

SUFFRAGE BILL BOOMED

Judiciary Committee Reports Favorably on Measure.

TO BISECT MISSOULA

Self Has Measure to Cut Off Northern End and It Is In.

COUNTING BALLOTS

House Committee Is Getting on Slowly With the Work.

SPECIAL TO THE INTER MOUNTAIN. Helena, Jan. 30.—Woman's suffrage was given another boom today.

The bill of Self to create Paradise county by cutting off the north half of Missoula made its appearance.

House bill 146, by Pearson—Relating to duties of school superintendents.

House bill 147, by Whittely—Fixing powers of school directors.

House bill 148, by Pearson—Company store bill and prohibiting assignment of wages.

House bill 149, by Self—Creating Paradise county.

Suffrage bill reported printed.

House bill 150, by Shannon—Requiring courts within five days of closing mine by injunction to appoint a receiver.

The senate spent several hours on Anderson's two bills revising the game and fish laws of the state and they were passed by the committee of the whole and ordered engrossed.

Shortly after the noon hour the senate adjourned until 3 o'clock Monday.

Four precincts of Silver Bow county have been counted by the house election committee.

They are numbers 1, 2, 8 and 12. In the first two the democrats gained one vote.

Bruce Kremer ran one ahead of his ticket, but in the last two the fusion ticket made up the loss.

The work is progressing slowly.

Senate Bills.

Senate bill by Meyer—Amending law relating to mortgage on personal property.

Senate bill by Cullen—Making bonds part of costs in executing estates.

Donlan gave notice of a bill to do away with prescribed text books used in public schools.

HAMILTONIANS HELD UP WHILE IN A VARIETY

Hamilton Hotel Proprietor Accuses L. L. Wright of Robbing Him.

SPECIAL TO THE INTER MOUNTAIN. Missoula, Jan. 30.—While taking in the sights last night, Proprietor Page of the Hamilton hotel at Hamilton, and L. L. Wright of the same place, wandered into the Exchange Variety hall to look on at the show.

Shortly afterwards they went into a box and bought a drink of one of the women there, and after watching the performance for a while started to leave the place.

When about to go Mr. Page discovered that he had been robbed of \$150 in currency that he had in his pocket.

Wright was charged with the theft, and although he stoutly denied all knowledge of it, he was taken to jail and is now held on the charge.

The general opinion is that the robbery was committed by one of the girls with whom they were drinking in the boxes.

SCARLET FEVER BAD

Disease Assumes Proportions of Epidemic at Dillon and Vicinity.

SPECIAL TO THE INTER MOUNTAIN. Dillon, Jan. 30.—William Linder, aged 30, and who has been married only a short time, died at Linder's school house in Madison county yesterday of scarlet fever.

The disease in this vicinity has been of a severe form and a number of deaths have resulted.

W. L. THOMAS DEAD

Man From Maine Passed Away Near Dillon—Was Here for Health.

Dillon, Jan. 30.—William L. Thomas, aged 18, who came here last August from Maine suffering from consumption, died at Fox yesterday.

The remains were brought to this city and embalmed and will be shipped to his old home at Winthrop, Me., tonight.

The young man was a nephew of Postmaster Fox, at Fox.

PRESIDENT AND CABINET FEAR INTERNATIONAL COMPLICATION --PREPARED FOR EMERGENCIES



THE BATTLESHIP TEXAS—One of the vessels which is being kept in first-class condition should Uncle Sam decide to take a hand in the proceedings in Venezuelan waters.

Do Not Expect Any Trouble Over Venezuela.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Two important subjects were considered at the cabinet meeting today. All the members of the cabinet were present, Secretary Moody having returned from his brief vacation. The question of most serious importance before the cabinet today related to Venezuela and the Philippines. In connection with the Venezuela question the action taken in congress for the strengthening of the coast defense fortifications and the improvement of naval and military establishments generally was referred to and cordially approved. It is made clear that the United States is not expecting and is not looking for trouble, but the administration is determined to be prepared for any situation that may arise.

U. S. NAVY WILL BE HELD READY

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Washington, Jan. 30.—No answer yet has come from the allied powers to Mr. Bowen's last proposition. The British ambassador sent a long cablegram to Lord Lansdowne yesterday, stating what might be expected in case Great Britain and her two allies insisted on the preferential treatment for the blockading powers. The text of the cablegram cannot be published, but it informed the foreign office that Minister Bowen, in the event of a refusal of his proposition, would call up the representatives of the other claimant powers in Washington and state to them that Venezuela was being forced by the triple alliance to yield to a plan which would affect seriously the interests of France, Belgium, Norway and Sweden, Spain, Denmark, Holland and the United States.

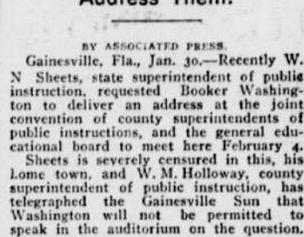
in instalments. Recently these payments have been delayed and as the money comes in large part from the Venezuela customs the United States may have very good legal right to protest against any conduct on the part of the allies which will prevent its debtor from meeting its obligations to the United States. France, by treaty and negotiations, has secured what amounts to a judgment against Venezuela and the claims that her debtor must not be destroyed or Venezuela's means of meeting her payments to France impaired, as will be the case by the adoption of the preferential treatment demanded by the allies. These considerations are tending to draw France and the United States together in a policy that is likely to take issue with that of the allies.

Paris, Jan. 30.—The foreign office here received today lengthy official advices giving details of the rejection by the allies of the proposal that France and other countries receive equal treatment in the Venezuelan settlement. The French officials had not doubted that equal treatment would be recognized and this unexpected turn of events has caused much surprise and concern. For the present it does not appear to be the purpose of the French authorities to assume an imperative position, but rather set forth what they regard as the manifest equities of the French position with the view to induce its further consideration and acceptance. After conferring with those in authority an official said that the French position is based on two principles. The first is that a pacific settlement between two sovereign nations is entitled at least to equal treatment with a war settlement. If not a precedent would be established, the officials say, which would be an incentive to war, as countries first adopting force in the collection of claims would have superior rights to those observing the usual pacific means of settlement. The view is strongly held here that the United States, France and Belgium are in effect in a pacific alliance, as they did not resort to force against Venezuela. It is insisted that the present attitude of the allies tends not only to prejudice the rights of the pacific allies, but also establishes the

FLORIDA CITIZENS PAY WASHINGTON AN INSULT

Refuse to Honor the Famous Negro, Who Was to Address Them.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Gainesville, Fla., Jan. 30.—Recently W. N. Sheets, state superintendent of public instruction, requested Booker Washington to deliver an address at the joint convention of county superintendents of public instruction, and the general educational board to meet here February 4. Sheets is severely censured in this, his home town, and W. M. Holloway, county superintendent of public instruction, has telegraphed the Gainesville Sun that Washington will not be permitted to speak in the auditorium on the question.

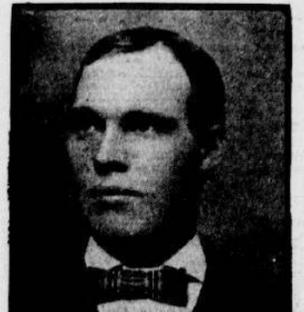


BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.

LEAMY IS CHOICE OF BUTTE SOCIALISTS FOR THE HONOR OF RUNNING FOR MAYOR

Popular Educator Chosen on Second Ballot—Hot Fight Early in the Convention, but All Ends in Lovely Harmony—Other Nominations.

P. A. Leamy, principal of the high school, has been selected by the socialist party of Butte to head their ticket in the coming municipal campaign. It required two ballots to decide upon a choice for mayor, showing that the candidate was not the unanimous choice of the convention. The minority acquiesced, however, in the choice of the majority. The convention was, on the whole, harmonious excepting at the beginning, when in the selection of the officers of the convention, it looked as though there might be a warm time, but nothing developed. The platform was along the usual lines of such documents emanating from socialist conventions, excepting, of course, there were some local matters touched upon. The convention was held last night in the hall of the Silver Bow Trades & Labor assembly. Albert Koberle called the convention to order, while Martin J. Elliott



MIKE MCCORMICK.

under present economic conditions labor's share in the wealth it produces is mean and uncertain; under the present organization of industry the capitalistic class monopolizes the machines of production and appropriates through the wage system the wealth created by the working class; the appropriation of labor's wealth by capitalists is so complete it enables the latter to live in idleness; the struggle between the wealth-makers and the wealth-takers will endure so long as the present system of production for profit continues; in the conflict between workers and capitalists, labor is disarmed on the economic side, all the instruments of producing and distributing wealth being owned and controlled by the holders of capital; the ballot is the only weapon with which the workingmen can successfully oppose the capitalist class. The workingmen should organize into a political party; socialists should favor only such legislation as will

aid the workers in their struggle against capitalists. One plank promises that if the party is successful at the polls it will "bring about the performing of all of the city's public improvements by day's pay instead of by the system of contracting, heretofore carried on by the present and former councils of the city of Butte." In this connection several reasons are given in support of the plank all condemning the contract system as tending to cause the importation of workers whose wages are already enough unemployed here, as the system gives the contractor the profits of the work instead of the laboring man, as under the system the eight-hour law is violated and as the plan enables contractors to loot the city treasury. Another plank condemns the action of the present legislature in "donating" to H. L. Frank the sum of \$57,000 for the simple reason that after he had gone out of his line of business and sought to compete with persons in the building business he claimed to have lost money on the contract to build the state capital. The plank further declares that the appropriation was unconstitutional and that the "legislators have become merely charitable embezzlers of the state's funds."



J. W. DALE.

read the call. W. N. Holden was nominated by J. F. Fox for temporary chairman, and Paddy McMahon nominated Albert Koberle. PARTELOW IS MADE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. The ballot resulted in the selection of Holden, by a vote of 55 to 36. M. Partelow was elected temporary secretary. The usual committees were appointed. The credentials committee reported in favor of seating all of the delegates with the exception of P. E. Green from the Fourth ward, who is not a resident of the city. The platform was adopted before the nominations were made. The platform declares allegiance to socialist principles and urges workingmen to unite and, continuing, says: Labor produces all wealth;



PROFESSOR LEAMY.

WILL PLEASE WORKING CLASSES, IF ELECTED. The platform declares in conclusion: "In accordance with the principle, the socialist party pledges itself to conduct all the municipal affairs of Butte in such a manner as to promote the interests of the working class. "In conclusion, we appeal to all workmen to study the principles of socialism, to vote with their class at all elections until they overthrow the power of capitalism, abolish industrial classes in society, terminate forever the class struggle and inaugurate the co-operative commonwealth based upon this fundamental principle of justice: "To every worker the full product of his labor." There were also some supplementary resolutions adopted when declared in favor of day labor on city work instead of the contract system, condemned the action of the legislature in appropriating \$57,000 to H. L. Frank on account of the

FRITZ'S NERVE IS GREAT

His Latest Bill Is About the Strongest He Has Ever Put Out

WANTS WHOLE EARTH

Asks State to Go Into the Receivership Business With Him.

WOULD TAKE IT ALL

Not a Mine in Butte Will Be Safe if Fritz Gets This Bill.

HE HAS AN ARMY OF MEN TO CARE FOR

SPECIAL TO THE INTER MOUNTAIN. Helena, Jan. 30.—Heinze has asked the legislature to go into partnership with him in the "receiver" business. He offers splendid inducements, but does not say what the divy shall be. If the state will pass a law making it mandatory for courts to appoint a receiver for mines in litigation, the United Copper company will do the rest. All Heinze wants is the law to work with. It would hardly seem possible that the United should demand anything more than the courts, but apparently several receiverships have passed through Fritz Augustus' fingers, or else he proposes to extend his operations all over the state.

Heinze's receivers would already form quite a respectable sized army, but he has a few lieutenants who have not had a chance to split up the rake-off. In order to get each of them a mine he has introduced in the house a bill which is intended to give him control of all the Butte mines that he has not already succeeded in tying up by litigation. Joseph Shannon, a labor member from Butte, introduced the bill this morning. Under such a law as the United Copper company proposes to force upon the people, it would take Heinze less than one year to get possession of every mine on the Butte hill, irrespective of ownership. It would only be necessary for him to extend his courtship, beginning by begging suit or setting forth his apex theory and involve every claim and prospect in the Silver Bow district. Once in court the United chief would tell his judge to read the new law and within five days a Heinze receiver would be working the property and sending the ore to the M. O. P. smelter.

A GIGANTIC EXHIBITION OF FREDERICUS' NERVE

This is the most gigantic exhibition of nerve displayed by the United Copper company to the members of the present assembly. The bill has an elastic clause providing for the compensation of receivers so that when the costs are taxed on the other fellow they can be swelled to \$400,000, as was done for Tom Hinds, but if a Heinze ox is gored they can be trimmed down to the figures allowed McLachlin. In fact this clause of the bill is intended to protect Heinze from the operation of the union scale adopted by his own receivers. If the law were in effect today McLachlin would have to take what Heinze is willing to give him, as long as he is stuck for the bill. In this way the receiver takes a chance, for if the mine owner should get the costs on him Heinze will allow compensation at the rate of \$30,000 a day. His fee must depend on the way the case goes. It is a foregone conclusion that the lawmakers will protect the mining industry from the United's receivership trust.

READ THE TEXT OF THIS LATEST BILL

"Whenever the owner or claimant of any mine, or the person operating the mine, is prevented by an injunction or other order of the court from working or operating such mine or any part thereof, then the court issuing such injunction or order shall within five days appoint a receiver to work or operate such mine or part thereof. "The parties to the action in which such receiver may be appointed may agree upon a person to be appointed receiver, or they may agree upon one or more persons to name a person, and such person so agreed upon by the parties or named by the parties so agreed upon, shall be appointed by the court, or if no person be so agreed upon or named, then a receiver shall be appointed by the court. The person appointed may be discharged by the court appointing him, for cause, and in case of vacancy arising from any cause in such receivership the same shall be filled in the same manner as provided for the first appointment. The person so appointed shall take charge of and work said mine or part thereof in a workmanlike and economical manner with due regard for the preservation of the mine and safety of the miners employed. He shall make a full report of his acts and the affairs of the receivership to the court appointing him each month, and shall mail a copy of such report to each of the parties to the action in which he was appointed. "Receivers appointed under this act shall receive as full compensation for their services a sum to be fixed and allowed by the court, which shall be similar to wages paid to superintendents of mines for similar services, and such receivers shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, including fees, if any, paid to any surety or guaranty company for providing any bond required in such receivership."

Very Cold in St. Paul.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. St. Paul, Jan. 30.—Today was one of the coldest of the season. Unofficial thermometers registered 13 below. The official temperature at 7 o'clock this morning was nine below.

(Continued on Page Three.)