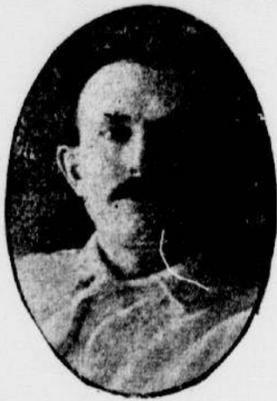


HORN WILL NOT HANG FOR NICKELL MURDER

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 1.—Just one week from tomorrow, Friday, January 9, is the date set for the execution of Tom Horn, the celebrated prisoner convicted of the murder of Willie Nickell; but the Iron mountain assassin will not hang on that date.

he has been undaunted in his war on the cattlemen and now the startling features of the Tom Horn case have aroused public sentiment in the cattle states to such an



TOM HORN.

The Old-Time Cattle Kings. The recent conviction of Horn, scout and Indian fighter, on the charge of murder marks a dramatic chapter in the story of the new West—a chapter that deals with the last efforts of the old-time cattle kings to keep the small rancher from cutting up the open range.

Colonel Mosby Is In It. Col. John S. Mosby, the veteran Confederate cavalry leader, has been concerned in this great fight during the last few years. Colonel Mosby holds a government inspection office and it is his duty to see that public land is not fenced in for private use.

extent that it is probable the death knell of the open cattle range has been sounded. Horn's case is probably the most remarkable in the history of the West, and its cold-blooded features have shocked a community that is used to murder and other forms of sudden death, but which has always held that blood should be shed in fair fight or not at all.

Horn an Indian Fighter. Horn was always noted for his ferocity as an Indian fighter, which was accounted for on the ground that the savages had killed his father and mother while the

scout was yet a boy. This led Horn to swear a vendetta against redskins, and he took pains to kill at every opportunity until he came to be dreaded by the savages. After the Indians became quiet and there was no more to be done in active service in behalf of Uncle Sam, Horn drifted to Wyoming and Colorado, where he became known as a stock detective—that is, a person employed by cattle owners to run down the "rustlers" who steal cattle and who are in evidence in the West.

Horn rendered good service, but in recent years ugly stories began to be circulated about him. He had always taken sides with the cattlemen in their war against the small ranchers, and it was hinted that he knew a great deal about the murder of several ranchers in Colorado and Wyoming—men who had been brave enough to refuse to pull up their stakes and move away from property which they knew rightfully belonged to them.

Refused to Move. The elder Nickell had been involved in several arguments with cattlemen of the Iron mountain region. His homestead was in the center of a fine grazing country and the cattlemen desired to have him removed, as they feared that other ranchers would follow and their range would be lost. Nickell refused to move and in January, 1901, his son, Willie, 12 years old, was found dead a few miles from his home. The boy had been shot several times, evidently from a distance. Almost a year later Horn confessed in the office of Deputy Sheriff Joe La Fors of Cheyenne. La Fors had been working on the case for many months and had secured Horn's confidence. In a moment of bravado, peculiar to men of his kind, Horn openly boasted that he had killed Nickell and that he had been hired to do similar "jobs" by Wyoming cattlemen.

According to this confession, assassination had been his trade for years. He

told La Fors how he worked—that he always went barefoot and never left a trail and that he always let his employers know he had done his work by



GEN. JOHN S. MOSEBY.

leaving a stone under the head of each person he murdered. A stone was found under Willie Nickell's head, just as Horn had described. The killing of the Nickell boy, Horn said, was "the best shot and the dirtiest job" he ever did in his career. Sometimes, he said, he did not get within shooting distance of his victim for weeks. But he always hung on with grim determination until he got a chance to speed home a bullet that meant death. On some of these expeditions, Horn said, he actually faced starvation. "I have been so hungry that I would have killed my mother for grub," he said to the officer. But like a bloodthirsty Apache he stuck to the trail, skulking behind trees until he could claim a new victim.

Meet me at the Pfister.

SUCCESSION HAS BEEN FIXED

Young and Not Corbin Will Succeed Miles as Commander-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States—Corbin Might Have Had It, but Feared He Would Not Suit the People.

Washington, Jan. 1.—By the absolute statements of General Corbin and by hints dropped by Secretary of War Root, it is well understood how the succession in the office of the senior officer of the army will run after the retirement of Lieutenant General Miles August 8 next. Immediately on that retirement Major

enter the public is slow to understand and appreciate. Gen. S. B. M. Young, the coming lieutenant general, like Miles and Chaffee, is a veteran of the volunteer army of the civil war. He entered the service as a private of cavalry, but quickly won his spurs. He is known as one of the most thorough soldiers, best organizers and

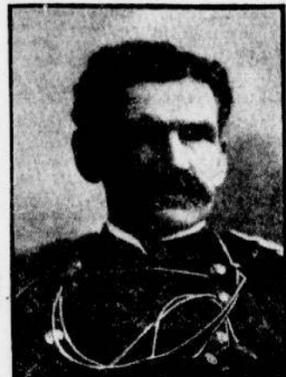


SECRETARY OF WAR ROOT.

General Samuel B. M. Young will be nominated for the office of lieutenant general. He will retire January 4, 1904. Then will come Major General Adna R. Chaffee for a longer term in the office. The date of retirement for this officer will not roll around until April 14, 1906. The friends of Adjutant General Henry C. Corbin, who now holds rank as major general, had hoped that he would have a long term in the office, but it seems this is not to be. The gossip of the war department is that General Corbin could have had the position either before or after Young, had he so desired, but it is understood he absolutely refused preference. He feels, so it is said, that he is an unpopular figure, because of the bitter, malicious and totally unwarranted odium that was heaped on him in connection with the war of 1898 and the contention between the management of the war department and Roosevelt.

most able executives in the army, and that is saying a great deal. He commanded a brigade at Santiago and subsequently was in charge of the great camp at Montauk Point on the return of the soldiers from the West Indies. Subsequently he served with great distinction in the Philippines.

All Love Chaffee. The country knows and loves General Chaffee, the bluff, big, quiet, splendid



GEN. ADNA R. CHAFFEE.

Loyal to Roosevelt. He is intensely loyal to President Roosevelt, as he was to President McKinley, and he will not permit that to be done which might bring criticism, even unjust criticism, on the chief of the administration. Here in Washington it is known, and elsewhere in the country it is beginning to be realized, that Corbin was a tower of strength for the administration during those dark days of 1898. A giant in strength he was able to do three men's work and he did it well. He seemed ever to be at his desk and only the army can thoroughly understand the magnitude of the work he accomplished while his brother officers were winning laurels on the field. In reality his work was the more important, but it was of a char-

fighter, who from an Ohio farm boy became one of the greatest generals of the age, and won the respect of the armies of the world by the manner in which he commanded the American troops in the ad-

MRS. M'KINLEY COMES INTO SOCIAL LIFE AGAIN

New York, Jan. 1.—The first time that Mrs. McKinley's name has been brought into the social world since the death of the president was through an announcement made in this city that she had contributed a prize to be contested for at the Waldorf Astoria several days ago. This party was one of the great social events of the past month and was attended by a large gathering of leaders. It was given under the auspices of the alumnae of St. Joseph's academy.

Since the shooting of President McKinley, and her retirement to the old family home at Canton, O., she has lived a most secluded life. Most of the days have been spent at home, knitting useful presents which she is constantly sending to old soldiers who fought in her husband's regiment during the civil war. She is usually attended by her nieces, the Misses Barber, who were with her during most of President McKinley's residence in the White house. Miss Mary Barber, who was the president's favorite niece, was wedded on Tuesday to Mr. Ralph Hartzell of Denver, where she has gone to make her home.

For the first time since returning to Canton, Mrs. McKinley left the family home to spend the day with her sister, Mrs. Barber. Usually her outings have been confined to a drive each afternoon, which nearly always included a visit to the McKinley tomb. On these occasions she is always accompanied by her sister or one of her nieces. Recently she has received visits from Mrs. Garrett Hobart of Paterson, N. J., widow of the former vice president, to whom she has been

fondly attached since their first official acquaintance, beginning with President McKinley's first term. Secretary Cortel-



MRS. WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

you, who is one of the executors of the McKinley estate, is also a frequent visitor at Canton, spending several days there at a time arranging matters of business for Mrs. McKinley.

ANCE MEETING. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Butte will be held at the office of said bank in Butte, Montana, on Tuesday, January 13, 1903, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.

In a speech delivered before the Cleveland chamber of commerce recently on the proposed army general staff bill, General Corbin made some remarks which at this time are interesting. Fellow guests at the dinner where his speech was made were Generals Young and Chaffee. Said General Corbin:

"You joined me in hearty congratulations on the prospective promotion of gallant General Young to the rank of lieutenant general in August next. To follow him in that grade you will have the further pleasure of rejoicing with me in the promotion of my long-time friend and comrade, dear old Chaffee. While their careers on the active list have not wholly run, we are nearing the end. Our long service makes us competent to bear testimony. Each of us has already more than 40 years' service, and collectively, it covers almost a century and a quarter. While our service has been long, and at times tedious and severe, we have the satisfaction that goes with abundant reward. In passing, let me say that in each general present the youth of the land will find an inspiration that will cheer him on, each of us having started on our careers as farmers' boys with no aid but our own efforts, demonstrating in a way that in this country all things are possible to all men."

It will be good news to the mothers of small children to learn that croup can be prevented. The first sign of croup is hoarseness. A day or two before the attack the child becomes hoarse. This is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough. Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy freely as soon as the child becomes hoarse, and it will dispel all symptoms of croup. In this way all danger and anxiety may be avoided. This remedy is used by many thousands of mothers and has never been known to fail. It is, in fact, the only remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Paxson & Rockefeller, Newbro Drug Co., Christie & Leys, Newton Bros.

Another Negro Killed. Jackson, Miss., Jan. 1.—Ed. Hines, a negro caught by officers on a charge of murder, barricaded himself in a cabin near Beeson, Miss., yesterday afternoon, and defied the officers. A pitched battle followed, in which Hines was killed.

Meet me at the Pfister.

Till New Year's Day Our Clearance Sale Figures Will be based on a liberal discount from our plainly marked prices, on every item in the stock. To buy at these discounts insures a certainty of buying bargains. The Tuttle Jewelry Co. Sign of the Always Right Time Street Clock. North Main Street.

CIGARS Wholesale and Retail. SWEND CARLSON, Butte, Montana

Burlington Route Happy New Year! Hope you are going to start the new year and your trip East via the Burlington route. If so, you will start right. Perhaps you may not know it, but the Burlington route offers splendid train service east, via Billings, Denver and St. Paul. Moreover, it is the only railroad offering through train service from the Northwest to the Southeast, from Portland to St. Louis, via Tacoma, Seattle, Spokane, Butte and Billings. H. F. RUCER, Agent, 88 East Broadway, Butte, Mont. H. B. SECUR, General Agent, Billings, Mont.

THE TRAIN OF 1902 Is the new "Great Western Limited," the most sumptuously equipped train running every night between St. Paul and Minneapolis, and Chicago and Kansas City via... Chicago Great Western Railway J. P. ELMER, General Passenger Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.

NORTH COAST LIMITED Observation Cars Electric Lighted Steam Heated BUTTE SCHEDULE Arrive Depart WESTBOUND No. 1—North Coast Limited 7:00 p. m. 7:10 p. m. No. 5—Burlington Express 1:50 p. m. 2:00 p. m. No. 27—Bitter Root Local 3:30 p. m. No. 13—Twin City Express 11:05 a. m. EASTBOUND No. 2—North Coast Limited 12:40 a. m. 12:50 a. m. (Sleepers for this train open at 9:30 p. m. for reception of passengers. No. 6—Burlington Express 11:25 p. m. 11:35 p. m. No. 8—Bitter Root Local 1:45 p. m. No. 14—Twin City Express 12:30 p. m. *Daily except Sunday. No. 1 North Coast Limited, from St. Paul and Eastern points, to the Pacific coast. No. 2 North Coast Limited, from the Pacific coast to St. Paul, Duluth and principal Eastern points. No. 5 Burlington Express, from Kansas City and all B. & M. R. points, and all N. P. points west of Billings to Seattle, and Tacoma. No. 6—Burlington Express, from Tacoma and Seattle to Billings and all B. & M. R. points. No. 7 Bitter Root Local, starts from Butte for Missoula, Hamilton and all intermediate points. No. 8 Bitter Root Local, from Hamilton and Phillipsburg. No. 13 Local connection from Twin City Express from St. Paul and all Eastern points. No. 14 Local connection with Twin City Express for St. Paul, and all points East. Passengers for Twin Bridges, Sheridan, Alder, Pony and Norris branches leave Butte on P. O. 14, and arrive in Butte from these points on No. 5 Trains on these branches do not run Sundays. W. H. MERRIMAN, General Agent, corner Main and Park streets.

Denver & Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western Travel During Fall and Winter Seasons The journey to the East via Salt Lake City and along the shores of the Great Salt Lake through beautiful Glenwood, Colorado Springs and Denver is one of uninterrupted delight in winter as well as in summer. In fact, the fall and winter seasons adds but a new grandeur and charm to the travel scenes and infuses an element of variety and beauty to the unsurpassable wonders along the Rio Grande Western and Denver & Rio Grande lines. Through sleeping and dining car service. Personally conducted weekly excursions. For rates or information apply to, W. C. McBRIDE, Gen. Agent. Ticket Office—47 E. Broadway, Butte. GEORGE W. HEINTZ, Assistant Gen. Pass. Agt., Salt Lake City.

GET THEIR TENTS WAGONS COVERS SHEETS Harness, Saddles, Etc. ALEXANDER MACAULAY 112 So. Main Street

BUTTE, ANACONDA & PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY PASSENGER TIME-TABLE WESTBOUND. No. Leave Butte. Arrive Anaconda. 1—B. A. & P. L. 7:00 a. m. 7:50 a. m. 2—B. A. & P. L. 8:30 a. m. 9:25 a. m. 3—B. A. & P. L. 10:00 a. m. 10:50 a. m. 4—B. A. & P. L. 11:20 a. m. 12:10 p. m. 5—B. A. & P. L. 1:20 p. m. 2:15 p. m. 6—B. A. & P. L. 4:50 p. m. 5:45 p. m. 7—B. A. & P. L. 11:45 p. m. 12:40 a. m. EASTBOUND. No. Leave Anaconda. Arrive Butte. 2—B. A. & P. L. 4:15 a. m. 5:00 a. m. 3—B. A. & P. L. 8:30 a. m. 9:25 a. m. 4—B. A. & P. L. 10:00 a. m. 10:50 a. m. 5—B. A. & P. L. 11:20 a. m. 12:10 p. m. 6—B. A. & P. L. 3:20 p. m. 4:15 p. m. 7—B. A. & P. L. 7:05 p. m. 8:00 p. m. 8—B. A. & P. L. 7:05 p. m. 8:00 p. m. To make connection with Northern Pacific railway, westbound, trains at Durant leave Anaconda at 11:20 a. m., 3:20 p. m. and 7:05 p. m. To make connection with Northern Pacific railway, eastbound, trains at Butte leave Anaconda at 11:20 a. m. and 7:05 p. m. To make connection with Oregon Short Line railroad at Silver Bow, leave Anaconda at 3:20 p. m. Tickets on sale at City Ticket office (G. N. Ry.), No. 41 North Main street, and at Passenger Station, Butte, Anaconda & Pacific Railway. DR. HUIE POCK Thirteenth doctor of China from grandfather down. Born and schooled in the profession. Treats all diseases, making a specialty of chronic troubles. Consult me. 227 South Main St.

IF YOU BOUGHT IT AT SHERMAN'S IT'S GOOD.

MINING APPLICATION NO. 4632. United States Land Office, Helena, Montana, December 17, 1902: Notice is hereby given that John Hopkins, whose postoffice address is Butte, Montana, has this date filed his application for a patent for 1,500 linear feet, being 93 feet westerly and 1,407 feet easterly from point of discovery in cut of the Atlantic Slope Lode Mining Claim, upon which a notice of intention to apply for a patent was posted on the 3d day of December, 1902, situated in unorganized Mining District, Jefferson county, state of Montana, designated as Survey No. 6794, in Township 3 north, Range 7 west, being more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner a granite stone set in the ground with a mound of earth alongside, and marked 1-6794 for Corner No. 1, from which the quarter section corner on the south boundary of Section 34, Township 4 north, Range 7 west, bears north 10 degrees 27 minutes east 1978.5 feet, and running thence north 87 degrees 43 minutes west 1505.3 feet, thence south 7 degrees 05 minutes west 462 feet, thence south 82 degrees 28 minutes east 1500.1 feet, thence north 7 degrees 05 minutes east 600 feet to the place of beginning, containing an area of 18.29 acres claimed by the above named applicant. The location of this claim is of record in the recorder's office of Jefferson county, Montana, in Book "21" of lodes, on page 138. There are no known adjoining claims. FRANK D. MIRACLE, Register. SAMUEL BARKER, JR., Attorney for Applicant. (First Publication, December 18, 1902.)