that month.

## ILLINOIS CENTRAL TRAIN IN THE DITCH AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

(By Associated Press.) Memphis, Tenn., April 12.—The north-bound New Orleans limited train, on the Illinois Central, due here at 6:30 a. m., ran into a switch engine in the Illinois Central yards. The passenger engine, two baggage cars, mail and second-class coach were derailed. Fireman Goodloe, colored, was killed;

Engineer Charles Barnett, badly injured about the body; Express Messenger W. E. Pink of Cairo sustained a fracture of the skull and an unknown man, supposed to be a tramp, lost a hand and one of his eyes. The accident was due to the fact that the passenger train was a half hour late and the engineer of the switch engine thought it had already passed.